KIM LOONG RESOURCES BERHAD (22703-K)



UNIT 203, 2ND FLOOR, BLOCK C, DAMANSARA INTAN, NO. 1, JALAN SS 20/27, 47400 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN.

TEL: 03 7118 2688 • FAX: 03 7118 2693



To Achieve A Balanced Sustainable Growth 2013

Kim Loong Resources Berhad (22703-K) ANNUAL REPORT 2013







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corporate MILESTONES

2010

Kim Loong Resources Berhad received the shareholder value award (Agriculture & Fisheries sector) from KPMG.



Commissioned the second palm-pressed fibre oil extraction plant.

The Group expanded into Sarawak by acquiring Tetangga Akrab Pelita (Pantu) Sdn Bhd (currently known as Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn Bhd), a joint venture company with Pelita Holdings Sdn Bhd to develop Native Customary Rights Land ("NCR Land") with estimated plantable area of 6,300 Ha in Sri Aman Division.



2008

Commissioned the 3rd palm oil mill at Telupid, Sabah.

Commissioned our first CDM project at Kota Tinggi in August 2008.

Kim Loong Resources Berhad received an award from Malaysia Cocoa Board under cocoa estate category.



2007

Keningau Mill was awarded by MPOB as the highest OER mill in Malaysia in year 2007.

The Group undertook another CDM project in our Keningau mill.



2002

Construction of the Keningau Mill which commenced operations in February 2003.

Kota Tinggi Mill won the most innovative mill award by MPOB.



2000

Kim Loong Resources Berhad was listed on the Main Board of the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange (now known as Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad).



1999

As part of the listing restructuring exercise, KLPO group (milling operations at Kota Tinggi, Johor) and Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd. ("KLC") (the plantation and milling operations at Sook, Keningau, Sabah) were transferred to Kim Loong Resources Berhad.



1998

Incorporation of KLC by SKL to enter into a JV with Desa Cattle (S) Sdn. Bhd. To develop 17,731 acres of land into oil palm plantation and to erect new palm oil mill in Sook, Keningau, Sabah.



2006

The Group undertook a biogas plant in our Kota Tinggi mill as a Clean Development Mechanism ("CDM") project under the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change ("UNFCCC").

2005

Keningau Mill was awarded by MPOB for achieving OER exceeding 25%.



2004

The Group entered into a Development cum Joint Venture with Al-Yatama Berhad to develop 2,702 acres of land in Kota Tinggi, Johor.

Capacity of our Keningau Mill was successfully expanded to 45 MT of FFB per hour.



2003

Kim Loona Resources Berhad expanded its downstream diversification by entering into a Supply and Installation Contract and a Joint Venture Agreement in 2004 to undertake projects to extract CPO from wet palm fibre and extract tocotrienol concentrates from CPO under Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd. and Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd. respectively.



1997

Incorporation of Desa Kim Loong Plantations Sdn. Bhd. (currently known as Kim Loong – KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd.) to enter into a JV with Korporasi Pembangunan Desa to develop 4,000 acres of land in Telupid, Sandakan, Sabah, into an oil palm plantation.

Restructuring exercise to transfer all Sabah plantation operations to Kim Loong Resources Berhad.



1977

Incorporation of Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. (currently a subsidiary of Kim Loong Resources Berhad) by SKL to undertake the milling operation and relocation of palm oil mill to Kota Tinggi, Johor under Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. which commenced operations in 1996.

1981

Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL"), holding company of Kim Loong Resources Berhad expanded into Sabah by acquiring 1,000 acres of land in Sandakan, Sabah.



1967

SKL commenced business with 1,000-acre rubber plantation at Ulu Tiram, Johor. (The first planting of oil palm started in 1968).

notice of ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-eighth Annual General Meeting of Kim Loong Resources Berhad will be held at Jasmine & Orchid Room, Level C of One World Hotel, First Avenue, Off Dataran Bandar Utama, 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Monday, 29 July 2013 at 9.30 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 January 2013 together with the Auditors' Report thereon.

- 2. To declare a final single tier dividend of 7 sen per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2013.
- (Resolution 2)

(Resolution 1)

- 3. To re-elect the following Directors retiring in accordance with Article 77 of the Articles of Association of the Company:-
- (Resolution 3)

(a) Mr. Gooi Seong Lim

(Resolution 4)

(b) Mr. Gooi Seong Gum

- (Resolution 5)
- 4. To re-appoint M/s. Ernst & Young as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.
- 5. As Special Business, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:-

ORDINARY RESOLUTION I – AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company and the approval of the relevant governmental/regulatory bodies, the Directors be and are hereby authorised pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to allot and issue shares in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as they may deem fit and that the Directors be and are hereby empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad provided always that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total issued capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

(Resolution 6)

ORDINARY RESOLUTION II - PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR SHARE BUY-BACK

"THAT subject to compliance with all applicable rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Companies Act, 1965 ("the Act"), the provisions of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and any other relevant authority, approval be and is hereby given to renew the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares through Bursa Securities, subject to the following:-

(a) the maximum number of shares which may be purchased by the Company (which includes the shares already purchased and held as treasury shares) shall be 30,868,146 representing 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company as at 3 June 2013;

- (b) the maximum fund to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the shares shall not exceed the combined total of the audited retained profits and/or the share premium reserves of the Company as at 31 January 2013 of RM7,754,711 and RM2,110,314 respectively;
- (c) the authority conferred by this Ordinary Resolution will be effective immediately upon the passing of this Ordinary Resolution and will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting or the expiry of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting is required by law to be held, whichever occurs first (unless earlier revoked or varied by ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting) but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) by the Company or any person before the aforesaid expiry date and in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the requirements issued by Bursa Securities or any other relevant authorities;
- (d) upon completion of the purchase by the Company of its own shares, the shares shall be dealt with in the following manner:-
 - (i) to cancel the shares so purchased; or
 - to retain the shares so purchased in treasury for distribution as dividend to the shareholders of the Company and/or resell through Bursa Securities and/or subsequently cancel the treasury shares; or
 - (iii) to retain part of the shares so purchased as treasury shares and cancel the remainder;

and in any other manner as prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authority for the time being in force:

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to take all steps as are necessary or expedient to implement or to effect the purchase(s) of the shares with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments as may be imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

ORDINARY RESOLUTION III – RETENTION OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

"THAT Mr. Gan Kim Guan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years, be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012."

6. To consider any other business for which due notice shall have been given.

(Resolution 7)

(Resolution 8)

notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND PAYMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Thirty-eighth Annual General Meeting, the final single tier dividend of 7 sen per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2013 will be paid on 30 August 2013 to depositors registered in the Record of Depositors on 12 August 2013.

A depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of:-

- (a) shares transferred into the Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 12 August 2013 in respect of ordinary transfers; and
- (b) shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Securities.

By Order of the Board

CHONG FOOK SIN (MACS 00681) KAN CHEE JING (MAICSA 7019764) CHUA YOKE BEE (MAICSA 7014578)

Company Secretaries

Petaling Jaya 5 July 2013

NOTES:

- (1) A member whose name appears in the Record of Depositors as at 22 July 2013 shall be regarded as a member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the meeting.
- (2) Proxy -

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy. To be valid, the Form of Proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting. If the appointor is a corporation, this Form must be executed under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

notice of ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(3) Resolution 6 -

This resolution, if approved, will give the Directors authority to issue and allot new ordinary shares up to an amount not exceeding 10% of the issued capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company. This authority will commence from the date of this Annual General Meeting and unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting, expire at the next Annual General Meeting.

The approval is a renewed general mandate and is sought to provide flexibility and to avoid delay and cost in convening a general meeting for such issuance of shares.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the authority granted to the Directors at the last Annual General Meeting held on 27 July 2012 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Thirty-eighth Annual General Meeting.

Should there be a decision to issue new shares after the authority is sought, the Company will make an announcement of the actual purpose and utilization of proceeds arising from such issuance of shares.

(4) Resolution 7 -

The detailed text on this resolution on the Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-Back is included in the Statement to Shareholders dated 5 July 2013 which is enclosed together with this Annual Report.

(5) Resolution 8 -

Both the Nominating Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Mr. Gan Kim Guan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years, and recommended him to be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company based on the following justifications –

- (a) He has fulfilled the criteria under the definition of an Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, and thus, he would be able to provide independent judgement, objectivity and check and balance to the Board.
- (b) He performs his duties and responsibilities diligently and in the best interest of the Company without being subject to influence of the management.
- (c) He, having been with the Company for more than 9 years, is familiar with the Group's business operations and has devoted sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations and attended the Board and Committee meetings for an informed and balanced decision making.
- (6) Shareholders' approval has been obtained at the annual general meeting held on 23 July 2002 for directors' fees payable annually at an amount not exceeding RM400,000 in aggregate. Since obtaining the approval, the directors' fees paid annually have not exceeded the guantum.

statement accompanying NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to paragraph 8.27 (2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

- (1) The following are the Directors standing for re-election at the Thirty-eighth Annual General Meeting :-
 - Re-election of Mr. Gooi Seong Lim as a Director pursuant to Article 77 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
 - Re-election of Mr. Gooi Seong Gum as a Director pursuant to Article 77 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
- (2) The profiles of the Directors standing for re-election as mentioned in paragraph 1 above at the Thirty-eighth Annual General Meeting are set out in pages 14 and 15 of this Annual Report.





corporate INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Gooi Seong Lim

Executive Chairman

Gooi Seong Heen

Managing Director

Gooi Seong Chneh

Executive Director

Gooi Seong Gum Executive Director

Gan Kim Guan

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Chan Weng Hoong

Independent Non-Executive Director

Cheang Kwan Chow

Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Gan Kim Guan

Chairman

Chan Weng Hoong

Cheang Kwan Chow

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Chong Fook Sin (MACS 00681) Kan Chee Jing (MAICSA 7019764) Chua Yoke Bee (MAICSA 7014578)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No. 1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel: 03 7118 2688 Fax: 03 7118 2693

REGISTRAR

Tacs Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd. (231621-U) Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No. 1, Jalan SS20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel : 03 7118 2688 Fax : 03 7118 2693

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young (Firm No. AF 0039) Suite 11.2, Level 11, Menara Pelangi, 2, Jalan Kuning, Taman Pelangi, 80400 Jalan Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim.

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad (295400-W) HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad (127776-V) Malayan Banking Berhad (3813-K) Public Bank Berhad (6463-H) AmBank (M) Berhad (8515-D)

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Short Name : KMLOONG Stock Code : 5027

information in relation to EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") is the only share scheme in existence during the financial year ended 31 January 2013.

The total number of options granted, exercised and outstanding under the ESOS since its commencement up to 31 January 2013 are set out below:-

Description	Number of Options
Granted	13,007,600
Exercised	(7,695,300)
Cancelled	(2,074,800)
Outstanding	3,237,500

Details of aggregate options granted to and exercised by the Directors of the Company and the options outstanding under the ESOS since its commencement up to 31 January 2013 are set out below:-

Description	Number of Options
Granted	2,403,000
Exercised	(1,920,400)
Cancelled	(440,600)
Outstanding	42,000

Details of options granted to the Directors and senior management under the ESOS during the financial year 2013 and since its commencement up to 31 January 2013 are set out below:-

Directors and Senior Management	
Aggregate maximum allocation	50%
Actual granted since commencement of ESOS	45%
Actual granted during the financial year	29%

No options have been granted to Non-Executive Directors since the commencement of ESOS.

Note:-

Further details of the ESOS are set out in Note 24(c) on pages 118 to 120 of the Annual Report.

board of DIRECTORS





board of DIRECTORS

- 5 Gan Kim Guan Senior Independent Non-Executive Director
- 6 Chan Weng Hoong Independent Non-Executive Director
- 7 Cheang Kwan Chow Independent Non-Executive Director





profile of DIRECTORS



GOOL **SEONG**

Gooi Seong Lim, aged 64, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Executive Director on 28 February 1990. He was a Managing Director up to 30 March 2006 before redesignation as the Executive Chairman of KLR. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 27 March 2002. He graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada, with a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1972 and a Master's degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1975. From 1972 to 1975, he was an engineer of Spar Aerospace Ltd, an engineering company based in Toronto, Canada, specialising in the design and computer simulations of Canadian Communication Satellite and subsequently, with Atomic Energy

of Canada Ltd based in Toronto, Canada, a quasi-government company specialising in the design of Canadian nuclear reactors. From 1975 until to-date, he has been the Managing Director of Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL"), a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and Crescendo Corporation Berhad ("CCB"), a public company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). Since 1977, he has been a director of Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPO") which is involved in palm oil milling. The success of the Group owes much to his extensive involvement in plantation and milling operations. He also sits on the Board of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended four (4) of the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.



GOOL **SEONG** HEEN

Gooi Seong Heen, aged 62, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Executive Director on 28 February 1990. He was redesignated as Managing Director on 30 March 2006. He was also a member of the Audit Committee until 8 January 2008. He graduated with a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Toronto in 1972 and obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration from

the University of Western Ontario, Canada in 1976. He served as an engineer with Esso Singapore Pte Ltd from 1973 to 1974. His experience embraces oil palm and rubber estate management, palm oil mill management and property development. From 1972, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. Since 1977, he has been a director of KLPO Group which is involved in palm oil milling. He is currently a director of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.

profile of DIRECTORS



GOOI SEONG CHNEH

Gooi Seong Chneh, aged 58, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR on 28 February 1990. He is currently an Executive Director of KLR. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Toronto, Canada in 1975 and obtained a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Ottawa, Canada in 1980. He is a member of the Professional

Engineers Association of Alberta, Canada. He was formerly a consultant with Campbell Engineering and Associates, Calgary, Canada for three (3) years from 1981 to 1983. He has extensive experience in construction site management and property development. His experience also includes oil palm and cocoa estate management. From 1976, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. He has been responsible for the development and management of oil palm and cocoa estates in Johor, Sabah and Sarawak since 1985. He is also a director of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.



