

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K) (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Sixty-Second (62nd) Annual General Meeting of the Company will be conducted fully virtual through live streaming and online remote voting for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing with or without modifications the resolutions setting out in this notice.

Meeting Platform https://meeting.boardroomlimited.my

(Domain Registration No. with MYNIC-D6A357657)

Thursday, 2 December 2021 Day and Date

12:00 p.m. Time

Mode of Communication 1) Typed text in the Meeting Platform

> 2) Shareholders may submit questions in relation to the agenda items prior to the 62nd AGM by logging in to the Boardroom Smart Investor Portal at https:// investor.boardroomlimited.com by selecting "Corporate Meeting" from main menu and select "KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD 62nd Annual General Meeting" and click "Submit Questions" latest by Monday, 29

November 2021 at 12:00 p.m.

AGENDA

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

Please refer to Note 1 of the Explanatory Notes

2. To declare and approve the payment of Single Tier First and Final Dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Ordinary Resolution 1

3. To declare and approve the payment of Single Tier Bonus Dividend of 2.15 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Ordinary Resolution 2

4. To approve the payment of Directors' fees and other benefits not exceeding of RM500,000 from 1 July 2021 until the conclusion of next Annual General Meeting to be held in 2022.

Ordinary Resolution 3

5. To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring pursuant to Clause 22.3 and 22.9 of the Constitution of the Company: -

(i) Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert (ii) Mr Cheong Mun Hong (iii) Mr Wun Mow Sang

Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5

(iv) Mr Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah

Ordinary Resolution 6 Ordinary Resolution 7

6. To re-appoint Messrs Ernst & Young PLT as Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 30 June 2022 and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

Ordinary Resolution 8

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions: -

7. AUTHORITY TO ALLOT AND ISSUE SHARES BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO **Ordinary Resolution 9** SECTIONS 75 AND 76 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

"THAT pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to allot and issue ordinary shares in the Company at any time, at such price, upon such terms and conditions, for such purpose and to such person or persons whomsoever as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) at the time of issue and THAT the Directors be and are hereby also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and THAT such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company."

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NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (cont'd)

8. PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR SHARE BUY- Ordinary Resolution 10 BACK AUTHORITY

"THAT subject to the Companies Act 2016, Company's Constitution, the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and all other applicable laws, regulations and guidelines issued by other regulatory authorities, approval be and is hereby given to the Company to purchase and/or hold such number of ordinary shares comprised in the Company's total number of issued shares through Bursa Securities at any time upon such terms and conditions as the Directors in their absolute discretion deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company ("Share Buy-Back Authority") subject further to the following: -

- (i) the aggregate number of ordinary shares in the Company which may be purchased and/ or held by the Company at any point in time pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Authority shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the time of purchase(s);
- (ii) the maximum funds to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the ordinary shares shall not exceed the total retained profits of the Company based on the latest audited financial statements and/or the latest management accounts; and
- (iii) the Directors of the Company are authorised to deal with the purchased shares either to retain the shares so purchased as treasury shares or cancel the shares so purchased or retain part of the shares so purchased and cancel the remainder or resell the treasury shares on Bursa Securities or distribute the treasury shares as dividends or transfer the treasury shares under an employees' share option scheme or as purchase consideration or otherwise use the treasury shares for such other purpose in the manner as prescribed by the applicable laws, guidelines, rules and regulations.

THAT the authority conferred by this resolution will commence immediately upon passing of this resolution and will continue to be in force until: -

- (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company, at which time it shall lapse, unless an ordinary resolution is passed at that annual general meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting after that date is required by law to be held; or
- (c) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders in a general meeting,

whichever occurs first, but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) by the Company before the aforesaid expiry date and, in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the Listing Requirements and any prevailing laws, rules, regulations, orders, guidelines and requirements issued by any relevant authority.

AND THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to take all such steps as are necessary or expedient to implement, finalise and give full effect to the Proposed Share Buy-Back with full power to assent to any conditions, modifications, variations and/or amendments as may be required by the relevant authorities or as the Directors deem fit and expedient at their discretion in the best interest of the Company in accordance with the Companies Act 2016, regulations and guidelines."

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NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (cont'd)

9. SPECIAL RESOLUTION

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

Special Resolution

"THAT the Company's existing Constitution be replaced in its entirety with a new Constitution as set out in Annexure 1 circulated together with the Company's Annual Report 2021 be and is hereby adopted as the new Constitution of the Company.

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts and things as necessary and/or expedient in order to give full effect to the Proposed Adoption of New Constitution with full power to assent to any conditions, modifications, and/or amendments as may be required by any relevant authorities to give effect to the Proposed Adoption of New Constitution."

10. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Companies Act 2016 and the Company's Constitution.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT AND PAYMENT DATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, subject to the approval of shareholders at the Sixty-Second (62nd) Annual General Meeting, a Single Tier First and Final Dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share and Single Tier Bonus Dividend of 2.15 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2021 will be paid on 30 December 2021 to shareholders whose name appears on the Record of Depositors at the close of business on entitlement date. The entitlement date for the said dividend shall be 16 December 2021.

A depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of: -

- (a) Shares transferred into the Depositors securities account before 4.30 p.m. on 16 December 2021 in respect of transfers; and
- (b) Shares bought on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on a cum entitled basis according to the Rules of the Bursa Securities.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

TAI YIT CHAN (SSM PC No.: 202008001023) (MAICSA 7009143) SANTHI A/P SAMINATHAN (SSM PC No.: 201908002933) (MAICSA 7069709)

Company Secretaries

Johor Bahru 29 October 2021

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NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (cont'd)

NOTES:

- 1. As part of the initiatives to curb the spread of Covid-19 and Government of Malaysia's official guidance on social distancing, the 62nd AGM of the Company will be conducted fully virtual through live streaming and online remote voting via https://meeting. boardroomlimited.my ("Virtual Meeting Facilities"). Please follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM in order to register, participate and vote remotely via Virtual Meeting Facilities.
- 2. The conduct of the fully virtual 62nd AGM is in line with the Revised Guidance Note and Frequently Asked Questions issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia on 16 July 2021.
- 3. A member of the Company who is entitled to attend, participate and vote at a general meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, participate and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the proxy shall have the same rights as the member.
- 4. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 5. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 ("SICDA") which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 6. A member who has appointed a proxy or attorney or authorised representative to participate and vote at this 62nd AGM must follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM to request for Remote Participation.
- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if such appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of its officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 8. The instrument appointing a proxy must be made in a hard copy form or by electronic means, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as follows: -

(a) In Hardcopy Form

The original instrument appointing a proxy ("Proxy Form") must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd at Ground Floor or 11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

(b) By Electronic means

The Proxy Form can also be lodged electronically with the Share Registrar of the Company through Boardroom Smart Investor Online Portal at https://investor.boardroomlimited.com or email to bsr.helpdesk@boardroomlimited.com. Please follow the procedures provided in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM in order to deposit the Proxy Form electronically.

- 9. Please ensure ALL the particulars as required in the proxy form are completed, signed and dated accordingly. If no name is inserted in the space provided for the name of your proxy, the Chairman of the meeting will act as your proxy.
- 10. If you have submitted your Proxy Form and subsequently decided to appoint another person or you wish to participate in the 62nd AGM, please write to bsr.helpdesk@boardroomlimited.com to revoke the appointment of proxy no later than Wednesday, 1 December at 12:00 p.m., being 24 hours before the 62nd AGM.
- 11. Last date and time for lodging the proxy form is Wednesday, 1 December 2021 at 12:00 p.m.
- 12. In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on 24 November 2021 (General Meeting Record of Depositors) shall be eligible to attend the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend, speak and/or vote on his/her behalf via Virtual Meeting Facilities.

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NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (cont'd)

EXPLANATORY NOTE ON ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive Audited Financial Statements

Agenda item no. 1 is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2016 does not require a formal approval of shareholders for the Audited Financial Statements. Hence, this item on the Agenda is not put forward for voting.

2. Ordinary Resolution 1 and Ordinary Resolution 2 on Single Tier First and Final Dividend and Single Tier Bonus Dividend

On 8 October 2021, the Board of Directors ("the Board") of the Company announced the declaration and payment of a Single Tier First and Final Dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share and Single Tier Bonus Dividend of 2.15 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 subject to shareholders approval being obtained at the 62nd AGM. If Resolution 1 and 2 are passed, the dividend will be paid on 30 December 2021 to shareholders whose name appears in the Record of Depositors at the close of business on 16 December 2021.

3. Ordinary Resolution 3 on Payment of Directors' fees and other benefits payable

Section 230(1) of the Companies Act 2016 provides amongst others, that the fees of the directors and other benefits payable to the directors of a listed company and its subsidiaries shall be approved at a general meeting.

In this respect, the Board wishes to seek shareholders' approval for the following payment of Directors' fees and other benefits payable not exceeding RM500,000 from 1 July 2021 until the conclusion of next Annual General Meeting to be held in 2022.

In determining the estimated total amount of Directors' Fees and Benefits payable for the Directors of the Company, the Board has considered various factors including the number of scheduled meetings for the Board and Board Committees as well as the number of Directors involved in these meetings based on the current number of Directors and has included additional provisional sum for any increase in number of Board and Committee meetings if required.

4. Ordinary Resolution 4 to 7 on Re-election of Directors, Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert, Mr Cheong Mun Hong, Mr Wun Mow Sang and Mr Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah

Clause 22.3 of the Company's Constitution expressly states that at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") in every subsequent year, one-third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office and be eligible for re-election.

Pursuant to Clause 22.3, Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert and Mr Cheong Mun Hong are standing for re-election at this AGM.

Clause 22.9 of the Company's Constitution expressly states that any Director appointed by casual vacancy shall hold office only till the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Pursuant to Clause 22.9, Mr Wun Mow Sang and Mr Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah who were appointed on 1 July 2021 and 1 January 2021 respectively to fill the casual vacancies are standing for re-election at this AGM.

The profiles of the Directors standing for re-election are provided on pages 62 to 68 of the Board of Directors' Profile in the Annual Report 2021.

The Nominating Committee ("NC") of the Company has assessed the evaluation, criteria and contribution of the directors standing for re-election in recommending their re-election. The Board also have endorsed the NC's recommendation that the retiring Directors be re-elected as Directors of the Company.

5. Ordinary Resolution 8 on Re-appointment of Auditors

The Audit Committee and the Board have considered the re-appointment of Messrs Ernst & Young PLT as Auditors of the Company and collectively agreed that Ernst & Young PLT has met the relevant prescribed under Paragraph 15.21 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

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NOTICE OF THE SIXTY-SECOND (62ND) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (cont'd)

EXPLANATORY NOTES ON THE SPECIAL BUSINESS:

6. Ordinary Resolution 9 on the Authority to Allot and Issue Shares by Directors pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 8, if passed, will empower and give flexibility to the Directors of the Company to issue and allot shares up to a maximum of ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) at the time of such allotment and issuance of ordinary shares and for such purposes as they consider would be in the best interest of the Company without having to convene separate general meetings. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The rationale for this resolution is to eliminate the need to convene general meeting(s) from time to time to seek shareholders' approval as and when the Company issues new ordinary shares for future business opportunities for the purpose of funding investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisitions and thereby reducing administrative time and cost associated with the convening of such meeting(s).

The Company has not issued and allotted any shares during the year under the mandate granted to the Company at the last AGM of the Company held on 10 December 2020 and this mandate will lapse at the conclusion of this AGM of the Company.

7. Ordinary Resolution 10 on the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Share Buy-Back Authority

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 9 if passed, will empower the Company to purchase and/or hold up to ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued ordinary shares. This authority unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting will expire at this Annual General Meeting. Please refer to pages 9 to 17 of the Annual Report 2021 of the Company for further information.

8. Special Resolution on the Proposed Adoption of New Constitution of the Company

The proposed Special Resolution, if passed, will provide more flexibility for the Company as well as to enhance administrative efficiency and provide greater clarity and consistency throughout. Please refer to Annexure 1 which was circulated together with the Company's Annual Report 2021 for further information.

PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, participate and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

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STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING THE NOTICE OF 62ND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 1. There is no person seeking for election as Director of the Company at this Annual General Meeting except for the following Directors standing for re-election at the 62nd Annual General Meeting of the Company as follows:
 - i. Mr. Chew Khat Khiam Albert (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)
 - ii. Mr. Cheong Mun Hong (Executive Director)
 - iii. Mr. Wun Mow Sang (Independent Non-Executive Director)
 - iv. Mr. Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (Executive Director)

The details of the Directors who are standing for re-election are set out in the Profile of Directors in this Annual Report.

Information on securities holdings in the Company and its subsidiaries by the Directors standing for re-election are set out in the Statement of Directors' Interests in the Company and related corporation on page 70.

2. GENERAL MANDATE FOR ISSUE OF SECURITIES PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 6.03(3) OF THE MAIN MARKET LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD

The general mandate for issuance of shares by the Company under Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016 is for the purpose of granting renewal of the mandate obtained from its shareholders at the 61st Annual General Meeting held on 10 December 2020.

The Company did not issue any shares pursuant to the mandate obtained at the 61st Annual General Meeting held on 10 December 2020.

The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund-raising exercise, including but not limited to further placement of shares for the purpose of funding current and/or future investments projects, working capital, repayment of bank borrowings, acquisitions and/or for issuance of shares as settlement of purchase consideration.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT

1.0 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") has not perused this Share Buy-Back Statement prior to its issuance as it is an exempt document. Bursa Securities takes no responsibility for the contents of this Share Buy-Back Statement, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this Share Buy-Back Statement.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad ("Kluang" or "the Company") had during the previous Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held on 10 December 2020, obtained its shareholders' approval to purchase its own shares up to ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company. The said approval shall in accordance with the Listing Requirements, lapse at the conclusion of the forthcoming 62nd AGM of the Company unless the authority is further renewed.

On 8 October 2021, the Company announced the Board's intention to seek approval from its shareholders for the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for the Share Buy-Back Authority ("Proposed Share Buy-Back") at the forthcoming 62nd AGM.

The purpose of this Statement is to provide you with the relevant information on the Proposed Share Buy-Back, to set out the recommendation of the Board and to seek your approval for the ordinary resolution to be tabled at the forthcoming 62nd AGM to be convened fully virtual through live streaming and online remote voting via https://meeting.boardroomlimited.my on Thursday, 2 December 2021 at 12:00 p.m. The Notice of the 62nd AGM and the Proxy Form are set out in the Annual Report 2021 of the Company.

3.0 DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

3.1 Proposed Share Buy-Back

The Board proposes to seek the approval from the shareholders of the Company to renew the authority to enable the Company to purchase its own shares from time to time up to ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being as quoted on the Main Market Bursa Securities.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 127 of the Act and other prevailing laws, rules, regulations, orders, guidelines and requirements governing purchase of a Company's own shares, the Company may, subject to the approval of its shareholders and the Constitution, purchase its own shares listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities through its appointed stockbroker(s).

The authority from shareholders, if renewed, shall be effective upon passing of the ordinary resolution for the Proposed Share Buy-Back at the 62nd AGM of the Company to be convened and will continue to be in force until: -

- (a) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company at which time the authority will lapse, unless by ordinary resolution passed at the next AGM, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date is required by law to be held; or
- (c) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting,

whichever occurs first.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

3.0 DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (con'd)

3.2 Quantum

The maximum aggregate number of shares which may be purchased by the Company shall not exceed ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company at any point in time.

As at 1 October 2021 ("LPD"), the total number of issued shares of the Company is 63,171,977 ordinary shares. The Proposed Share Buy-Back will enable the Company to purchase up to 6,317,198 ordinary shares, representing up to ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

The actual number of ordinary shares to be purchased by the Company pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back, will depend on, inter alia, market conditions as well as the retained profits and financial resources available to the Company at the time of the purchase(s).

3.3 Funding

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will be funded through internally generated funds and/or bank borrowings or a combination of both. In the event that the Company intends to purchase its own shares using bank borrowings, the Board shall ensure that the Company shall have sufficient funds to repay the bank borrowings and interest expense and that the repayment would not have any material effect on the cash flow of the Company.

The maximum amount of funds to be allocated for the Proposed Share Buy-Back shall not exceed the aggregate of retained profits of the Company based on the latest audited financial statements and/or the latest available management accounts of the Company (whichever applicable). As at 30 June 2021, being the latest available audited financial statements, the audited retained profits of the Company amounted to RM43,070,950.

3.4 Pricing and Regulatory Requirements

The Proposed Share Buy-Back is subject to the following requirements: -

- (a) The public shareholding spread of 25% of the total listed Shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company is to be maintained at all times;
- (b) The purchase price of the Purchased Shares cannot be more than fifteen percent (15%) above the weighted average market price for the Company Shares for the five (5) Market Days immediately prior to each purchase; and
- (c) If the Purchased Shares are subsequently resold on Bursa Securities, the selling price of the said Purchased Shares has to be: -
 - (i) not less than the weighted average market price of the Company Shares for the five (5) Market Days immediately prior to the resale; or
 - (ii) not lower than five percent (5%) to the weighted average market price for the Company Shares for the five (5) Market Days immediately prior to the resale provided that: -
 - (aa) the resale takes place not earlier than thirty (30) days from the date of purchase; and
 - (bb) the resale price is not less than the cost of purchase of the Purchased Shares being resold.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

3.0 DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (con'd)

3.5 Treatment of Purchased Shares

In accordance with Section 127 of the Act, the Company would be able to deal with the Purchased Shares in the following manner: -

- (a) the Purchased Shares could be cancelled; or
- (b) the Purchased Shares could be retained as treasury shares where the Directors of the Company may: -
 - distribute the shares as dividend to shareholders, such dividends to be known as "share dividends";
 - (ii) resell the shares or any of the shares in accordance with the prevailing Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities;
 - (iii) transfer the shares, or any of the shares for the purposes of or under and employees' share scheme:
 - (iv) transfer the shares, or any of the shares as purchase consideration;
 - (v) cancel the shares or any of the shares; or
 - (vi) sell, transfer or otherwise use the shares for such other purposes as the Minister may by order prescribe,
- (c) the Purchased Shares could be in part be retained as treasury shares and in part be cancelled.

While the Purchased Shares are held as treasury shares, the rights attached to them in relation to voting, dividends and participation in any other distributions and otherwise will be suspended. The treasury shares shall not be taken into account in calculating the number or percentage of shares or of a class of shares in the Company for any purpose, including without limiting the generality of this provision, the provisions of any law or requirement of the Constitution of the Company or the Listing Requirements on substantial shareholdings, take overs, notices, requisition of meetings, quorum for a meeting and the result of a vote on a resolution at a meeting.

In the event that the Board decides to cancel the Purchased Shares or any treasury shares, the issued capital of the Company shall be diminished by the shares so cancelled and the amount by which the Company's issued capital is diminished shall be transferred to the retained earnings of the Company. The cancellation of the shares shall not be deemed to be a reduction of share capital within the meaning of the Act.

In the event the Company retains the Purchased Shares as treasury shares, it may distribute the treasury shares as dividends to the shareholders and/or resell the Purchased Shares and utilise the proceeds for any feasible investment opportunity arising in the future, or as working capital. The treatment of the Company Shares so purchased and held as treasury shares, whether distributed as dividends, resold on the stock market of Bursa Securities or cancelled by the Company, will in turn depend on the availability of retained profits and cash flow of the Company.

As at the date of this Statement, the Board has yet to make a decision with regard to the treatment of the Purchased Shares, whether to retain as treasury shares or cancel them. Nevertheless, the Board will take into consideration the effect of such treatment on the Company Shares in arriving at its decision. In addition, an immediate announcement will be made to Bursa Securities upon each purchase, cancellation and/or resale of shares pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back.

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N N II A L B S B O B T 3 O 3

SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

3.0 DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (con'd)

3.6 Public Shareholding Spread

As at LPD, the public shareholding spread of the Company was 54.57%. The public shareholding spread is expected to be reduced to 49.97% assuming the Proposed Share Buy-Back is 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company, i.e. 6,317,198 Shares. The Company will not undertake any share buy-back if that will result in breach of Paragraph 8.02(1) of the Listing Requirements which requires the Company to maintain a shareholding spread of at least 25% of its total listed shares. The Board is mindful of the shareholding spread requirement and will continue to be mindful of the requirement when making any purchase of Shares by the Company.

4.0 RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The Proposed Share Buy-Back, if implemented, is expected to have the following potential benefits: -

- (a) enhance the return on equity of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group");
- (b) is a cost-efficient way for the Company to return surplus cash which is in excess of the financial and possible investment needs, to the shareholders;
- (c) allow the Company to have a greater flexibility over, inter-alia, the Company's share capital structure and its dividend policy; and
- (d) help to buffer short-term share price volatility and offset the effects of the short-term speculators and in turn, increase shareholders' confidence and employees' morale.

5.0 POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The potential advantages of the Proposed Share Buy-Back to the Company and its shareholders are as follows: -

- (a) allows the Company to utilise its financial resources to enhance the value of shareholders' investments in the Company;
- (b) mitigate any unwarranted volatility of its shares in the open market;
- (c) will provide opportunities for the Company to increase its financial resources, if the Purchased Shares which are retained as treasury shares, are resold at prices higher than the purchase prices;
- (d) the resultant reduction of share capital base (in respect of shares so purchased are then cancelled) is expected to improve the EPS, the NA per Share (depending on the purchase price(s) of the shares) as well as the probability of declaring a higher quantum of dividend in future; and
- (e) in the event the treasury shares are distributed as share dividends, it will serve to reward the shareholders of the Company.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

5.0 POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (con'd)

The potential disadvantages of the Proposed of Share Buy-Back to the Company and its shareholders are as follows: -

- (a) the purchase of shares pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back, will reduce the financial resources of the Company and may result in the Company foregoing better investment opportunities that may emerge in the future:
- the purchase may result in a reduction of the amount reserves available for distribution as dividends and/or (b) bonus issue(s) to the shareholders if the Shares so purchased are cancelled; and
- in the event the Proposed Share Buy-Back is funded by bank borrowings, the Company's net cash flow may (c) also decline due to the interest costs associated with such borrowings.

Nevertheless, the Proposed Share Buy-Back is not expected to have any potential material disadvantages to the Company and its shareholders, as any share buy-back will be undertaken only after in-depth consideration of the financial resources of the Company and the resultant impact on its shareholders. The Board, in exercising any decision in implementing the Proposed Share Buy-Back will be mindful of the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

PURCHASE OF SHARES AND RESALE AND/OR CANCELLATION OF TREASURY SHARES IN THE 6.0 PREVIOUS TWELVE (12) MONTHS

The Company had made the following purchase of its own share and retain as treasury shares of the Company in the previous twelve (12) months preceding this Statement: -

Date of Purchase	Number of Shares purchased and retained as treasury shares	Highest Purchase Price per Share (RM)	Lowest Purchase Price per Share (RM)	Consideration paid (RM)
04 Nov 2020	20,000	3.10	3.10	62,412.92
13 Nov 2020	1,200	3.12	3.12	3,787.53
12 Jan 2021	30,000	3.40	3.40	102,354.96
18 Jan 2021	11,300	3.40	3.40	38,675.88
25 Jan 2021	20,000	3.40	3.42	68,785.08
03 Mar 2021	12,100	3.48	3.48	42,644.85
08 Jun 2021	2,600	3.80	3.80	9,955.81
21 Jun 2021	17,000	3.70	3.70	63,381.91
30 Jun 2021	1,000	3.70	3.70	3,747.51
22 Jul 2021	18,000	3.60	3.60	65,296.57
30 Jul 2021	17,300	3.62	3.65	63,593.33
13 Aug 2021	9,300	3.70	3.70	34,674.18
Total	159,800			559,310.53

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

7.0 FINANCIAL EFFECTS TO THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The effects of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the share capital, NA, earnings, working capital and dividends are set out below: -

7.1 Share Capital

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the issued share capital of the Company will depend on whether the Purchased Shares are cancelled or retained as treasury shares.

Based on the issued share capital of the Company as at LPD, and assuming that the maximum number of Shares [of up to ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company] authorised under the Proposed Share Buy-Back are purchased and cancelled, it will result in the total number of ordinary shares of the Company being reduced as follows: -

	No. of Ordinary Shares
Existing issued share capital as at 1 October 2021	63,171,977
Less maximum number of Shares which may be purchased and cancelled pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back (10%)	(6,317,198)
Resultant number of issued shares upon completion of the cancellation of the maximum number of Purchased Shares	56,854,779

If the Purchased Shares are retained as treasury shares, the Proposed Share Buy-Back will not have any effect on the issued share capital of the Company. Nevertheless, certain rights attached to the Company Shares such as voting, dividends and participation in other distribution will be suspended while they are held as treasury shares.

7.2 NA

The Proposed Share Buy-Back, if carried out, may increase or decrease the NA per share depending on the purchase price(s) of the shares to be purchased. The NA per share will increase if the purchase price is less than the audited NA per share but will decrease if the purchase price exceeds the audited NA per share at the time the Shares are purchased.

For the shares so purchased and kept as treasury shares, upon resale, the NA per share will increase if the gain of the shares resold has been realised. However, the quantum of the increase in NA per share will depend on the selling prices of the treasury shares and the number of treasury shares resold.

7.3 Earnings

The effects of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the earnings and EPS of the Company will depend on the purchase price(s) of the shares, the quantum of shares to be bought back and the effective funding cost to the Group to finance the Purchased Shares or any loss in interest income to the Company. Where the shares so purchased are to be cancelled, the EPS of the Company will generally, all else being equal, increase as a result of the reduction in the issued share capital of the Company.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

7.0 FINANCIAL EFFECTS TO THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (con'd)

7.4 Working Capital

The Proposed Share Buy-Back, if carried out, will reduce the working capital of the Company. The quantum of the reduction of the working capital of the Company would depend on the purchase price(s), number of shares purchased and the effective funding cost thereof.

However, for the Shares so purchased and kept as treasury shares, upon resale at a higher selling price than the initial purchase price, the working capital of the Company will increase. Again, the quantum of the increase in the working capital will depend on the number of treasury shares resold and the selling price.

7.5 Dividends

The Proposed Share Buy-Back is not expected to have any impact on the Company's dividend policy. The Board recommended the following dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 for shareholders' approval at the forthcoming 62nd AGM: -

- (i) a Single Tier First and Final Dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share; and
- (ii) a Single Tier Bonus Dividend of 2.15 sen per ordinary share.

The abovementioned dividend if approved at the forthcoming 62nd Annual General Meeting of the Company, will be credited as fully paid on 30 December 2021 to depositors registered in the Record of Depositors at the close of business on 16 December 2021.