GOOI SEONG GUM

Gooi Seong Gum, aged 57, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR on 28 February 1990. He is currently an Executive Director of KLR. He graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Ottawa, Canada in 1980. He was an engineering consultant for Bobrowski & Partners, Calgary,

Canada for one (1) year from 1982 to 1983. His experience covers oil palm and rubber estate management, property development and construction site management. From 1980, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. Since 1983, he has been a director of KLPO Group which is involved in palm oil milling. He currently sits on the Board of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended four (4) of the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.



GAN KIM GUAN

Gan Kim Guan, aged 50, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 28 March 2001. He is currently the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of KLR. He was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee on 28 March 2001 and currently, he is the

Chairman of the Audit Committee. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 27 March 2002. He was appointed as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee with effect from 31 December 2012 and 28 March 2013 respectively. He is a Chartered Accountant and has experience in accounting and financing related work. He is also a director of CCB.

Mr Gan is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.

profile of DIRECTORS



CHAN WENG HOONG

Chan Weng Hoong, aged 64, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 24 March 2011. He is a member of the Audit Committee of KLR with effect from 24 March 2011. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 24 March 2011. He graduated with a Bachelor of

Agricultural Science (Hon) from the University of Malaya in 1973. Since graduation, he has worked as an agronomist throughout his career. He retired from Applied Agricultural Resources Sdn. Bhd. in 2004 as Principal Research Officer and Head of Oil palm and Rubber Advisory Divisions and is currently on job extension as Agronomic Consultant. His main research interest is in rubber especially on exploitation and clonal evaluation. He is also well versed in oil palms and is an Agronomist for oil palm estates in Malaysia and Indonesia. He has presented or published numerous papers on rubber at national and international conferences.

Mr Chan has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.



Cheang Kwan Chow, aged 60, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 20 October 2011. He is a member of the Audit Committee of KLR with effect from 20 October 2011. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 20 October 2011. He has a Diploma in Marketing from Redditch College, Worcestershire, England and a Postgraduate

Diploma in Export Marketing and Diploma in Export from Buckinghamshire College, Buckinghamshire, England. He graduated with a Master of Arts Communications Management from University of South Australia. He joined the Kuok Group of companies in 1980 and had over the years, held various senior management positions in various companies within the Kuok Group. He was appointed as Deputy Managing Director of PGEO Group Sdn. Bhd. and PGEO Marketing Sdn. Bhd in July 2002, the position which he held until December 2007. He also sat on the board of PPB Group Berhad until May 2011. He is currently a Member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, London, United Kingdom and sits on the Panel of Arbitrators of the Palm Oil Refiners Association of Malaysia.

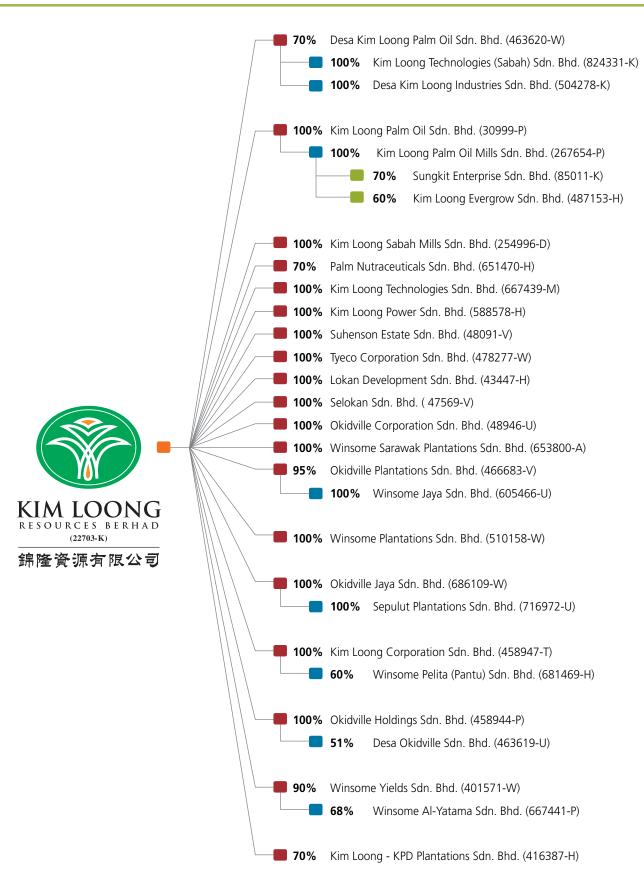
Mr Cheang has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year 2013.

Family Relationships

Gooi Seong Lim, Gooi Seong Heen, Gooi Seong Chneh and Gooi Seong Gum are brothers.

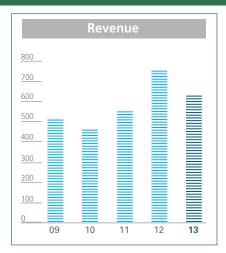
Save for the above, none of the other Directors are related.

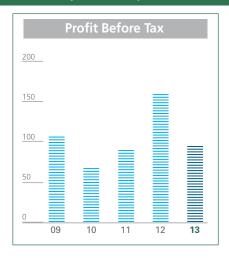
group STRUCTURE As at 31 January 2013



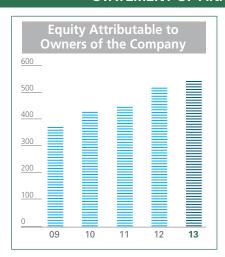
group financial HIGHLIGHTS

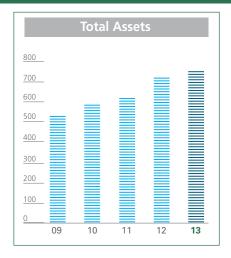
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (RM'Million)



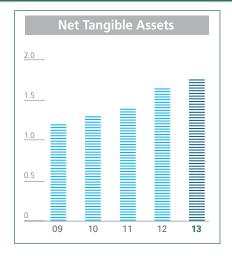


STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (RM'Million)





PER SHARE (RM)





group financial HIGHLIGHTS

		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (RI	M′000)					
Revenue		507,085	451,533	563,408	768,332	637,238
EBITDA		120,260	99,795	113,862	189,713	124,679
Profit before tax		104,384	79,455	90,633	165,043	94,554
Profit after tax		81,563	59,525	71,610	124,749	68,520
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company		65,375	48,138	58,256	96,573	53,944
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (RM'000))					
Paid-up share capital		302,253	304,237	305,287	306,555	308,667
Total shareholders' equity		418,827	459,757	491,623	578,535	595,659
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		391,098	421,970	445,143	507,355	518,149
Total assets		532,479	594,619	621,744	717,035	730,627
PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF TH	HE COMPANY	(RM)				
Earnings		0.22	0.16	0.19	0.32	0.17
Net Assets		1.29	1.39	1.46	1.66	1.68
Net Tangible Assets		1.29	1.38	1.44	1.65	1.68
Gross Dividend		0.36	0.10	0.12	0.16	0.12
Share Price at Year End		1.60	2.05	2.38	2.50	2.21
Weighted Average Number of Share in Issue ('000))	300,520	303,271	304,657	305,982	308,188
FINANCIAL INDICATORS						
Return on Equity (after tax)	(%)	19.47	12.95	14.57	21.56	11.50
Return on Total Assets (after tax)	(%)	15.32	10.01	11.52	17.40	9.38
Gearing Ratio (net)	(%)	8.90	8.77	3.05	(8.56)	(9.39)
Price-Earnings Ratio	(times)	7.27	12.81	12.53	7.81	13.00
Interest Coverage Ratio	(times)	121.44	56.67	41.59	71.24	47.76
Gross Dividend Yield	(%)	22.50	4.88	5.04	6.40	5.43

Statistics

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
PLANTATIONS					
Plantation Area (Ha)					
Oil palm					
Mature	11,193	12,818	13,074	12,740	12,827
Immature	1,104	732	794	1,203	1,523
Unplanted land	-	859	628	596	732
	12,297	14,409	14,496	14,539	15,082
Cocoa and others	122	115	108	99	89
Total plantable area	12,419	14,524	14,604	14,638	15,171
Infrastructure and unplantable land	629	629	592	554	607
Total land area	13,048	15,153	15,196	15,192	15,778
Production (MT)					
Fresh fruit bunches ("FFB")	272 224	262 697	227 225	212.025	200 265
	272,334 24.33	262,687 21.71^	227,325 17.39	313,035 23.79	280,365 21.84
Yield per mature hectare	24.33	21./1	17.39	23.79	21.04
MILLS					
Production and Extraction Rate					
Crude palm oil ("CPO") (MT)	145,441	172,147	165,252	210,784	208,002
Oil extraction rate (% of FFB)	21.58	21.82	21.37	21.81	22.09
Dalas I.a., al /// DIX// \ A.AT\	26.460	42.070	40 501	E0 2E6	40 424
Palm kernel ("PK") (MT)	36,468	42,878	40,591	50,356	48,134
Kernel extraction rate (% of FFB)	5.41	5.43	5.25	5.21	5.11
Palm kernel oil ("PKO") (MT)	9,697	12,136	7,759	1,557	5,102
Oil extraction rate (% of PK)	45.40	44.83	44.92	46.12	48.67
•					

[^]Excluding FFB production from land acquired in January 2010.

chairman's STATEMENT



On behalf of the Board of Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad ("KLR"), I am pleased to present to you the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 January 2013.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS

The revenue and profit before tax ("PBT") of the Group were RM637.24 million and RM94.55 million respectively for the financial year 2013 ("FY2013") compared to RM768.33 million and RM165.04 million respectively for the financial year 2012 ("FY2012").

The 17% and 43% drops in revenue and PBT respectively compared to financial year 2012 were mainly due to a drop of approximately 10% in FFB production due to low yield cycle as well as the lower Crude Palm Oil ("CPO") and Palm Kernel ("PK") prices being about 14% and 32% respectively lower than financial year 2012.

Correspondingly, we recorded a lower earnings per share of 17.5 sen compared to 31.6 sen in FY2012. As at the end of FY2013, the Group recorded 2% expansion of shareholders' equity to RM518 million and an increase in cash and cash equivalents to RM186 million (2012: RM507 million and RM185 million, respectively).

DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended a final single tier dividend of 7 sen per share (2012: final single tier dividend of 10 sen per share) for the financial year 2013 making a total single tier dividend of 12 sen per share (2012: single tier dividend of 16 sen per share).

The payout represents approximately 69% of the annual profit attributable to owners of the Company.

The Group has achieved a Return on Equity (after tax) of 11.5% compared to 21.6% in FY2012.

chairman's STATEMENT

REVIEW OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

PALM OIL MILLING OPERATIONS

The profit from the palm oil milling operations decreased by 23% or RM8.32 million to RM27.63 million as compared to RM35.95 million recorded for the last financial year. The lower profit was due to the drop in palm oil prices and impairment of assets in our tocotrienol operations.

Total CPO production for the year under review was 208,002 MT, which was slightly lower than 210,784 MT recorded in the last financial year. The market condition and demand for the Group's milling products has been steady for the first half of the financial year and became challenging in the second half mainly due to industry slowdown in deliveries of CPO resulting in higher CPO stock at the end of the financial year. The sale of CPO, the main product, also increased by 400MT compared to the last financial year. However the average CPO price dropped by 14% compared to the last financial year.

PLANTATION OPERATIONS

The profit from the plantation operations decreased by 51% or RM68.87 million to RM65.72 million as compared to RM134.59 million recorded for the last financial year. The drop in profit was mainly due to lower palm oil prices and a drop in FFB production for the year under review to 280,365 MT, a decrease of 10% or 32,670 MT as compared to the last financial year. Our estates in Sabah were in the low yield cycle in the first half of the financial year which has resulted in a significant drop in the FFB production of the Group. The plantation operations did not face problems in selling its FFB production as most of the produce was supplied to mills within the Group. However, average FFB selling price was 25% lower compared to the last financial year, partly due to the demand for a higher discount by Sabah refineries.

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

As at 31 January 2013, the Group's total plantation land holdings stood at 15,778 Ha of which 91% (or 14,350 Ha) are fully planted with palms. From the total planted area, approximately 89% (or 12,827 Ha) are mature while the remaining 11% (or 1,523 Ha) are at immature stage. The plantations are located in the states of Johor, Sabah and Sarawak.

The Group owns and operates three (3) palm oil mills which are strategically located within our plantations in Kota Tinggi, Johor and in Keningau and Telupid, Sabah. The palm oil mills have a total FFB processing capacity of 1,200,000 MT per annum. In FY2013, we achieved a throughput of 941,663 MT of FFB inclusive of the external crop purchases, a decrease of 2.6% from 966,532 MT in FY2012. As a result of lower FFB processed, CPO and PK production decreased to 208,002 MT and 48,134 MT respectively in FY2013, from 210,784 MT and 50,356 MT in FY2012. The average oil extraction rate ("OER") was marginally higher at 22.09% as compared to 21.81% in FY2012 while kernel extraction rate ("KER") was marginally lower at 5.11% from 5.21% in FY2012.







chairman's

REVIEW OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES (CONT'D)

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONT'D)

In relation to the drop in FFB production, our average oil yield per Ha for Sabah estates has decreased to 5.73 MT per Ha in FY2013 compared to 6.24 MT per Ha in FY2012. Overall average oil yield has decreased to 4.82 MT per Ha compared to 5.19 MT per Ha in FY2012.

The cost of production (before depreciation and amortisation) during FY2013 increased by 34% from RM140/MT of FFB to RM188/MT of FFB mainly due to drop in FFB production and increase in labour and fertiliser costs. The Management is nevertheless actively exploring rational initiatives towards cushioning the rising costs by increasing efficiency and productivity throughout our operations.

The Group's long term replanting policy remains a high priority, both in times of low as well as high commodity prices. Failure to implement this critical aspect of plantation management will inevitably lead to stagnating yields and declining production. During FY2013, the Group managed to replant 330 Ha of aged and lower yielding oil palms. All replanting carried out during FY2013 continued to be done in accordance with the environmentally friendly zero burn policy, thereby complying fully with the regulations laid down by the Department of Environment.



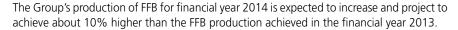
DEVELOPMENT AND PROSPECTS

The long term outlook for the palm oil industry in Malaysia remains good. The palm oil price is expected to be stable in the financial year 2014. The production cost for palm oil is expected to be higher in view of the minimum wages for Malaysia set at RM900 per month in Peninsular and RM800 per month in Sabah and Sarawak.



The Group will continue to look for opportunities to increase its ownership of land in the states of Johor, Sabah and Sarawak, especially suitable land near our existing palm oil mills, through acquisition or joint venture in order to achieve sustainable and synergistic growth in revenue and profit.

Our main focus in the near to medium term is to secure and plant up the Native Customary Land ("NCR Land") within our project area in Sarawak. We expect the FFB production for the Group to grow from financial year 2014 onwards. The growth will arise from our young palms in Johor, new planting in Sarawak and replanting in Sabah.





The Group expects the CPO production of its milling operations to be slightly higher in the financial year 2014 than the quantity achieved in the financial year 2013. The downstream projects such as palm-pressed fibre oil extraction plant, kernel oil solvent extraction plant and biogas project are expected to generate more than RM10 million in revenue.

chairman's STATEMENT

DEVELOPMENT AND PROSPECTS (CONT'D)

We have also installed the third biogas plant at our Telupid mill and has been successfully commissioned in April 2013. We are also implementing the gas engine system to generate renewable electrical power efficiently using the biogas produced from palm oil mill effluent ("POME") in our three mills. The first plant in Kota Tinggi mill is expected to be operational in financial year 2014. This project will be able to minimize disruption of power supply, even during our low crops period/mill shut down for maintenance, to our downstream projects such as kernel crushing, solvent extraction, bio-fertiliser as well as staff and labour quarters.

Based on the above factors and barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Board expects the Group to continue to perform satisfactorily as we expect the CPO price to improve from the current level of RM2,400 per MT in the financial year ending 31 January 2014.

Our Group will also initiate the process of achieving compliance for sustainable palm oil production this financial year.



I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to the management and staff for their loyal and dedicated services to the Group, and to various government authorities and agencies, bankers, valued customers, suppliers and business associates for their co-operation and continued support.

Finally, I wish to thank my fellow Board members for their support and the shareholders for their confidence in the Board and Management of the Group.







Gooi Seong Lim

Executive Chairman Johor Bahru, Johor

Date: 24 June 2013

statement on CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

The Group does not have a formal Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Policy. However, the Group is a socially responsible corporation that supports and contributes positively to the sustainable development of the economy and the community where the Group operates.

It places importance on its CSR and remains committed to care for the environment and employees, fostering strong relationships with business associates and supporting worthy community welfare causes as part of its business ethics and responsibilities.

MARKETPLACE

The Group is committed to provide quality products and services to our customers through our available resources. It also aims for continuous improvement towards building long term relationships with all its stakeholders. Our website provides access to the information on the Group's financials and operations as well as the direction of the Group. It also allows an email link for stakeholders to provide feedback or enquiries in order for the Group to satisfy our stakeholders' needs as well as to improve on our products and services, if needed.

The establishment of palm oil mills at Kota Tinggi in Johor, Sook/ Keningau and Telupid in Sabah by our Group has contributed to economic activities in their respective surrounding areas. More locals are earning higher income by cultivating oil palm which is more profitable and easier to manage than other crops.

Our mills are now accepting FFB from more than 15 collection centres and 250 smallholders.

HUMAN CAPITAL

The Group has a total workforce of approximately 2,250 as at 31 January 2013. The workforce consists of 29% Malaysian and 26% of female workforce.

The Group continues to place high emphasis on developing its human capital, the organisation's most valuable asset as it is a significant resource in the labour intensive agriculture sector. All the more so as the sector has over the recent years been experiencing severe labour shortages.

In view of this, the Group has invested substantial sum for employees housing, provision of free/subsidised electricity and free water supplies to the employees in the estates and mills with the objective of providing the residents with better living conditions. Free transportation is provided for school going children to the nearest schools. We also provide recreational facilities for the residents e.g., football field, volleyball and sepak takraw courts. Vegetable and fruit tree planting within the housing compound are promoted to enhance food sufficiency by providing seeds and young plants. At the business units level, family day, sports day, annual kenduri and dinners were conducted to foster better relations between the staff and workers and promote healthy lifestyle. The roads leading to the estates are properly maintained to facilitate the movement of vehicles. Some of our main roads have benefited the neighbouring villagers as they also use these roads to go to the nearest town.

The Group also encourages their employees to cultivate their own vegetables for food production in designated areas within the estate/mill. These initiatives are supported through the provision of planting materials, agrofertiliser and bio-mass inputs. The harvests are then distributed among employees. In addition, retail prices for essential food items at the grocery shops in the estate are monitored to ensure that those items are reasonably priced.

'Gotong-royong' and cleaning up activities were conducted to step up the hygiene condition at housing areas of the Group's estates/mills.

statement on CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES



HUMAN CAPITAL (CONT'D)

The Group has carried out various activities to improve the workforce knowledge and improve productivity, quality of life and foster a sense of belonging, such as:

- Engaging experts to share knowledge on variety issues that can benefit the employees on a personal and professional level;
- Conducting in-house training for the staff on human capital, safety, accounting, technical issues and management skills.
 Where specialist training is required, the staff are sent for external trainings;
- Various staff activities including festival celebrations and sporting events through the In-House Sports Club; and
- Subsidised company trips to Bukit Tinggi & Genting Highlands, Bangkok & Pattaya (Thailand), Guilin (China) and Universal Studios (Singapore) were organised for the staff and their family members.

The Group is constantly and continuously building a learning culture in the organization in order that employees at all levels are equipped with the necessary knowledge, skills and exposure, and that not only they could be fully effective in their current jobs, but be prepared for their career progression and future assignments in support of the Group's objectives and business plan. With this in mind, we have established our own Plantation Training Centre in Keningau, Sabah to provide different levels and areas of training to all our plantation staff and workers to boost their productivity and improved in their efficiency and work performance.

The Hospital Assistant carries out regular inspections of the employees housing to ensure that sanitation, health and drainage standards are upkept according to the Company's policies.

Chemical Health Risks Assessment (CHRA) and Medical Surveillance programmes are carried out for all employees engaged in handling pesticide and other chemicals. In this context, training programmes in the use of personal protective equipment for workers exposed to hazardous compounds are regularly conducted.

Audiometric tests for employees working at high risk areas are also conducted annually.

COMMUNITY

The Board of Directors strongly believes that in playing their role as a socially responsible corporate citizen, the Group creates business sustainability and enhances value for all its stakeholders.

The Group has over the years placed great emphasis on enhancing living conditions of the communities where we operate. This is evidenced by the Group's contributions in areas of education, infrastructure, cultural and social development initiatives. It is the Group's practice to create and offer priority in job opportunities to local villagers, either by way of direct employment or through the award of contract works. This approach has proven effective in improving their living standards.

The Group is involved in the development of land belonging to an orphanage into an oil palm estate under a joint venture agreement, providing good long term income and development fund to the Al-Yatama organisation for its charity work.

The Group has undertaken the development of oil palm plantations on Native Customary Rights ("NCR") land in Sarawak. The aim of this project is to bring social and economic benefits to landowners who are from the indigenous community of Malaysia. The Group now manages approximately 2,743 ha as at 31 January 2013 under this NCR project, providing sustainable income for 700 local land owners, a major effort contributing to poverty alleviation in the rural areas.

During the year, the Group has assisted trainees from various universities, institutes of higher learning and training centres to undergo their practical training. Suitable candidates have been identified for employment after they have completed their training.

The Group also made several contributions and donations amounting to approximately RM60,000 to worthy causes and organisations including governmental and non-governmental organisations to support their sports, cultural and welfare activities. Donations were also made to schools for their building funds, sports day and Persatuan Ibu Bapa & Guru in Johor, Sabah and Sarawak.



statement on CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

ENVIRONMENT SUSTAINABILITY

The Group considers environmental protection and enhancement to be important factors in the conduct of its operations. Its plantations and processing plants adhere strictly to the local environmental and plantation development regulations as well as to internationally recognised best practices. These include:

Zero burning in land clearing

The Group adheres strictly to the policy of zero burning in both new planting and replanting of oil palm. Zero burning not only keeps the air smoke-free but yields several benefits as well. The remnant debris comprising bushes or small trees which are felled are shredded and spread in the field to biodegrade, releasing nutrients slowly, adds valuable organic matter to the soils, reducing the use of fertilisers during the immature period. This policy is incorporated in the land clearing contract in which external contractors are engaged.

In the reporting year approximately 500 hectares of land were either planted or replanted using the zero burning technique within the Group.

Water and soil conservation

To minimise soil erosion, the Group plants legumious cover crops in new planting/replant. The fast growing plants provide soil cover to protect the soil and builds up nutrients in the topsoil. In-house produced biocompost and empty fruit bunches are applied in fields especially at marginal soil areas.

Integrated pest management

To reduce environmental impact, the Group adopts an integrated pest management approach which emphasises cultural control, biological control, and monitoring and census system. The use of safe and approved pesticides is kept to a minimum.

Optimise fertiliser use

The Company's fertiliser programme is based on the leaf nutrient levels and yield performance profile of the palm tree.

Soil enrichment and conservation

The Group routinely carries out mulching with recycled organic materials such as empty fruit bunches, oil palm fronds and palm oil mill waste, which process would replenish organic matter to the soil and improve soil properties accordingly. Other soil conservation initiatives include the planting of leguminous cover crops to reduce soil erosion and improve soil physical properties, terracing and construction of silt pits and bunds, maintenance of soft grasses in palm avenues and prohibiting cultivation or development at steep slope sites for new developments.

Encourage use of renewables

By-products such as palm kernel shell and palm fibre are used as feedstock for co-generation plants to produce steam and electricity.

Efficient water use

This includes minimising use of water in mills and harvesting fresh water and rainfall.

Waste treatment

All processing plants have waste treatment equipment and system in place including an efficient system on land application of palm oil mill effluent. Internal environmental personnel monitors compliance with environmental standards and identify opportunities for continuous improvement.

Reducing greenhouse gas emission

The Group has successfully implemented three methane capture and power generation projects at its three mills which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions as well as supply low cost steam and electricity for milling operations and other downstream activities of the Group. The project implemented in our Kota Tinggi mill was the first project on biogas generated from palm oil mill effluent that is registered with the Clean Development Mechanism ("CDM") Executive Board of United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

As a result, better utilisation of energy from waste material and biomass will contribute towards reducing the environmental impact and improve sustainability of the palm oil industry.

This statement has been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on 24 June 2013.

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Kim Loong Resources Berhad remains resolute in upholding the highest standards of corporate governance are practised throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to the Group in building sustainable business growth in order to safeguard stakeholders' interests as well as enhancing shareholders' value.

The Board is pleased to report on the manner in which the 8 principles and recommendations as set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") are applied to the affairs of the Group and the extent of compliance pursuant to paragraph 15.25 and Practice Note 9 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Listing Requirements").

The Board is in the midst of working towards ensuring compliance to the application of the requirements, principles and recommendations of the Code.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

a. Board Charter

The Board is in the process of revamping the existing Board Charter and developing other documents such as Code of Ethics and Conduct, Whistle Blowing Policy and Investor Relations Policy to comply with the recent changes to the Code and Listing Requirements. Once approved, they will be made accessible through the Company's website at www.kimloong.com.my.

b. Duties and responsibilities of the Board

The Board is aware and understands its roles and responsibilities in leading and controlling the Company. In order to deliver both fiduciary and leadership functions, the Board, amongst others, assumes the following key responsibilities as per recommendation of the Code:

- Setting the objectives, goals and strategic plan for the Company with a view to maximizing shareholder value and promoting sustainability;
- Adopting and monitoring progress of the Company's strategy, budgets, plans and policies;
- Overseeing the conduct of the Company's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- To consider and approve reserved matters covering corporate policies, material investment and acquisition / disposal of assets;
- Identifying principal risks and ensure implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;

- Succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing senior management;
- Developing and implementing an investor relations programme or shareholder communications policy for the Company; and
- Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the Company's internal control systems and management information systems, including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines;

Generally, the Executive Directors are responsible for making and implementing operational and corporate decisions as well as developing, coordinating and implementing business and corporate strategies. Non-Executive Directors play key supporting roles, contributing knowledge and experience towards the formulation of policies and in the decisionmaking process. They could provide the relevant checks and balances, focusing on shareholders' and other stakeholders' interests and ensuring that high standards of corporate governance are applied. Where a potential conflict of interest may arise, it is mandatory practice for the Director concerned to declare his interest and abstain from the decision-making process.