8.0 SHAREHOLDINGS OF DIRECTORS AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Based on the Register of Directors' Shareholdings and Substantial Shareholders as at LPD and assuming that the Proposed Share Buy-Back is implemented up to 10% of the issued share capital of the Company and that the Purchased Shares are from the shareholders other than the Directors and Substantial Shareholders of the Company, the effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the shareholdings of the existing Directors and Substantial Shareholders of the Company by virtue of Section 127(9) of the Act are as set out below: -

8.1 Directors' shareholdings

	As at 1 October 2021			After Proposed Share Buyback				
		No. of ordinary shares			No. of ordinary shares			
Directors	Direct	%	Indirect	%	Direct	%	Indirect	%
Lee Chung-Shih Justin	39,108	0.06	27,798,890 (1)	44.39	39,108	0.07	27,798,890 (1)	48.89
Cheong Mun Hong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mugana Kerisnan								
A/L Karpiah								
Chew Khat Khiam Albert	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tay Beng Chai	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wun Mow Sang	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Deemed interested by virtue of his substantial interest in The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited and Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

8.0 SHAREHOLDINGS OF DIRECTORS AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (con'd)

8.2 Substantial shareholders' shareholdings

	As	ober 2021	After Proposed Share Buyback					
	No	. of ordin	nary shares		No. of ordinary shares			
Substantial Shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%	Direct	%	Indirect	%
The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited	27,596,561	44.07	202,329 (1)	0.32	27,596,561	48.54	202,329 (1)	0.36
Lee Thor Seng	535,785	0.86	27,798,890 (2)	44.39	535,785	0.94	27,798,890 (2)	48.89
Lee Chung-Shih Justin	39,108	0.06	27,798,890 (2)	44.39	39,108	0.07	27,798,890 (2)	48.89
Lee Yung-Shih Colin	35,187	0.06	27,798,890 (2)	44.39	35,187	0.06	27,798,890 (2)	48.89

Notes:

9.0 IMPLICATION OF THE MALAYSIAN CODE ON TAKE-OVERS AND MERGERS 2010 ("Code")

Pursuant to the Code, in the event the Proposed Share Buy-Back results in any major shareholder and/or persons acting in concert with him:

- (a) holding more than thirty-three per centum (33%) of the voting shares or voting rights in the Company, the affected major shareholder and/or persons acting in concert with him will be obliged to make a mandatory offer for the remaining Company Shares not held by him; or
- (b) who already holds more than thirty-three per centum (33%) but not more than fifty per centum (50%) of the voting shares or voting rights in the Company, increases his holding of the voting shares or voting rights of the Company by more than two per centum (2%) in any six (6) months period, the affected major shareholder and/or persons acting in concert with him will be obliged to make mandatory offer for the remaining Shares of the Company not held by him.

Based on the shareholdings of the Substantial Shareholders as at LPD and assuming the purchase of the Company's own shares is carried out in full, the share buy-back exercise does not have any implication on the Code, the effects on the Substantial Shareholders are set out in 8.2 of this Statement.

As the Board has no intention for the Proposed Share Buy-Back to trigger the obligation to undertake a mandatory general offer under the Code by any of its substantial shareholders and/or parties acting in concert with them, the Board will ensure that only such number of shares are purchased, retained as treasury shares, cancelled or distributed such that the Code will not be triggered.

The Board is aware of the requirements of the Code and will be mindful of the requirements when making any purchase of Shares pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back.

⁽¹⁾ Deemed interested by virtue of its substantial interest in Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

Deemed interested by virtue of their substantial interest in The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited and Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

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SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT (cont'd)

10.0 HISTORICAL PRICES OF KLUANG SHARES

The monthly highest and lowest prices of Kluang Shares as traded on Bursa Securities for the last twelve (12) months from October 2020 to September 2021 are as follows: -

Year	Month	Highest (RM)	Lowest (RM)
2020- 2021	October	3.260	3.031
	November	3.240	3.031
	December	3.540	3.170
	January	3.440	3.350
	February	3.500	3.370
	March	3.700	3.370
	April	3.720	3.480
	May	3.850	3.500
	June	3.890	3.580
	July	3.760	3.470
	August	3.870	3.600
	September	4.800	3.680

11.0 INTERESTED DIRECTORS, SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND PERSONS CONNECTED TO THEM

Save for the proportionate increase in the percentage shareholdings of the Directors and substantial shareholders of the Company as a result of the decrease in the issued share capital after the Proposed Share Buy-Back, none of the Directors and/or substantial shareholders and/or persons connected to them, has any interest directly or indirectly, in the Proposed Share Buy-Back and the subsequent resale of treasury shares, if any.

12.0 APPROVALS REQUIRED

The Proposed Share Buy-Back is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming 62nd AGM of the Company to be convened or at any adjournment thereof. Save for the approval of the shareholders of the Company, there are no other approvals required for the Proposal.

13.0 DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

Having considered all aspects of the Proposed Share Buy-Back, the Board is of the opinion that the Proposed Share Buy-Back is fair, reasonable and in the best interest of the Company and accordingly, recommends that shareholders vote in favour of the ordinary resolution for the Proposed Share Buy-Back to be tabled at the forthcoming 62nd AGM of the Company.

14.0 DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This Statement has been reviewed and approved by the Directors of the Company and they collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given in in this Statement and confirm that, after making all reasonable enquiries and to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no other facts, omissions of which would make any information, date or statement herein misleading.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

LEE CHUNG-SHIH JUSTIN

Executive Deputy Chairman

TAY BENG CHAI

Independent Non-Executive Director

WUN MOW SANG

Independent Non-Executive Director (appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021)

LEE SOO HOON

Non-Executive Chairman (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

CHEONG MUN HONG

Executive Director

MUGANA KERISNAN A/L KARPIAH

Executive Director

SECRETARIES

SANTHI A/P SAMINATHAN (MAICSA 7069709)

TAI YIT CHAN (MAICSA 7009143)

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

WUN MOW SANG

Chairman

(appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021 and re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

(re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

TAY BENG CHAI

LEE SOO HOON

(resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

NOMINATING COMMITTEE MEMBERS

TAY BENG CHAI

Chairman

(re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

(re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

WUN MOW SANG

(appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021)

LEE SOO HOON

(resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

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CORPORATE INFORMATION (cont'd)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

TAY BENG CHAI Chairman

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

WUN MOW SANG (appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021)

LEE SOO HOON (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

TAY BENG CHAI

WUN MOW SANG (appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021)

LEE SOO HOON (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

AUDITORS

ERNST & YOUNG PLT Chartered Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

SUITE 9D, LEVEL 9, MENARA ANSAR, 65 JALAN TRUS, 80000 JOHOR BAHRU, JOHOR TEL: 607-224 1035 FAX: 607-221 0891

SHARE REGISTRAR

BOARDROOM SHARE REGISTRARS SDN BHD (Company No. 378993-D)
11TH FLOOR, MENARA SYMPHONY,
NO. 5, JALAN PROFESSOR KHOO KAY KIM, SEKSYEN 13,
46200 PETALING JAYA,
SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN
TEL: 603-7890 4700 FAX: 603-7890 4670

BANKER

OCBC BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

STOCK EXCHANGE

MAIN MARKET OF BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD ("Bursa Malaysia")

WEBSITE

www.kluangrubber.com

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders.

The Group reported revenue of RM31.67 million for the financial year ended 30 June 2021. The increase in revenue over the previous financial year was primarily due to the increased contribution from the plantation segment from RM11.72 million in the previous financial year to RM20.12 million for the financial year ended 30 June 2021. This was due to increased crop production and higher average fresh fruit bunches ("FFB") sales price. Group revenue comprised of sales of FFB, dividend income, rental income and interest income. Increased contribution from the plantation segment outweighed the decrease in rental income and interest income.

The financial year commenced with unprecedented challenges and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. The Government announced the Movement Control Order ("MCO") on 18 March 2020, followed by Enhanced MCO, Conditional MCO and Recovery MCO interchangeably, according to the changing risk scenarios to curb the pandemic.

The protracted pandemic led to one of the most challenging and disruptive year. Strict health and safety protocols in line with regulatory guidelines were put in place to reduce the risk of the COVID-19 pandemic in our operations. The health and safety of our employees and stakeholders are of the highest priority. As the palm oil industry is considered as essential services, the Company was able to continue our plantation operations. Despite the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group remains optimistic on the long-term fundamentals of the oil palm industry.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Group reported profit from operations of RM43.16 million. Key contributors included the gain from the compulsory land acquisition of 200 acres from Sungei Bagan Estate of RM11.29 million, the gain on disposal of investment of RM3.70 million, foreign exchange differences with a positive contribution of RM8.88 million, fair value gain from investment property, other investments and biological assets totalling RM17.36 million.

The Group reported profit after tax of RM60.59 million for the financial year ended 30 June 2021. Our share of results of associates reported a positive contribution of RM18.25 million, relative to a loss of RM2.19 million in the previous financial year. Our investment in associates was accounted for using the equity method and reflected our share of the results of operations of the associate. The Group's associates were held through Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad. The profit for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 attributable to equity holders of the parent was RM31.03 million.

Total other comprehensive profit for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 attributable to the equity holders of the parent was RM42.26 million.

Dividends

The Board is proposing a Single Tier First and Final Dividend of 1 sen per share and a Single Tier Bonus Dividend of 2.15 sen per share for the year ended 30 June 2021. The proposed total cash dividend of 3.15 sen per share for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 is subjected to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (cont'd)

Proposed Exchange

On 7 May 2021, it was announced Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad ("Sungei Bagan") entered into an Agreement with The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited ("Nyalas") for the Proposed Exchange involving the proposed transfer by Sungei Bagan of its entire 49% equity interest in Balland Properties Limited ("Balland"), held through its whollyowned subsidiary, Springvale International Limited ("Springvale"), and 9.44% equity interest in Kuchai Development Berhad ("Kuchai"), in exchange for 100% equity interest in Torbridge Holdings Limited ("Torbridge") held by Nyalas at an agreed exchange value.

As detailed in Sungei Bagan's Circular, the rationales and benefits of the Proposed Exchange included the following: -

- To streamline and strengthen Sungei Bagan's portfolio of investments, improve its asset yield and revenue, and ultimately enhance shareholders' value.
- The opportunity to eliminate Sungei Bagan's legacy cross shareholdings situation to simplify its ownership structure.

Sungei Bagan announced the ordinary resolution was duly passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 5 October 2021. Barring any unforeseen circumstances, and subject to all requisite approval and consents being obtained, the Proposed Exchange is expected to be completed by the end of year 2021.

Appreciation

The Board would like to express its appreciation to Mr. Lee Soo Hoon who served as a director and Chairman from 2001 – 2021 and Mr. Balaraman A/L Annamaly who served as a director from 2014 – 2020. The Board would like to thank both directors for their invaluable service and contributions and we wish them the very best in their future endeavours.

The Board would like to extend a warm welcome to Mr. Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah, who joined the Board as an Executive Director on 1 January 2021, and Mr. Wun Mow Sang, who joined the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 July 2021. The Board values their wealth of experience and look forward to their active participation on the Board.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all the directors, the management and staff at all levels for their continuing efforts and contributions during the year.

We also wish to thank our customers, suppliers and valued shareholders for continued trust and confidence in us.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

Chairman

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A")

Plantation Operations

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Group reported revenue of RM20.12 million from its plantation operations. On a Group basis, the 72% increase in plantation revenue relative to the previous financial year was attributed towards higher average FFB sales price and increased production from Sungei Bagan Estate and Kuala Pergau Estate.

As of 30 June 2021, the Group's consolidated planted area stood at 6,502 acres: -

- Kluang Estate: 1,574 acres
- Sungei Bagan Estate & Kuala Pergau Estate: 4,928 acres

Upon prime maturity, Kuala Pergau Estate is expected to be a significant contributor towards the Group's plantation segment.

In 2019, Kluang Estate was awarded the Malaysia Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") certification. Likewise, Sungei Bagan Estate and Kuala Pergau Estate were also awarded the MSPO certification. Post-certification, Kluang Estate successfully completed two (2) MSPO annual surveillance audits, demonstrating its commitment to uphold the principles and criteria of sustainable palm oil production.

The following is a performance review of the estates with the focus on Kluang Estate.



Kluang Estate Immature Field

Kluang Estate

For the financial year, Kluang Estate reported sales of RM5.51 million, 45% higher than the previous year's plantation revenue of RM3.81 million. This was primarily attributed towards the higher average FFB sales price. For Kluang Estate, FFB production of 7,845 MT was lower than the previous year's production of 8,309 MT.

For the financial year, Kluang Estate reported an FFB yield of 16 MT/ha. This was slightly lower than Malaysian Palm Oil Board's ("MPOB") Peninsular Malaysia's average FFB yield of 17 MT/ha, and below MPOB's Johor average FFB yield of 19 MT/ha. In addition to the weather conditions, the tight labour situation and pest attacks were key factors which resulted in the lower production.

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A") (cont'd)

Plantation Operations (cont'd)

Kluang Estate (cont'd)

The steps management are actively taking to improve FFB production include: -

- Increased efforts to recruit more local workers as foreign workers recruitment was put on hold due to the closure of international borders.
- Ensure up-to-date pruning to facilitate harvesting and encourage bunch formation.
- Ensure proper frond stacking method on terraced and non-terraced areas to facilitate fertilizer application.
- Vigilantly monitor bagworm attack by carrying out timely census and treatment.
- Increased treatment of Ganoderma affected areas.



Kluang Estate Immature Field

With a total planted area of 1,574 acres, Kluang Estate's weighted average age was 10 years. Kluang Estate's planted area age profile as at 30 June 2021 was as follows: -

- Immature (0 3): 26%
- Mature Young (4 6): 11%
- Mature Prime (7 19): 63%
- Mature Tall (≥ 20): 0%

With 74% of Kluang Estate consisting of palms between the ages of 4-19 years, we remain optimistic on Kluang Estate's production capabilities. The Company has in place a framework to assess the replanting requirements based on maturity and yield, and management is satisfied with the current age profile of the plantation. With no fields over the age of 20 years, replanting exercises are not expected in the next few years.

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A") (cont'd)

Sungei Bagan Estate and Kuala Pergau Estate

Revenue from plantation operations increased from RM7.91 million to RM14.61 million. This was due to increased crop production and the higher average FFB sales price for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

For the financial year, Sungei Bagan Estate reported an FFB yield of 17 MT/ha, further improving on the previous year's FFB yield of 15 MT/ha. This was primarily attributed towards improved plantation management and management of the labour situation, especially challenging during the COVID-19 pandemic.

As of 30 June 2021, Kuala Pergau Estate was fully planted with an acreage of 2,313 acres. FFB production of 8,696 MT was slightly below it's estimate for the financial year ended 30 June 2021. This translated to an FFB yield of 9 MT/ha, slightly below the Kelantan average FFB yield of 11 MT/ha. Upon prime maturity, Kuala Pergau Estate is expected to be a significant contributor towards the Group's plantation segment.

Investments

The Group has investments in public listed companies, fixed income investments, investment funds and precious metals.

Financial Position

The Group maintains a healthy financial position with no bank borrowings and sufficient cash and cash equivalents to cover total liabilities. The Group's non-controlling interests was RM519 million or 43% of the Group's total equity.

With the COVID-19 pandemic situation, both the Board and management are committed towards maintaining a strong balance sheet and a healthy cash position to ensure the Company's ability to fund our operations and capital requirements.

The Company is cognizant of the need to achieve a balance between providing reasonable returns to shareholders while conserving funds required for investment opportunities.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Board of Directors ("Board") recognises the importance of maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices within the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") and devotes considerable effort and resources to identify and formalise best practices. Good corporate governance is crucial to sustain the Group in the long-run, especially due to constant changes in regulatory and market environment.

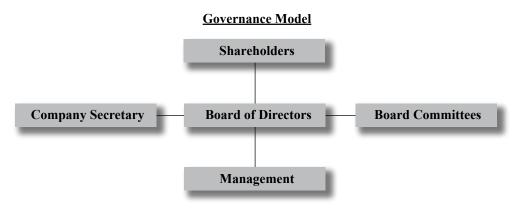
This Corporate Governance Overview Statement ("CG Overview Statement") is made pursuant to Paragraph 15.25(1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and guidance was drawn from Practice Note 9 of Bursa Securities Listing Requirements and Corporate Governance Guide ("3rd Edition") issued by Bursa Securities. This CG Overview Statement should be read together with the Corporate Governance Report ("CG Report") prepared based on a prescribed format as enumerated in Paragraph 15.25(2) of the MMLR, so as to provide a detailed articulation on the application of the Company's corporate governance practices in reference to the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance ("MCCG").

This CG Overview Statement provides shareholders and other stakeholders with an overview of how the Company applied the three (3) Key Principles of the MCCG during the financial year ended 30 June 2021: -

- i. Board leadership and effectiveness;
- ii. Effective audit and risk management; and
- iii. Integrity in corporate reporting and meaningful relationship with stakeholders.

This overview statement serves to provide stakeholder with an understanding of the Company's commitment to corporate governance and how the Company's corporate governance practices support its ability to create long-term value for shareholders. It is to be read in conjunction with the CG Report which is available on the Company's website at www. kluangrubber.com.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS



I. BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

Principle Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for setting the strategic direction, establishing goals for the management and continuously improving its performance to protect and enhance long-term shareholders' value. The Board is also responsible for the overall standards of conduct, risk management, succession planning, strategic planning, financial matters, corporate governance, sustainability and effective communication with shareholders, investors and the system of internal controls.

The Board plays an active role in developing the Group's strategy. The Board will then review and deliberate upon both management's and its own perspectives to deliver the best outcomes. The Board comprises of a mix of directors whose combined skills and knowledge enable the Board to function effectively in discharging its fiduciary and leadership function. The Board understands that in governing, the directors must always act honestly, fairly, diligently and in accordance with the law, in the best interest of the Group.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Principle Responsibilities of the Board (cont'd)

In discharging the Board's duties and responsibilities, the Board is guided by the Board Charter, which sets out the principal role of the Boards, the responsibilities and powers of the Board as well as the matters that the Board may delegate to its Board Committees - Audit Committee, Nominating Committee, Remuneration Committee, and Risk Management Committee, to assist the Board in overseeing the Group's affairs and in deliberation of issues within their respective functions and terms of reference which clearly outline their objectives, duties and powers. The Board Charter and the Terms of Reference of the Board Committees are available on the Company's website and are subject to periodic review to confirm the statutory provisions, regulatory requirements, guidelines, principles and best practices.

The Board keeps itself abreast of the responsibilities delegated to each Board Committee, and resolutions or key matters deliberated at each Board Committee meeting through the minutes and reports from the respective Board Committees' Chairman, which are presented to the Board during the Board meeting at the appropriate regular intervals.

The Board has also established clear functions reserved for the Board and those delegated to the management. The respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management are clearly set out to ensure accountability of both parties. The Board delegates responsibility for the day-today operations of the business to the Executive Directors who are assisted by the Executive Officers and Senior Management, recognising their responsibility to ensure that the Company operates within a framework of prudent and effective controls. On the other hand, management provides the Board and the Board Committees with sufficient information and materials in a timely manner to enable the Directors to discharge their duties and responsibilities effectively.

To enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities in meeting the goals and objectives of the Group during the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Board apart from fulfilling its statutory responsibilities, collectively: -

- reviewed and decided on management's proposals and monitored the implementation by management;
- promoted good governance culture within the Group which reinforces ethical, prudent and professional conduct;
- reviewed and determined the Company's overall direction, development, control and ensured that the Company's businesses practices are designed to deliver sustainable value to its shareholders and other stakeholders. The Company's economic, environment and social activities are set out in the Sustainability Statement;
- ensured the integrity of the Company's financial and non-financial reporting;
- ensured that the Company has in place procedures to enable effective communication with stakeholders;
- monitored the financial position and evaluated the overall performance of the Company through quarterly reviews;
- supervised and assessed management performance regularly; and
- ensured that a sound and adequate framework of reporting on risk management and internal control and legal compliance are in place;

Aside from the core responsibilities listed above, significant matters required deliberation and approval from the Board are clearly defined by the Board in the Board Charter as matters reserved for the Board for consideration and approval during Board meetings.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors play a crucial role in ensuring that the strategies proposed by the management are properly deliberated and reviewed, and to ensure that the interest of shareholders, including minority shareholders, are given due consideration in the decision-making process. They are also actively involved in the various Board Committees.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Chairman of the Board

The Non-Executive Chairman, Mr Lee Soo Hoon resigned on 30 June 2021 and Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert, was redesignated as Independent Non-Executive Chairman on 30 June 2021. The Chairman is able to provide effective and strategic direction and necessary governance to the Company. The Chairman is responsible for overseeing the proper functioning of the Board with good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Chairman with the assistance of the Company Secretary, schedules Board meetings to ensure the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information, enabling the Board to perform its duties reasonably. During meetings, the Chairman encourages constructive relations between Board members and ensures that open, healthy and effective debates are held by allowing sufficient time to be given on the deliberation of issues.

The Nominating Committee is satisfied that the Chairman has discharged his duties effectively and continues to play a vital role in leading the Board.

Separation of Chairman and Executive Deputy Chairman

The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Executive Deputy Chairman are held by two (2) different persons, and each has a clear accepted division of responsibilities to further enhance and preserve a balance of authority and accountability, to avoid unfettered powers of decision making. The Chairman is primarily responsible for the achievement of the Group's strategic vision and leads the board in its collective oversight of management, while the Executive Deputy Chairman, Executive Directors and management are responsible for the day-to-day management of the operations of the Company and the implementation of the Board's policies and decisions. The Chairman and Executive Directors fully appreciate their respective roles and responsibilities and are supportive of the development of a healthy corporate governance culture.

Company Secretary

The Board is supported by two (2) suitably qualified and competent Company Secretaries. The Company Secretaries who are members of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA) are qualified Company Secretaries as per Section 235(2) of the Companies Act 2016. They are external Company Secretaries with vast knowledge and experience from being in public practice and are supported by a dedicated team of company secretarial personnel.

The Company Secretaries play an important advisory role to the Board, on administrative, regulatory requirements and governance matters. The Company Secretaries are also responsible to ensure that accurate and proper recording of proceedings and resolutions at the Board, Board Committees meetings and general meetings.

The Board has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries for Board affairs. The Company Secretaries attend all Board and Board Committee Meetings. All proceedings and conclusions from the Board meetings are minuted and signed by the Chairman. The Company's statutory records are maintained accordingly at the Company's registered office.

Board Meeting and Access to Information

The Board will receive the notice of agenda together with the meeting materials (including the minutes of the previous meeting) at least five (5) business days prior to the date of the meeting to ensure the directors have sufficient time to review and solicit further clarification and/or information, where necessary, to enable them to duly discharge their duties and ensure that deliberations at the meeting are constructive and focused. Occasionally, the Board or Board Committee meetings may be called at shorter notice when critical decisions are required to be made. Management and/or external advisors may be invited to attend Board meetings to advise the Board and to furnish the Board with information and clarification needed on relevant items on the agenda to enable the Board to arrive at an informed decision.

The Board has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the appointed Company Secretaries and external auditors whether as the Board, or in their individual capacity, in the furtherance of their duties. Directors may interact directly with, or request further explanation, information or updates on any aspect of the business from management. They may seek independent professional advice at their discretion to assist them in Board decisions.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Board Meeting and Access to Information (cont'd)

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Board met five (5) times where it deliberated and considered various matters including financial results, operations performance, strategic decisions, risk management and other matters requiring the Board's decision. All proceedings of the Board meetings are minuted and circulated to the Board members in advance of the next Board meeting. When necessary, decisions of the Board are also made by way of circular resolutions in between scheduled Board meetings. During Board meetings, the Chairman of Nominating Committee ("NC"), Remuneration Committee ("RC"), Audit Committee ("AC") and Risk Management Committee ("RMC") will brief the Board on the salient matters, recommendations, significant issues, risk matters and finding which require the Board's attention, approval and direction.

To facilitate planning, an annual meeting calendar is prepared and circulated in advance. This provides directors with scheduled dates for Board meetings and the AGM.

The details of Directors' attendance at the Board meetings held in the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are as follows: -

Name of Director	Designation/Directorate	Attendance
Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert	Independent Non-Executive Chairman	5/5
Mr Tay Beng Chai	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Mr Lee Soo Hoon (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	Non-Executive Chairman	5/5
Mr Lee Chung-Shih Justin	Executive Director	5/5
Mr Cheong Mun Hong	Executive Director	5/5
Mr Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (appointed w.e.f. 1 January 2021)	Executive Director	2/2
Mr Balaraman A/L Annamaly (resigned w.e.f. 31 December 2020)	Executive Director	2/3

Note:

- (1) Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert re-designated as Independent Non-Executive Chairman w.e.f. 30 June 2021 post-resignation of Mr Lee Soo Hoon.
- (2) Mr Wun Mow Sang appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director w.e.f. 1 July 2021.

Board Charter

This Board Charter serves as guidance for the Board and is in line with the Company's Constitution, which sets out the authorities, roles, functions, composition and responsibilities of the Board to assist directors of the Company and to be aware of their roles, duties and responsibilities and to effectively discharge their fiduciary duty in managing the affairs of the Company.

The Board Charter provides an overview of how the Board leads the management through strategic guidance and effective oversight. It also sets out the delegation of authority by the Board to various committees to ensure that the Board members in performing their responsibilities on behalf of the Company would act in the best interests of all stakeholders.

Whilst the Board Charter serves as reference point for the activities of the Board and the various committees, it shall not be construed as an exhaustive blueprint for the Board's operations. This Charter is subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 ("CA"), the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"), the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa"), the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance ("MCCG") issued by Securities Commission and any other applicable laws or regulatory requirements.

The Board will periodically review this Board Charter and the Board Charter may be amended from time to time to ensure its relevance, effectiveness and consistency with the Company's objective, its practices and current laws. The Board reviewed and approved the revised Board Charter on 27 August 2021. The Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Code of Conduct and Ethics

The Board is committed in maintaining good corporate integrity and recognises the importance of a Code of Conduct which sets out the principles and standards of business ethics and conduct applicable to all directors and employees of the Company. In line with good corporate governance practices, the Board, management and employees shall act honestly, objectively and diligently while carrying out their duties and they shall not act in a manner which could discredit the Company in any manner. These standards are formalised through the Company's Code of Conduct and Business Ethics.

The Code of Conduct and Business Ethics is reviewed periodically in accordance with the needs of the Company. The Code of Conduct and Business Ethics is available on the Company's website.

Whistleblowing Policy

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines aims to provide a structured mechanism for its employees, directors and associates ("reporting individual") to raise or report suspected and/or known misconduct, wrongdoings, corruption and instances of fraud, waste, and/or abuse involving the resources of the Company and to provide reassurance that they shall be protected from reprisals or victimisation for whistleblowing in good faith.