In delivering the above duties and responsibilities, the Board is supported by suitably qualified and competent company secretaries who are members of professional bodies such as the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA) or the Malaysian Association of Company Secretaries (MACS).

c. Composition of the Board

The Directors with their diverse backgrounds and specialisation, collectively bring in a wide range of experience, expertise and competencies to the Board that is important for the continued successful direction of the Group. The knowledge and expertise in various fields of the individual directors contribute to the enhancement of the effectiveness of the Board. Details of each individual director's skills and experiences are presented in the Board of Directors' Profile set out on pages 14 to 16 of this Annual Report.

The Board as at the date of this statement, consist of seven (7) members, comprising one (1) Executive Chairman, one (1) Managing Director, two (2) Executive Directors, one (1) Senior Independent Non-Executive Director and two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

c. Composition of the Board (cont'd)

The presence of Independent Non-Executive Directors provides a pivotal role in corporate accountability. The role of the Independent Non-Executive Directors is particularly important as they provide independent and objective views, advice and judgement and ensure strategies proposed by the management are thoroughly discussed and evaluated, and that the long-term interests of stakeholders are considered. The Independent Non-Executive Directors do not participate in the operation of the Company in order to uphold their objectivity and fulfil their responsibility to provide check and balance to the Board.

Considering the recommendation of the Code on the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years, the Board holds the view that the ability of an Independent Director to exercise independent judgement is not affected by the length of his service as an Independent Director. The suitability and ability of Independent Director to carry out his roles and responsibilities effectively are very much a function of his calibre, experience and personal qualities. Restriction on tenure may cause loss of experience and expertise that are important contributors to the efficient working of the Board.

In relation to the recommendation of the Code that the Board must comprise a majority of independent directors where the chairman of the Board is not an independent director, the Board is in the opinion that current number of independent directors is sufficient to ensure balance of power and authority on the Board.

All of the Board members serve as directors in not more than five Boards of listed companies, to ensure they devote sufficient time to carry out their responsibilities.

The Board is in the opinion that the current size and composition of members are appropriate to commensurate the complexity of the Group's businesses and conducive for effective conduct of Board decision making.

The Board is also satisfied with the Board's composition in respect of representation of minority shareholders by the Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Roles of the Chairman, Managing Director and Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the Managing Director are clearly separated to enable a balance of power and authority. This is in line with the recommendation of the Code, which requires the Board to establish clear functions reserved for the Board and those delegated to the management.

The Board is led by Mr Gooi Seong Lim, as the Executive Chairman, whilst the executive management is helmed by Mr Gooi Seong Heen, the Managing Director of the Group. Both have many years of experience in managing the Group's core businesses.

The Executive Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and conduct. He ensures the integrity and effectiveness of the governance process of the Board and acts as a facilitator at Board meetings. Every Board resolution is put to a vote, if necessary, which would reflect the collective decision of the Board and not individuals or an interest group. He also maintains regular dialogues/meetings with the Managing Director/Head of business units on all operational matters.

The Managing Director has the overall responsibility for the profitability and development of the Group. He is responsible for the stewardship of all the Group's assets, day-to-day running of the business and effective implementation of Board decisions, annual operating plan, budget, policies decisions as approved by the Board. The Managing Director's in-depth and intimate knowledge of the Group's affairs contribute significantly towards the ability of the Group to achieve its goals and objectives.

The segregation of duties between the Executive Chairman and the Managing Director facilitates an appropriate balance of role, responsibility and accountability and promotes appropriate supervision of the management.

The Code recommendation states that the Chairman must be of a non-executive member of the Board. However, the Nominating Committee has assessed, reviewed and determined that the chairmanship of Gooi Seong Lim remains based on the following justifications/aspects contributed by him, as a member of the Board:

- His vast experience in managing the operations of the Group's estates and mills which would enable him to provide the Board with a diverse set of experience, expertise and skills to better manage and run the Group;
- He has exercised his due care in the interest of the Company and shareholders during his tenure as an Executive Chairman of the Company; and
- He has provided objectivity in decision making and ensured effective check and balance in the proceedings of the Board.

The Senior Independent Non-executive Director provides an additional communication channel between the directors and the shareholders. The Board has identified Mr. Gan Kim Guan to act as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director to whom concerns regarding the Group may be conveyed by shareholders or other stakeholders. He may be contacted at 03-92871889 or e-mail: gankg@kimloong.com.my. At all times, shareholders may contact the Company Secretaries for information on the Company.

e. Board Meetings

The Board normally meets at least four (4) times a year with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between scheduled meetings. Due notice of issue to be discussed, deliberated and conclusions arrived are recorded in discharging its duties and responsibilities.

During the financial year, the Board met on five (5) occasions where it deliberated upon and considered a variety of matters including approving the Group's financial results, strategic and investment decisions as well as financial and operating performance of its subsidiary companies.

The agenda for each Board meeting and papers relating to the agenda are sent to all Directors at least seven (7) days before the meeting, in order to provide sufficient time to review the Board papers and seek clarifications, if any.

All proceedings at the Board meetings are recorded by way of minutes and signed by the Chairman of the respective meeting.

The number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

Name of Director	Status of Directorship	Number Meetings Attended	Percentage (%)
Gooi Seong Lim	Executive Chairman	4/5	80
Gooi Seong Heen	Managing Director	5/5	100
Gooi Seong Chneh	Executive Director	5/5	100
Gooi Seong Gum	Executive Director	4/5	80
Gan Kim Guan	Senior Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	100
Chew Poh Soon (retired 27/7/2012)	Independent Non-Executive Director	2/2	100
Chan Weng Hoong	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	100
Cheang Kwan Chow	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	100

f. Supply of Information to the Board

The Chairman has the primary responsibility for organising information necessary for the Board to deal with the agenda and ensuring all Directors have full and timely access to the information relevant to matters that will be deliberated at Board meetings.

In exercising their duties, all Directors have the same right of access to all information within the Group and they have a duty to make further enquiries which they may require in discharging their duties. The Directors also have access to advice and services of the Company Secretaries, who is available to provide them with appropriate advice and services to ensure that Board meeting procedures are followed and all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. If necessary, the services of other senior management will be arranged to brief and help the Directors to clear any doubt or concern. In addition and in furtherance of their duties, the Directors may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

f. Supply of Information to the Board (cont'd)

All Directors are provided with an agenda and a set of comprehensive Board papers, issued within sufficient time prior to Board meetings to ensure that the Directors can appreciate the issues to be deliberated on, and where necessary, to obtain further explanation. The Board papers include updates on financial, operational and corporate developments of the Group. Board papers are also presented with details on other issues that may require the Board's deliberation or decisions, policies, strategic issues which may affect the Group's businesses and factors imposing potential risks affecting the performance of the Group. Senior management staff and external advisors may be invited to attend Board meetings, to advise and provide the Board with detailed explanations and clarifications whenever necessary on matters that are tabled.

Other matters highlighted for the Board's decision include the approval of corporate plans, acquisitions and disposals of assets that are material to the Group, major investments, changes to management and control structure of the Group, including key policies, procedures and authority limits.

g. Company Secretaries

The Company Secretaries were entrusted to record the Board's deliberations, in terms of issues discussed, and the conclusions and the minutes of the previous Board meeting is distributed to the Directors prior to the Board meeting for their perusal before confirmation of the minutes at the commencement of the following Board meeting. The Directors may comment or request clarification before the minutes are tabled for confirmation and signed by the Executive Chairman of the meeting as a correct record of the proceedings of the meeting.

All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries whether as a full Board or in their individual capacity, in discharging their duties. The Board is regularly updated by the Company Secretaries on new changes to the legislations and Listing Requirements and the resultant implications to the Company and the Board in discharging their duties and responsibilities.

Directors, whether acting as a full Board member or in their individual capacity, in the furtherance of their duties, may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense, which the application and appointment process for the services is as per established internal procedures.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretaries is a matter for the Board as a whole.

h. Directors Training

All Directors have completed the "Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies" pursuant to Paragraph 15.08 of the Listing Requirements.

Directors are also encouraged to participate in seminars and/or conferences organised by relevant regulatory authorities, professional bodies and commercial entities providing training. This is part of their Continuous Education Programme to keep abreast with relevant new developments on a continuous basis on the general regulatory, economic, industry and technical developments to further enhance their skills, knowledge and experience as well as update themselves on new developments in the business environment in order to fulfil their duties as Directors.

Directors also received briefing from Internal and External Auditors on updates in financial reporting and new accounting standards affecting the Group, bankers on available financial instruments and suppliers/contractors on their products. The Executive Directors represent the Group at the Committee of East Malaysia Planters Association and Malaysian Estate Owners Association and they are kept informed on new development affecting the plantation industry.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

h. Directors Training (cont'd)

During the financial year under review, the Directors have attended the following training programme/ courses and/or conferences listed below:

Name	Program	Date
Gooi Seong Lim	 2-Days Workshop on Transforming from FRS to MFRS Employment Act 1955, Incorporating the Employment (Amendments) Act 2012 Credit Suisse Market Outlook Seminar Credit Suisse Philanthropists Forum 2012 Minimum Wage Order 2012 Hwang Investment Management Berhad – Market Outlook J.P Morgan – Luck Favour Only The Prepared, Market Outlook 	April 18 & 19, 2012 July 18 & 19, 2012 Sep 5, 2012 Nov 15 & 16, 2012 Dec 13, 2012 Jan 3, 2013 Jan 16, 2013
	and Investment Solution for 2013Credit Suisse Global Megatrends Conference 2013	Jan 17, 2013
Gooi Seong Heen	 2-Days Workshop on Transforming from FRS to MFRS Employment Act 1955, Incorporating the Employment (Amendments) Act 2012 Credit Suisse Market Outlook Seminar Minimum Wage Order 2012 	April 18 & 19, 2012 July 18 & 19, 2012 Sep 5, 2012 Dec 13, 2012
Gooi Seong Chneh	 2-Days Workshop on Transforming from FRS to MFRS Employment Act 1955, Incorporating the Employment (Amendments) Act 2012 In House Training on Effective Building Construction Supervision Minimum Wage Order, 2012 	April 18 & 19, 2012 July 18 & 19, 2012 Aug, 23, 2012 Dec 13, 2012
Gooi Seong Gum	 2-Days Workshop on Transforming from FRS to MFRS Employment Act 1955, Incorporating the Employment (Amendments) Act 2012 Credit Suisse Market Outlook Seminar Minimum Wage Order, 2012 	April 18 & 19, 2012 July 18 & 19, 2012 Sep 5, 2012 Dec 13, 2012
Gan Kim Guan	 An overview of MFRS and the latest development in MFRS/IFRS Updates of the 2012 IFRS – Compliant MFRSs , Preparing the convergence to IFRSs IRB – CTIM Roadshow: Enhancing Tax Compliance – Avoiding Common Mistakes and improving efficiency National Tax Conference 2012 Workshop on New Public Ruling in 2011 & 2012 Seminar Percukaian Kebangsaan, 2012 	Feb 9 & 10, 2012 Mar 19 & 20, 2012 May 27, 2012 Jul 17 & 18, 2012 Jul 27, 2012 Oct 10, 2012
Chan Weng Hoong	2-Days Workshop on Team Building for Senior Executive of Boustead Plantations	Dec 27 & 28, 2012
Cheang Kwan Chow	 Bursa Malaysia Berhad Corporate Governance Program : Role of Audit in Assuring Audit Quality KPMG Audit Committee Institute Breakfast Roundtable - The Audit Committee's Oversight Role on Financial Reporting 	May 22, 2012 Dec 12, 2012

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

New Appointment, Re-appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Board appoints its members through a formal and transparent selection process which is consistent with the Company's Articles of Association.

The Nominating Committee established by the Board is responsible for proposing and assessing new nominee(s) to the Board and Board Committee membership and thereupon submitting their recommendation to the Board for decision. As part of the appointment process, the potential candidate must disclose his existing directorships as well as any other commitments so as to determine whether he has adequate time to perform his duties.

Individual director's assessments were conducted with the objective to improve the Board effectiveness and to enhance the director's awareness on the key areas that need to be addressed. The performance indicators for individual director include their interactive contributions, quality of input and understanding of their roles were performed by the Nominating Committee.

The Board acknowledges the gender diversity as published in the Code and recognizes business benefits of having a balanced board. Hence, appointment of new Board member will be guided by gender, skills, competencies, knowledge, experience, commitment and integrity of the candidate.

All newly appointed Directors are subject to re-election by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") following their appointment.

The Company's Articles of Association provide that at least one-third (1/3) of the Board is required to retire by rotation at each AGM provided always that each Director shall retire at least once in every three years. The Directors to retire in each year are the Directors who have been longest in office since their appointment or re-appointment in accordance with the Articles of Association. This provides an opportunity for shareholders to renew their mandate. To assist shareholders in their decision, sufficient information such as personal profile and meeting attendance of each Director standing for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are shown in the Notice of AGM (Ordinary Resolutions 3 & 4) on page 4.