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is: -

- To encourage active and moral obligation to report wrongdoings
- To use internal disclosure to report wrongdoings
- To protect the whistleblower
- To ensure appropriate and fair disciplinary actions
- To require that an effective whistleblowing guideline be established and maintained

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is available on the Company's website.

II. BOARD COMPOSITION

Independent Directors

The Board comprises of six (6) members, of whom three (3) are Independent Non-Executive Directors and three (3) are Executive Directors. The Board composition complies with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia that requires a minimum of two (2) or one-third (1/3) of the Board to be Independent Directors.

Name

Chew Khat Khiam Albert Tay Beng Chai Wun Mow Sang (appointed w.e.f. 1 July 2021) Lee Chung-Shih Justin Cheong Mun Hong Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah **Designation**

Independent Non-Executive Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Non-Executive Director Executive Deputy Chairman Executive Director Executive Director

Note:

- (1) Mr Lee Soo Hoon, Non-Executive Chairman resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021.
- (2) Mr Balaraman A/L Annamaly, Executive Director resigned w.e.f. 31 December 2020.

The presence of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors, which represent 50% of the Board, facilitates the unbiased exercise of independent evaluation in Board deliberations and decision making. Their presence fulfils a central role in corporate accountability and serves to provide a check and balance on the Board. In the event of any vacancy on the Board, resulting in a non-compliance, the vacancy will be filled within three (3) months. The Nominating Committee shall on annual basis assess the independence of the Independent Directors.

A brief profile of each director is set out under the Profile of Directors section.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Tenure of Independent Directors

The Board is aware that the MCCG recommends that the tenure of an Independent Director does not exceed a cumulative period of nine (9) years, and upon completion of the nine (9) years, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board as a Non-Independent Director.

The MCCG also recommends that if the Board intends to retain an Independent Director beyond nine (9) years, the Board should provide justification and seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

The current Independent Directors are strong individuals demonstrating independence. The Board believes that independence is a result of a director's state of mind and integrity and not dependent on the years of service. The experience of the Independent Directors is valuable for continued stability and growth.

The Board believes that it is in the best position to evaluate and determine whether any Independent Director can continue to provide independent and objective judgement during board deliberations and act in the best interests of the Company. The Nominating Committee will continue, on an annual basis to assess the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Appointment of Board and Senior Management

The Nominating Committee is responsible to oversee the selection process and assess the performance of the directors with the objective of securing the best composition to meet the objectives of the Company. The Nominating Committee adopts a non-discriminatory policy towards identifying, assessing and recommendation of suitably qualified directors to its Board for appointment, and will regularly evaluate the composition and performance of the Board to ensure that these objectives are adopted in the process of board recruitment, board performance evaluation and succession planning.

The Board has a good balance of members such that no one individual or a small group of individuals can dominate the Board's decision-making process. The Board consists of directors that include professionals from various backgrounds, with different experiences and knowledge. With their diverse backgrounds and specializations, the directors bring along a wide range of experience, expertise and perspective in discharging their responsibilities and duties as stewards of the Company. The Board recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance.

The Company views increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives. Appointment of Board members are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skill, experience, age, cultural background and gender. The Board Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website.

Gender Diversity

The Board recognizes the importance of fostering the development of women in decision-making positions in the corporate sector. Whilst the Board has not implemented any definitive policy on the proportion of female directors, suitable female candidates are considered for Board participation. For the year ended 30 June 2021, there were no female directors on the Board.

Identifying Candidates for Appointment of Directors

The Nominating Committee is responsible in identifying candidates to the Board to fill the vacancy arising from resignation, retirement or any other reasons, and if there is a need to appoint additional directors with the required skill or expertise.

In identifying candidates, the Board is not limited to recommendations from existing Board members, management or major shareholders. The Board may utilise a variety of independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates and will conduct Board appointment processes in a manner as recommended by the MCCG.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Identifying Candidates for Appointment of Directors (cont'd)

Once identified, the Nominating Committee is responsible for assessing and making recommendations on new appointments to the Board, ensuring that all candidates are of sufficient calibre. Besides evaluating the candidate's skills and experience, the Nominating Committee considers the following factors: -

- The candidate's understanding of the Group and market;
- The candidate's professional expertise, experience and background; and
- Other factors including requirements for independence and the promotion of diversity of views

For the appointment of new directors, the Nominating Committee will generally identify suitable candidates skilled in core competencies such as accounting, finance, business, management, industry expertise or knowledge. If the Nominating Committee decides that the candidate is suitable, the Nominating Committee will arrange to meet and conduct interviews with the candidate prior to making a recommendation to the Board. These interviews conducted may be official as well as unofficial. Besides reviewing the candidate's curriculum vitae and other biographical information, the assessment process may include, at the Nominating Committee's discretion, conducting legal and other background searches of the candidate.

Upon completion of the assessment and evaluation of the proposed candidate, the Nominating Committee will make its recommendation to the Board for assessment and endorsement. The final decision on any appointment rests with the Board.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, the newly appointed directors will retire at the subsequent Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and are eligible for re-election by shareholders. The clauses of Constitution also provide that at least one-third (1/3) of the Board including Executive Directors is subject to re-election annually and each director shall stand for re-election at least once every three (3) years.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, no new directors were appointed. Mr Wun Mow Sang was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 July 2021 and is standing for re-election at the forthcoming AGM in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

Nominating Committee Composition

The Nominating Committee ("NC") established by the Board comprises majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. Three (3) NC meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2021. Details of the NC members meeting attendance during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are as follows: -

	Number of Meetings	
Name/Directorship	Held During Tenure in Office	Attended
Chew Khat Khiam Albert Chairman of NC / Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	3	3
Tay Beng Chai Member / Independent Non-Executive Director	3	3
Lee Soo Hoon Member / Non-Executive Chairman (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	3	3

Note:

- (1) Mr Wun Mow Sang appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director and member of NC w.e.f. 1 July 2021.
- (2) Mr Tay Beng Chai re-designated as Chairman of NC w.e.f. 30 August 2021.
- (3) Mr Chew Khat Khiam re-designated as member of NC w.e.f. 30 August 2021.

The Terms of Reference of the Nominating Committee was reviewed and approved by the Board on 27 August 2021 and is available on the Company's website.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Evaluation of the Board and Board Committees

The Board, through the Nominating Committee, conducts an annual review and assessment on the effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and each of the Directors individually. This assessment focuses mainly on the performance of individual Directors, attendance, competencies and skills, participation and contribution of the Directors to the Board Committees meetings and the Company.

The evaluation form shall be distributed to the Board and Board Committees for completion annually. All assessments and evaluations carried out by the Nominating Committee in the discharge of all its functions are properly documented.

For financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Nominating Committee reviewed and updated the annual performance evaluation for directors. The overall Board and its Committees' performance and effectiveness was assessed, and the Chairman of the Nominating Committee presented the outcome of the annual performance evaluation for directors during a NC meeting.

As part of the annual performance evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and individual directors, the Nominating Committee considers the balance of skills, experience, expertise, independence and the diversity representation on the Board.

The Nominating Committee is satisfied with the Board's composition, well balanced with the required mix of skills, experience, knowledge and competencies, which is required for an effective Board.

For the financial year, the Nominating Committee: -

- Reviewed the composition of the Board and Board Committees, nominating the directors who are due for retirement and re-appointment, and are eligible to stand for re-election and re-appointment respectively;
- Reviewed the composition of the Board based on the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities;
- Reviewed and recommend the appointment of a new Independent Non-Executive Director to the Board;
- Reviewed the composition of the Board Committees based on their compliances with the provisions of the regulations;
- Assessed the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- Reviewed and updated the annual performance evaluation for directors;
- Assessed the overall Board and its Committees' performance and effectiveness; and
- Presented the outcome of the annual performance evaluation for directors during a Board meeting.

The Nominating Committee is satisfied that sufficient time and attention was given by each director to the affairs of the Company.

Any director accepting new directorship in other companies will be required to make known to the Board prior to his/her new appointment and give commitment to the Board that his/her time for attending board meetings will not be compromised in any manner.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Directors Training

The directors recognise the importance of continuous development to update themselves and to further enhance their skills, knowledge and better equip themselves to effectively discharge their fiduciary duties. All directors are encouraged to attend external professional programmes which are relevant and useful in contributing towards the effective discharge of their duties as directors. All directors are expected to attend at least one (1) training session a year.

All directors as at the financial year ended 30 June 2021 have completed the Mandatory Accreditation Programme as required by Bursa Malaysia's listing requirements. Mr Wun Mow Sang, who was appointed on 1 July 2021, was granted an extension of time by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad to complete his Mandatory Accreditation Programme by 8 December 2021.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, all the directors attended the following relevant training programmes: -

Date	Seminar/Workshop	Conducted by	Attended by
27 May 2021	Training on Personal Data Protection	Boardroom Corporate Services Sdn Bhd	All directors
14 June 2021	Implementing Amendments in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance	ICLIF	Tay Beng Chai

The directors received regular briefings from the external auditors on updates in financial reporting and new accounting standards.

III. REMUNERATION

Remuneration Policy

The Company's remuneration policy for directors is tailored to provide a remuneration package needed to recruit, retain and motivate individuals of the necessary calibre and quality needed.

The Board will review for approval, recommendations from the Remuneration Committee on the remuneration packages of Executive Directors, key Senior Management, and fees of Non-Executive Directors for shareholders' approval at the AGM. Information prepared by independent consultants and survey data on the remuneration practices of comparable companies may be taken into consideration.

For Executive Directors, the Remuneration Committee considers corporate and individual performance, as well as performance on a range of other factors including the accomplishment of strategic goals. The Remuneration Committee ascertains and recommends the remuneration packages of Executive Directors to the Board for its approval.

Non-Executive Directors are paid fixed annual director fees as members of the Board and Board Committees. The Remuneration Committee recommends the directors' fees payable to the Board and are deliberated at the Board before being presented at the AGM for shareholders' approval. The amount of remuneration for each Non-Executive Director varies with the level of responsibilities undertaken by the individual.

In addition to fixed annual director fees, all Non-Executive Directors are paid a meeting attendance allowance. In recognition of the additional time and commitment required, the Chairman of the respective Board Committees also receives an annual fixed fee for their chairmanship of the respective Board Committees. Individual directors are not permitted to participate in the discussion and decision of their own remuneration.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Remuneration Committee Composition

The Remuneration Committee ("RC") established by the Board comprises majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. One (1) RC meeting was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and details of the RC members meeting attendance during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are as follows: -

	Number of Meetings			
Name/Directorship	Held During Tenure in Office	Attended		
Tay Beng Chai Chairman of RC / Independent Non-Executive Director	1	1		
Chew Khat Khiam Albert Member / Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	1	1		
Lee Soo Hoon Member / Non-Executive Chairman (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	1	1		

Note:

(1) Mr Wun Mow Sang appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director and member of the RC w.e.f. 1 July 2021

The Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee was reviewed and approved by the Board on 27 August 2021 and is available on the Company's website.

For the financial year, the Remuneration Committee: -

- Reviewed and recommended the performance related pay schemes for Executive Directors.
- Reviewed and recommended the Directors' remuneration payable to the Non-Executive Directors to the shareholders for approval at the forthcoming AGM in accordance with Section 230(1) of the Companies Act 2016.

Directors' Remuneration

The Board is of the view that the transparency and accountability aspects of corporate governance as applicable to directors' remuneration are appropriately served by the band disclosure made.

Details of the remuneration of the directors for the financial year are as follows: -

Directors' Remuneration (RM '000)	Salaries, Bonuses and Allowances	Fees	Other Benefits	Total
Lee Chung-Shih Justin	420	0	0	420
Balaraman A/L Annamaly (1)	156	0	0	156
Cheong Mun Hong	126	0	3	129
Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (2)	75	0	0	75
Lee Soo Hoon (3)	0	121	0	121
Chew Khat Khiam Albert	0	116	0	116
Tay Beng Chai	0	104	0	104

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Directors' Remuneration (cont'd)

Group Directors' Remuneration (RM '000)	Salaries, Bonuses and Allowances	Fees	Other Benefits	Total
Lee Chung-Shih Justin	1,140	0	0	1,140
Balaraman A/L Annamaly (1)	380	0	3	383
Cheong Mun Hong	306	0	18	324
Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (2)	363	0	12	375
Lee Soo Hoon (3)	0	336	0	336
Chew Khat Khiam Albert	0	322	0	322
Tay Beng Chai	0	289	0	289

Note:

- (1) Mr Balaraman A/L Annamaly resigned as Executive Director w.e.f. 31 December 2020
- (2) Mr Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah appointed as Executive Director w.e.f. 1 January 2021
- (3) Mr Lee Soo Hoon resigned as Non-Independent Chairman w.e.f. 30 June 2021

The remuneration breakdown of individual directors of the Company includes fees, salaries, bonuses and allowances. The fees paid to Independent Directors were within the limit as approved by the shareholders at the AGM held on 10 December 2020.

Details of the directors' remuneration are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements by applicable bands of RM50,000 which complies with the disclosure requirements under the Bursa Malaysia's Listing Requirements.

COVID-19 Pandemic Risk

The Company commenced its financial year ended 30 June 2021 with unprecedented challenges and uncertainties arising from COVID-19 pandemic. The Government announced the Movement Control Order ("MCO") on 18 March 2020, followed by Enhanced MCO, Conditional MCO and Recovery MCO interchangeably, according to the changing risk scenarios to curb the pandemic.

The protracted pandemic led to one of the most challenging and disruptive year. In addition to the development and implementation of standard operational procedures to manage the pandemic, social and commercial activities were also significantly disrupted.

Strict health and safety protocols in line with regulatory guidelines were put in place to reduce the risk of COVID-19 in our operations. The health and safety of our employees and stakeholders are of the highest priority.

While uncertainties and risk associated with COVID-19 remain, we will continue to enhance our business continuity plans and safety measures. More details are available under the sustainability report.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

PRINCIPLE B - EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Audit Committee Composition

The Audit Committee ("AC") established by the Board comprises majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. Six (6) AC meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2021. Details of AC members meeting attendance during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are as follows: -

	Number of Meetings	Number of Meetings		
Name/Directorship	Held During Tenure in Office	Attended		
Chew Khat Khiam Albert Member / Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	6	6		
Tay Beng Chai Member / Independent Non-Executive Director	6	6		
Lee Soo Hoon Member / Non-Executive Chairman (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	6	6		

Note:

- (1) Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert was Chairman of the AC until 30 June 2021 where he was re-designated as member of the AC due to his re-designation as Board Chairman post-Mr Lee Soo Hoon's resignation.
- (2) Mr Wun Mow Sang was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director and member of the AC w.e.f. 1 July 2021. On 30 August 2021, Mr Wun Mow Sang who is a member of Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Association of Certified Chartered Accountants was appointed as Chairman of the AC.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the Board. The members of the Audit Committee are financially literate with at least one member being a member of the Malaysia Institute of Accountants. The Audit Committee members collectively process a mix of skills, knowledge and experience to discharge their duties and responsibilities to oversee the financial reporting process, internal controls, risk management and governance effectively and independently.

The AC assists the Board in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities of overseeing, monitoring and assessing the reliability of the Company's financial management, accounting process, financial reporting practices and system controls. Additionally, the AC is responsible for assessing the independence of both external and internal audit function providing direction and oversight functions on behalf of the Board. The details of AC activities in the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in Audit Committee Report.

Under the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference, a former key audit partner is to observe a cooling-off period of at least three (3) years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

The Terms of Reference for the Audit Committee was reviewed and approved by the Board on 27 August 2021 and is available on the Company's website.

Compliance with Applicable Financial Reporting Standards

The Board is assisted by the Audit Committee in overseeing the financial reporting processes and ensuring the quality of its financial reporting. The Board strives to provide shareholders with a balanced and meaningful evaluation of the Company's financial performance, financial position and prospects through the annual audited financial statements, interim financial reports, annual report and announcements to Bursa Malaysia.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

External Auditors

The Audit Committee maintains a transparent relationship with the external auditors. Under the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference, the Audit Committee is to review the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditors annually.

The Board strives to establish a transparent and professional relationship with the external auditors with the assistance of the Audit Committee. Participation of the Executive Directors and/or Senior Management in the Audit Committee meeting is strictly by invitation only, so that the external auditors can highlight any issues or concerns on the Company's operations and management practices.

The Audit Committee obtains written assurance from the external auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

Upon completion of the assessment and if found suitably by the Audit Committee, the external auditors would then be recommended to the Board for their re-appointment, and thereafter for tabling to the shareholders of the Company for approval at the AGM.

II. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

Effective Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility in maintaining a sound system of internal controls and risk management as well as reviewing its adequacy and effectiveness to safeguard shareholders' investment and the assets of the Company. However, the Board recognizes this is a concerted and on-going process, whereby such system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure. In pursuing these objectives, the system of internal controls can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against any material misstatement or loss.

The Board regards risk management as an integral part of the business operations, and the directors acknowledge their responsibility to maintain a sound system of internal controls. The Board recognises its overall responsibility for continuous review and maintenance of the system of internal controls with the assistance of the Audit Committee together with the internal auditors, and the Risk Management Committee.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Mazars LLP, an independent consultant completed an enterprise risk management assessment based on COSO Framework & ISO 31000 Risk Management and Corporate Governance Practices related to Bursa Malaysia.

In terms of internal controls, the AC regularly evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system by reviewing the internal audit reports prepared by the Internal Auditors and discuss major findings based on Management's responses. The Board is of the view that the system of internal control and risk management in place during the financial year under review, is sound and sufficient to safeguard the Company's assets as well as shareholders' investments and the interests of stakeholders.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Effective Risk Management and Internal Control Framework (cont'd)

The external auditors are appointed by the Board to review the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and to report thereon.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in this Annual Report herein details the state of internal controls within the Company.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee ("RMC") assisted the Board in discharging the oversight responsibility for risk management by reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management strategies, risk tolerance, risk management framework, processes and practices. The RMC is also responsible for reviewing the Company's Sustainability Framework and any emerging risk, evaluate the effectiveness of compliance functions and other governance related matters.

The Risk Management Committee established by the Board comprises majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors who supports the Board by overseeing the Company's risk management framework and regularly assessing the framework to ascertain its adequacy and effectiveness. One (1) RMC meeting was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2021. The details of RMC members meeting attendance are as follows: -

	Number of Meetings	Number of Meetings		
Name/Directorship	Held During Tenure in Office	Attended		
Chew Khat Khiam Albert Member / Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	1	1		
Tay Beng Chai Member / Independent Non-Executive Director	1	1		
Lee Soo Hoon Chairman of RMC / Non-Executive Chairman (resigned w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	1	1		

Note:

- (1) Mr Chew Khat Khiam Albert re-designated as Chairman of the RMC w.e.f. 30 August 2021.
- (2) Mr Wun Mow Sang appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director and member of the RMC w.e.f. 1 July 2021.

The Terms of Reference for the Risk Management Committee is available on the Company's website.

During the financial year, an independent consultant assisted the Company in completing an enterprise risk management assessment. The independent consultant facilitated the exercise and assisted the Company in the update of our risk register, refined our risk response and strategy, and highlighted any control designs not aligned with generally accepted industry best practices.

For the financial year, the Risk Management Committee: -

- · Reviewed and updated the risk register
- Refined risk response and strategy

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Effective Internal Audit Function

The Board is aware that an independent and adequately resourced internal audit function is essential to assist in obtaining the assurance it requires regarding the effectiveness of the system of internal control.

The main role of the internal audit function is to review the effectiveness of the system of internal control, and this is performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care.

An independent professional firm – Mazars LLP was engaged to handle this function and reports directly to the Audit Committee. The enterprise risk management assessment assisted the development of a two (2) year risk-based internal audit plan, formulated based on key auditable areas aligned with key risks. Mazars is an internationally integrated partnership operating in over 90 countries and territories, drawing on the expertise of 40,400 professionals, specialising in audit, accountancy, advisory, tax and legal services.

The internal auditors provide an independent assessment of the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system. The internal auditors' audit plan, nature and scope of the internal audit were approved by the Audit Committee prior to the commencement of their audit based on the Company's requirements.

None of the internal audit members have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the listed issuer and any conflict of interest with the listed issuer, which could impair their objectivity and independence. Further details can be found under the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 54 to 57, and the Audit Committee Report on pages 58 to 61 of this Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE C – INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

I. COMMUNICATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Directors' Responsibility Statement in respect of the Audited Financial Statements

The Companies Act 2016 requires the directors to prepare the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the accounting period and of the results of the operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The Board is responsible for taking reasonable steps to ensure the financial statements reflect a true and fair view of the Group and the Company's state of affairs, and of their results and cash flows for the financial year under review.

In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021, the Board adopted and applied appropriate accounting policies on a consistent basis, made judgements and estimates where applicable which were reasonable and prudent and ensured that applicable accounting standards were followed.

The directors ensured that the Company keeps proper accounting and other records which will disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company, and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Act and the applicable approved accounting standards.

Ensure Timely and High Quality Disclosures

The Board recognizes the importance of accurate and timely dissemination of information to shareholders. The Company makes quarterly announcements of the financial results within the time frame prescribed in the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia, accompanied by a balanced and comprehensive assessment of its performance.

The Company's Annual Report, containing the Financial Statements for the financial year, also contains other pertinent information and disclosures to enable shareholders and investors to have a better understanding of the Group's business and performance.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Ensure Timely and High Quality Disclosures (cont'd)

In presenting the annual financial statements and quarterly financial results announcements to shareholders, the Board aims to present a balanced and fair assessment of the Group's financial position and prospects and ensures the financial results are released to Bursa Malaysia well within the stipulated time frame and the financial statements comply with regulatory reporting requirements. These quarterly financial results and the annual reports are accessible via Bursa Malaysia and the Company's website. In this regard, the Board is assisted by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in its responsibility to oversee and scrutinise the financial reporting and the effectiveness of the internal control. The Audit Committee comprises three (3) directors, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The term of references and activities of the Audit Committee are detailed in the Audit Committee Report.

The Company maintains a website which provides shareholders and the public in general access to information about the Company which includes, corporate information, financial information, announcements and investor relations.

To address any concern which the shareholder may have, shareholders may contact the Company through electronic mail at *enquiry@kluangrubber.com*.

Any queries or concern may be conveyed through the Company Secretaries who would then refer the matter to the attention of the Board. Shareholders may also directly approach the Independent Non-Executive Directors on these issues.

II. CONDUCT OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Encourage Shareholders' Participation at General Meetings

The AGM is the principal forum of dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders are notified of the meeting at least twenty-eight (28) days before the date of the AGM. Shareholders are given the opportunity and are encouraged to participate in general meetings of the Company. Besides the normal agenda for the AGM, shareholders are given the opportunity to seek clarification on any matters pertaining to the Group's affairs and performance as the directors and the representatives of the external auditors are present to answer any questions they may have.

Adequate time is given during general meetings to encourage and allow shareholders to seek clarification or ask questions on pertinent and relevant matters. The External Auditors also attend the AGM to provide their professional and independent clarifications on issues and concerns that may be raised by the shareholders during the AGM.

Directors Attendance at General Meetings

At the 61st AGM, all directors attended the AGM either virtually or present in person at the broadcast venue to engage directly with shareholders and be accountable for their stewardship of the Group. The 61st AGM included the presentation of the Group's operating and financial performance for the year ended 30 June 2020, the external auditors' unqualified report to the shareholders and a Question & Answer session during which the Chairman invited shareholders to raise questions pertaining to the accounts and other items for adoption at the meeting, before tabling resolutions for voting. The directors, management and external auditors were in attendance to respond to shareholders' queries...

Poll Voting

The Board is mindful of the poll voting requirements under Paragraph 8.29A of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All resolutions put forth for shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM will be voted by way of poll. An independent scrutineer is appointed to validate the votes cast at the AGM. The outcome of all resolutions tabled at the AGM shall be announced to Bursa Malaysia on the same day after the meeting.

Leveraging on Technology

In facilitating greater shareholders' participation and taking into consideration of the Covid-19 pandemic and Government's guidance on social distancing, the 62nd AGM will be held fully virtual via remote participation and electronic voting. Shareholders who are unable to attend, may appoint their proxies to participate and vote on their behalf.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

Disclosure of Recurrent Related Party Transactions ("RRPT")

The nature of transactions with the Related Parties which are necessary for the day-to-day operations of the Group and are based on normal commercial terms that are not more favourable to its related parties than those generally available to the public. Please refer to Notes to the Financial Statement Note 30 for further details.

Company	Interested Directors / Major Shareholder	Nature of RRPT	Value (RM '000)
The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited	Interested Director - Lee Chung-Shih Justin (2) - Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (2) Interested Major Shareholders - Lee Thor Seng (1) - Lee Chung-Shih Justin (1) - Lee Yung-Shih Colin (1)	Administration and accounting support services	966
Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited	Interested Director - Lee Chung-Shih Justin (2) Interested Major Shareholders - Lee Thor Seng (1) - Lee Chung-Shih Justin (1) - Lee Yung-Shih Colin (1) - The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited (1) Persons Connected - Low Siew Kheng (3)	Administration and support services	251
Kluang Estates (1977) Sdn. Berhad	Interested Director - Lee Chung-Shih Justin (2) - Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah (2) Interested Major Shareholders - Lee Thor Seng (1) Persons Connected - Lee Yung-Shih Colin (1)	Rental expense	60

<u>Details of Directors / Major Shareholders Interested in the Recurrent Related Parties Transaction</u>

- (1) Lee Thor Seng is the father of Lee Chung-Shih Justin and Lee Yung-Shih Colin. Lee Thor Seng, Lee Chung-Shih Justin and Lee Yung-Shih Colin have substantial interest in The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited ("Nyalas"), which has substantial interest in Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad ("Kluang Rubber"). Lee Thor Seng has substantial interest in Kluang Estates (1977) Sdn Bhd ("Kluang Estates (1977)"). Lee Thor Seng, Lee Chung-Shih Justin, Lee Yung-Shih Colin and Nyalas have substantial interest in Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited ("Estate & Trust Agencies").
- (2) Lee Chung-Shih Justin is a director of Nyalas, Kluang Rubber, Kluang Estates (1977) and Estate & Trust Agencies. Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah is a director of Nyalas, Kluang Rubber and Kluang Estates (1977).
- (3) Low Siew Kheng is the daughter-in-law of Lee Thor Seng and spouse of Lee Yung-Shih Colin and is also a director of Estate & Trust Agencies.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (cont'd)

Utilisation of Proceeds

No issuance of new shares and rights issue carried out during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Share Buy-Backs

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Company purchased 296,300 ordinary shares, or 0.47% of its issued ordinary shares from the open market under the Share Buyback scheme approved by shareholders. As at 30 June 2021, the treasury shares held by the Company was 504,500 which represented 0.80% of the issued ordinary shares.

Exercise of Options, Warrants or Convertible Securities

No other options, warrants or convertible securities were exercised during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Depository Receipt Programme

No Depository Receipt Programmes for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Sanctions and/or Penalties

The Company and its subsidiaries' directors and management have not been imposed with any sanctions and/or penalties during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Audit and Non-Audit Fees

The audit and non-audit fees for services provided by the external auditors to the Group and Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are as follows: -

External Auditors Fees (RM '000)	Group	Company
Audit Fees	178	63
Non-Audit Fees	182	66

At both the Group and Company level, the majority of Non-Audit Fees consisted of services provided for the review of quarterly reportings, review of Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control, tax returns and compliance services.

Variation in Results

No material variance between the results for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and the unaudited results previously announced by the Company.

Profit Guarantee, Profit Estimate, Forecast or Projection

No Profit Guarantee, Profit Estimate, Forecast or Projection was given by the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Material Contracts

None of the directors and major shareholders have any material contract, save for those disclosed, with the Company and/ or its subsidiary either still subsisting at the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2021 or entered into since the end of that financial year.

Contract Relating to Loan

No contracts relating to loan by the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement was approved by the Board on 8 October 2021.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

Creating Sustainable Value

Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad ("Kluang Rubber" or the "Company") aspires to create sustainable value through our business activities, for our employees, stakeholders, community and the environment. We appreciate that sustainability motivates and inspires our employees to positively impact our environment and society. The Company is committed to sustainability by integrating it into the way we run our business, with a commitment to enhance shareholder value and at the same time, contribute positively to our employees, stakeholders and the community. We believe operating in a sustainable manner will bring about positive social, environmental and economic impacts while minimising negative impacts on people and the environment.

We recognise our obligations as a responsible corporate citizen and endeavour to incorporate sustainable practices and activities into our corporate culture by focusing on the environment, health and safety and well-being of the community we serve to the best of our efforts. To demonstrate our commitment to sustainability, we fully support the initiatives on the sustainable cultivation of oil palm and are committed towards the principles and criteria of the Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") Policy.

In 2019, Kluang Estate was awarded the MSPO certification. Post-certification, Kluang Estate successfully completed two (2) MSPO annual surveillance audits, demonstrating its commitment to upload the principles and criteria of sustainable palm oil production.

Our sustainability reporting is based on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's ("Bursa Malaysia") Sustainability Reporting Guide (Second Edition, updated in 2018) sustainability framework.

Access and Availability

This Sustainability Statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2021, which is included in our Annual Report, is available on our website.

Sustainability Governance

The Company is guided by the Executive Directors who provide overall direction and strategic matters related to sustainability. The Board of Directors with an oversight role of our sustainability practices, is updated and informed on any significant issues and the progress of our sustainability efforts.

For plantation operations, our estate manager is responsible in spearheading all sustainability initiatives, implementing codes of practice, and embedding the culture and values related to sustainability within the operating units. Sustainability objectives, action plans and tasks are communicated, with risks are reported with appropriate actions taken if required to mitigate or prevent recurrences accordingly.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Key Stakeholders

We defined stakeholders "as any individuals, community and entities that may be impacted by Kluang Rubber's operation". The following table describes our stakeholders and our corresponding engagements.

No.	Stakeholders	Description	Engagement
1	Shareholders	Entities and individuals who invest in the Company.	 Annual General Meeting Bursa Malaysia announcements Media releases Company website
2	Customers	Palm oil mills.	 Meetings Correspondence
3	Employees	Executives, staff and workers.	Annual reviewPerformance managementInternal trainings
4	Local Authorities – Municipalities	The setting of communities where we operate.	 Meetings Correspondence
5	Regulators / Government Ministries	Regulators and the Government set the legal framework on our operations.	 Meetings Correspondence
6	Local Community / Industry / Associations	Local community, industry and associations.	 Meetings Correspondence
7	Suppliers	Suppliers of products and services committed to sustainable FFB production.	 Meetings Correspondence

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") Scheme

The MSPO Certification Scheme is a National Palm Oil Certification scheme in Malaysia for oil palm plantations, independent and organised small holdings, and palm oil processing facilities to be certified against the requirements of the MSPO standard. The scheme is operated by the Malaysia Palm Oil Certification Council ("MPOCC") as the scheme owner. It is an independent body formed with the following objectives: -

- To establish and operate a sustainable palm oil certification scheme
- To engage with non-governmental organisations, institutes of higher learning, trade associations and accreditation and certification bodies
- To establish a mechanism for the certification of entities complying with the requirements of auditable sustainability standards.

MSPO was first implemented in 2015 based on the MSPO Standards which stipulates general principles for the production of sustainable palm oil that covers People (Alleviation of poverty and protect from exploitation), Planet (Protect the environment and reduce negative human impact), and Profit (Ensure continuity of business). MSPO certification provides a credible sustainable and responsible management, to bring about positive social, environmental and economic impacts while minimising the negative impacts, particularly on its people and the environment.

Under MSPO, a total of seven (7) principles covers key issues faced by the palm oil industry such as environment, biodiversity, best practice and social responsibilities: -

- 1. Management commitment and responsibility
- 2. Transparency
- 3. Compliance to legal requirements
- 4. Social responsibility, health, safety and employment conditions
- 5. Environment, natural resources, biodiversity and ecosystem
- 6. Best practice
- 7. Development of new planting

With the establishment of the MSPO Policy, Kluang Estate formalised its commitment towards maintaining and improving the sustainable production of palm oil.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Materiality Assessment and Key Sustainability Matters

The determination of material sustainability matters was from management discussions. This was facilitated by a desktop review on business operation and risk areas. Through our materiality assessment, the identified key sustainability matters outlined below.

Main topics	Key Sustainability Matters
Economic	 Profitability Management diversity Anti-bribery and corruption
Environmental	4. Emissions5. Pollution6. Waste management7. Conservation
Social	8. Diversity and equal opportunities9. Employee well-being10. Safety and health11. Community well-being

1. Economic

The economic pillar of sustainability focuses on the impact on the economic condition of our stakeholders, and on economic systems at the local and national level. It focuses on the economic value generated and distributed by the Company.

Economic Performance

We believe our economic performance is dependent on the health of our stakeholders, and we strive to work together with the community to create value. A detailed explanation of our financial performance is provided under the Management Discussion & Analysis and the Financial Statements of our Annual Report.

Proportion of Senior Management from the Local Community

For plantation operations, 100% of our senior management is from our local community. At the Company level, expatriates are employed for the primary purpose of knowledge transfer specific to strategic and investment management.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Board Diversity Policy

The purpose of the Board Diversity Policy is to set out the approach to achieve the objective of the Board having the diversity of perspectives, experiences and skills necessary for effective governance. The Company views increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives. Appointment of Board members are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

The Board Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website.

Infrastructure investment and Services Supported

Services of the local community were engaged.

Proportion of Spending on Local Suppliers

A significant portion of our procurement at the estate level are from local suppliers.

Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines

The main objectives of Kluang Rubber's Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption ("ABAC") Policy & Guidelines are: -

- To ensure the policies and guidelines or practices are oriented towards embedding ABAC stance organisation wide, with guidance from Guideline on Adequate Procedures and requirements of Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission ("MACC") Act 2009, introduced via the MACC (Amendment) Act 2018;
- To ensure adequate and standardised ABAC policies and guidelines are consistently applied; and
- To ensure that business operations are strictly adhering to the ABAC Policy & Guidelines.

Kluang Rubber adopts a zero-tolerance approach towards all forms of bribery and corruption. Kluang Rubber promotes the value of good governance and integrity in carrying out its business activities and is committed to: -

- Establish, maintain, and periodically review an ABAC programme which includes clear policies and objectives that adequately address corruption risks;
- Promote the values of integrity and good corporate governance in all business dealings. All employees are expected to comply with all applicable laws and regulations including internal policies pertaining to ABAC;
- Create and maintain a trusted and confidential whistleblowing channel in relation to the reporting of suspected
 and/or real corruption incidents or inadequacies in the anticorruption compliance programme; Provide adequate
 training, awareness and communication to ensure employees comprehend the requirements, benefits, and their role
 and responsibilities for ABAC and corruption risk management; and
- Conduct continual review and improvements on policies and procedures in relation to anti-bribery and anticorruption.

Employees who engage in any corrupt practices shall be subject to disciplinary action and dealt with accordingly. In line with Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act ("MACC") 2009, the Company's Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines was established and approved by the Board, effective as at 1 June 2020. The Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines is available on the Company's website.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines aims to provide a structured mechanism for its employees, directors and associates ("reporting individual") to raise or report suspected and/or known misconduct, wrongdoings, corruption and instances of fraud, waste, and/or abuse involving the resources of the Company and to provide reassurance that they shall be protected from reprisals or victimisation for whistleblowing in good faith.

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is: -

- To encourage active and moral obligation to report wrongdoings
- To use internal disclosure to report wrongdoings
- To protect the whistleblower
- To ensure appropriate and fair disciplinary actions
- To require that an effective whistleblowing guideline be established and maintained

In line with Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act ("MACC") 2009, the Company's Whistleblowing Policy was revised and approved by the Board, effective as at 1 June 2020. The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is available on the Company's website.

2. Environmental

Compliance with Environmental Laws and Regulations

From an environmental aspect, the Company is aware and complies with the applicable Malaysian laws and regulation. Under the Environmental Quality Act 1974 (Act 127) Regulation 2005, scheduled waste is orderly classified and stored in designated location, and later disposed by the proper waste collector (registered with Department of Environment). Our waste generally comprised the following: -

- SW 305 Spent lubricating oil
- SW 306 Spent hydraulic oil
- SW 408 Contaminated soil, sand
- SW 409 Used pesticide containers and used fertiliser bags
- SW 410 Used cotton rags, papers or filters contaminated with scheduled waste

Under the Pesticides Act 1974 (Act 149), all chemicals and fertilizers are properly labelled, stored and used in the field according to its CHRA recommendation and precautions. Only trained sprayers are allowed to handle and use the chemicals. All necessary safety measures and emergency response plan have been established to tackle potential accidents.

We are aware of the importance of conserving and preserving our natural environment and we embrace good agronomic practices. In plantation management, due care was taken to safeguard the environment. All chemicals used are allowed by the Government, with the dosage applied within recommendations.

In addition, disposal of chemical containers and cleaning of chemical spraying equipment are done in an environmentally and socially responsible manner. Herbicides are not sprayed within 20 metres on either side of the stream. Precautions are taken to avoid dissoluble fertilizers from flowing into the stream. The presence of wildlife (flora and fauna) in the plantation is evidence of good environmental management.

Zero Burning Policy

We enforce our zero-burning policy in line with best practices. This includes disposals, felled palms, and during the replanting process. Felled trees and other biodegradable materials are used as a form of organic fertiliser. To maintain soil fertility and mitigate erosion, management encourages the use of cover crops and empty fruit bunch mulching.

Chipped oil palm trunks are used as mulch for newly planted palms. Besides being biodegradable, chipped oil palm trunks conserve moisture when used as mulch, especially beneficial during dry periods.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Illegal Hunting

Illegal or inappropriate hunting, fishing or collecting activities are strictly forbidden. Signboards forbidding illegal hunting and fishing are adequately displayed in the estate premises.

Land Conservation

For our road construction and repairs, replanting, construction of terraces and drains, care was taken to avoid soil erosion in affected areas. Rivers were de-silted to mitigate flooding during the monsoon season. An Environmental Impact Analysis ("EIA") was conducted to assess the impact of estate operations.

With the establishment of the Environmental Policy, Kluang Estate formalised its commitment towards protecting and conserving the environment.

Full Traceability and Supply Chain

To ensure sustainable production, our customers and their consumers want to be able to trace the origin of raw materials. As such, we have to provide adequate reassurance to our relevant stakeholders that the Fresh Fruit Bunches ("FFB") sold by the Company meets these standards.

Through the MSPO certification process, "*Traceability and Supply Chain*" processes were established. These processes enable consumers to identify the flow of FFB from harvesting to dispatch.

To reinforce its relevance and our commitment towards best practices, these processes will be audited and reviewed regularly. Focusing on traceability also improves our business operations.

Energy Consumption Efficiency

We recognise the use of diesel in our equipment and machinery. We monitor our energy efficiency through our diesel consumption (litre per metric ton of FFB). Subject to the availability and feasibility of technology, we identify areas for improvement. Whenever possible, we consider the use of solar energy to increase our renewable energy efforts. To ensure optimal performance, preventive and scheduled maintenance on our equipment and machinery is consistently done.

Good Agronomy Practices

Significant initiatives were undertaken to ensure our efforts are in line with best practices. Efforts such as controlling planting density, managing diseases and pests (beneficial plants for the biological control of pests), planting method and fertiliser application controls are part of our conservation efforts in sustaining the land for future generations.

Through our EIA, desktop evaluations and field assessments were conducted. In addition to ensuring that high value land and forests areas are identified and protected, our assessment process included a biodiversity assessment and our engagement with local communities. Our policy enables members of the local community to provide feedback on our plantation, and to propose sites for conservation.

As a member of the Malaysian Palm Oil Association ("MPOA"), we are committed to the MPOA Environmental Charter Version 12/2003. By implementing the best agro-management practices, Kluang consistently strives to ensure that business growth will not be at the expense of the environment, the local community and the wider public.

We strictly review and track the latest regulation on environment through news releases, subscription for legislation amendments tracked by publications - International Law Book Services and circulars from relevant associations (MPOA, MPOB, and MAPA).

We are happy to report Nil (2020: Nil) fines or penalties from violations on environmental laws and regulation for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Protecting Biodiversity

Kluang Rubber continues intensifying our conservation activities through the involvement of local communities and other stakeholders. As wildlife from the forest reserves do encroach in our area, we take extra efforts in protecting and enhancing the level of biodiversity in our plantation. To ensure their survivability and protection, our staff are trained to identify wildlife within the estate. If assessed as a threat, assistance from the Wildlife Department will be sought.

Unique wildlife species encountered in the estate included the Long-tailed Macaque, the White-throated Kingfisher, the Crested Serpent Eagle, the Reticulated Python and the Purple Heron.

3. Social

We are committed to the principles of Malaysia's local labour regulation and human rights. Kluang Rubber's aim is for employees to work in an environment free of discrimination and harassment, and for our employees and stakeholders to be treated fairly regardless of nationality, gender, age, ethnicity, religion, or family status.

With the establishment of the Good Social Practices Policy, Kluang Estate formalised its commitment towards maintaining a no discrimination practice, and the provision of equal opportunity and treatment to all.

Thriving Employees

Our employees are our most important asset, and we strive to provide the best working conditions to all employees regardless of their nationality, race, or gender. We encourage diversity and equality at work. These benefits will flow through to society in general, as we believe greater equality promotes social stability and supports further economic development.

At the workplace, we continue to focus on the safety and health of our employees by conducting regular briefings on safety and health. The Employment Act is strictly implemented to ensure that our employees' welfare is well taken care of.

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

Our employee profile by nationality, gender, age group category and by ethnicity are detailed below.

Malaysians represent 49% of our workforce. Due to the nature of plantation work, male employees make up the bulk of our workforce. Working in plantations requires workers able to withstand the challenging working conditions. The plantation industry operates in a challenging labour environment and with the Covid-19 pandemic, the process of foreign worker engagement became more challenging. Participation from the local community is greatly encouraged.

We strive to provide a conducive environment for our workers, and where possible, to adopt the use of machinery and equipment. Personal protective equipment is provided to ensure the safety of our employees.

With the establishment of the Sexual Harassment and Violence Policy, Kluang Estate formalised its commitment towards protecting its employees from all forms of sexual harassment and violence at the workplace.

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Employee Engagement

We recognise the importance of good communication. Critical importance is placed on matters concerning changes in working practices and procedures.

The Human Resource ("HR") Manager is responsible for establishing two-way communication between management and all employees: -

- 1-to-1 meeting with staff held periodically to identify problems.
- Quarterly Joint Consultative meetings held by management with workers in the presence of the HR Manager to identify problems faced by workers and corrective measures to be taken. Similarly, quarterly meetings are also held with management.
- HR provides counselling for employees with social or emotional concerns.

On matters arising at the workplace, consultation involves all employees as far as reasonably practicable. Managers are responsible for ensuring that consultation and communication is a fundamental element. With that said, effective communication is a collective responsibility, with everyone having a responsibility towards achieving effective engagement. Procedures for employees to engage in this process were established for effective communication: -

- Request and Response upon written request, management to provide non-confidential information in the appropriate language.
- Consultation and Communication periodical meetings/consultations held to resolve complaints and to disseminate information.
- Complaints and Grievances Procedure a grievance procedure was established and documented in the Company handbook for employees to channel their complaints/grievances to management which, in turn will resolve these complaints or grievances in an appropriate manner (with due consultations) and shall communicate its findings/ solutions to the aggrieved employee, apart from appropriate action.

Employee Benefits

We place significant importance in providing our employees and their families in our estate with quality facilities and amenities to live and work comfortably. Over the years, the estate's infrastructure has been upgraded, inclusive of the living quarters for our staff and workers, with all upgrades complying with the relevant regulations. The Company is also sensitive to the needs of employees and provides places of worship and recreational facilities. In the financial year ended 30 June 2021, renovations were completed for both our staff and worker quarters.

A Medical Officer visit to the estate is arranged monthly.

The Company values the importance of education and encourages continual learning among our employees and their children.

By providing areas for planting, employees are encouraged to maintain a vegetable garden. In addition to promoting a sustainable lifestyle, this also provides an economical and healthy food source for our workers.

Benefits for full-time employees include: -

- Child Allowance
- Annual leave & paid holidays as stipulated under the Employment Act
- EPF, SOCSO, EIS
- Accommodation, Water & Electricity Supply
- Retirement gratuity
- Transport allowance for field executives/staff
- Reimbursements for executives/staff who have successfully completed approved study courses

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

(INCOM OTATED IN MACKISIA)

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

Employee Training

The Company is committed to ensure its employees continue to develop their competencies and skills. All employees will have access to training and development to enable them to acquire the knowledge, skills and attitudes necessary to develop their needs and potential on the job and contribute towards Company's future growth.

Quarterly occupational safety and health meetings are held by the management together with the HR Manager to discuss workplace safety issues. The HR Manager, who is responsible to establish safe working environment, will discuss relevant issues with the management and will also make field visits to monitor workplace safety.

Employees are provided training on the handling new equipment and are constantly given guidance on safety and use of safety equipment according to OSH requirements. Employees are also briefed on the identification and mitigation of potential operational risks and hazards. Our trainings are focused on practical aspects of the safety and health components.

In addition, our HR Manager is responsible for the following: -

- Conducts training for employees to understand company policy and relevant laws
- Arrange and coordinate training activities (include external trainers)
- OSHA trainings and documentations (notification of accidents to SOCSO and Safety Department)
- Safety checks on all existing buildings
- Orientation/induction programmes for new employees

With the establishment of the Occupational Safety and Health Policy, Kluang Estate formalised its commitment towards employee health, safety and welfare. We value workplace safety and health, and the safety of our employees are of paramount importance.

Occupational Safety and Health

- OSH management
- OSH committee and meetings
- Emergency response plan & emergency response team
- OSH yearly programme
- Workers training needs analysis
- Monthly sprayer health screening by visiting medical officer
- Yearly sprayer medical surveillance
- Yearly foreign worker medical check-up (FOMEMA)
- Hazard identification, risk assessment and incident investigation by the Manager and his team
- HIRARC
- OSH training provided for various work units, carried out by the Manager and his team, assisted by external professionals

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SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (cont'd)

COVID-19 Pandemic

The Company commenced its financial year ended 30 June 2021 with unprecedented challenges and uncertainties arising from COVID-19 pandemic. The Government announced the Movement Control Order ("MCO") on 18 March 2020, followed by Enhanced MCO, Conditional MCO and Recovery MCO interchangeably, according to the changing risk scenarios to curb the pandemic.

The protracted pandemic led to one of the most challenging and disruptive year, and our plantation operations were impacted especially in the area of foreign workers recruitment.

In addition to the development and implementation of standard operational procedures to manage the pandemic, social and commercial activities were also significantly disrupted. Strict health and safety protocols in line with regulatory guidelines were put in place to reduce the risk of COVID-19 in our operations. The health and safety of our employees and stakeholders are of the highest priority.

Community Engagement (Community Social Responsibility)

The Company commits itself towards involvement in the local community. Below are some of our efforts over the year to support the community: -

Annual Dinner – To appreciate the hard work of all employees, an annual dinner was organised in conjunction with Malaysia Day.

Annual Donation to Temple – Kluang Estate contributed to support the temple festival.

Community Use of Field – With the necessary approvals and guidelines in place, the field is available for activities organised by the community.

Estate Welfare – Face masks provided for all employees.

Hindu Temples' Festival – During the Hindu temple annual festivals, water was supplied for the devotees.

Merdeka Day – To commemorate Merdeka Day, goodie bags were prepared for all local Malaysian workers.

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Introduction

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to Paragraph 15.26 (b) of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") Listing Requirements, which outlines Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad's ("Kluang Rubber") key elements of internal control system for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Board Responsibility

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in maintaining a sound system of internal controls and risk management practices to safeguard shareholders' investment and Kluang Rubber's assets, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system. The Board recognizes this is a concerted and on-going process, whereby such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure.

In pursuing these objectives, the system of internal controls can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against any material misstatement or loss.

Risk Management Framework

The Board regards risk management as an integral part of business operations. The Board confirms that there is a continuous process for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the significant risks affecting the achievement of business objectives via the Board, the Audit Committee with the assistance of the outsourced internal auditors, and the Risk Management Committee.

In 2018, the Risk Management Committee comprising exclusively of Independent Directors, was established. The Risk Management Committee is committed to oversee Kluang Rubber's risk management framework and policies. The Risk Management Committee met once (1) during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

In 2020, the Board engaged an independent consultant to facilitate an enterprise risk management assessment based on ISO31000. The independent consultant assisted in the update of our risk register, the refinement of our risk response and strategy, and highlighted any control designs not aligned with generally accepted industry best practices. The enterprise risk management assessment assisted the development of a two (2) year risk-based internal audit plan, formulated based on key auditable areas aligned with key risks.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, an enterprise risk management assessment was completed with the principal risks and uncertainties classified into five (5) categories: -

- Strategic risk
- Operational risk
- Financial risk
- Compliance risk
- IT risk

A review on the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control system is undertaken on a continuous basis. For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Risk Management Committee reviewed Kluang Rubber's risk management profile and the Board is satisfied that the risk management and internal control system in place is adequate and effective.

No major internal controls weaknesses were identified during the financial year under review that requires disclosure in the Annual Report.

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (cont'd)

Internal Audit

Considering the nature and size of our assets and operations, the internal audit function is supported by an independent professional firm, which provides assurance to the Audit Committee on the adequacy and integrity of internal control system in the discharge of the Audit Committee's duties and responsibilities. This external independent service provider reports directly to the Audit Committee.

The internal audit reviews the internal audit control systems with an annual internal audit plan presented to the Audit Committee for approval. In 2020, the Board engaged an independent consultant to facilitate an enterprise risk management assessment based on ISO31000. The enterprise risk management assessment led to the development of a two (2) year risk-based internal audit plan, formulated based on key auditable areas aligned with key risks. An enterprise risk management assessment was completed for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

A summary of the main activities undertaken by the internal auditors during the financial year are as follows: -

- Prepared and developed the annual risk based internal audit for the Audit Committee's approval.
- Conducted the internal audit in accordance with the approved internal audit plan for:
 - o Compliance management
 - o Related party transactions
 - o Investment management
- Issued internal audit report to the Audit Committee, with copies extended to Management, identifying weaknesses and issues, and highlighting opportunities for improvement.

Internal audit fee for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 was RM31,710 (Company) and RM93,697 (Group).

The Audit Committee with the assistance of the outsourced internal auditors annually reviews Kluang Rubber's system of internal controls identified in the scope of its annual internal audit plan. The outsourced internal auditors independently reviews the risk identification procedures and control processes implemented by the management. Any significant weaknesses identified during the reviews, together with the improvement measures to strengthen the internal controls were reported to the Audit Committee. To the extent practicable, Management will act towards resolving the issues raised by the internal auditors.

Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines

The main objectives of Kluang Rubber's Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption ("ABAC") Policy & Guidelines are: -

- To ensure the policies and guidelines or practices are oriented towards embedding ABAC stance organisation wide, with guidance from Guideline on Adequate Procedures and requirements of Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission ("MACC") Act 2009, introduced via the MACC (Amendment) Act 2018;
- To ensure adequate and standardised ABAC policies and guidelines are consistently applied; and
- To ensure that business operations are strictly adhering to the ABAC Policy & Guidelines.

Kluang Rubber adopts a zero-tolerance approach towards all forms of bribery and corruption.

Kluang Rubber promotes the value of good governance and integrity in carrying out its business activities and is committed to: -

- Establish, maintain, and periodically review an ABAC programme which includes clear policies and objectives that adequately address corruption risks;
- Promote the values of integrity and good corporate governance in all business dealings. All employees are expected to comply with all applicable laws and regulations including internal policies pertaining to ABAC;
- Create and maintain a trusted and confidential whistleblowing channel in relation to the reporting of suspected and/
 or real corruption incidents or inadequacies in the anticorruption compliance programme; Provide adequate training,
 awareness and communication to ensure employees comprehend the requirements, benefits, and their role and
 responsibilities for ABAC and corruption risk management; and
- Conduct continual review and improvements on policies and procedures in relation to anti-bribery and anti-corruption.

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (cont'd)

Employees who engage in any corrupt practices shall be subject to disciplinary action and dealt with accordingly.

In line with Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act ("MACC") 2009, the Company's Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines was established and approved by the Board, effective as at 1 June 2020.

A copy of the Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy & Guidelines is available on the Company's website.

Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines aims to provide a structured mechanism for its employees, directors and associates ("reporting individual") to raise or report suspected and/or known misconduct, wrongdoings, corruption and instances of fraud, waste, and/or abuse involving the resources of the Company and to provide reassurance that they shall be protected from reprisals or victimisation for whistleblowing in good faith.

The Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is: -

- · To encourage active and moral obligation to report wrongdoings
- To use internal disclosure to report wrongdoings
- To protect the whistleblower
- · To ensure appropriate and fair disciplinary actions
- To require that an effective whistleblowing guideline be established and maintained

In line with Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act ("MACC") 2009, the Company's Whistleblowing Policy was revised and approved by the Board, effective as at 1 June 2020.