BOARD COMMITTEES

In order to assist in the execution of Board's responsibilities for the Group, certain functions have been delegated by the Board to Board Committees. Clearly defined terms of reference have been given to these Committees to enable them to operate effectively. However, these Committees do not have any executive powers. The Chairman of the respective Committees reports to the Board the outcome of the Committee meetings and such reports are incorporated in the Board papers (except the power of the Audit Committee to report to Bursa Securities in circumstances described in the Audit Committee Report).

The Board periodically reviews the Committees' terms of reference.

a. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee serves as a focal point of communication between Directors, External Auditors, Internal Auditors and the Senior Management on matters pertaining to financial accounting, reporting and controls. The Committee also assist the Board in fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities as to accounting policies and reporting practices of the Company and all subsidiaries and the sufficiency of auditing of the Group. It is also the Board's principal agent in ensuring independence of the Company's External Auditors and the adequacy of disclosures to shareholders. The Committee has full access to the auditors both internal and external, who in turn, have access at all times to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

In line with good corporate governance practices, the Executive Directors are not members of the Audit Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee together with the Report of the Audit Committee are disclosed on pages 43 to 46 of this Annual Report. The activities of the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 January 2013 are also set out in the Report of the Audit Committee.

b. Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for recommending the remuneration framework and the remuneration packages of the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Executive Directors to the Board, so as to ensure that rewards are linked to their performance and contributions to the Group's growth and profitability in order to align the interest of the Directors with those of shareholders. The Committee also ensures that the level of remuneration for Executive Directors are linked to their level of responsibilities and contribution to the effective functioning of the Company. None of the Executive Directors participated in any way in determining their individual remuneration.

b. Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

The Board as a whole determines the remuneration packages of Independent Non-Executive Directors with the Directors concerned abstaining from discussions in respect of their individual remuneration. In deciding on an appropriate level of fees for each Independent Non-Executive Director, the Board has considered the responsibility level and time commitment required in attending both the scheduled and special Board meetings, deliberation time required for Board papers, as well as the number of Board Committees involved.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are set out under the Report of the Remuneration Committee on page 47 of this Annual Report.

c. Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee is empowered by the Board through clearly defined terms of reference to ensure that there are appropriate procedures in place for the nomination, selection and evaluation of Directors. The Nominating Committee assesses the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and each of the Board Committees as well as the contribution of each individual Director, including the Independent Non-Executive Directors and the Managing Director on an annual basis. All assessments and evaluations carried out by the Nominating Committee in discharging its duties are documented in the minutes of meetings.

The Board, through the Nominating Committee's annual appraisal process, believes that it possesses the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities including core competencies brought by Independent Non-Executive Directors which enables it to discharge its duties in an effective manner. Furthermore, the Board continuously reviews its size and composition with particular consideration on its impact on the effective functioning of the Board.

The Board wishes to highlight that although Mr Gan Kim Guan has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director for more than nine (9) years, the Board, as recommended by the Nominating Committee, is fully satisfied that he demonstrates complete independence in character and judgement both in his designated role and as Board member and is of the opinion that he continues to bring independent view of the Company's affairs to the Board notwithstanding his length of service. The Board believes that his in-depth knowledge of the Group's businesses and his extensive and expertise continue to provide invaluable contribution to the Board. As such, the Board recommends him to be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director and would be seeking shareholders' approval for the same at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Board appoints its members through a selection process. All new appointees will be considered and evaluated by the Nominating Committee for the candidates' ability to discharge responsibilities as expected from them. The Committee will then recommend the candidates to be approved and appointed by the Board. The Company Secretary will ensure that all appointments are properly made and that legal and regulatory obligations are met.

The terms of reference of the Nominating Committee are set out under the Report of the Nominating Committee on page 48 of this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration policy of the Company is based on the philosophy to enable the Company to attract and retain Directors of calibre and relevant experience and expertise to manage the Group successfully. For an Executive Director, the remuneration will depend on the achievement of goals including targets and personal achievement and is linked to Group and individual performance. In the case of a Non-Executive Director, the level of remuneration reflects the experience, expertise and level of responsibilities undertaken by the particular Non-Executive Director concerned. All Independent Non-Executive Directors are paid director's fees for serving as Directors on the Board and its Committees. All Directors are paid a meeting allowance for attendance at each meeting.

a. The level and make up of Remuneration

The remuneration of all Directors is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee has a structured procedure for the Board to approve the remuneration of all Non-Executive Directors, based on their experience and expertise and the level of responsibilities of the Directors concerned as well as the condition of the industry.

b. Procedure

The Remuneration Committee recommends the remuneration framework and package of all Directors. Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

c. Disclosure

A summary of the remuneration of the Directors for the year ended 31 January 2013, distinguishing between Executive and Non-Executive Directors, with categorisation into appropriate components and the number of Directors whose remuneration falls into each successive band of RM50,000 is set out as below:

i. Summary of Directors' Remuneration

Aggregate Remuneration	Executive Directors (RM)	Non-executive Directors (RM)	Total (RM)
Salary	1,452,000	-	1,452,000
Bonus	707,850	-	707,850
Fees	123,000	225,000	348,000
Meetings Allowance	9,000	8,500	17,500
Estimated monetary value of benefit-in-kind	14,348	-	14,348
Defined contribution plan	280,917	-	280,917
Share options granted under ESOS	24,951	-	24,951
TOTAL	2,612,066	233,500	2,845,566

ii. Remuneration Band

Executive Directors	
RM500,001 – RM550,000	1
RM600-001 – RM650,000	1
RM650,001 – RM700,000	1
RM800,001 – RM850,000	1
Non-Executive Directors	
RM50,001 – RM100,000	4

INVESTOR RELATIONS & SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

a. Dialogue between the Group and Investors

The Board adheres to the disclosure requirements of Bursa Securities and ensures timely release of the financial results on a quarterly basis in order to provide its shareholders with an overview of the Group's financial and operational performance. In addition, it communicates with its shareholders, institutional and potential investors through various announcements made during the year.

This Annual Report is also an important channel of communication to reach shareholders and investors as it provides comprehensive information pertaining to the Group.

A press conference is normally held after the AGM and/or Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") of the Company to provide the media the opportunity of receiving an update from the Board and to address any queries or areas of interest by the media.

statement on CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

a. Dialogue between the Group and Investors (cont'd)

In addition, the Group recognises the need for independent third party assessment of itself. In this regard, the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and key senior management of the Group also conduct dialogue sessions or briefings with Investment/Financial Analysts and the Press on the results, performance and the potential of new developments of the Group. These briefings enable a direct and frank dialogue on the affairs of the Group.

Other avenues whereby shareholders and interested stakeholders have access to company data are through quarterly filing of financial data at Bursa Securities and via the Company's website at www.kimloong.com.my which they can access for information about the Group.

b. AGM

The AGM is the principal forum of dialogue with shareholders. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Notice of AGM together with a copy of the Company's Annual Report is sent to shareholders at least twenty one (21) days prior to the meeting. Each item of special business included in the notice of meeting is accompanied by an explanation for the proposed resolution.

At the AGM, the Board presents the progress and performance of the Group as contained in the Annual Report and shareholders are encouraged to participate and are given every opportunity to raise questions or seek more information during the meeting. The Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Board members are available to respond to all shareholders' queries.

Shareholders who are unable to attend are allowed to appoint proxies to attend and vote on their behalf. Shareholders can also leave written questions for the Board to respond. The Shares Registrar is available to attend to matters relating to shareholders' interests.

The Company has always made the necessary preparation for poll voting for all resolutions tabled at the AGM and EGM. The Company will explore the suitability and feasibility of employing electronic means for poll voting as set out in Recommendation 8.2 of the Code.

c. Annual Report

The Directors believe that an important channel to reach shareholders and investors is through the Annual Report. Besides including comprehensive financial performance and information on the business activities, the Group strives to improve the contents of the Annual Report in line with the developments in corporate governance practices.

The Company's Annual Report can be accessed at the Company's website at www. kimloong.com.my.

Bursa Securities also provides facilities for the Company to electronically publish all its announcements, including full version of its quarterly results announcements and Annual Report at its website at www.bursamalaysia.com

d. Openness and Transparency

The Group has established a comprehensive website at www.kimloong.com.my to further enhance investors and shareholders communication. Other information provided on the website includes announcements released to Bursa Securities, annual reports and company profile.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

a. Internal Audit Function

The Group's internal audit function adopts a co-sourcing model whereby risk management and specialised audits are performed by the Internal Audit Department of the Company's holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad which acts independently from the activities and operations of the Group and KPMG Management & Risk Consulting Sdn Bhd (formerly known as KPMG Business Advisory Sdn Bhd), a professional services firm provides the assurance function.

The main purpose of the internal audit function is to review effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal controls. The Internal Auditors adopt a risk based auditing approach by focusing on identified high risk areas for compliance with control policies and procedures, identifying business risk which have not been appropriately addressed and evaluating the adequacy and integrity of controls and statutory requirements. Submission of the audit results to the Management and the Audit Committee would ensure that the Management is compliant with the internal control systems and implementing continuous improvement.

statement on CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONT'D)

a. Internal Audit Function (cont'd)

During the financial year under review, the Internal Auditors carried out periodic internal audit reviews in accordance with the approved internal audit plan to monitor compliance with the Group's procedures and to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of risk management and internal control. The results of these reviews have been presented to the Audit Committee at their scheduled meetings. Follow up reviews were also conducted to ensure that the recommendations for improvement have been implemented by Management on a timely basis.

The Internal Auditors communicate regularly and report directly to the Audit Committee on its activities based on the approved Annual Internal Audit Plan to ensure its independent status within the Group. The Internal Auditors are also invited to attend all meetings of the Audit Committee. The total cost incurred in respect of the internal audit function during the financial year was approximately RM268,000.

The Internal Auditors assisted the Audit Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities with respect to adequacy and integrity of internal control within the Group. The Internal Auditors undertook the following activities in accordance with the approved Audit Plan:

- i. Carrying out the internal auditing of the Group's subsidiaries.
- ii. Facilitating the improvement of business processes within the Group.
- iii. Establishing a follow up process in monitoring the implementation of audit recommendation by Management.
- iv. Monitoring the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems by reviewing the implementation of the risk assessment action plans by Management.
- v. Reviewing and verifying the allocation of shares under the Employees' Share Option Scheme ('ESOS').
- vi. Conducting investigation audits or special assignment from time to time as requested by Management.

b. Financial Reporting

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 and Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. The Board is responsible to ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view and balanced and understandable assessment of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group. The Audit Committee assists the Board to ensure accuracy and adequacy of all information for disclosure and compliance with accounting standards.

The Board presents a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects to the shareholders, investors and regulatory authorities, primarily through the quarterly and annual financial statements and Chairman's Statement in the Annual Report.

In presenting the annual financial statements and quarterly announcement of results to shareholders, the Directors provide a balanced, clear and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial positions and future prospects.

c. Internal Control

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the Group's system of internal controls which is to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. It involves key management of each business unit to meet the Group's particular needs, manage risks to which it is exposed, the effective and efficient conduct of operations, financial controls and compliance with laws and regulations as well as with internal procedures and guidelines to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatement or loss.

The review on the systems of internal control is set out under the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control as set out in pages 40 to 42 of this Annual Report.

d. Relationship with the Auditors

The Board through the establishment of the Audit Committee, has established a good working relationship with its External Auditors i.e., Messrs Ernst & Young. The Group also maintains a transparent and professional relationship with its External Auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. Messrs Ernst & Young reports to the shareholders of the Company on its opinion which are included as part of the Group's Annual Report with respect to their audit on each year's statutory financial statements. The Company's External Auditors are appointed every year during the AGM.

The External Auditors are invited to attend the Audit Committee meetings and annual general meetings and are available to answer shareholders' questions on the conduct of the statutory audit and the preparation and content of their audit report.

statement on CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

d. Relationship with the Auditors (cont'd)

The Board has adopted a policy in relation to the provision of non-audit services by the Company's External Auditors which were not in conflict with the role of the External Auditors or their independence. The Audit Committee is responsible to review all the non-audit services provided by the External Auditors and the aggregate amount of fees paid to them. Details of the amounts paid to the External Auditors for non-audit services performed during the year are set out in the Additional Compliance Information of this Annual Report.

The Audit Committee is also aware on the recommendation of the Code to have policies and procedures to assess the suitability and independence of External Auditors. Considering the expertise and existing business knowledge of the current External Auditors and the location of the Company and its subsidiaries, the Audit Committee is in the opinion that the current External Auditors are still suitable for re-appointment. While assessing the independence of the External Auditors, the Audit Committee is satisfied and agreed with the representation by the External Auditors in their Audit Planning Memorandum for the audit of the financial year ended 31 January 2013, that they are independent in accordance with the By-laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practise) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Furthermore, during the financial year ended 31 January 2013, the External Auditors were not engaged for any other significant services other than the statutory audit.

The Board is satisfied based on advice from the Audit Committee with respect to the provision of these non-audit services. In addition, the Audit Committee has obtained a written assurance from the External Auditors confirming that they are, and have been independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Company has committed to achieving high standard of corporate governance throughout the Group and to the highest level of integrity and ethical standards in all its business dealings.