A copy of the Whistleblowing Policy & Guidelines is available on the Company's website.

Other Key Elements of Internal Control

Other key elements of Kluang Rubber's system of internal control are as follows: -

- An appropriate organizational structure, which enables adequate monitoring of the activities and ensures effective flow of information.
- Responsibilities are clearly defined and delegated to the committees of the Board.
- Key processes are governed by policies and procedures.
- Various support functions comprising administration, corporate affairs, finance, and treasury are centralized to ensure uniform policies and procedures.
- Estimates are prepared for the coming year which are reviewed by the Board.
- Information covering the financial performance against the estimates are provided to the Board quarterly, together
 with key operational performance indicators.
- Quarterly and annual financial statements are reviewed by the Audit Committee which then recommends to the Board for approval prior to submission to Bursa Malaysia.

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (cont'd)

Board's Conclusion

Overall, based on the Board's assessment of the risk management and internal control system, the Board is satisfied that the process of identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks that may affect the achievement of business objectives is in place to provide reasonable assurance. The Board and the Audit Committee have undertaken an assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system. Kluang Rubber will strive to ensure that the system of internal controls will be continuously enhanced and will seek regular assurance on the effectiveness and soundness of the internal control systems through appraisals by the internal and external auditors.

The level of risk tolerance and risk management policies are determined by the Board. The Board and Management are responsible for overseeing the risk management framework and policies, including reviewing business and operational activities to identify areas of significant risk. The Board also looks into the system of internal controls and measures taken to mitigate such risks. In consideration of the Internal Auditors' report, the Board is pleased to report that there were no significant internal control deficiencies for areas that have been reviewed.

Considering our assets and operations, and based on the internal controls established and maintained, work performed by the internal and external auditors, the review of the key risks performed by Management, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee and the Board, the Board with the concurrence of the Audit Committee, is of the opinion that Kluang Rubber's internal controls are adequate as at 30 June 2021.

The Board received assurance from the Executive Director and the Senior Finance Manager that Kluang Rubber's internal control and risk management system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the adopted framework.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control was reviewed and approved by the Board.

Review by the External Auditors

In addition, in accordance with the paragraph 15.23 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia, the external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and reported that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the contents of this Statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the actual processes carried out.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

Composition and Meeting Attendance

The Audit Committee ("AC") comprises of three (3) members, comprised majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the Board.

The AC composition meets the requirements of Paragraph 15.09 and 15.10 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Securities, which set out that the AC must be comprised of not fewer than three (3) members, all of whom must be non-executive directors, with the Chairman and a majority of the members being independent directors and at least one (1) member of the AC must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. No alternate director is appointed as a member of the AC.

Mr Lee Soo Hoon who was a member of the AC during the financial year ended 30 June 2021, was a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Mr Lee Soo Hoon resigned from the Board and Board Committees with effect from 30 June 2021 and Mr Wun Mow Sang who is a member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants was appointed to the Board and Board Committees with effect from 1 July 2021. On 30 August 2021, Mr Wun Mow Sang was re-designated as Chairman of the AC.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the AC convened six (6) meetings. Details of the composition of the AC and attendance by each member at the AC meetings are as follows: -

	Number of Meetings		
Name/Status of Directorship	Held During Tenure in Office	Attended	
Chew Khat Khiam Albert Member / Independent Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	6	6	
Tay Beng Chai Member / Independent Non-Executive Director	6	6	
Lee Soo Hoon Member / Non-Executive Chairman (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)	6	6	

Note:

(1) Mr Wun Mow Sang was appointed as member of AC w.e.f. 1 July 2021 and re-designated as Chairman of AC w.e.f 30 August 2021.

The Company Secretaries, being the Secretaries of the AC, attended all the meetings held during the financial year. Upon invitation, the Executive Deputy Chairman, Executive Directors, related management personnel and representatives of the External Auditors also attended the meetings for matters that required their input. The Chairman engages on a continuous basis with senior management of the Company on all matters affecting the Company.

During the year under review, the Board, via the Nominating Committee, performed the annual assessment on the term of office and performance of the AC and each of its members pursuant to Paragraph 15.20 of the MMLR of Bursa Securities. The Board is satisfied that the AC and each of its members have discharged their responsibilities and duties in accordance with the AC's Terms of Reference ("TOR"). The responsibilities and duties of the AC are set out in the continuously reviewed AC's TOR, which was last reviewed on 27 August 2021 and approved by the Board on 27 August 2021, is available on the Company's website.

The Chairman of the AC reports to the Board on matters deliberated during the AC meetings and the recommendations of the AC for the Board's consideration and approval.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (cont'd)

Summary of Activities of the AC during the Financial Year

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the AC in the discharge of its functions and duties as set out in its Terms of Reference, carried out the following main activities: -

(a) Financial Statements and Reporting

- Reviewed and discussed the unaudited quarterly financial reports of the Company with the Management at the scheduled quarterly AC meetings and recommended the same to the Board for consideration and approval before releasing to Bursa Securities.
- 2. Reviewed the information covering the financial performance against the estimate together with key operational performance indicators on estate operations at the scheduled quarterly AC meetings and reported the same to the Board for notation.

(b) External Audit

- 1. Reviewed and deliberated reports issued by the External Auditors Messrs Ernst & Young PLT, on significant findings and remedial actions to be taken by the Management to address the issues raised arising from the statutory audit and the key audit matters raised by the External Auditors at the AC meetings.
- 2. Reviewed the proposed audit plan and proposed audit remuneration for the year under review to ensure that their scope of work adequately covers the activities of the Company.
- 3. Reviewed with the external auditors the audited financial statements, the results of the audit, audit report and recommendations and recommended the same to the Board for approval before releasing to Bursa Securities.
- 4. Reviewed and discussed the new developments on accounting standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board and its adoption and impact to the financial statements.
- 5. Evaluate and deliberate on the re-appointment of the external auditors for the next financial year and recommend the same to the Board for approval.

(c) Internal Audit

- 1. Reviewed and deliberated on internal audit reports, which highlighted the audit issues and recommendations as well as the Management's action plan thereto, to ensure that appropriate actions had been taken to address the issues raised.
- 2. The AC also evaluated the performance and effectiveness of the outsourced internal audit function pursuant to Paragraph 15.12 of the MMLR of Bursa Securities, which include the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit function.
- 3. Reviewed and approved the annual internal audit plan of the internal audit for the next financial year, to ensure the adequacy of the scope, coverage of work and sufficient resources requirements of the outsourced internal audit function to perform its work.

(d) Related Party Transactions

1. Reviewed the recurrent related party transactions ("RRPT") of a revenue and trading nature entered into by the Company at the scheduled quarterly AC meetings to ensure the transactions were fair, reasonable, on normal commercial terms, not detrimental to the interests of the minority shareholders and in the best interest of the Company and recommended the same to the Board for consideration and approval. Where mandate is obtained from shareholders for RRPT, the AC reviews that the RRPT transactions are within the shareholders' mandate.

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N N II A I REPORT 3 O 3 I

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (cont'd)

Summary of Activities of the AC during the Financial Year (cont'd)

(e) Annual Reporting

- 1. Discussed and recommended to the Board for approval, the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, the AC Report and Directors' Responsibility Statement in relation to the Audited Financial Statements for inclusion in the Annual Report.
- 2. Reviewed the extent of compliance with the relevant provisions set out under the MCCG for the purpose of preparing the Corporate Governance Overview Statement and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Report") and recommend the same for Board's approval to announce together with Annual Report to Bursa Securities.

External Auditors

The Board established a formal and transparent arrangement with the external auditors of the Company through the Audit Committee. The external auditors and representatives of the management are present to answer questions and provide explanations to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee communicated directly and independently with the external auditors quarterly and where necessary. The Audit Committee had discussions with the external auditor to discuss issues arising from interim and final audits, or any other matters which the external auditors may wish to discuss in the absence of management.

The Company's independent external auditors - Messrs Ernst & Young PLT, play an essential role by enhancing the reliability of the Company's financial statements and by giving assurance of that reliability to users of the financial statements.

External Auditor Fees (RM'000)	Group	Company
Audit Fees	178	63
Non-Audit Fees	182	66

Based on the above, the Audit Committee is satisfied with the external auditors' competency and independence to further recommend to the Board Messrs Ernst & Young PLT's re-appointment for the coming financial year. The role of the Audit Committee in relation to the external auditors is stated in the Audit Committee Report.

This Statement is made in compliance with Paragraphs 15.25 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements and approved by the Board on 8 October 2021.

Internal Audit Function

The Committee is aware that an independent and adequately resourced internal audit function is essential to assist in obtaining the assurance it requires regarding the effectiveness of the system of internal control.

The main role of the internal audit function is to review the effectiveness of the system of internal control, and this is performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care.

Considering the nature and size of our assets and operations, the internal audit function is supported by an independent professional firm – Mazars LLP, which provides assurance to the Audit Committee on the adequacy and integrity of internal control system in the discharge of the Audit Committee's duties and responsibilities. This external independent service provider reports directly to the Audit Committee.

The internal auditors' audit plan, nature and scope of the internal audit were approved by the Audit Committee prior to the commencement of their audit based on the Company's requirements aimed at optimising the effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's internal control. The internal auditors' report was received by the Committee, discussed and recommendations implemented, where necessary and appropriate, to tighten the Company's internal control procedures.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (cont'd)

Internal Audit Function (cont'd)

The Internal Audit Plan for the financial year ended 2021 focused on: -

- Compliance management
- Related party transactions
- Investment management

The Internal Audit Report 2021 was presented to the Audit Committee and actionable steps were taken to ensure that the issues highlighted were addressed to the extent practicable.

In 2020, an independent consultant was engaged to facilitate an enterprise risk management assessment based on ISO31000. The independent consultant assisted in the update of our risk register, the refinement of our risk response and strategy, and highlighted any control designs not aligned with generally accepted industry best practices.

The completed enterprise risk assessment assisted in the development of a two (2) year risk-based internal audit plan, formulated based on key auditable areas aligned with key risks.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021, internal audit fee was RM31,710 (Company) and RM93,697 (Group).

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(INCOM OTATED IN MACKISIA)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS

CHEW KHAT KHIAM ALBERT

Position Independent Non-Executive Chairman

(re-designated to Chairman w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

Gender Male

Age 64

Nationality Australian

Work Experience/Occupation a) Group CFO of Sinwa Limited (2010 – 2013)

b) Group CFO of Boardroom Limited (2007 – 2010)
 c) Finance Director of Gennon Group (2001 – 2007)

d) Founding Partner of Chew & Chiu Chartered Accountants Sydney

(1989-2001)
e) Ernst & Young, Singapore & Sydney (1981-1989)

Qualification/Professional body a) Fellow of the Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand

b) Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

c) Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia

d) Chartered Accountant of The Singapore Institute of Chartered Accountants

e) Member of the Australian Institute of Managers and Leaders

f) Member of the Singapore Institute of Directors

g) Bachelor of Commerce, University of New South Wales (1980)

Date of Appointment 10 October 2016

Details of any board committee to which Director belongs

a) Member of Audit Committee (re-designated w.e.f. 30 June 2021)

b) Member of Nomination Committee (re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

c) Member of Remuneration Committee

d) Chairman of Risk Management Committee (re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

b) Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Directorship in other Bursa listed companies

a) Kuchai Development Berhad

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Securities holding in the Company (as at 1 October 2021)

Nil

Relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

No family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

Conflict of interest with the Company

Nil Nil

List of convictions for offences (other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year, if any

. . . .

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K) (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (cont'd)

LEE CHUNG-SHIH JUSTIN

Position Executive Deputy Chairman

Gender Male

59 Age

Nationality Singaporean

Work Experience/Occupation a) Executive Director, Malaysia Public Listed Companies

b) Executive Director, Public Non-listed Real Estate Investment Company

c) Director, Public Non-listed Licenced Trust Company

B. Sc., International Business Qualification/Professional body

19 February 1990 Date of Appointment

Details of any board committee to which Director belongs

Nil

Directorship in other Bursa listed companies

a) Kuchai Development Berhad

b) Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Securities holding in the Company (as at 1 October 2021)

Direct interest of 39,108 shares and deemed interest of 27,798,890 shares in the Company equivalent to 0.06% and 44.39% respectively

Relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

Son of Lee Thor Seng and brother of Lee Yung-Shih Colin

Conflict of interest with the Company

Nil

Nil

List of convictions for offences (other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year, if any

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PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (cont'd)

TAY BENG CHAI

Position Independent Non-Executive Director

Gender Male

60 Age

Nationality Malaysian

Work Experience/Occupation a) Was in professional legal practice since 1986 until retirement from practice in June 2021

b) Was managing Partner of Tay & Partners, Malaysia

c) Partner of Bird & Bird ATMD LLP

d) A lawyer of over 30 years with extensive corporate and commercial

experience in Malaysia and Singapore

Qualification/Professional body a) LL.B (Hons) Second Upper, National University of Singapore in 1985

b) Admitted as an Advocate & Solicitor, High Court of Singapore in 1986

c) Admitted as an Advocate & Solicitor, High Court of Malaya in 1989

d) Fellow of the Singapore Institute of Arbitrators

Date of Appointment 4 December 2014

Details of any board committee to which Director belongs

a) Member of Audit Committee

b) Chairman of Nominating Committee (re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

c) Chairman of Remuneration Committee

d) Member of Risk Management Committee

c) Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Directorship in other Bursa listed companies

a) Kuchai Development Berhad

b) Malaysian Bulk Carriers Berhad

Securities holding in the Company

(as at 1 October 2021)

Nil

Relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

No family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders of the Company

Conflict of interest with the Company

Nil

List of convictions for offences (other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year, if any

Nil

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PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (cont'd)

WUN MOW SANG

Position Independent Non-Executive Director

Gender Male

63 Age

Nationality Malaysian

Work Experience/Occupation Over 30 years working experience and retired as a partner of Ernst &

Young in June 2018

a) Member of Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants Qualification/Professional body

c) Member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants

d) Member of Association of Certified Chartered Accountants

Date of Appointment 1 July 2021

Details of any board committee to which Director belongs

a) Chairman of Audit Committee (re-designated w.e.f. 30 August 2021)

b) Member of Nomination Committee

c) Member of Remuneration Committee

d) Member of Risk Management Committee

Directorship in other Bursa listed companies

Securities holding in the Company

(as at 1 October 2021)

a) Kuchai Development Berhad

b) Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Relationship with other Directors

and/or substantial shareholders

Conflict of interest with the Company

List of convictions for offences (other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year, if any

No family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders of the Company

Nil Nil

Nil

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K) (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (cont'd)

CHEONG MUN HONG

Position **Executive Director**

Gender Male

35 Age

Nationality Singaporean

Work Experience/Occupation a) Executive Director, Malaysia Public Companies

b) Investment Analyst, Public Non-listed Licensed Trust Company

Qualification/Professional body a) Bachelor of Engineering (BEng), Nanyang Technological University

b) Holder of the right to use the CFA® designation

Date of Appointment 1 March 2015

Details of any board committee to which Director belongs

Nil

Directorship in other Bursa listed

companies

a) Kuchai Development Berhad

b) Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Securities holding in the Company

(as at 1 October 2021)

Nil

Relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

of the Company

No family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

Conflict of interest with the Company

Nil

List of convictions for offences (other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during

the financial year, if any

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K) (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (cont'd)

MUGANA KERISNAN A/L KARPIAH

Position **Executive Director**

Gender Male

62 Age

Nationality Malaysian

Work Experience/Occupation Executive Director, Malaysia Public Companies

Qualification/Professional body a) Chairman of Malaysia Palm Oil Association (Kelantan)

> b) Deputy Chairman of Incorporated Society of Planters (2015 - 2017) c) Bachelor of Agricultural Science, University Pertanian Malaysia

Date of Appointment 1 January 2021

Details of any board committee to

which Director belongs

Nil

Directorship in other Bursa listed

companies

Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad

Securities holding in the Company

(as at 1 October 20201)

Nil

Relationship with other Directors

and/or substantial shareholders

No family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders

of the Company

Conflict of interest with the Company

List of convictions for offences

(other than traffic offences) within the past 5 years and particulars of any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during

the financial year, if any

Nil

Nil

Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K)
(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

(INCORPORATED IN MACATSIA)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company consist of the production and sale of fresh oil palm fruit bunches. The Company is also a long term portfolio investor in securities.

The principal activities and other information on the subsidiaries are described in Note 14 to the financial statements.

RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit net of tax	60,590,342	2,110,879
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest	31,033,785 29,556,557	2,110,879
	60,590,342	2,110,879

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year, other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature, other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

The amounts of dividends paid by the Company since 30 June 2020 were as follows:

	Amount RM	Net dividend per share Sen
In respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 as reported in the directors' report of that year:		
First and final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend on 62,761,477 ordinary shares, declared on 8 October 2020 and paid		
on 8 January 2021	627,615	1.00

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

DIVIDENDS (cont'd)

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, the following dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 30 June 2021 on 62,667,477 ordinary shares, will be proposed for shareholders' approval.

	Amount RM	Net dividend per share Sen
First and final tax exempt single-tier dividend	626,675	1.00
Bonus Tax exempt (single-tier) dividend	1,347,351	2.15

The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. The dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 June 2022.

DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of the Company in office since the beginning of the financial year to the date of this report are:

Lee Chung-Shih Justin**
Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah**
Tay Beng Chai**
Cheong Mun Hong**
Chew Khat Khiam Albert**
Wun Mow Sang**

Wun Mow Sang** (appointed on 1 July 2021)
Balaraman A/L Annamaly** (resigned on 31 December 2020)
Lee Soo Hoon** (resigned on 30 June 2021)

The name of the corporate director of the Company's subsidiaries in office since the beginning of the financial year to the date of this report (not including those directors listed above) is:

Kirkliston Limited (appointed on 24 September 2020) Jackaroo Limited (resigned on 24 September 2020)

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors as shown in Note 7 to the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

INDEMNIFYING DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS

During the financial year, the directors and officers of Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad, are covered under the Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance ("D&O Insurance") in respect of liabilities arising from acts committed in their respective capacity as, inter alia, the directors and officers of the Group subject to the terms of the D&O Insurance policy. The total amount of D&O Insurance effected and premium paid for the directors and officers of the Group were RM8,000,000 and RM23,200 respectively.

^{**}These directors are also directors of the Company's subsidiaries.

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares-		>	
	1 July			30 June
	2020	Bought	Sold	2021
The Company				
Lee Chung-Shih Justin				
- Direct interest	39,108	=	-	39,108
- Indirect interest	27,798,890	-	-	27,798,890
Subsidiaries				
Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad				
Lee Chung-Shih Justin				
- Direct interest	35,438	-	-	35,438
- Indirect interest	38,949,833	-	-	38,949,833
Kuchai Development Berhad				
Lee Chung-Shih Justin				
- Direct interest	237,482	-	-	237,482
- Indirect interest	64,150,641	-	-	64,150,641

Lee Chung-Shih Justin, by virtue of his interest in the Company, is deemed interested in the shares of all the Company's subsidiaries to the extent the Company has an interest.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in the Company during the financial year.

TREASURY SHARES

During the financial year, the Company purchased a total of 296,300 (2020: 208,200) ordinary shares of its issued share capital from the open market. The total consideration paid for the purchase, including transaction costs, was RM996,381 (2020: RM701,336) and was financed by internally generated funds. The purchased shares are held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 127(4) of the Companies Act 2016.

As at 30 June 2021, the Company held as treasury shares a total of 504,500 of its 63,171,977 issued ordinary shares. Such treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM1,697,717 and further relevant details are disclosed in Note 26(b) to the financial statments.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making
 of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts and that no
 provision for doubtful debts was necessary; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K) (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

(INCOM OTATED IN MINERISIA)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) it necessary to write off any bad debts or to make any provision for doubtful debts in respect of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
 - (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due; and
 - (ii) other than as disclosed in the financial statements, no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Auditors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	Group RM	Company RM
Ernst & Young PLT		
- Statutory audit	178,000	63,000
- Other services	182,000	66,400

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, as part of the terms of its audit engagement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young PLT during or since the financial year.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 8 October 2021.

Chew Khat Khiam Albert

Lee Chung-Shih Justin

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Chew Khat Khiam Albert and Lee Chung-Shih Justin, being two of the directors of Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out he WS

Reporting Standards and the requirements of	ance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial f the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the ompany as at 30 June 2021 and of their financial performance and cash flows
Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance	e with a resolution of the directors dated 8 October 2021.
Chew Khat Khiam Albert	Lee Chung-Shih Justin
ST	ATUTORY DECLARATION
	ION 251(1)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016
(Malaya) Berhad, do solemnly and sincerel	rimarily responsible for the financial management of Kluang Rubber Company by declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 77 to this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by celarations Act (Cap 211) in Singapore.
Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed, Corinna Foo Kim Joke in Singapore on 8 October 2021)) Corinna Foo Kim Joke
Before me,	
Notary No. N2020/0449 Kong Siew Qun Notary Public Singapore	

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2021 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 77 to 145.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2021, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report on the financial statements of the Company. The key audit matters for the audit of the financial statements of the Group are described below.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including those in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis of our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

(1) Valuation of investments measured at fair value

(Refer to Notes 2.16, 2.17, and 16 to the financial statements)

As at 30 June 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's investments measured at fair value amounted to approximately RM419,137,000, representing approximately 34% of the Group's total assets. These investments consist of investments in quoted equity instruments, unquoted debt instruments and precious metal which are measured at fair value, with fair value changes recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

We focused on the valuation of these investments as they represent the most significant element of the total assets in the financial statements.

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD (cont'd)

Key audit matters (cont'd)

(1) Valuation of investments measured at fair value (cont'd)

(Refer to Notes 2.16, 2.17, and 16 to the financial statements)

Our audit procedures to address this area of focus included amongst others the following procedures:

- i. For investments in quoted equity instruments and precious metal, we corroborated the fair values recorded by management by reference to externally available market data;
- ii. For investments in unquoted debt instruments:
 - We obtained an understanding of the methodology adopted by management in estimating the fair values of these debt instruments and assessed whether such methodology is consistent with those commonly used to value debt instruments; and
 - We evaluated the inputs used in estimating the fair value of these debt instruments by making comparisons against appropriate benchmarks.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, and the Annual Report, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors of the Company and take appropriate action.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD (cont'd)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 **Chartered Accountants**

Tan Jin Xiang 03348/01/2022 J Chartered Accountant

Johor Bahru, Malaysia Date: 8 October 2021

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STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Gro	oup	Co	mpany
	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Revenue	4	31,674,148	25,910,608	6,848,210	5,517,701
Other income		20,650	8,540	840	840
Changes in inventories		37,384	10,096	3,278	3,182
Employee benefits expenses	5	(3,678,473)	(3,579,418)	(1,320,943)	(1,190,639)
Depreciation		(2,674,127)	(2,602,933)	(445,241)	(439,010)
Subcontract labour costs,		() ' , ' ')	(, ,)	(- ,)	(, ,
fertilizer and chemical costs		(14,391,039)	(11,700,449)	(1,972,869)	(1,679,423)
Foreign exchange differences		8,877,456	(5,183,202)	43,765	(24,689)
Fair value changes on:		, ,		,	, , ,
- investment properties	13	4,947,175	(5,433,406)	-	-
- biological assets	18	465,971	130,454	61,559	43,241
- investments		11,948,639	5,732,549	, -	· -
Gain on sale of investment		3,696,898	- -	1,425,322	-
Gain on compulsory land acquisition		11,286,764	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of bearer plant		(8,852)	-	-	-
Written off:					
- property, plant and equipment		(1)	-	(1)	-
- bearer plants		(220,181)	-	-	-
Finance costs	23	(145,477)	(151,228)	-	-
Other expenses		(8,674,075)	(7,277,201)	(2,533,041)	(2,545,917)
Profit/(loss) from operations	6	43,162,860	(4,135,590)	2,110,879	(314,714)
Share of results of associates	15	18,251,738	(2,185,023)		
Profit/(loss) before taxation		61,414,598	(6,320,613)	2,110,879	(314,714)
Income tax (expense)/credit	8	(824,256)	1,967,996		259,000
Profit/(loss) for the year		60,590,342	(4,352,617)	2,110,879	(55,714)
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent		31,033,785	(2,168,220)	2,110,879	(55,714)
Non-controlling interest		29,556,557	(2,184,397)		
		60,590,342	(4,352,617)	2,110,879	(55,714)
Earnings/(loss) per share (sen)					
Basic	9(a)	49.5	(3.5)		
Diluted	9(b)	49.5	(3.5)		

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Gro	oup	Co	mpany
	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (net of tax):					
Investments:					
- Fair value (loss)/gain		(613,081)	6,518,881	243,084	785,442
 Reclassification to profit or loss 		(3,696,898)	-	(1,425,322)	-
Foreign currency translation		(8,290,885)	12,772,528		
		(12,600,864)	19,291,409	(1,182,238)	785,442
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (net of tax):					
Fair value changes on investments Share of associates' reserve		41,187,897	(93,470,423) 3,470,694	658,103	(2,077,042)
		41,187,897	(89,999,729)	658,103	(2,077,042)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax		28,587,033	(70,708,320)	(524,135)	(1,291,600)
Total comprehensive					
income/(loss) for the year		89,177,375	(75,060,937)	1,586,744	(1,347,314)
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent		42,263,830	(33,055,271)	1,586,744	(1,347,314)
Non-controlling interest		46,913,545	(42,005,666)	-	(1,517,517)
		89,177,375	(75,060,937)	1,586,744	(1,347,314)
		_		_	

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 30 JUNE 2021**

		Gı	roup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Assets					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	10	297,730,983	304,411,993	196,580,509	196,724,113
Right-of-use assets	11	2,902,843	3,066,384	-	-
Bearer plants	12	37,503,605	38,531,456	4,472,699	3,984,031
Investment properties	13	69,369,082	61,299,417	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries	14	-	-	35,612,632	35,612,632
Investment in associates	15	108,888,445	98,969,363	-	-
Investments	16	455,548,815	411,504,300		5,679,840
		971,943,773	917,782,913	236,665,840	242,000,616
Current assets					
Inventories	17	66,826	29,442	7,621	4,343
Biological assets	18	826,660	360,689	200,682	139,123
Trade and other receivables	19	21,923,622	2,602,847	456,684	264,052
Tax recoverable		400,734	626,149	286,800	546,415
Prepayments		679,567	513,542	119,757	124,314
Cash and bank balances	20	237,235,219	228,062,868	29,511,376	23,771,919
		261,132,628	232,195,537	30,582,920	24,850,166
Assets held for sale	21	4,122,702	-	-	-
		265,255,330	232,195,537	30,582,920	24,850,166
Total assets		1,237,199,103	1,149,978,450	267,248,760	266,850,782
Equity and liabilities					
Current liabilities	22	5.946.072	5 161 624	1 555 202	1 171 101
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	22 23	5,846,973	5,161,624	1,555,303	1,161,121
	23	109,761 208,279	104,523 189,541	-	-
Tax payable		208,279			
		6,165,013	5,455,688	1,555,303	1,161,121
Net current assets		259,090,317	226,739,849	29,027,617	23,689,045
Non-current liabilities					
Other payables	22	488,320	798,545	324,019	287,761
Lease liabilities	23	2,729,369	2,839,130	- -	, -
Retirement benefits	25	87,661	85,977	21,176	16,386
Deferred tax liabilities	24	29,436,000	28,824,000	19,618,000	19,618,000
		32,741,350	32,547,652	19,963,195	19,922,147
Total liabilities		38,906,363	38,003,340	21,518,498	21,083,268

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (cont'd) **AS AT 30 JUNE 2021**

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Net assets		1,198,292,740	1,111,975,110	245,730,262	245,767,514
Equity attributable to owners of the parent					
Share capital	26(a)	68,387,724	68,387,724	68,387,724	68,387,724
Reserves	27	379,222,350	375,605,672	135,969,305	139,375,981
Retained earnings	28	233,646,903	195,627,366	43,070,950	38,705,145
Treasury shares	26(b)	(1,697,717)	(701,336)	(1,697,717)	(701,336)
		679,559,260	638,919,426	245,730,262	245,767,514
Non-controlling interests		518,733,480	473,055,684		
		1,198,292,740	1,111,975,110	245,730,262	245,767,514
Total equity and liabilities		1,237,199,103	1,149,978,450	267,248,760	266,850,782

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Non-distributable		_ <	Distributable	
Group 2021	Note	Equity, total RM	Equity attributable to owners of the parent, total	Share capital (Note 26) RM	Capital reserve (Note 27) RM	Fair value reserve (Note 27) RM	Foreign currency translation reserve (Note 27) RM	Treasury shares (Note 26) RM	Retained earnings (Note 28) RM	Non- controlling interests RM
Balance at 1 July 2020		1,111,975,110	638,919,426	68,387,724	199,620,666	107,691,861	68,293,145	(701,336)	195,627,366	473,055,684
Profit net of tax		60,590,342	31,033,785						31,033,785	29,556,557
Outer comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		28,587,033	11,230,045	•	•	15,921,199	(4,691,154)	1	•	17,356,988
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		89,177,375	42,263,830	•	•	15,921,199	(4,691,154)		31,033,785	46,913,545
Transfer of fair value reserve upon disposal of equity instruments designated at FVTOCI		,	•	•	1	(4,260,576)	(78,772)	•	4,339,348	1
Transfer of reserve upon compulsory land acquisition		•	•	•	(3,274,019)	•	•	•	3,274,019	•
Transactions with owners:										
Buy-back of shares	26(b)	(996,381)	(996,381)	1		ı	,	(996,381)	ı	
Dividends to shareholders	29	(627,615)	(627,615)	1	•	ı	ı	ı	(627,615)	1
Dividends to non-controlling interests	14(b)	(1,235,749)	•		•				•	(1,235,749)
Balance at 30 June 2021	11	1,198,292,740	679,559,260	68,387,724	196,346,647	119,352,484	63,523,219	(1,697,717)	233,646,903	518,733,480

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (cont'd)	FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021
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				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[- Non-distributable			Distributable	
Group 2020	Note	Equity, total RM	Equity attributable to owners of the parent, total	Share capital (Note 26) RM	Capital reserve (Note 27) RM	Fair value reserve (Note 27) RM	Foreign currency translation reserve (Note 27) RM	Treasury shares (Note 26) RM	Retained earnings (Note 28) RM	Non- controlling interests RM
Balance at 1 July 2019		1,192,913,037	676,466,352	68,387,724	198,114,385	146,771,863	61,606,475	•	201,585,905	516,446,685
Loss net of tax Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(4,352,617)	(2,168,220) (30,887,051)		1,506,281	- (39,080,002)	- 6,686,670		(2,168,220)	(2,184,397)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(75,060,937)	(33,055,271)	,	1,506,281	(39,080,002)	0,686,670	,	(2,168,220)	(42,005,666)
Transactions with owners.										
Buy-back of shares	26(b)	(701,336)	(701,336)	•	•	•	•	(701,336)	•	•
Dividends to shareholders	29	(3,790,319)	(3,790,319)	•	ı	•		•	(3,790,319)	•
Dividends to non-controlling interests	14(b)	(1,385,335)	•	•	•	•		•		(1,385,335)
Balance at 30 June 2020		1,111,975,110	638,919,426	68,387,724	199,620,666	107,691,861	68,293,145	(701,336)	195,627,366	473,055,684

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (cont'd)

			; ; ; V	· Non-dist	Non-distributable	^	Distributable
Company 2021	Note	Total equity RM	Share capital (Note 26) RM	Capital reserve (Note 27) RM	Fair value reserve (Note 27) RM	Treasury shares (Note 26) RM	Retained earnings (Note 28) RM
Balance at 1 July 2020		245,767,514	68,387,724	135,969,305	3,406,676	(701,336)	38,705,145
Profit net of tax		2,110,879					2,110,879
Outer comprehensive loss for the year		(524,135)	•	ı	(524,135)	•	ı
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		1,586,744	•		(524,135)	•	2,110,879
Transfer of fair value reserve upon disposal of equity instruments designated at FVTOCI		,	1	•	(2,882,541)	•	2,882,541
Transactions with owners:							
Buy-back of shares	26(b)	(996,381)	•	ı	•	(996,381)	1
Dividends	29	(627,615)	•		'	•	(627,615)
Balance at 30 June 2021		245,730,262	68,387,724	135,969,305	•	(1,697,717)	43,070,950

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (cont'd)

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-d	Non-distributable	^	Distributable
Company 2020	Note	Total equity RM	Share capital (Note 26) RM	Capital reserve (Note 27) RM	Fair value reserve (Note 27) RM	Treasury shares (Note 26) RM	Retained earnings (Note 28) RM
Balance at 1 July 2019		251,606,483	68,387,724	135,969,305	4,698,276	•	42,551,178
Loss net of tax		(55,714)	·	·		•	(55,714)
Outer comprehensive loss for the year		(1,291,600)	ı	ı	(1,291,600)	•	,
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,347,314)			(1,291,600)		(55,714)
Transactions with owners:							
Buy-back of shares	26(b)	(701,336)	ı	ı	•	(701,336)	•
Dividends	29	(3,790,319)					(3,790,319)
Balance at 30 June 2020		245,767,514	68,387,724	135,969,305	3,406,676	(701,336)	38,705,145

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	(Group	Con	mpany
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
	KWI	KWI	KIVI	KWI
Operating activities				
Profit/(loss) before taxation	61,414,598	(6,320,613)	2,110,879	(314,714)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of property,				
plant and equipment	626,439	585,049	235,941	259,513
Depreciation of bearer plants	1,884,147	1,854,343	209,300	179,497
Depreciation of right of use asset	163,541	163,541	-	-
Property, plant and equipment				
written off	1	-	1	-
Bearer plants written off	220,181	=	-	=
Loss on disposal of bearer plants	8,852	=	-	=
Provision for retirement benefits	5,759	24,448	4,790	11,712
Dividend income				
from quoted investments	(9,009,048)	(9,251,033)	(1,081,700)	(1,300,563)
Interest income	(1,401,931)	(3,406,290)	(256,803)	(407,134)
Share of results of associates	(18,251,738)	2,185,023	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange				
(gain)/loss	(8,886,844)	5,183,447	(48,806)	26,685
Interest expenses	145,477	151,228	-	-
Gain on compulsory land acquisition	(11,286,764)	-	-	-
Gain on sale of investment	(3,696,898)	-	(1,425,322)	-
Fair value changes on:				
- other investments	(11,948,639)	(5,732,549)	-	-
- biological assets	(465,971)	(130,454)	(61,559)	(43,241)
- investment properties	(4,947,175)	5,433,406		
Operating cash flows before				
working capital changes	(5,426,013)	(9,260,454)	(313,279)	(1,588,245)
Receivables	(721,245)	(668,789)	(215,869)	265,283
Prepayments	(166,025)	321,176	4,557	(1,896)
Inventories	(37,384)	(10,096)	(3,278)	(3,182)
Payables	369,195	358,203	430,440	328
1 dydoles				
Cash flows used in operations	(5,981,472)	(9,259,960)	(97,429)	(1,327,712)
Retirement benefits paid	(4,075)	(5,225,500)	(>1,12>)	(1,527,712)
Taxes paid	(332,600)	(519,264)	(103,760)	(183,040)
Taxes refunded	363,375	294,513	363,375	(105,010)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated				
from operating activities	(5,954,772)	(9,484,711)	162,186	(1,510,752)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Group	Cor	mpany
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of investments	17,226,714	_	6,581,027	_
Investment in gold bullion	(9,524,119)	-	-	_
Dividends received	10,502,648	11,165,998	1,081,700	1,300,563
Interest income received	2,334,968	3,608,522	280,040	420,315
Uplift/(placement) of fixed deposits				
with maturity exceeding 90 days	56,618,007	13,512,021	(1,178,786)	(324,867)
Purchase of bonds	-	(36,665,247)	-	-
Purchase of property, plant				
and equipment	(1,558,638)	(2,161,259)	(92,338)	(274,069)
Addition of bearer plants	(1,452,989)	(1,376,013)	(697,968)	(557,104)
27.				
Net cash flows generated from/	74.146.501	(11.015.070)	5.072.675	564.020
(used in) investing activities	74,146,591	(11,915,978)	5,973,675	564,838
Financing activities				
Dividends paid to shareholders	(627,615)	(3,790,319)	(627,615)	(3,790,319)
Dividends paid to non-controlling				
interests	(1,235,749)	(1,385,335)	-	-
Buy-back of shares	(996,381)	(701,336)	(996,381)	(701,336)
Interest paid	(145,477)	(151,228)	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(104,523)	(286,272)	-	-
Net cash flows used in financing				
activities	(3,109,745)	(6,314,490)	(1,623,996)	(4,491,655)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	65,082,074	(27,715,179)	4,511,865	(5,437,569)
Effects of exchange rate changes	708,284	1,339,164	48,806	(26,685)
Cash and cash equivalents at				
beginning of year	109,547,813	135,923,828	9,463,079	14,927,333
Cash and cash equivalents at				
end of year (Note 20)	175,338,171	109,547,813	14,023,750	9,463,079

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office of the Company is located at Suite 9D, Level 9, Menara Ansar, 65 Jalan Trus, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor. The principal place of business is located at Kluang Estate, Batu 2 Jalan Mengkibol, P.O. Box 64, 86007 Kluang, Johor.

The principal activities of the Company consist of the production and sale of fresh oil palm fruit bunches. The Company is also a long term portfolio investor in securities. The principal activities and other information on the subsidiaries are described in Note 14.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical basis, except for the investment properties, investment in quoted securities, debt instruments and precious metal that have been measured at their fair values. The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

2.2 Changes of accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

On 1 July 2020, the Group and the Company adopted the following Amendments mandatory for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020:

Effective for annual				
periods beginning				
on or after				

Description

Amendments to MFRS 3: Definition of a Business	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 101 and 108: Definition of Material	1 January 2020
Amendments to references to the Conceptual Framework in	
MFRS Standards	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139 and MFRS 7:	
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	1 January 2020
Amendment to MFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions	1 June 2020

The adoption of the Amendments above did not have any material impact on the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

The Standards, Amendments and Annual Improvements that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Group's and the Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company intend to adopt these Standards, Amendments, and Annual Improvements if applicable, when they become effective.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Description

Amendments to MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts:	
Extension of the Temporary Exemption from	
Applying MFRS 9	17 August 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7,	
MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	
- Phase 2	1 January 2021
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018-2020	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 3: Business Combinations	
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment	
- Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities	
and Contingent Assets - Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling	
a Contract	1 January 2022
MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements	
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements	
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in	
Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Income Taxes - Deferred Tax	
related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single	
Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The directors expect that the adoption of the above Standards, Annual Improvements and Amendments will have no material impact on the financial statements in the year of initial application.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following:

- (i) power over the investee (i.e existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Company considers the following in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- (iii) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (iv) any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiaries are consolidated when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest, is recognised in profit or loss. The subsidiary's cumulative gain or loss which has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss or where applicable, transferred directly to retained earnings. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of the investment.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.5 Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

2.6 Foreign currencies

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under foreign currency translation reserve in equity. The foreign currency translation reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss of the Group on disposal of the foreign operation.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

(c) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RM at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date and income and expenses are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under foreign currency translation reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the reporting date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold land is stated at deemed cost less impairment losses. The deemed cost was based on a valuation as at 30 June 2015 as permitted under the optional exemption of MFRS 1.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	10%
Equipment	10%
Furniture and fittings	10%
Motor vehicles and tractors	33.3%
Computers	50%

Capital in progress included in property, plant and equipment are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events of changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any and the net carrying amount is recognised in the profit or loss, and the unutilised portion of the revaluation surplus on that item is taken directly to retained earnings.

2.8 Bearer plants

Bearer plants are living plants that are used in the production or supply of agriculture produce for more than one period and have remote likelihood of being sold as agriculture produce, except for incidental scrap sales. The bearer plants are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, the bearer plants are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of bearer plants include total cost incurred from land clearing to the point of maturity. Bearer plants have an average life cycle of 26 years and are considered mature when the plants attain 4 years old. Depreciation of mature bearer plants are computed on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of 22 years. The immature bearer plants are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.9 Biological assets

Agricultural produce growing on bearer plants are measured at fair value less costs to sell. Fair value is determined based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the agricultural produce growing on bearer plants. The expected future cash flows are estimated using projected quantity and the estimated market price of the agricultural produce growing on bearer plants.

The changes in the fair value less costs to sell of agricultural produce growing on bearer plants are recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Investment properties

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Fair value is arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties and is performed by registered independent valuers having an appropriate recognised professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment set out in Note 2.7 up to the date of change in use.

2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.12 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

2.13 Associates

An associate is defined as a company, not being a subsidiary or an interest in a joint venture, in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies. Details of the associates are as disclosed in Note 15.

The considerations made in determining significant influence are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Group's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in other comprehensive income of those investees is presented as part of the Group's other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non- controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate.

The financial statements of associates are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in associates. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in associates is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss within 'Share of profit of an associate' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.14 Current versus non-current classification

Assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position are presented based on current/non- current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.15 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available, are used to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.15 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group and the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Policies and procedures are determined by senior management for both recurring fair value measurement and for non-recurring measurement.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and significant liabilities. Involvement of external valuers is decided by senior management. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The senior management decides, after discussions with the external valuers, which valuation techniques and inputs to use for each case.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, classes of assets and liabilities are determined based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments and non-financial assets that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed, are summarised in Note 32.

2.16 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity investment of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group and the Company have applied the practical expedient, the Group and the Company initially measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group and the Company have applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under MFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.16 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(a) Financial assets (cont'd)

Initial recognition and measurement (cont'd)

The Group's and the Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (bonds)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost (bonds)

The Group and the Company measure financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Group's and the Company's financial assets at amortised cost mainly comprise their trade and other receivables balances, cash and bank balances and investment in bonds.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (debt instruments)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statements of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.16 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(a) Financial assets (cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (cont'd)

This category comprises the Group's investment in debt instruments.

Dividends and interests are recognised as revenue in the statements of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company may elect to classify irrevocably their equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as revenue in the statements of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group and the Company benefit from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Group and the Company elected to classify irrevocably their quoted equity investments under this category.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's and the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group and the Company have transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group and the Company have transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group and the Company have neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group and the Company have transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group and the Company continue to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group and the Company also recognise an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group and the Company have retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group and the Company could be required to repay.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.16 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(a) Financial assets (cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group and the Company expect to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-month (a 12- month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Group and the Company apply a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group and the Company do not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group and the Company have established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other receivables, the Group and the Company apply low credit risk simplification. At every reporting date, the Group and the Company evaluate whether the other receivables are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In addition, the Group and the Company consider that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when the contractual payments are more than 6 months past due.

The Group and the Company consider a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 180 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group and the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group and the Company are unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group and the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's and the Company's financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.16 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial liabilities (cont'd)

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.17 Investment in precious metal - gold bullion

Investment in precious metal - gold bullion is initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, gold bullion are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the gold bullion are recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the investment in precious metal is derecognised.

2.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits, and short- term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of deposits with maturity exceeding 90 days.

2.19 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Spare parts, fertilizers and chemicals: purchase costs on a first-in first-out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

2.21 Employee benefits

(a) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(b) Defined contribution plans

The Group participates in the national pension schemes as defined by the laws of the countries in which it has operations. The Malaysian companies in the Group make contributions to the Employee Provident Fund in Malaysia, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

(c) Retirement benefits

The Group and the Company provide for retirement benefits for eligible employees on an unfunded defined benefits basis in accordance with the terms of the unions' collective agreement and/or employment agreement. Full provision has been made for retirement benefits payable to all eligible employees based on their last drawn salaries, the length of service to-date and the rates set out in the said agreements. Should an employee leave after completing the qualifying period of service but before attaining the retirement age, the provision made for the employee is written back.

2.22 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(a) Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.22 Leases (cont'd)

(a) Group as a lessee (cont'd)

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land 5%

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in Note 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets.

(ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.22 Leases (cont'd)

(b) Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statements of comprehensive income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

2.23 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group and the Company recognise revenue from contracts with customers based on the five-step model as set out below:

- (i) Identify contract with a customer. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria that must be met.
- (ii) Identify performance obligations in the contract. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- (iii) Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for transfering promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract. For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- (v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation.

The Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation and recognise revenue over time if the Group's and the Company's performance:

- (i) Do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Company and have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date; or
- (ii) Create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (iii) Provide benefits that the customer simultaneously receives and consumes as the Group and the Company perform.

For performance obligations where any one of the above conditions is not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Sales of goods

The Group and the Company contract with their customers for sales of fresh oil palm fruit bunches. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally upon the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer. Payment is generally due up to 30 days from transfer of risks and rewards. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.23 Revenue recognition (cont'd)

(b) Revenue from other sources

(i) Interest income

Interest is recognised on a time proportion basis that reflect the effective yield on the assets.

(ii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(iii) Rental income

Rental income from investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.24 Taxes

(a) Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability
 in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
 accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.24 Taxes (cont'd)

(b) Deferred tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(c) Sales and services tax ("SST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of SST except:

- Where the amount of SST incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the SST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of SST included.

2.25 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on geographical segments which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Group who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 35, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.26 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

2.27 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's and of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

3.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

(a) Consolidation of Sungei Bagan Rubber Company Malaya (Berhad) ("Sungei Bagan") and Kuchai Development Berhad ("Kuchai")

The directors consider that the Group has control of Sungei Bagan and Kuchai, which are public limited liability companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, even though it has less than 50% of each of the two companies' voting rights. The Group is the major shareholder of Sungei Bagan and Kuchai with a 43.40% and 45.25% equity interest respectively as at 30 June 2021 (2020: 43.40% and 45.25%). The second largest shareholder holds 5% and 9% of the equity interest respectively. All other shareholders individually own less than 3% of the equity shares of Sungei Bagan and Kuchai. Historically, other than the second largest shareholder, less than 20 shareholders attended the Annual General Meetings held in the past 3 years.

On this basis, the directors consider that the shareholders who are likely to attend the shareholders' meeting are unlikely to out vote the Company in any shareholders' meetings and therefore the Group has control over Sungei Bagan and Kuchai.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (cont'd)

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(a) Revaluation of investment properties

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. The Group engaged an independent valuation specialist, using the comparison method, to assess the fair value of the investment properties as at 30 June 2021. The key assumptions and the unobservable inputs which are used to determine the fair value of the investment properties are disclosed in Note 32(b).

(b) Valuation of investment in debt instruments

The Group measures its investment in debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

The management used the net asset value of the investment entity to determine fair value. The assets of the entity mainly consist of quoted shares for which fair values are determined based on publicly available market data.

4. REVENUE

Revenue of the Group and of the Company consists of the following:

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Type of revenue Revenue from contracts with customers: - Sales of fresh oil palm fruit bunches	20,119,055	11,718,987	5,509,707	3,810,004
- Sales of fresh on paint fruit buildies	20,119,033	11,/10,96/	3,309,707	3,810,004
Revenue from other sources: Dividend income				
- Quoted shares in Malaysia	-	-	1,027,950	1,158,522
- Quoted shares outside Malaysia	9,009,048	9,251,033	53,750	142,041
	9,009,048	9,251,033	1,081,700	1,300,563
Rental income	1,144,114	1,534,298	-	-
Interest income	1,401,931	3,406,290	256,803	407,134
	11,555,093	14,191,621	1,338,503	1,707,697
Total revenue	31,674,148	25,910,608	6,848,210	5,517,701

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

5. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

	Group			Company
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Wages and salaries	3,306,103	3,052,495	1,183,550	1,049,678
Contributions to defined contribution plan	170,460	172,300	54,099	52,610
Social security contributions	18,348	19,070	7,416	7,529
Retirement benefits (Note 25)	5,759	24,448	4,790	11,712
Other benefits	177,803	311,105	71,088	69,110
=	3,678,473	3,579,418	1,320,943	1,190,639

Included in employee benefits expenses of the Group and Company are executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM2,222,131 (2020: RM2,032,752) and RM779,822 (2020: RM669,292) respectively as further disclosed in Note 7.

PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS

Profit/(loss) from operations is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Auditors' remuneration				
- statutory audit	163,000	161,500	58,000	55,500
- of subsidiaries, borne by the Company	15,000	13,500	5,000	4,500
- other services	182,000	180,483	66,400	60,100
Depreciation				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 10)	626,439	585,049	235,941	259,513
- right-of-use assets (Note 11)	163,541	163,541	-	-
- bearer plants (Note 12)	1,884,147	1,854,343	209,300	179,497
Property, plant and equipment written off	1	-	1	-
Fees of subsidiaries' directors	8,975	9,070	-	-
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)				
- realised	9,388	(245)	5,041	(1,996)
- unrealised	(8,886,844)	5,183,447	(48,806)	26,685
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 23)	145,477	151,228	- -	-
Direct operating expenses on				
investment properties	437,798	262,190	-	-
Fair value changes on:				
- investment properties (Note 13)	(4,947,175)	5,433,406	-	-
- other investments	(11,948,639)	(5,732,549)	-	-
- biological assets (Note 18)	(465,971)	(130,454)	(61,559)	(43,241)
Provision for retirement benefit	5,759	24,448	4,790	11,712
Bearer plants written off	220,181	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of bearer plants	8,852	-	-	-
Gain on compulsory land acquisition	(11,286,764)	-	-	-
Gain on sales of investment	(3,696,898)	-	(1,425,322)	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	•	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM	
Directors of the Company Executive:	Tuvi	14.71	14.11	14.72	
- Salaries and allowances Non-executive:	2,222,131	2,032,752	779,822	669,292	
- Fees	947,580	943,080	340,620	340,620	
Total	3,169,711	2,975,832	1,120,442	1,009,912	

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the year fell within the following bands are as analysed below:

	Number of directors	
	2021	2020
Executive directors		
Below RM50,001	1	1
RM100,001 to RM150,000	1	2
RM150,001 to RM250,000	1	-
RM400,001 to RM450,000	1	1
Non-Executive directors		
RM100,001 to RM150,000	3	3

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Major components of income tax expense/(credit)

The major components of income tax expense/(credit) for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are:

	(Group	Co	mpany
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Current income tax:				
- Malaysian income tax	3,064	6,081	-	-
- Foreign income tax	173,740	264,044		
	176,804	270,125		
Under/(over)provision in respect of prior years:				
- Malaysian income tax	588	-	-	-
- Foreign income tax	34,864	(48,121)		
	35,452	(48,121)		
Deferred tax (Note 24): Origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	699,000	(2,165,000)	-	(212,000)
Overprovision in prior year	(87,000)	(25,000)		(47,000)
	612,000	(2,190,000)		(259,000)
Total income tax expense/(credit)				
recognised in profit or loss	824,256	(1,967,996)		(259,000)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

Reconciliation between tax expense/(credit) and accounting profit/(loss):

The reconciliation between tax expense/(credit) and the product of accounting profit/(loss) multiplied by the applicable corporate tax rate for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit/(loss) before taxation	61,414,598	(6,320,613)	2,110,879	(314,714)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate				
of 24% (2020: 24%)	14,739,504	(1,516,947)	506,611	(75,531)
Effects of income not subject to tax	(13,353,703)	(3,828,499)	(617,591)	(325,412)
Effects of expenses not deductible for				, , , ,
tax purposes	1,466,400	2,723,642	110,980	188,943
Effects of share of results of associates	(4,380,417)	524,406	-	-
Different tax rate in foreign countries	- -	202,523	-	-
Different tax not recognise on				
unutilised business losses	2,404,020	-	-	-
Under/(over)provision of income tax				
in prior years	35,452	(48,121)	-	=
Overprovision of deferred tax in				
prior years	(87,000)	(25,000)		(47,000)
Tax expense/(credit) for the year	824,256	(1,967,996)	-	(259,000)

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Deferred tax has not been recognised in respect of the following items due to uncertainty of their recoverability:

	Group		
	2021	2020	
	RM	RM	
Unutilised business losses			
- expiring in year of assessment 2026	177,000	-	
- expiring in year of assessment 2027	7,193,000	-	
- expiring in year of assessment 2028	2,647,000		
	10,017,000		

Effective from year of assessment 2019, the availability of unutilised business losses for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Company is limited to a maximum period of 7 consecutive years of assessment.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

9. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the parent for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	Group	
	2021	2020
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of parent for the year (RM)	31,033,785	(2,168,220)
Number of ordinary shares (unit)	62,752,144	63,102,577
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (sen)	49.5	(3.4)

(b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is the same as basic profit/(loss) per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold land RM	Buildings RM	Equipment RM	*Other assets RM	Total RM
Group					
Cost					
At 1 July 2019 Additions Exchange difference	297,961,049	5,153,678 1,784,422	1,722,872 144,200	1,642,818 232,637 105	306,480,417 2,161,259 105
At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 Additions Written off Disposal Exchange difference	297,961,049 - - (7,613,236)	6,938,100 967,295 - -	1,867,072 528,288 - -	1,875,560 63,055 (438,907) - 349	308,641,781 1,558,638 (438,907) (7,613,236) 349
At 30 June 2021	290,347,813	7,905,395	2,395,360	1,500,057	302,148,625
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 July 2019 Charge for the year (Note 6) Exchange difference	- - -	1,651,266 228,385	666,396 166,853	1,326,878 189,811 199	3,644,540 585,049 199
At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 Charge for the year (Note 6) Written off Exchange difference	- - - -	1,879,651 257,339	833,249 221,922	1,516,888 147,178 (438,906) 321	4,229,788 626,439 (438,906) 321
At 30 June 2021		2,136,990	1,055,171	1,225,481	4,417,642
Net carrying amount					
At 30 June 2020	297,961,049	5,058,449	1,033,823	358,672	304,411,993
At 30 June 2021	290,347,813	5,768,405	1,340,189	274,576	297,730,983

Other assets comprise furniture, fittings, computers, motor vehicles and tractors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

	Freehold land RM	Buildings RM	Equipment RM	*Other assets RM	Total RM
Company	242	21.72	242	24.72	24.7
Cost					
At 1 July 2019 Additions	195,827,453	1,616,414 85,000	506,431	962,226 189,069	198,912,524 274,069
At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 Additions Written off	195,827,453	1,701,414 55,000	506,431	1,151,295 37,338 (438,907)	199,186,593 92,338 (438,907)
At 30 June 2021	195,827,453	1,756,414	506,431	749,726	198,840,024
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 July 2019	-	986,082	371,855	845,030	2,202,967
Charge for the year (Note 6)		110,243	34,469	114,801	259,513
At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 Charge for the year	-	1,096,325	406,324	959,831	2,462,480
(Note 6) Written off	-	115,744	34,469	85,728 (438,906)	235,941 (438,906)
At 30 June 2021		1,212,069	440,793	606,653	2,259,515
Net carrying amount					
At 30 June 2020	195,827,453	605,089	100,107	191,464	196,724,113
At 30 June 2021	195,827,453	544,345	65,638	143,073	196,580,509

Other assets comprise furniture, fittings, computers, motor vehicles and tractors.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

(a) On 25 April 2021, Machang Land and District Office issued a formal notice to a subsidiary, Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad that 200.00 acres of freehold land held under titles GRN14740 is to be compulsorily acquired for a consideration of RM19,267,660.