The Company has complied with the relevant principles and recommendations as set out in the Code except as follows:

(a) Recommendation 3.5

The Board takes note of the Code in particular where the Board must comprise a majority of Independent Directors where the Chairman of the Board is not an Independent Director. The Nominating Committee have assessed and opined that Mr Gooi Seong Lim should remain as the Executive Chairman based on the justification stated in pages 28 to 29. The Board remains focused on its priorities of delivering value for all stakeholders.

This statement has been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on 24 June 2013.

statement on DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is required under paragraph 15.26(a) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad to issue a statement explaining its responsibility for preparing the annual audited financial statements.

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 (the "Act") to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at the financial year end and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have:

- applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepared the annual financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard in Malaysia, the provisions of the Act and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company and its subsidiaries keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of each company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the provisions of the Act.

The Directors consider that, in preparing the financial statements of Kim Loong Resources Berhad for the financial year ended 31 January 2013, the Group has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates.

The Directors also consider that applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia have been complied with and confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are also responsible for taking such steps that are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

additional compliance INFORMATION

To comply with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the following information is provided:

Utilisation of Proceeds from Corporate Proposals

During the financial year, there were no proceeds raised by the Company from any corporate proposal.

Share Buy-Back

During the financial year, the Company repurchased a total of 15,000 shares and these shares are currently held as treasury shares. Details of the purchase of treasury shares were as follows:-

Date	No of Treasury shares purchased	Purchase price per share (RM)			Total consideration paid (RM)
		Min	Max	Average	
July 2012	10,000	2.54	2.54	2.54	25,586
January 2013	5,000	2.29	2.30	2.29	11,554

Other details of the share buy back are set out in Note 24(b) to the Financial Statements.

The Company is seeking a renewal of shareholders' mandate for the Share Buy-Back at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Options or Convertible Securities

There were no options or convertible securities issued to any parties during the financial year, other than those disclosed in Note 24 to the Financial Statements.

Depository Receipt Programme

The Company did not sponsor any depository receipt programme during the financial year.

Sanctions and/or Penalties

There were no material sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and/or its subsidiary companies, Directors or Management by any regulatory bodies during financial year.

Non-audit fees

Non-audit fee paid and payable to the External Auditors, Messrs Ernst & Young, during the financial year 2013 was RM5,000.

Variation in results

There was no material variation between the results for the financial year ended 31 January 2013 and the unaudited results previously announced.

Profit Guarantee

The Company did not give any profit guarantee during the financial year.

Material Contracts Involving Directors and Major Shareholders' Interest

There were no material contracts for the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors and major shareholders' interest either subsisting at the end of the financial year or entered into since the end of the previous year.

Recurrent Related Party Transactions

Details of transactions with related parties undertaken by the Group during the financial year are disclosed in Note 31 to the Financial Statements. The Group did not seek for shareholders' mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions at the last AGM as the aggregate value of transactions was not expected to exceed the threshold prescribed under the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 24 June 2013.

statement on RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

This Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control is made pursuant to the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") and the Paragraph 15.26 (b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the Main Market with regards to the Group's state of internal control.

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Kim Loong Resources Berhad ("KLR" or "the Company") is pleased to present below its Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control of the Group for the financial year under review, prepared in accordance with the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Companies' ("the Guidelines") issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia and adopted by Bursa Securities and taking into consideration the recommendations underlying Principle 6 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012.

1.0 BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board affirms its overall responsibilities for the Group's system of risk management and internal control, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's risk management and internal control system. The Board's responsibility in relation to the system of risk management & internal control is embedded in all aspects of the Group's activities which encompasses all subsidiaries of the Company.

The Board has received assurance from the Executive Chairman and Managing Director that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects.

However, as there are inherent limitation in any system of risk management and internal control, such system put into effect by Management can only manage but not eliminate all risk that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives. Therefore, the risk management and internal control system can only provide reasonable assurance and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The process to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks is a concerted and continuing effort throughout the financial year under review.

The Board sets the policy on internal controls after conducting a proper assessment of operational and financial risks by considering the overall control environment of the organisation and having an effective monitoring mechanism. The Managing Director and the management carry out the process of implementation and maintenance of the control systems. Except for insurable risks where insurance covers are purchased, other risks are reported on a general reporting basis and managed by the respective Committees within the Group.

2.0 KEY FEATURES OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The responsibility for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the risk management and internal control system has been delegated by the Board to the Audit Committee. On a periodic basis, the Audit Committee assesses the adequacy and integrity of the risk management and internal control system through independent reviews conducted and reports it received from the Internal Auditors, the External Auditors and Management. Significant risk management and internal control matters were brought to the attention of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee then in turn reports such matters to the Board, if the Audit Committee deems such matters warrant the Board's attention.

Key elements of the Group's risk management and internal control system that have been established to facilitate the proper conduct of the Group's businesses are described below:

i. CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

• Policies & Procedures

Clearly defined policies and procedures are in place and are undergoing constant improvements to ensure that they continue to support the Group's business activities as the Group continues to grow.

• Operations Review and Monitoring

Operations of the Group are constantly monitored with up-to-date reports being presented by the Management, which reviews the performance of the Group against budget and prior year performance on a quarterly basis. Variances are carefully analysed and corrective actions are taken where necessary. Detailed reports on performance review with steps to be taken are presented to Executive Directors periodically.

The Deputy General Manager and Executive Directors regularly visit the Group's estates. During the visits, the estate managers report on the progress and performance, discuss and resolve the estates' operational and key management issues.

statement on RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

The Executive Directors also monitor the performance of the business units through reports produced by the external Planting Advisors. The roles of the Planting Advisors and Agronomist are to ensure that the technical aspects of all estates under the Group are based on current best practices in plantation management.

The milling operations are regularly visited by the Managing Director, Executive Directors and the Visiting Mill Engineer. During the visits, they discuss and resolve all operational and key management issues faced by the mill managers.

• Organisation Structure and Authorisation Procedures

The Group maintains a formal organisational structure with clear lines of reporting to the Board, Committees and Senior Management with defined roles and responsibilities, authority limits, review and approval procedures and proper segregation of duties which supports the maintenance of a strong control environment.

Specific responsibilities have been delegated to relevant Committees, all of which have formalised terms of reference. These Committees have the authority to examine all matters within their scope and report to the Executive Directors / Managing Director / Executive Chairman / Board with their recommendations.

• Human Capital Policy

Comprehensive and rigorous guidelines on the employment, performance appraisal and training programs and retention of employees are in place, to ensure that the Group has a team of employees who are well trained and equipped with all the necessary knowledge, skills and abilities to carry out their responsibility effectively.

Emphasis is being placed on enhancing the quality and ability of employees through training and development. Employees' competencies are assessed annually through the annual appraisal system and subsequently, further development and training requirements are highlighted for Heads of Departments and business units for follow up.

• Management Style

The Board relies on the experience of the Executive Chairman, Managing Director, Executive Directors and the respective business units' management teams to run and manage the operations and businesses of the Group in an effective and efficient manner.

The Executive Chairman, Managing Director and management adopt a "hands-on" approach in managing the businesses of the Group. This enables the timely identification and resolution of any significant issues arising.

Quality Control

Strong emphasis is placed on ensuring that the Group adheres to health, safety and environmental regulations as required by the various authorities.

• Other Key Elements of Internal Control

Other key elements of procedures established by the Board which provide effective internal control include:

- > Centralised functions of finance, treasury administration, human resource, agronomic, marketing and bulk purchases to ensure that uniform policies and procedures are implemented throughout the Group.
- Regular site visits to the operations within the Group by the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Executive Directors and Senior Management.
- > The Finance Department monitors the activities and performance of the subsidiaries through the monthly management accounts and ensures control accounts are reconciled with the subsidiaries records.
- > Adequate insurance and physical safeguarding of major assets are in place to ensure these assets are sufficiently covered against any mishap that may result in material losses to the Group.
- > The documented policies and procedures form an integral part of the internal control system to safeguard the Group's assets against material losses and ensure complete and accurate financial information. The documents consist of memoranda, circulars, manuals and handbooks that are regularly revised and updated to meet operational needs.
- > Proposals for major capital expenditures of the Group are reviewed and approved by the Executive Directors.
- > Regular Board and management meetings to assess performance of business units.
- All recurrent related party transactions are dealt with in accordance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The Audit Committee and the Board review the recurrent related party transactions at the respective meetings of the Audit Committee and the Board.

statement on RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

2.0 KEY FEATURES OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

ii. RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Board recognises that risk management is an integral part of the Group's business operations and is important for the achievement of its business objectives. The Group has established a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") that is chaired by the Managing Director and its members comprise the Executive Directors, Heads of Divisions & Departments ("HODS") and staff from key operations. They have also been trained to identify the risks relating to their areas; the likelihood of these risks occurring; the consequences if they do occur; and the actions being and/or to be taken to manage these risks to the desired level. The risk profiles and risk treatment measures determined from this process are documented in risk registers with each business or operations area having its respective risk register. The risk registers are eventually compiled to form the Group Risk Profile for reporting to the RMC and the Audit Committee.

Ongoing risk management education and training is provided at Management and staff level by members of the RMC.

iii. INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The roles, responsibilities and activities of the Internal Audit functions are described and detailed on pages 35 to 36 under the Statement on Corporate Governance in this Annual Report.

There were neither major weaknesses in the system identified during the year, nor have any of the reported weaknesses resulted in material losses or contingencies requiring disclosure in the Group's Annual Report. Those areas of non-compliance with the procedures and policies and those which require improvements as highlighted by the internal auditors during the period have been, or are being addressed.

iv. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

Information critical to meeting Group's business objectives are communicated through established reporting lines across the Group. This is to ensure that matters that require the Board and Senior Management's attention are highlighted for review, deliberation and resolution on a timely basis.

v. REVIEW AND MONITORING PROCESS

The Group's management teams carry out monthly monitoring and review of the Group's operations and performance, including financial results and forecasts for all business operations within the Group.

In addition to the above, scheduled and ad-hoc meetings are held at operational and management levels to identify, discuss and resolve business and operational issues as and when necessary. The Board monitors the Group's performance by reviewing its quarterly results and operations, and examines the announcement to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. These are reviewed by the Audit Committee before they are tabled to the Board for approval.

3.0 REVIEW OF STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

Pursuant to paragraph 15.23 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the External Auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control for inclusion in the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 January 2013. Their review was performed in accordance with Recommended Practice Guide 5 (RPG 5) issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

The External Auditors have opined to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that this Statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

RPG 5 does not require the External Auditors to and they did not consider whether this statement covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system.

4.0 CONCLUSION

The Board is of the view that the system of internal control in place throughout the year under review is sound and sufficient to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators, employees of the Group and to facilitate the expansion of its operations. Additionally, the Board regards the risks faced by the Group are within acceptable levels to the business environment within which the Group operates.

There were no material losses or fraud identified during the current financial year as a result of internal control failures and the Board and Management are continuously taking measures to improve and strengthen the internal control framework and environment of the Group.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 24 June 2013.

The Board of Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad is pleased to present the Report of the Audit Committee which lays out the activities held throughout the financial year ended 31 January 2013 and in compliance with Paragraph 15.15 (1) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee presently comprises three (3) Directors of the Board, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The members are:

Chairman : Gan Kim Guan : Chan Weng Hoong Members : Cheang Kwan Chow

: Chew Poh Soon (ceased on 27/7/2012)

Secretaries: Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

1. MEMBERSHIP

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall not be fewer than three (3) members. All the members must be Non-Executive Directors, with a majority of them being Independent Directors as defined in Chapter 1 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The quorum shall be two (2) members, a majority of whom shall be Independent Directors. The Chairman of the Committee shall be elected by the members of the Committee from amongst their members and shall be an Independent Director.

At least one member of the Committee:

- must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"); or
- if he is not a member of the MIA, he must have at least 3 years' working experience and:
 - a) he must have passed the examinations specified in Part 1 of the 1st Schedule to the Accountants Act, 1967; or
 - b) he must be a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in Part 11 of the 1st Schedule to the Accountants Act, 1967.
- iii. fulfills such other requirements as prescribed or approved by Bursa Securities.

Mr. Gan Kim Guan, the Chairman of the Audit Committee is a member of MIA. The Company has therefore complied with paragraph 15.09(1)(c)(i) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

2. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS

The financial controller, senior finance manager, the Internal Auditors and representative of the External Auditors normally attend meetings. Other Board members and employees may attend meetings upon the invitation of the Audit Committee, specific to the relevant meeting. However, the Committee should meet with the External Auditors without executive Board members present at least twice a year.

A quorum shall be two (2) members and the majority of members present must be Independent Directors.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee, responsible for drawing up the agenda with the concurrence of the Chairman and circulating it, supported by explanatory documentation to the Committee members prior to each meeting.

FREOUENCY AND PROCEDURES OF MEETINGS

- Meetings shall be held not less than four times a financial year.
- The Committee shall regulate its own procedures, in particular:
 - the calling of meetings;
 - the notice to be given of such meetings;
 - the voting and proceedings of such meetings;
 - the keeping of the minutes; and
 - the custody, production and inspection of such minutes.

During the financial year 2013, the Audit Committee held a total of four (4) meetings. The attendance by each member at the Committee meetings during the year was as follows:

Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in office	Meeting attended by member	
4	4	
4	4	
4	4	
2	2	
	meetings held in the financial year during Member's	

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

3. FREQUENCY AND PROCEDURES OF MEETINGS (CONT'D)

The details of training attended by the above Members are tabulated below.