Included in the above consideration is an amount of RM367,660 to be received for the bearer plants (Note 12) on the freehold land.

The compulsory acquisition of the land was completed during the year and the purchase consideration was received subsequent to the year end.

(b) Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company are the cost of the following fully depreciated assets which are still in use:

		Group		pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Buildings	1,100,127	1,084,126	614,986	598,986
Plant and machinery	179,569	176,139	161,739	161,739
Other assets	834,187	1,254,105	396,381	823,288
	2,113,883	2,514,370	1,173,106	1,584,013

11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The Group has entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement for the use of land. The lease expired on 31 March 2039.

The Group also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Group applies the 'short-term lease' recognition exemptions for these leases.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the year:

	Group RM
Cost	
As at 1 July 2019 Effect of MFRS 16 Lease adoption	3,229,925
As at 1 July 2019, 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2021	3,229,925
Accumulated depreciation	
As at 1 July 2019 Depreciation for the year (Note 6)	163,541
At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 Depreciation for the year (Note 6)	163,541 163,541
As at 30 June 2021	327,082
Net carrying amount at 30 June 2020	3,066,384
Net carrying amount at 30 June 2021	2,902,843

The details of lease liabilities in respect of right-of-use assets are disclosed in Note 23.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

12. BEARER PLANTS

	(Group	Co	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
At cost	RM	RM	RM	RM	
At beginning of year	43,285,667	41,909,654	5,253,865	4,696,761	
Additions	1,452,989	1,376,013	697,968	557,104	
Written off	(264,681)	-	-	-	
Disposal	(376,512)				
At end of year	44,097,463	43,285,667	5,951,833	5,253,865	
Accumulated depreciation					
At beginning of year	4,754,211	2,899,868	1,269,834	1,090,337	
Charge for the year (Note 6)	1,884,147	1,854,343	209,300	179,496	
Written off	(44,500)				
At end of year	6,593,858	4,754,211	1,479,134	1,269,834	
Net carrying amount	37,503,605	38,531,456	4,472,699	3,984,031	

Included in the bearer plants are immature bearer plants of the Group and of the Company with carrying amounts of RM2,744,187 (2020: RM2,490,168) and RM1,347,241 (2020: RM1,304,948) respectively.

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group	
	2021 RM	2020 RM
At beginning of year	61,299,417	66,428,782
Fair value gain/(loss)	4,947,175	(5,433,406)
Exchange differences	3,122,490	304,041
At end of year	69,369,082	61,299,417

Investment properties are stated at fair value, which has been determined based on valuations conducted by accredited independent valuers using the comparison method. The comparison method involves comparing and adopting recent transactions as a yardstick and sale evidences involving other similar properties in the vicinity. The Group has assessed that the highest and best use of its properties do not differ from their current use.

Details of significant unobservable valuation inputs for using the comparison method of valuation are disclosed in Note 32(b). Significant increases/(decreases) in estimated price per square feet in isolation would result in significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company		
	2021 RM	2020 RM	
	KIVI	KIVI	
Quoted shares, at cost	8,828,627	8,828,627	
Unquoted shares, at cost	26,784,005	26,784,005	
	35,612,632	35,612,632	
Fair value of quoted shares	146,619,270	118,487,132	

(a) Composition of the Group

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Principal place of Principal business activities		Proportion (%) of ownership interest	
Held by the Company:			2021	2020
Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad	Malaysia	Plantation owner and long term portfolio investor	43.40	43.40
Kuchai Development Berhad	Malaysia	Investment holding	45.25	45.25
Devon Worldwide Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	100	100
Held through Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad:				
Lanstar Assets Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	43.40	43.40
Springvale International Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	43.40	43.40

The following subsidiaries have non-controlling interests ("NCI") that are material to the Group:

Names of the subsidiaries	Proportion of ownership interest held by NCI		
	2021	2020	
Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad	56.60%	56.60%	
Kuchai Develpoment Berhad	54.75%	54.75%	

All subsidiaries are audited by Ernst & Young PLT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information about subsidiaries with material NCI

Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests are as follows:

Summarised statements of financial position			
	Sungei Bagan RM	Kuchai RM	Total RM
At 30 June 2021	KW	KW	KW
Non-current assets	483,537,566	287,307,592	770,845,158
Current assets	148,308,065	64,482,574	212,790,639
Total assets	631,845,631	351,790,166	983,635,797
Current liabilities	3,383,905	1,192,660	4,576,565
Non-current liabilities	12,326,155	452,000	12,778,155
Total liabilities	15,710,060	1,644,660	17,354,720
Equity	616,135,571	350,145,506	966,281,077
Equity attributable to NCI	348,732,733	191,704,665	540,437,398
Elimination adjustments	(808,741)	-	(808,741)
Other adjustments	(11,546,036)	(9,349,141)	(20,895,177)
Adjusted NCI	336,377,956	182,355,524	518,733,480
At 30 June 2020			
Non-current assets	452,969,989	258,217,317	711,187,306
Current assets	126,550,247	59,782,277	186,332,524
Total assets	579,520,236	317,999,594	897,519,830
Current liabilities	3,135,475	1,139,306	4,274,781
Non-current liabilities	12,166,505	459,000	12,625,505
Total liabilities	15,301,980	1,598,306	16,900,286
Equity	564,218,256	316,401,288	880,619,544
Equity attributable to NCI	319,347,533	173,229,705	492,577,238
Elimination adjustments	1,373,623	-	1,373,623
Other adjustments	(11,546,036)	(9,349,141)	(20,895,177)
Adjusted NCI	309,175,120	163,880,564	473,055,684

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information about subsidiaries with material NCI (cont'd)

Summarised statements of comprehensive income

	Sungei Bagan RM	Kuchai RM	Total RM
Year ended 30 June 2021		11.71	
Revenue	18,851,191	7,271,181	26,122,372
Profit for the year attributable to: - equity holders of the parent	18,975,273	4,015,284	22,990,557
- non-controlling interest	24,736,927	4,819,630	29,556,557
	43,712,200	8,834,914	52,547,114
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
equity holders of the parentnon-controlling interest	2,310,756 3,013,566	11,854,609 14,343,422	14,165,365 17,356,988
non tonuoming mortor	5,324,322	26,198,031	31,522,353
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
equity holders of the parentnon-controlling interest	21,286,029 27,750,493	15,869,893 19,163,052	37,155,922 46,913,545
	49,036,522	35,032,945	84,069,467
Dividends paid to NCI	547,656	688,093	1,235,749
Year ended 30 June 2020			
Revenue	14,086,067	7,573,707	21,659,774
(Loss)/Profit for the year attributable to:			
equity holders of the parentnon-controlling interest	(3,820,068) (4,991,561)	2,358,953 2,807,164	(1,461,115) (2,184,397)
non controlling interest			<u></u> -
Other comprehensive loss attributable to:	(8,811,629)	5,166,117	(3,645,512)
equity holders of the parentnon-controlling interest	(8,321,815) (10,852,875)	(23,941,914) (28,968,394)	(32,263,729) (39,821,269)
non controlling interest	(19,174,690)	(52,910,308)	(72,084,998)
Total communication long attributable to:			
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: - equity holders of the parent	(12,141,883)	(21,582,961)	(33,724,844)
- non-controlling interest	(15,844,436)	(26,161,230)	(42,005,666)
	(27,986,319)	(47,744,191)	(75,730,510)
Dividends paid to NCI	547,656	837,679	1,385,335

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information about subsidiaries with material NCI (cont'd)

Summarised cash flow information

	Sungei Bagan RM	Kuchai RM	Total RM
Year ended 30 June 2021			
Operating Investing Financing	(5,716,291) 65,247,022 (1,576,653)	(838,393) 6,370,873 (1,423,095)	(6,554,684) 71,617,895 (2,999,748)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	57,954,078	4,109,385	62,063,463
Year ended 30 June 2020			
Operating Investing Financing	(5,334,687) 3,730,705 (1,764,153)	(1,168,193) (8,106,992) (1,732,463)	(6,502,880) (4,376,287) (3,496,616)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	(3,368,135)	(11,007,648)	(14,375,783)

15. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

	Group		
	2021 RM	2020 RM	
Outside Malaysia:		24.12	
Unquoted shares, at cost	76,476,673	83,167,143	
Share of post-acquisition reserves and other			
adjustments	32,411,772	15,802,220	
	108,888,445	98,969,363	
	100,000,443		

	Country of	Principal	of ow inte	tion (%) nership rest*
Name of associates	incorporation	activities	2021	2020
Held through subsidiaries:				
Kuala Pergau Rubber Plantations PLC ("KP")	England	Plantation owner	25.00	25.00
Balland Properties Limited ("Balland")	Ireland	Investment holding	49.00	49.00
Raffles - Asia Investment Company ("RAIC")	Mauritius	Invest in a portfolio of securities	43.30	43.32

equals to the proportion of voting rights held.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

15. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

Summarised financial information of the associates is set out below:

(i) Summarised statements of financial position

As at 30 June 2021	KP RM	Balland RM	RAIC RM	Total RM
Current assets	825,282	163,562	243,454,004	244,442,848
Non-current assets	16,285,000	12,648,507	-	28,933,507
Current liabilities	(574,322)	(3,443,662)	(463,036)	(4,481,020)
Non-current liabilities	(1,842,530)	(954,730)	-	(2,797,260)
Equity	14,693,430	8,413,677	242,990,968	266,098,075
Proportion of Group's ownership	25.00%	49.00%	43.30%	
Total carrying amount of investment	3,673,358	4,122,702	105,215,087	113,011,147
Less: Reclassified to asset held	3,073,330	1,122,702	103,213,007	113,011,117
for sale (Note 21)		(4,122,702)		(4,122,702)
Equity attributable to the Group, representing carrying amount of				
investment	3,673,358		105,215,087	108,888,445
As at 30 June 2020				
Current assets	742,282	215,448	211,265,445	212,223,175
Non-current assets	16,285,000	12,317,099	-	28,602,099
Current liabilities	(563,694)	(3,215,865)	(937,433)	(4,716,992)
Non-current liabilities	(1,842,530)	(745,242)		(2,587,772)
Equity	14,621,058	8,571,440	210,328,012	233,520,510
Proportion of Group's ownership	25.00%	49.00%	43.32%	
Equity attributable to the Group, representing carrying amount of				
investment	3,655,265	4,200,006	91,114,092	98,969,363

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

15. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

(ii) Summarised statements of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2021	KP RM	Balland RM	RAIC RM	Total RM
Revenue	-	-	3,082,941	3,082,941
Other income	250,000	-	43,892,320	44,142,320
Other expenses	(94,274)	(689,421)	-	(783,695)
Other operating expenses	(13,354)	-	(4,266,654)	(4,280,008)
Income tax expense	(70,000)		(324,214)	(394,214)
Profit/(loss) net of tax, representing total comprehensive				
income/(loss) for the year	72,372	(689,421)	42,384,393	41,767,344
Proportion of Group's ownership	25.00%	49.00%	43.30%	
Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	18,093	(337,816)	18,352,442	18,032,719
Change in proportion of Group's ownership Adjustments to conform with	-	-	2,639	2,639
the accounting policies of the Group		216,380	<u>-</u>	216,380
Net Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss)				
for the year	18,093	(121,436)	18,355,081	18,251,738

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

15. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

(ii) Summarised statements of comprehensive income (cont'd)

For the year ended 30 June 2020	KP RM	Balland RM	RAIC RM	Total RM
Revenue	-	-	2,787,444	2,787,444
Other income	250,000	93,612	-	343,612
Other expenses	(84,970)	-	-	(84,970)
Other operating expenses	(10,370)	(445,838)	(7,793,696)	(8,249,904)
Income tax expense	(70,000)		(227,113)	(297,113)
Profit/(loss) net of tax, representing total comprehensive income/(loss)				
for the year	84,660	(352,226)	(5,233,365)	(5,500,931)
Proportion of Group's ownership	25.00%	49.00%	43.32%	
Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Change in proportion of Group's ownership	21,165	(172,591)	(2,267,094) (1,710)	(2,418,520) (1,710)
Adjustment to conform with the accounting policies of the Group		235,207	<u>-</u>	235,207
Net Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss)				
for the year	21,165	62,616	(2,268,804)	(2,185,023)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16. INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
Debt instruments-				
Bonds outside Malaysia	36,412,089	36,469,424		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:				
Quoted equity instruments-				
Shares outside Malaysia	330,237,388	295,756,783	<u>-</u>	2,271,547
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Debt instruments-				
Redeemable preference				
shares outside Malaysia	10,384,231	10,268,001	-	-
Other debt instruments	40.072.275	29 545 070		
outside Malaysia	49,073,375	38,545,070	-	-
	59,457,606	48,813,071		
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income: Investment in precious metal				
- gold bullion	29,441,732	30,465,022	<u>-</u>	3,408,293
Total investments	455,548,815	411,504,300	-	5,679,840

17. INVENTORIES

	G	Froup	Com	pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At cost:				
Spare parts, fertilizers and				
chemicals	66,826	29,442	7,621	4,343

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

(INCORPORATED IN MACATSIA)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

18. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At fair value:				
At beginning of year	360,689	230,235	139,123	95,882
Changes in fair value	465,971	130,454	61,559	43,241
At end of year	826,660	360,689	200,682	139,123

The biological assets of the Group and Company comprise fresh fruit bunches ("FFB") prior to harvest. Fair value is determined based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the sale of FFB, which takes into consideration the market price of FFB, adjusted for estimated oil content of the unharvested FFB, less harvesting costs, transportation fees and other costs to sell.

The Group and Company have assumed that net cash flows to be generated from unripe FFB beyond 14 days from harvest are negligible. The other key assumptions used to determine the fair value are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
FFB expected to be harvested				
(MT)	1,408	1,126	282	345
Average FFB selling price				
(RM/MT)	724	475	799	472

The fair value measurement of the Group's and the Company's biological assets are categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. A reasonable change in the key assumptions would not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		C	ompany
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Trade receivables - third parties	1,487,040	825,578	339,689	130,906
Other receivables				
Deposits	524,950	529,946	19,298	19,298
Sundry receivables	19,911,632	1,247,323	97,697	113,848
	20,436,582	1,777,269	116,995	133,146
Total trade and other receivables Add: Cash and bank balances	21,923,622	2,602,847	456,684	264,052
(Note 20)	237,235,219	228,062,868	29,511,376	23,771,919
Total financial assets at				
amortised cost	259,158,841	230,665,715	29,968,060	24,035,971

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 15 to 30 days (2020: 15 to 30 days) terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

None of the Group's and Company's trade and other receivables are past due or impaired.

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group and the Company.

None of these balances have been renegotiated during the financial year.

20. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		C	ompany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash on hand and at banks				
- in Malaysia	12,455,066	9,083,477	4,716,325	3,143,073
- outside Malaysia	161,599,875	97,779,440	8,024,195	5,056,846
Short-term deposits with				
licensed banks				
- in Malaysia	11,154,610	11,433,601	10,437,029	9,315,240
- outside Malaysia	52,025,668	109,766,350	6,333,827	6,256,760
Cash and bank balances	237,235,219	228,062,868	29,511,376	23,771,919

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following at the reporting date:

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Cash and bank balances Less: Short-term deposits with maturities exceeding	237,235,219	228,062,868	29,511,376	23,771,919
90 days	(61,897,048)	(118,515,055)	(15,487,626)	(14,308,840)
Cash and cash equivalents	175,338,171	109,547,813	14,023,750	9,463,079

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

20. CASH AND BANK BALANCES (cont'd)

The weighted average interest rates of deposits at the reporting date were as follows:

	Interest rate (% per annum)			
	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
In Malaysia	1.76 - 2.00	1.60 - 3.00	1.76	2.43
Outside Malaysia	0.19 - 0.22	0.90 - 1.33	0.22	0.90

The average remaining maturity days of deposits at the reporting date were as follows:

	Maturity (days)			
	Group			Company
	2021	2020	2021	2020
In Malaysia	7 - 157	7 - 198	157	198
Outside Malaysia	6 - 7	3 - 11	6	11

21. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

On 7 May 2021, the Group entered into a conditional agreement ("Agreement") with a director's related company, The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited ("Nyalas") for the proposed exchange by the Group of its entire 49% equity interest in Balland Properties Limited ("Balland") held by its subsidiary, Springvale International Limited and its 3.04% equity interest in Kuchai Development Berhad ("KDB") to Nyalas in exchange for 100% equity interest in Torbridge Holdings Limited ("Torbridge") held by Nyalas. The proposed exchange was approved by the shareholders of the Company at an extraordinary general meeting on 5 October 2021 and is expected to be completed by the end of year 2021.

As at 30 June 2021, these investments have been presented on the statements of financial position as assets held for sale in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 5.

Group	p
2021	2020
$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{M}$	RM
Investment in associate (Note 15) 4,122,702	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Current				
Trade payables	1,629,611	1,833,967	321,479	91,762
Other payables:				
Accruals	2,223,313	1,889,140	622,378	688,582
Sundry payables	844,637	749,758	118,841	86,384
Due to a director's related				
company	1,149,412	688,759	492,605	294,393
	4,217,362	3,327,657	1,233,824	1,069,359
	5,846,973	5,161,624	1,555,303	1,161,121
Non-current				
Provision for ex-gratia	488,320	798,545	324,019	287,761
Total trade and other payables	6,335,293	5,960,169	1,879,322	1,448,882
Less: Provision	(488,320)	(798,545)	(324,019)	(287,761)
Add: Lease liabilities (Note 23)	2,839,130	2,943,653		
Total financial liabilities at				
amortised cost	8,686,103	8,105,277	1,555,303	1,161,121

(a) Trade payables

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and the normal trade credit terms granted to the Group and the Company range from 30 days to 90 days (2020: 30 days to 90 days).

(b) Amounts due to director's related companies

Amounts due to a director's related company represent non-trade amounts due to company in which a director Lee Chung-Shih Justin has interest. These amounts unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

(c) Sundry payables

Sundry payables are normally settled on an average term of three months (2020: three months).

(d) Provision for ex-gratia

These are payable upon retirement of eligible employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

LEASE LIABILITIES 23.

More than 5 years

The Group has entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement for the use of land, which is recognised as right-of-use assets as disclosed in Note 11.

as right-or-use assets as disclosed in Note 11.	Group	
	2021 RM	2020 RM
Current Lease liabilities (Note 31(a))	109,761	104,523
Non-current Lease liabilities (Note 31(a))	2,729,369	2,839,130
Total lease liabilities (Note 22)	2,839,130	2,943,653
The remaining maturities of the lease liabilities are as follows:		C
	2021	Group
	2021 RM	2020 RM
Within one year	109,761	104,523
More than 1 year and less than 2 years	115,262	109,761
More than 2 years and less than 5 years	381,617	363,405

2,232,490

2,839,130

2,365,964

2,943,653

At the reporting date, the interest rate of the lease liabilities was 4.9% (2020: 4.9%).

The movement of lease liabilities during the financial year is as follows:

e e e	Group	
	2021 RM	2020 RM
At 1 July	2,943,653	-
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16 Leases	-	3,229,925
Interest charged on lease liabilities (Note 6)	145,477	151,228
Payments of:		
- Principal	(104,523)	(286,272)
- Interest	(145,477)	(151,228)
At 30 June	2,839,130	2,943,653

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Group		C	ompany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At beginning of year	(28,824,000)	(31,014,000)	(19,618,000)	(19,877,000)
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 8)	(612,000)	2,190,000	<u> </u>	259,000
At end of year	(29,436,000)	(28,824,000)	(19,618,000)	(19,618,000)
Analysed as follows:				
Deferred tax assets	9,846,000	11,161,000	978,000	841,000
Deferred tax liabilities	(39,282,000)	(39,985,000)	(20,596,000)	(20,459,000)
	(29,436,000)	(28,824,000)	(19,618,000)	(19,618,000)

The components and movements of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

Deferred tax assets of the Group

		Unabsorbed capital	Unabsorbed business		
	Provisions	allowances	losses	Total	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
At 1 July 2019	252,000	6,278,000	2,340,000	8,870,000	
Recognised in profit or loss	35,000	(946,000)	3,202,000	2,291,000	
At 30 June 2020/1 July 2020	287,000	5,332,000	5,542,000	11,161,000	
Recognised in profit or loss	(44,000)	339,000	(1,610,000)	(1,315,000)	
At 30 June 2021	243,000	5,671,000	3,932,000	9,846,000	

Deferred tax liabilities of the Group

	Property, plant and equipment RM	Bearer plants RM	Freehold estate land RM	Total RM
At 1 July 2019	(1,190,000)	(8,931,000)	(29,763,000)	(39,884,000) (101,000)
Recognised in profit or loss	204,000	(316,000)	11,000	
At 30 June 2020/1 July 2020	(986,000)	(9,247,000)	(29,752,000)	(39,985,000) 703,000
Recognised in profit or loss	(305,000)	247,000	761,000	
At 30 June 2021	(1,291,000)	(9,000,000)	(28,991,000)	(39,282,000)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets of the Company

	Provisions RM	Unabsorbed capital allowances RM	Unabsorbed business losses RM	Total RM
At 1 July 2019 Recognised in profit or loss	94,000 6,000	48,000 66,000	339,000 288,000	481,000 360,000
	100,000	<u> </u>		
At 30 June 2020/1 July 2020	100,000	114,000	627,000	841,000
Recognised in profit or loss	18,000	49,000	70,000	137,000
At 30 June 2021	118,000	163,000	697,000	978,000

Deferred tax liabilities of the Company

	Property, plant and equipment RM	Bearer plants RM	Freehold estate land RM	Total RM
At 1 July 2019 Recognised in profit or loss	(84,000) (11,000)	(866,000) (90,000)	(19,408,000)	(20,358,000) (101,000)
At 30 June 2020/1 July 2020 Recognised in profit or loss	(95,000) (20,000)	(956,000) (117,000)	(19,408,000)	(20,459,000) (137,000)
At 30 June 2021	(115,000)	(1,073,000)	(19,408,000)	(20,596,000)

25. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss (Note 5) Retirement benefits paid	85,977 5,759 (4,075)	61,529 24,448	16,386 4,790	4,674 11,712
At end of year	87,661	85,977	21,176	16,386

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

26. SHARE CAPITAL

(a)	Share	capital
14	Juaic	capita

(a) Share capital	Number of o	Number of ordinary shares		mount
	2021	2020	2021 RM	2020 RM
Group and Company				
Issued and fully paid	63,171,977	63,171,977	68,387,724	68,387,724

(b) Treasury shares

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company. The amount consists of the acquisition costs of treasury shares net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance.

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020, the shareholders of the Company approved the renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

During the financial year, the Company purchased a total of 296,300 (2020: 208,200) ordinary shares of its issued share capital from the open market. The total consideration paid for the purchase, including transaction costs, was RM996,381 (2020: RM701,336) and was financed by internally generated funds. The purchased shares are held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 127(4) of the Companies Act 2016. There was no cancellation, resale or reissuance of treasury shares during the financial year. The Company has the right to reissue these shares at a later date. As treasury shares, the rights attached as to voting, dividends and participation in other distributions are suspended.

Movements in the treasury shares are as follows:

	Number of shares	Amount RM	Average cost per share RM
At 1 July 2019	-	-	-
Shares purchased during the financial year	208,200	701,336	3.3686
At 1 July 2020	208,200	701,336	3.3686
Shares purchased during the financial year	296,300	996,381	3.3627
At 1 July 2021	504,500	1,697,717	3.3651

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(INCOM OTATES IN MACKISIA)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

27. RESERVES

			Group	C	ompany
	Note	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM
Capital reserve Fair value reserve Foreign currency	(a) (b)	196,346,647 119,352,484	199,620,666 107,691,861	135,969,305	135,969,305 3,406,676
translation reserve	(c)	63,523,219 379,222,350	<u>68,293,145</u> <u>375,605,672</u>	135,969,305	139,375,981

The components and movements of reserves are disclosed in the statements of changes in equity.

- (a) Capital reserve was created for the purpose of future acquisition of property and investment. It consists of the gain from the disposal of properties and long term investments. It also includes the difference between deemed cost (based on a valuation as at 30 June 2015) and historical cost of the freehold land which arose from the adoption of the deemed cost exemption under MFRS 1.
- (b) Fair value reserve represents net gains or losses from the fair value adjustments of investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (c) The foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of entities whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

28. RETAINED EARNINGS

The entire retained earnings of the Company as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 may be distributed as dividends under the single tier system.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

29. DIVIDENDS

	A	mount	Net dividends per share	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM	RM	Sen	Sen
First and final				
Tax exempt (single-tier),				
on 63,171,977 ordinary shares,				
declared on 8 October 2019,				
paid on 6 January 2020	-	631,720	-	1.00
Tax exempt single-tier, on 62,761,477 ordinary shares, declared on 8 October 2020, paid on 8 January 2021	627,615	-	1.00	-
Special				
Tax exempt single-tier, on 63,171,977 ordinary shares, declared on 8 October 2019,				
paid on 6 January 2020		3,158,599		5.00
Total cash dividends	627,615	3,790,319	1.00	6.00

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, the following dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 30 June 2021 on 62,667,477 ordinary shares, will be proposed for shareholders' approval.

	Amount RM	Net dividend per share Sen
First and final tax exempt single-tier dividend	626,675	1.00
Bonus Tax exempt (single-tier) dividend	1,347,351	2.15

The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. The dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 June 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

30. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

		Group		Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
With companies, in which a director, Lee Chung-Shih Justin, has an interest:						
Rental income from						
Ice Cold Beer Pte. Ltd.	876,361	869,612	-	-		
Rental expense payable to						
Kluang Estates (1977) Sdn. Bhd.	180,000	150,000	60,000	50,000		
Administration and support services payable to The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited	2,253,677	1,770,767	965,821	758,900		
radoci Estates Emitou	2,200,077	1,770,707	705,021	750,500		
Administration and support services payable to Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited	705,590	454,427	226,950	142,582		
Land lease rental payable to Kuala Pergau Rubber						
Plantations Plc	250,000	250,000				

The directors are of the opinion that all the transactions above have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are mutually agreed upon.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

COMMITMENTS 31.

(a) Lease commitments in respect of right-of-use assets

The Group has entered into lease arrangements for the use of land. The Group has recognised the rightof-use assets (Note 11) with related lease liabilities (Note 23).

Future minimum lease payments of right-of-use assets together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments are as follows:

rease payments are as ronows.	Group	
	2021 RM	2020 RM
Minimum lease payments:		
Not later than 1 year	250,000	250,000
Later than 1 year but not later than 2 years	250,000	250,000
Later than 2 year but not later than 5 years	750,000	750,000
Later than 5 years	3,000,000	3,250,000
Total minimum lease payments	4,250,000	4,500,000
Less: Amounts representing finance charges	(1,410,870)	(1,556,347)
Present value of minimum lease payments	2,839,130	2,943,653
Present value of payments:		
Not later than 1 year	109,761	104,523
Later than 1 year but not later than 2 years	115,262	109,761
Later than 2 year but not later than 5 years	381,617	363,405
Later than 5 years	2,232,490	2,365,964
Present value of minimum lease payments	2,839,130	2,943,653
Less: Amount due within 12 months (Note 23)	(109,761)	(104,523)
Amount due after 12 months (Note 23)	2,729,369	2,839,130

(b) Operating lease commitment - as lessor

The Group has entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement on its investment property. The lease has a remaining non-cancellable lease term of 18 to 36 months. The lease includes a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charges on an annual basis based on prevailing market conditions.

The future minimum lease payments receivable under the non-cancellable operating lease contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as receivables are as follows:

	Group		
	2021 RM	2020 RM	
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,654,156 1,860,428	1,178,880 1,438,992	
	3,514,584	2,617,872	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

31. COMMITMENTS (cont'd)

(c) Operating lease commitment - as lessee

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are as follow:

	(Group		Company	
	2021	21 2020	2021	2020	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Not later than 1 year	108,000	180,000	36,000	60,000	

The Group and the Company have entered into non-cancellable operating leases contracted for lease of properties which are not accounted for in accordance with MFRS 16 as they are short-term leases with lease terms that end within 12 months of the date of initial application.

32. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

(a) Fair value measurement hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's and Company's assets:

Group	Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) RM	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RM	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RM	Total RM
At 30 June 2021				
Assets measured at fair value				
Quoted equity instruments	330,237,388	-	-	330,237,388
Unquoted debt instruments	-	59,457,606	-	59,457,606
Investment in precious metal				
- gold bullion	29,441,732	-	-	29,441,732
Investment properties	-	-	69,369,082	69,369,082
Biological assets	<u> </u>		826,660	826,660
	359,679,120	59,457,606	70,195,742	489,332,468

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

31. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont'd)

(a) Fair value measurement hierarchy (cont'd)

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's and Company's assets: (cont'd)

Group	Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) RM	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RM	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RM	Total RM
Group	KWI	KIVI	KWI	KWI
At 30 June 2020				
Assets measured at fair value				
Quoted equity instruments	295,756,783	-	-	295,756,783
Unquoted debt instruments	-	48,813,071	-	48,813,071
Investment in precious metal - gold bullion	30,465,022	_	_	30,465,022
Investment properties	-	-	61,299,417	61,299,417
Biological assets			360,689	360,689
	326,221,805	48,813,071	61,660,106	436,694,982
Company				
At 30 June 2021				
Assets measured at fair value				
Biological assets	-	-	200,682	200,682
At 30 June 2020				
Assets measured at fair value				
Quoted equity instruments	2,271,547	-	-	2,271,547
Investment in precious metal	2 400 202			2 400 202
- gold bullion Biological assets	3,408,293	-	139,123	3,408,293 139,123
Diological assets				
	5,679,840	-	139,123	5,818,963

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, there were no transfers between the various levels of the fair value measurement hierarhy.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

32. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont'd)

(b) Level 3 fair value measurement

(i) Information about significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements:

Description	Fair value RM	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range (adjusted RM/psf)
As at 30 June 2021				
Investment properties - Residential	36,649,478	Comparable	Yield	8,623 to 10,856
- Commercial Freehold land	28,409,603	approach	adjustments based on	11,123 to 11,574 12.99 to 16.00
- agricultural	4,310,001		assumptions*	
Total investment properties	69,369,082			
As at 30 June 2020				
Investment properties				
- Residential	32,372,413	Comparable	Yield	8,474 to 10,757
- Commercial	24,552,003	approach	adjustments	9,078 to 9,302
Freehold land - agricultural	4,375,001		based on assumptions*	12.99 to 16.00
- agricultural	4,373,001		assumptions	
Total investment				
properties	61,299,417			

^{*} The yield adjustments are made for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific property.

Information about significant observable inputs used in fair value measurements of biological assets are disclosed in Note 18.

(ii) Valuation policies and procedures

Significant increases/(decreases) in estimated price per square metre in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value on a linear basis.

For all significant financial reporting valuations using valuation models and significant unobservable inputs, it is the Group's policy to engage external valuation experts who possess the relevant credentials and knowledge on the subject of valuation, valuation methodologies and MFRS 13 fair value measurement guidance to perform the valuation.

For valuations performed by external valuation experts, the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies and assumptions adopted are reviewed along with the appropriateness and reliability of the inputs used in the valuations.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

32. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont'd)

(b) Level 3 fair value measurement (cont'd)

(iii) Valuation policies and procedures (cont'd)

In selecting the appropriate valuation models and inputs to be adopted for each valuation that uses significant non-observable inputs, external valuation experts are requested to calibrate the valuation models and inputs to actual market transactions that are relevant to the valuation if such information are reasonably available. For valuations that are sensitive to the unobservable inputs used, external valuation experts are required, to the extent practicable to use a minimum of two valuation approaches to allow for cross- checks.

Significant changes in fair value measurements from period to period are evaluated for reasonableness. Key drivers of the changes are identified and assessed for reasonableness against relevant information from independent sources, or internal sources if necessary and appropriate.

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value:

Note

Investment in bonds	16
Trade and other receivables	19
Cash and bank balances	20
Trade and other payables	22
Lease liabilities	23

The carrying amounts of the current portions of financial assets and liabilities of the Group and of the Company at the reporting date approximate fair values due to the relatively short- term maturity of the financial instruments.

(d) Determination of fair values

Quoted equity instruments

Fair value is determined directly by reference to their published market bid price at the reporting date.

Precious metal

Fair value of precious metal is determined by reference to its average bid spot price at the reporting date.

Unquoted debt instruments

The debt instruments have been valued using the net assets value attributable to each share.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and market price risk.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the management.

It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that no derivatives shall be undertaken. The Group and the Company do not apply hedge accounting.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and the Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arise primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including investment securities and cash and bank balances), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group and the Company trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis to minimise the Group's exposure to bad debts.

Exposure to credit risk

At the reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

Information regarding credit enhancements for trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 19.

Credit risk concentration profile

At the reporting date, the Group and the Company have a significant concentration of credit risk as 100% (2020: 100%) of their trade receivables are due from 2 debtors (2020: 2 debtors) and a single debtor (2020: 1 debtor) respectively.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 19.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's and the Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through diverse sources of committed and uncommitted credit facilities from various banks.

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group and the Company monitors and maintains a level of cash and bank balances deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's and the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

Group	On demand or within one year RM	Two to five years RM	Over five years RM	Total RM
Financial liabilities				
2021				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	5,846,973 250,000	488,320 1,000,000	3,000,000	6,335,293 4,250,000
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	6,096,973	1,488,320	3,000,000	10,585,293
2020				
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	5,161,624 250,000	798,545 1,000,000	3,250,000	5,960,169 4,500,000
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	5,411,624	1,798,545	3,250,000	10,460,169
Company				
2021				
Trade and other payables, representing total undiscounted financial liabilities	1,555,303	324,019	-	1,879,322
2020				
Trade and other payables, representing total undiscounted financial liabilities	1,161,121	287,761	_	1,448,882
naviitues				

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from its investments and short term deposits with licensed banks that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group's entities, primarily in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), United States Dollar ("USD") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"). The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly RM, SGD and British Pound Sterling ("GBP").

The Group also holds cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies. At the reporting date, such foreign currency balances amounted to RM213,625,543 (2020: RM207,545,790) respectively.

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit/(loss) before tax to a reasonably possible change in the SGD, GBP, USD and RM exchange rates against the respective functional currencies of the Group entities, with all other variables held constant.

2021

RM

2020

RM

		Increase/(decrease) in profit before tax		
SGD/RM	- Strengthened 5%	1,335,000	1,141,000	
	- Weakened 5%	(1,335,000)	(1,141,000)	
SGD/USD	- Strengthened 5%	6,799,000	6,773,000	
	- Weakened 5%	(6,799,000)	(6,773,000)	
GBP/USD	- Strengthened 5%	1,869,000	1,654,000	
	- Weakened 5%	(1,869,000)	(1,654,000)	
RM/SGD	- Strengthened 5%	1,000	101,000	
	- Weakened 5%	(1,000)	(101,000)	

(d) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments and investments will fluctuate because of changes in market price (other than interest or exchange rate).

The Group and the Company are exposed to market price risk arising from its investments in quoted equity instruments quoted on SGX-ST in Singapore and gold bullion in Australia.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(d) Market price risk (cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis for market price risk

At the reporting date, if the Straits Times Index in Singapore and the precious metal price in Australia were to fluctuate by 5% respectively with all other variables held constant, the effects on other comprehensive income for the Group and the Company would have been as follows:

		Increase/(decre	ase) in profit or los	SS	
		Group	Co	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Quoted shares in Singapore					
- increased by 5%	16,512,000	14,788,000	-	114,000	
- decreased by 5%	(16,512,000)	(14,788,000)	-	(114,000)	
Precious metal					
- increased by 5%	1,472,000	1,523,000	-	170,000	
- decreased by 5%	(1,472,000)	(1,523,000)	-	(170,000)	

34. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group regards total equity as its capital. Gearing ratios are not presented as the Group does not have bank borrowings and its cash balances exceed its total financial liabilities.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

35. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their sources of income, and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) Plantation cultivation of oil palm
- (ii) Investments long term portfolio investment in securities, deposits with banks and investment properties

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss. Group income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

	P	Plantation Inve		vestments		Consolidated	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM	
Revenue							
External	20,119,055	11,718,987	11,555,093	14,191,621	31,674,148	25,910,608	
Result							
Segment results Foreign exchange	13,528,650	(3,681,180)	30,680,993	11,236,750	44,209,643	7,555,570	
(loss)/gain	(10,011)	(1,541)	8,887,467	(5,181,661)	8,877,456	(5,183,202)	
Unallocated corporate expenses					(9,924,239)	(6,507,958)	
Profit/(loss) from operations Share of results of					43,162,860	(4,135,590)	
associates Income tax	-	-	18,251,738	(2,185,023)	18,251,738	(2,185,023)	
(expense)/ credit					(824,256)	1,967,996	
Profit/(loss) net of tax					60,590,342	(4,352,617)	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

35. SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

(a) Business segments (cont'd)

		Plantation	Inv	vestments	Co	nsolidated	
	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM	2021 RM	2020 RM	
Assets							
Segment assets Investments in associates Unallocated	395,569,275	373,044,928	728,205,312 113,011,147	677,317,749 98,969,363	1,123,774,587 113,011,147	1,050,362,677 98,969,363	
assets					413,369	646,410	
Consolidated total assets					1,237,199,103	1,149,978,450	
Liabilities							
Segment liabilities Unallocated	34,090,354	33,113,775	1,212,652	990,341	35,303,006	34,104,116	
liabilities					3,603,357	3,899,224	
041					38,906,363	38,003,340	
Other information							
Depreciation Fair value (gain)/loss on	626,439	585,049	-	-	626,439	585,049	
investment properties Fair value	-	-	(4,947,175)	5,433,406	(4,947,175)	5,433,406	
gain on investment Realised foreign	-	-	(11,948,639)	(5,732,549)	(11,948,639)	(5,732,549)	
exchange loss/(gain) Unrealised foreign	10,011	1,540	(623)	(1,785)	9,388	(245)	
exchange loss/(gain) Gain on disposal of	-	26,685	(8,886,844)	5,156,762	(8,886,844)	5,183,447	
available-for-s financial assets Gain on compulsory		-	-	-	(3,696,898)	-	
acquisition of land	(11,286,764)	-	-	-	(11,286,764)	-	
Bearer plant written off	220,181	-	-	-	220,181	-	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

35. SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

(b) Geographical segments

The Group's plantation activity is mainly in Malaysia whilst the investment activities are in six geographical areas of the world.

Tota	l revenue	Seg	ment assets
2020	2019	2020	2019
RM	RM	RM	RM
20,398,655	12,229,445	415,048,104	395,892,725
11,009,540	13,017,380	567,749,133	527,823,859
-	-	16,144	601,496
265,953	663,783	45,380,630	40,962,153
-	-	139,271,514	99,469,345
-	-	50,461,258	46,683,802
		19,272,320	38,545,070
31,674,148	25,910,608	1,237,199,103	1,149,978,450
	2020 RM 20,398,655 11,009,540 - 265,953	RM RM 20,398,655 11,009,540 13,017,380	2020 RM RM RM 2020 RM RM RM 20398,655 12,229,445 415,048,104 11,009,540 13,017,380 567,749,133 - 16,144 265,953 663,783 45,380,630 - 139,271,514 - 50,461,258 - 19,272,320

36. IMPACT OF THE CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) OUTBREAK

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a worldwide pandemic. This pandemic has resulted in countries around the world including Malaysia implementing immediate preventive measures to control and minimize the spread of the virus. Some of the measures taken include temporary closure of businesses, issuance of movement control order within the country, prohibition of crowd gathering and travel bans. This has led to operational disruptions to businesses.

The Company has activated its business continuity plan to ensure minimal disruption to its daily operations during this period and the Company has also implemented additional precautionary measures to control and contain the spread of the virus. The impact of COVID-19 has been considered in the impairment assessment of the non-financial assets and provision for doubtful debts on trade receivable.

37. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 8 October 2021.

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THREE YEARS COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Year ended 30 June	2019	2020	2021
FFB Production - Kluang Estate (MT)	9,453	8,309	7,845
Mature Acre (30 June) - Kluang Estate (Acre)	1,363	1,361	1,241
Immature Acre (30 June) - Kluang Estate (Acre)	211	213	333
FFB Yield (MT/Hectare) - Kluang Estate (MT/Hectare)	17	15	16

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STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDINGS

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 1 OCTOBER 2020

Total number of issued shares : 62,622,877 (excluding treasury shares of 549,100)

Class of Shares : Ordinary Shares

Voting Rights : One vote per ordinary share

No. of Shareholders : 4,003

DISTIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Range of Shares	No. of shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage (%)
Less than 100	1,517	61,723	0.10
100 to 1,000	1,225	410,358	0.66
1,001 to 10,000	94	2,919,316	4.66
10,001 to 100,000	270	8,055,526	12.86
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	45	16,123,939	25.75
5% and above of issued shares	2	35,052,015	55.97
Total	4,003	62,622,877	100.00

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name of shareholders	Number of shares	Percentage %
1.	THE NYALAS RUBBER ESTATES LIMITED	27,596,561	44.07
2.	CITIGROUP NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED (CLIENT A/C-NR)	7,455,454	11.91
3.	UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS)	2,465,210	3.94
4.	KEY DEVELOPMENT SDN BERHAD	1,792,395	2.86
5.	UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LID (A/C CLIENTS)	1,067,063	1.70
6.	AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD LIM & TAN SECURITIES PTE LTD FOR CHONG YONG WAH	806,551	1.29
7.	KEY DEVELOPMENT SDN BERHAD	693,324	1.11
8.	LEONG KOK TAI	634,145	1.01
9.	AMSEC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD KGI SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD FOR LEE THOR SENG (1635)	535,785	0.86
10.	YEOW TENG TAK	529,687	0.85

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STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDINGS (cont'd)

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (cont'd)

No.	Name of shareholders	Number of shares	Percentage %
11.	CHONG YEAN FONG	498,439	0.80
12.	WONG PENG YAN BENJAMIN @ PENG YAN WONG	469,048	0.75
13.	YEOW WEE HONG	449,928	0.72
14.	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR CHIN KIAM HSUNG	417,716	0.67
15.	BEH HAN KIM	301,875	0.48
16.	HLB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TEO MENG HAI	300,579	0.48
17.	CHAN KIM SENDIRIAN BERHAD	288,542	0.46
18.	LOH KAH WAI	278,488	0.44
19.	RHB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR LOH KAH WAI	274,458	0.44
20.	GAN TONG HONG	250,103	0.40
21.	PM NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD MALPAC MANAGEMENT SDN BHD FOR OH KIM HOE	245,655	0.39
22.	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR-CREDIT SUISSE (SG-BR-TST-ASING)	209,375	0.33
23.	CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD (RETAIL CLIENTS)	200,324	0.32
24.	YEO KHEE HUAT	194,796	0.31
25.	CHIN KHEE KONG & SONS SENDIRIAN BERHAD	191,737	0.31
26.	YEO POH NOI CAROLINE	186,099	0.30
27.	AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (ASING) SDN. BHD. DBS VICKERS SECS (S) PTE LTD FOR KHOO HYE TIN	184,032	0.29
28.	LOH KAH WAI	182,054	0.29
29.	LAI PHIN KHONG	167,495	0.27
30.	CHIN KIAN FONG	163,092	0.26

LIST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

	Interest in Shares				
Name of Substantial Shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%	
The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited	27,596,561	44.07	202,329 ^(a)	0.32	
Lee Thor Seng	535,785	0.86	27,798,890 ^(b)	44.39	
Lee Chung-Shih Justin	39,108	0.06	27,798,890 ^(b)	44.39	
Lee Yung-Shih Colin	35,187	0.06	27,798,890 ^(b)	44.39	

Notes:

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN SHARES

		Interest in Shares					
No	. Name of Directors	Direct	%	Indirect	%		
1.	Lee Chung-Shih Justin	39,108	0.06	27,798,890 ^(a)	44.39		
2.	Chew Khat Khiam Albert	-	-	-	-		
3.	Tay Beng Chai	-	-	-	-		
4.	Wun Mow Sang	-	-	-	-		
5.	Cheong Mun Hong	-	-	-	-		
6.	Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah	-	-	-	-		

Note:

Deemed interested by virtue of its substantial interest in Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

Deemed interested by virtue of their substantial interest in The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited and Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

Deemed interested by virtue of his substantial interest in The Nyalas Rubber Estates Limited and Estate & Trust Agencies (1927) Limited.

LIST OF PROPERTIES

The details of landed properties owned by the Company as at 30 June 2021 are as follows:

Location	Description	Tenure	Land Area	Term	Net Carrying Amount/ Fair Value (RM)	Acquisition(A)/ Revaluation(R) Date
Lot 838, 1219 and 2723 District of Kluang, Johor	Oil palm	Freehold	1, 597 acres	-	195,827,453	1 January 2015 (R)

PLANTED AREA AGE PROFILE

The Age Profile of the Company's Planted Area as at 30 June 2021 are as follows:

Kluang Estate	%
Tall [≥20]	0%
Prime [7 – 19]	63%
Young [4 – 6]	11%
Immature [0 – 3]	26%
TOTAL [1,574]	100%

	0 D W		No. of Sha				
PROXY F	0 R M		CDS Acco	unt No.			
We			,				
		(Full name in Block Lett	ers)		(*NRIC No.	/Passport No./Comp	pany Registration N
							(Addres
			nd				mail address/Tel. No
eing a *Member/Member	rs of Kluang R	UBBER COMPANY (MALAY	A) BERHAD (the "Comp	any"), herek	by appoint t	the followin
erson(s):							
Name of Proxy		*NRIC No./Passport No.	Email/Co	ntact No.		No. of Share represented	
 1.						Toprodontod	ГБУТТОЛУ
2.							
		eeting as my/our proxy to v npany, to be conducted fully					
		in Registration No. with MYNI					
nd at any adjournment the	ereof.						
My/our proxy(ies) *is/are to	o vote as indicate	d by an 'X' in the appropriate	spaces below	or abstain a	as he/she/the	ey may think	c fit: -
				FIRS	T PROXY	SECOND	PROXY
NO.	RESOLUTION			FOR	AGAINST	FOR	AGAINST
	ORDINARY BU	ISINESS					
Ordinary Resolution 1	and Final Divide	approve the payment of Singend of 1 sen per ordinary shar year ended 30 June 2021					
Ordinary Resolution 2		approve the payment of Single 5 sen per ordinary share in re					
		nded 30 June 2021	Spoot of the				
Ordinary Resolution 3	financial year e To approve the benefits not ex		and other 1 July 2021				
Ordinary Resolution 3 Ordinary Resolution 4	financial year e To approve the benefits not ex until the conclu	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from	and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022				
·	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclu	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h	s and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022 rector				
Ordinary Resolution 4	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclusion To re-elect Mr	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di	s and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022 rector				
Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclutor To re-elect Mr To re-elect Mr To re-elect Mr	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di Cheong Mun Hong as Director	s and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022 rector				
Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5 Ordinary Resolution 6	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclusion To re-elect Mr. Re-appointmer	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di Cheong Mun Hong as Director Wun Mow Sang as Director	s and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022 rector as Director as Auditors				
Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5 Ordinary Resolution 6 Ordinary Resolution 7	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclusion. To re-elect Mr. Re-appointmen of the Compan.	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di Cheong Mun Hong as Director Wun Mow Sang as Director Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah at of Messrs Ernst & Young PLT by and authorise the Directors	s and other 1 July 2021 eld in 2022 rector as Director as Auditors				
Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5 Ordinary Resolution 6 Ordinary Resolution 7	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclusion of the conclusion of the Companies of th	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di Cheong Mun Hong as Director Wun Mow Sang as Director Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah at of Messrs Ernst & Young PLT by and authorise the Directors	as Director as Auditors to fix their				
Ordinary Resolution 4 Ordinary Resolution 5 Ordinary Resolution 6 Ordinary Resolution 7 Ordinary Resolution 8	To approve the benefits not exuntil the conclusions of the conclusions of the conclusions of the Companiem o	e payment of Directors' fees ceeding of RM500,000 from usion of the next AGM to be h Chew Khat Khiam Albert as Di Cheong Mun Hong as Director Wun Mow Sang as Director Mugana Kerisnan A/L Karpiah at of Messrs Ernst & Young PLT by and authorise the Directors INESS of and Issue Shares by Director wal of Shareholders' Mandat	as Director as Director as Auditors to fix their				

Signature of Shareholder *Strike out whichever is not applicable. Common Seal is to be affixed here if Shareholder is a Corporation

Affix Stamp Here

The Share Registrar

KLUANG RUBBER COMPANY (MALAYA) BERHAD

Registration No. 195901000092 (3441-K)
c/o BOARDROOM SHARE REGISTRARS SDN. BHD.
Registration No. 199601006647 (378993-D)
Ground Floor / 11th Floor, Menara Symphony
No. 5, Jalan Professor Khoo Kay Kim,
Seksyen 13,
46200 Petaling Jaya,
Selangor Darul Ehsan,
Malaysia

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NOTES:

- 1. In view of the Covid-19 pandemic and Government of Malaysia's official guidance on social distancing, the 62nd AGM will be conducted fully virtual through live streaming and online remote voting via https://meeting.boardroomlimited.com.my ("Virtual Meeting Facilities"). Please follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM in order to register, participate, speak and vote remotely via Virtual Meeting Facilities.
- A member of the Company who is entitled to register, participate and vote at a general meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, participate and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the proxy shall have the same rights as the member.
- 3. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account") as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 5. A member who has appointed a proxy or attorney or authorised representative to register, participate, speak and vote at this Annual General Meeting via Virtual Meeting Facilities must request his/her proxy to register himself/herself at Boardroom Smart Investor Online Portal at website https://investor.boardroomlimited.com. Please follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM.
- 6. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if such appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of its officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy must be made in a hard copy form or by electronic means, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as follows: -

The original instrument appointing a proxy ("Proxy Form") must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd at Ground Floor or 11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

By Electronic means
The Proxy Form can also be lodged electronically with the Share Registrar of the Company through Boardroom Smart Investor Online Portal at https://investor.boardroomlimited.com or email to bsr.helpdesk@boardroomlimited.com. Please follow the procedures provided in the Administrative Guide for the 62nd AGM in order to deposit the Proxy Form electronically.

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- 8. Please ensure ALL the particulars as required in the Proxy Form are completed, signed and dated accordingly. If no name is inserted in the space provided for the name of your proxy, the Chairman of the meeting will act as your proxy.
- 9. If you have submitted your Proxy Form and subsequently decided to appoint another person or you wish to participate in the 62nd AGM, please write to bsr.helpdesk@boardroomlimited.com to revoke the appointment of proxy no later than Wednesday, 1 December at 12:00 p.m., being 24 hours before the 62nd AGM.
- 10. Last date and time for lodging the Proxy Form is Wednesday, 1 December 2021 at 12:00 p.m.
- 11. In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on **24 November 2021** (General Meeting Record of Depositors) shall be eligible to attend the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend, speak and/or vote on his/her behalf via Virtual Meeting Facilities.

Personal Data Privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms as set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 29 October 2021.