Name	Program	Date
Gan Kim Guan	 An overview of MFRS and the latest development in MFRS/IFRS Updates of the 2012 IFRS – Compliant MFRSs, Preparing the convergence to IFRSs 	Feb 9 & 10, 2012 Mar 19 & 20, 2012
	• IRB – CTIM Roadshow: Enhancing Tax Compliance – Avoiding Common Mistakes and improving efficiency	May 27, 2012
	National Tax Conference 2012	Jul 17 & 18, 2012
	 Workshop on New Public Ruling in 2011 & 2012 	Jul 27, 2012
	Seminar Percukaian Kebangsaan, 2012	Oct 10, 2012
Chan Weng Hoong	2-Days Workshop on Team Building for Senior Executive of Boustead Plantations	Dec 27 & 28, 2012
Cheang Kwan Chow	 Bursa Malaysia Berhad Corporate Governance Program : Role of Audit in Assuring Audit Quality KPMG Audit Committee Institute Breakfast Roundtable - The Audit 	May 22, 2012
	Committee's Oversight Role on Financial Reporting	Dec 12, 2012

4. FUNCTIONS

The Committee shall amongst others, discharge the following functions:

- i. To review the following and report on the same to the Board:
 - a. with the External Auditors, the audit plan;
 - b. with the External Auditors, their evaluation of the system of internal control;
 - c. with the External Auditors, the audit report;
 - d. the assistance given by employees of the Group to the External Auditors;
 - e. the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the Internal Auditors and that they have the necessary authority to carry out their work;
 - f. the internal audit program, processes, the results of the internal audit or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action has been taken on the recommendations of the Internal Auditors;
 - g. to review any major findings of internal investigations and management's response;
 - h. the quarterly results and year end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board of Directors, particularly on:
 - any changes in or implementation of major accounting policies;
 - major judgemental areas;
 - significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
 - the going concern assumption;
 - significant and unusual events; and
 - compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.
 - i. to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits and any matter the auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of management, where necessary);
 - j. to review the External Auditor's management letter and management's response;
 - k. any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Company or the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity;
 - I. to consider the audit fee of the External Auditors;
 - m. to consider the appointment of the External Auditors and any letter of resignation from the External Auditors of the Company and to deal with any questions of resignation or dismissal;
 - n. to recommend the nomination of a person or persons as External Auditors;
 - o. to promptly report to Bursa Securities if a matter reported by the Audit Committee to the Board of Directors of the Company has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Bursa Securities Main Market Listing Requirements;

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

4. FUNCTIONS (CONT'D)

- To review the following and report on the same to the Board: (cont'd)
 - to ensure financial statements comply with applicable Financial Reporting Standards;
 - to review the adequacy of the Audit Committee's policies and procedures for the provision of nonaudit services by the Group's auditors;
 - r. to obtain a written confirmation from the External Auditors on an annual basis or at any time as the Audit Committee may request, confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements;
 - s. whether there is reason (supported by grounds) to believe that the Company's External Auditors are not suitable for re-appointment; and
 - t. to consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

5. RIGHTS

The Committee shall, in accordance with the procedures determined by the Board and at the cost of the Company:

- have authority to investigate any matter within its Terms of Reference;
- have the resources which are required to perform its duties;
- have full and unrestricted access to all information and documents relevant to its activities as well as direct communication channels with the External Auditors, person(s) carrying out the internal audit function or activity and the Senior Management of the Group;
- d. be able to obtain independent professional advice; and
- e. be able to convene meetings with the External Auditors, the Internal Auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other Executive Directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

6. REPORTING PROCEDURES

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee met at scheduled times with due notices of meetings issued, and with agenda planned and itemised so that issues raised were deliberated and discussed in a focussed and detailed manner.

During the financial year 2013, the Audit Committee discharged its duties and responsibilities in accordance with its terms of reference. The main activities undertaken by the Audit Committee were as follows:

Financial and Operations Review

- Reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the quarterly reports for announcement to Bursa Securities in compliance with the Financial Reporting Standards and adhered to other legal and regulatory requirements;
- Reviewed the annual audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company. The Audit Committee discussed with the management and the External Auditors the accounting principles and standards that were applied and their judgement of the items that may affect the financial statement;
- Reviewed the impact of new or proposed changes in accounting standards and regulatory requirements of the Company;
- Reviewed the outcome of the risk management programme, including key risks identified, the potential impacts and the likelihood of the risks occurring, existing controls which can mitigate the risks and action plans; and
- Reviewed the application of the corporate governance principles and the extent of the Group's compliance with recommendations set under the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 in conjunction with the preparation of the Statement on Corporate Governance and Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

External Audit

- Reviewed the External Auditor's annual audit plan and audit strategy for the financial year ended 31 January 2013 to ensure their scope of work adequately covered the activities of the Group and of the Company;
- Discussed with the management and the External Auditors the Financial Reporting Standards applicable to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that were applied and their judgement of the items that may affect the financial statements;
- Reviewed with the External Auditors, the result of the audit, the audit report and internal control recommendations in respect of control weaknesses noted in the course of the audit that required appropriate actions and the Management's responses thereon;
- Reviewed and evaluated the External Auditors' performance, objectivity and independence during the year before recommending to the Board for reappointment and remuneration; and
- Held independent meetings (without the presence of Management) twice with the External Auditors.

Internal Audit

- Reviewed and approved the Internal Auditors' plans for the financial year to ensure adequate coverage over the activities of the respective subsidiaries;
- Reviewed the internal audit reports presented by the Internal Auditors on findings, recommendations and management responses thereto and ensured that material findings were adequately addressed by Management and reported to the Board relevant issues; and
- Held independent meetings (without the presence of Management) with the Internal Auditors.

Risk Management

 Reviewed the Risk Management Committee's reports and assessment

Related Party Transactions

 The Audit Committee reviewed all significant related party transactions entered by the Group and the Company to ensure that such transactions are undertaken at arm's length basis on normal commercial terms which are not detrimental to the interests of the minority shareholders of the Company and the internal control procedures employed are both sufficient and effective before recommending to the Board for approval.

Employees' Share Option Scheme (ESOS)

 Verified the list of eligible employees and the allocation of options to be offered to them in accordance with the Bylaws of the ESOS.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 24 June 2013.

report of the REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

COMPOSITION OF MEMBERS

Members

The Committee comprises the following members:

Chairman : Chew Poh Soon

(ceased as Chairman on 27/7/2012)

Gan Kim Guan

(appointed as Chairman on 28/3/2013)

Members : Gooi Seong Lim

Chan Weng Hoong Cheang Kwan Chow

Secretaries: Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) Membership

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall consist of at least three (3) Directors, wholly or a majority of whom are Non-Executive Directors.

The members of the Committee shall elect the Chairman from amongst their members who shall be a Non-Executive Director.

In order to form a quorum in respect of a meeting of the Committee, the members present must be wholly or a majority of whom must be Non-Executive Directors.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee.

(2) Frequency of Meetings

Meetings shall be held not less than once a year.

(3) Authority

The Committee is authorised to draw advice from outside as and when necessary in forming its recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of the Executive Directors in all its forms. Executive Directors should play no part in deciding their own remuneration and should abstain from discussion of their own remuneration.

(4) Duty

The duty of the Committee is to recommend to the Board the structure and level of remuneration of Executive Directors.

(5) Reporting Procedures

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee met once during the financial year 2013. The attendance of the members of the Committee of the meetings is as follows:

Member	Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in office	Meeting attended by member
Chew Poh Soon	1	1
Gan Kim Guan	1	1
Gooi Seong Lim	1	1
Chan Weng Hoong	1	1
Cheang Kwan Chow	1	1

The main activities undertaken by the Committee during the year under review were as follows:

- Reviewed the structure of the remuneration package for each of the Executive Directors; and
- Reviewed the performance bonuses for each of the Executive Directors.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 24 June 2013.

report of the NOMINATING COMMITTEE

COMPOSITION OF MEMBERS

Members

The Committee comprises the following members:

Chairman: Chew Poh Soon

(ceased as Chairman on 27/7/2012)

Gan Kim Guan

(appointed as Chairman on 31/12/2012)

Members : Chan Weng Hoong

Cheang Kwan Chow

Secretaries: Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) Membership

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall consist exclusively of Non-Executive Directors, minimum three (3), a majority of whom are Independent Directors.

The members of the Committee shall elect the Chairman from amongst their members who shall be an Independent Director.

In order to form a quorum in respect of a meeting of the Committee, the members present must be wholly or a majority of whom must be Independent Directors.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee.

(2) Frequency of Meetings

Meetings shall be held not less than once a year.

(3) Authority

The Committee is to recommend new nominees for the Board and the Board Committees and to assess Directors on an ongoing basis. The actual decision as to who shall be nominated should be the responsibility of the full Board after considering the recommendations of the Committee.

(4) Duty

The duties of the Committee shall be:

 to recommend to the Board, candidates for all directorships and in doing so, preference shall be given to shareholders or existing Board members and candidates proposed by the Managing Director and, within the bounds of practicability, by any other senior executive or any director or shareholder may also be considered;

- ii. to recommend to the Board, directors to fill the seats in board committees;
- iii. to review annually, on behalf of the Board, the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities, including core competencies, which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board; and
- iv. to carry out annually, on behalf of the Board, the assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the board committees and the contribution of each individual Director.

(5) Reporting Procedures

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of the meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee met twice during the financial year 2013.

The attendance of the members of the Committee of the meetings is as follows:

Member	Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in office	Meeting attended by member	
Chew Poh Soon	1	1	
Gan Kim Guan	2	2	
Chan Weng Hoong	2	2	
Cheang Kwan Chow	2	2	

The main activities undertaken by the Committee during the vear under review were as follows:

- a) Reviewed the composition and the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities of the Board;
- b) Reviewed the re-election of Directors retiring at the AGM under Articles 77 and 84 of the Articles of Association;
- c) Reviewed the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and contribution of each director; and
- d) Developed the criteria to assess independence of independent directors.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 24 June 2013.

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directors' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 January 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are those of cultivation of oil palm and cocoa and investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	53,944,320	29,838,780
Non-controlling interests	14,575,428	-
Profit net of tax	68,519,748	29,838,780

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

DIVIDENDS

The amounts of dividends paid by the Company since 31 January 2012 were as follows:

	RM
In respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2012:	
- Final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 10% on 306,987,658 ordinary shares, paid on 29 August 2012	30,698,766
In vision set of the fines six vision and 24 leaves 2042.	
In respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2013:	
- Interim tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 5% on 308,624,969 ordinary shares, paid on 22 November 2012	15,431,248
	46,130,014

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2013, of 7 sen tax exempt (single-tier) per ordinary share, will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 January 2014.



DIRECTORS

The names of the Directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

Gooi Seong Lim

Gooi Seong Heen

Gooi Seong Chneh

Gooi Seong Gum

Gan Kim Guan

Chan Weng Hoong

Cheang Kwan Chow

Chew Poh Soon (retired on 27 July 2012)

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the Directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company as shown in Note 10 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 31 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The following Directors who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the register of Directors' shareholdings, interests in shares in the Company and its related corporations as stated below:

Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each

The Company	1.2.2012	Exercised	Sold	31.1.2013
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	1,149,552	-	-	1,149,552
- indirect interest	199,442,101	-	-	199,442,101
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	1,753,912	-	-	1,753,912
- indirect interest	198,106,102	-	-	198,106,102
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	1,613,912	-	-	1,613,912
- indirect interest	198,106,102	-	-	198,106,102
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	-	132,600	-	132,600
- indirect interest	198,162,102	-	-	198,162,102

- indirect interest

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (cont'd)				
	Number of options under employees' share option scheme over ordinary shares of RM1 each			
The Company	1.2.2012	Granted	Exercised	31.1.2013
Gooi Seong Lim	14,000	-	-	14,000
Gooi Seong Heen	14,000	-	-	14,000
Gooi Seong Chneh	14,000	-	-	14,000
Gooi Seong Gum	132,600	-	132,600	-
	Num	ber of ordinary s	shares of RM10	0 each
Holding company	1.2.2012	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2013
Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	22,125	-	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	22,125	_	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	22,125	-	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	22,125	-	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
	Nur	mber of ordinary	shares of RM1	each
		Converted/		
Related corporations	1.2.2012	Exercised	Sold	31.1.2013
Crescendo Corporation Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	1,270,452	70,000	-	1,340,452
- indirect interest	122,857,906	1,103,918	1,000,000	122,961,824
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	3,487,704	1,071,417	_	4,559,121

120,097,152

17,000

1,000,000

119,114,152

DIRECTORS'	INTERESTS	(cont'd)

Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each				
	Converted/			
1.2.2012	Exercised	Sold	31.1.2013	
3,156,706	987,418	-	4,144,124	
120,046,152	-	1,000,000	119,046,152	
-	350,000	350,000	-	
120,046,152	-	1,000,000	119,046,152	
	Number of war	rants 2009/2014	ı	
1.2.2012	Acquired	Exercised	31.1.2013	
31,445,981	-	-	31,445,981	
31,445,981	-	-	31,445,981	
31,445,981	-	-	31,445,981	
31,445,981	-	-	31,445,981	
1.2.2012	Granted	Exercised	31.1.2013	
350,000				
	3,156,706 120,046,152 - 120,046,152 1.2.2012 31,445,981 31,445,981 31,445,981 Number sche 1.2.2012	1.2.2012	3,156,706 987,418 - 1,000,000	

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (cont'd)

	Numbe	r of irredeemab	le convertible ur	secured
	loan stocks 2009/2016 at nominal value of RM1 each			
Related corporations	1.2.2012	Acquired	Converted	31.1.2013
Crescendo Corporation Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	70,000	-	70,000	-
- indirect interest	52,549,899	-	1,103,918	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	1,071,417	-	1,071,417	-
- indirect interest	51,462,981	-	17,000	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	987,418	-	987,418	-
- indirect interest	51,445,981	-	-	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Gum				
- indirect interest	51,445,981		-	51,445,981
	Nun	nber of ordinary	shares of RM1	each
Related corporations	1.2.2012	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2013
Crescendo Overseas Corporation Sdn. Bhd.				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	12,250	-	-	12,250
- indirect interest	51,000	-	-	51,000
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	12,250	-	-	12,250
- indirect interest	51,000	-	-	51,000
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	12,250	-	-	12,250
- indirect interest	51,000	-	-	51,000
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	12,250	-	-	12,250
- indirect interest	51,000	_	_	51,000

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (cont'd)

	Nur	nber of ordinary sh	ares of RM1 e	each
Related corporations	1.2.2012	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2013
Panoramic Housing Development Sdn. Bhd.				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200

By virtue of their interests in the shares in the holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, Gooi Seong Lim, Gooi Seong Heen, Gooi Seong Chneh and Gooi Seong Gum are also deemed to have interests in the shares in the Company and its related corporations to the extent that the holding company has interests.

The other Directors in the office at the end of the financial year had no interest in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year.

ISSUE OF SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year:

- (i) 603,800 ordinary shares of RM1 each were issued by virtue of the exercise of 104,500 share options (at par value), 39,100 share options (at RM1.19 per share), 90,000 share options (at RM2.27 per share), 133,200 share options (at RM1.75 per share), 148,000 share options (at RM2.12 per share), 84,400 share options (at RM2.00 per share) and 4,600 shares options (at RM2.42 per share) granted pursuant to the Company's Employees' Share Option Scheme.
- (ii) 1,508,311 ordinary shares of RM1 each were issued pursuant to the exercise of 1,508,311 Warrants.

The new ordinary shares issued during the year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares of the Company.

The Company did not issue any debentures during the financial year.

EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company implemented an Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") which came into effect on 18 March 2005 for a period of 5 years. The ESOS is governed by the By-Laws which were approved by the shareholders on 26 January 2005. On 30 March 2009, the Directors approved the extension of the ESOS period for another 5 years from 17 March 2010.

The main features of the ESOS are:

- (i) The total number of new ordinary shares to be issued by the Company under the ESOS shall not exceed 15% of the total issued and paid up ordinary shares of the Company, and such that not more than 50% of the shares available under ESOS is allocated in aggregate to the Directors and senior management.
- (ii) Not more than 10% of the shares available under ESOS is to be allocated to any individual Director or employee who, either singly or collectively through his/her associates, holds 20% or more in the issued and paid up capital of the Company.
- (iii) Only employees and Executive Directors of the Group are eligible to participate in the scheme. Executive Directors are those involved in a full time day-to-day managerial and executive capacity in any company within the Group and on the payroll of the Group.
- (iv) The option price under the ESOS is the five (5) days weighted average market price of the shares of the Company at the time the option is granted, subject to a discount of not more than ten percent (10%), which the Company may at its discretion decide to give, or the par value of the shares of the Company of RM1, whichever is the higher.
- (v) The options granted will be valid up to the extended expiry date of the ESOS on 17 March 2015.
- (vi) An option holder may, in a particular year, exercise up to such maximum number of shares as specified in the option certificate in accordance with By-law 7.4.
- (vii) The persons to whom the options are granted have no right to participate by virtue of the options in any shares of any other company within the Group.
- (viii) Eligible employees are those who have been employed for at least three calendar months of continuous service, after the probation period, and is confirmed in full time service in any company within the Group.

Details of all the options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to the employee share option scheme as at 31 January 2013 are as follows:

	Exercise	Number of shares options granted and unexercised as	options e	tage of xercisable cial year
	price	at 31 January 2013	2014	2015
	RM		%	%
Options granted on:				
31 March 2005	1.00	7,900	100	-
29 March 2006	1.00	7,400	100	-
29 March 2007	1.19	121,800	100	-
27 March 2008	2.27	649,000	100	-
30 March 2009	1.75	250,400	100	-
29 March 2010	2.12	502,800	100	-
31 March 2011	2.00	707,900	90	10
29 March 2012	2.42	990,300	79	21
		3,237,500		

REPORT (cont'd)

EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME (cont'd)

The above employees' share options will expire on 17 March 2015.

During the financial year, the Company issued 1,036,300 new share options to eligible employees. The Company has been granted exemption by the Companies Commission of Malaysia from having to disclose the names of employees who have been granted options to subscribe for less than 56,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each.

No employee has been granted options to subscribe for 56,000 or more ordinary shares of RM1 each in the Company during the financial year.

Details of options granted to Directors are disclosed in the section on Directors' interests in this report.

TREASURY SHARES

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 15,000 of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM2.46 per share. The total consideration paid for the repurchase including transaction costs was RM37,140. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

At 31 January 2013, the Company held as treasury shares a total of 25,000 of its 308,667,469 issued ordinary shares. Such treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM60,611 and further relevant details are disclosed in Note 24(b) to the financial statements.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet its obligations when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

HOLDING AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The Directors regard Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia, as the Company's holding and ultimate holding company.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ernst & Young, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 28 May 2013.

GOOI SEONG HEEN

GOOI SEONG CHNEH

statement by DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

We, Gooi Seong Heen and Gooi Seong Chneh, being two of the Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, do hereby state that, in our opinion, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 62 to 135 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

The information set out in Note 41 to the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 28 May 2013.

GOOI SEONG HEEN

GOOI SEONG CHNEH



I, Gooi Seong Heen, being the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 62 to 136 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed Gooi Seong Heen at Johor Bahru in the State of Johor Darul Ta'zim on 28 May 2013)))	GOOI SEONG HEEN
Before me,		
Commissioner for Oaths		

independent AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of Kim Loong Resources Berhad (Incorporated in Malaysia)

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 January 2013 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 62 to 135.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, and for such internal control as the Directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification and did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

OTHER MATTERS

The supplementary information set out in Note 41 to the financial statements on page 136 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young

AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Johor Bahru, Malaysia Date: 28 May 2013 Wun Mow Sang 1821/12/14 (J) Chartered Accountant

statements of COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

			Group	C	ompany
	Note	2013	2012	2013	2012
		RM	RM	RM	RM
Revenue	4	637,237,890	768,331,767	16,084,199	30,074,418
Cost of sales	5	(508,269,304)	(573,891,395)	(9,629,458)	(10,023,786)
Gross profit		128,968,586	194,440,372	6,454,741	20,050,632
Other items of income	6	7,339,639	7,784,356	50,017,596	43,040,256
Other items of expense					
Distribution cost		(13,961,675)	(13,076,765)	(970,752)	(1,868,994)
Administrative expenses		(16,143,424)	(13,777,204)	(17,827,510)	(7,666,048)
Finance costs	7	(1,210,626)	(1,876,032)	-	-
Other expenses		(10,438,278)	(8,452,183)	(5,967,531)	(208,253)
Profit before tax	8	94,554,222	165,042,544	31,706,544	53,347,593
Tax	11	(26,034,474)	(40,293,128)	(1,867,764)	(5,109,400)
Profit net of tax		68,519,748	124,749,416	29,838,780	48,238,193
Other comprehensive income					
Net movement on cash flow hedges	33	29,754	6,908,622	-	1,391,955
Tax relating to cash flow hedges	23	(7,438)	(1,727,157)	-	(347,989)
Other comprehensive income for the year,					
net of tax		22,316	5,181,465	-	1,043,966
Total comprehensive income for the year		68,542,064	129,930,881	29,838,780	49,282,159
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		53,944,320	96,572,545	29,838,780	48,238,193
Non-controlling interests		14,575,428	28,176,871	-	-
		68,519,748	124,749,416	29,838,780	48,238,193
Total comprehensive income attributable to	:				
Owners of the Company		53,957,977	100,432,619	29,838,780	49,282,159
Non-controlling interests		14,584,087	29,498,262	-	-
		68,542,064	129,930,881	29,838,780	49,282,159
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (sen per share):					
- Basic	12	17.50	31.56		
- Diluted	12	17.50	31.46		

consolidated statement of

FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 January 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		RM	RIV
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	371,359,822	366,297,822
Land use rights	14	2,592,438	2,707,098
Biological assets	15	78,028,351	73,463,52
ntangible assets	17	-	66,31
Deferred tax assets	23	8,358,350	8,539,78
	-	460,338,961	451,074,55
Current assets			
Inventories	18	42,775,607	43,271,09
Trade and other receivables	19	26,184,040	24,732,00
Prepayments		6,634,856	8,936,64
Tax recoverable		3,165,807	971,35
Derivatives	33	621,775	,
Cash and bank balances	20	190,905,621	188,049,52
	-	270,287,706	265,960,63
Total assets	-	730,626,667	717,035,182
Equity and liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	42,952,367	40,759,02
Loans and borrowings	22	14,228,503	12,588,03
Tax payable		1,963,732	8,175,30
Derivatives	33	21,399	51,15
	-	59,166,001	61,573,51
Net current assets	- -	211,121,705	204,387,11
Non-current liabilities			
Other payables	21	2,313,858	2,996,00
Loans and borrowings	22	24,234,000	26,466,000
Deferred tax liabilities	23	49,253,795	47,464,46
	-	75,801,653	76,926,469
Total liabilities		134,967,654	138,499,98
Total liabilities	_		

consolidated statement of FINANCIAL POSITION (cont'd) As at 31 January 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		RM	RM
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	24	308,667,469	306,555,358
Share premium	26	2,110,314	1,449,225
Treasury shares	24(b)	(60,611)	(23,471)
Other reserves	25	41,642,870	42,344,795
Retained earnings		165,788,889	157,029,112
	-	518,148,931	507,355,019
Non-controlling interests		77,510,082	71,180,177
Total equity		595,659,013	578,535,196
	-		
Total equity and liabilities		730,626,667	717,035,182

company statement of FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 January 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		RM	RM
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	70,017,316	68,928,075
Biological assets	15	7,555,510	3,563,708
Investments in subsidiaries	16	45,930,098	49,479,911
Other receivables	19	79,641,538	73,649,358
	-	203,144,462	195,621,052
Current assets			
Inventories	18	260,363	373,038
Trade and other receivables	19	62,729,124	63,569,869
Prepayments		212,594	225,297
Tax recoverable		2,158,623	334,187
Cash and bank balances	20	78,881,933	100,120,017
	-	144,242,637	164,622,408
Total assets		347,387,099	360,243,460
Favitar and liabilities			
Equity and liabilities			
Current liability Trade and other payables	21	2 241 204	2 564 750
Trade and other payables	۷۱ -	3,341,284	3,564,759
Net current assets	-	140,901,353	161,057,649
Non-current liability			
Deferred tax liabilities	23	11,255,478	10,443,278
Total liabilities	-	14,596,762	14,008,037
Net assets		332,790,337	346,235,423
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	24	308,667,469	306,555,358
Share premium	26	2,110,314	1,449,225
Treasury shares	24(b)	(60,611)	(23,471)
Other reserves	25	14,318,454	14,412,354
Retained earnings	29	7,754,711	23,841,957
Total equity		332,790,337	346,235,423
Total equity and liabilities	-	347,387,099	360,243,460

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

consolidated statement of

CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

			<		<	
	Note	Total equity RM	Total	Share capital (Note 24) RM	Share premium (Note 26) RM	
At 1 February 2012		578,535,196	507,355,019	306,555,358	1,449,225	
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax (Note 30)		-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income		68,542,064	53,957,977	-	-	
Transactions with owners						
Share-based payment under ESOS		322,705	322,705	-	-	
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		-	-	_	212,617	
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of:						
- ESOS		1,082,121	1,082,121	603,800	478,321	
- Warrants		1,508,311	1,508,311	1,508,311	-	
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(29,849)	(29,849)	-	(29,849)	
Buy-back of shares		(37,140)	(37,140)	-	-	
Acquisition from non-controlling interests		(30,000)	(965)	-	-	
Dilution of interests in subsidiary company		60,000	120,766	-	-	
Issuance of shares to non- controlling interests of subsidiary companies		912,490	-	-	-	
Reversal of non-controlling interests' share of loss previously set off against their advances		(136,871)	-	-	-	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(8,940,000)	-	-	-	
Dividends for the year ended:						
- 31 January 2012	39	(30,698,766)	(30,698,766)	-	-	
- 31 January 2013	39	(15,431,248)	(15,431,248)	-	-	
Total transactions with owners		(51,418,247)	(43,164,065)	2,112,111	661,089	
At 31 January 2013		595,659,013	518,148,931	308,667,469	2,110,314	

	> ible>	< Distributa	>		ributable	
Non- controlling interests	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Hedging reserve (Note 33(c))	Option reserve (Note 28)	Revaluation reserve (Note 27)	Other reserves, total
RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
71,180,177	(23,471)	157,029,112	(23,479)	324,317	42,043,957	42,344,795
-	-	825,670	-	-	(825,670)	(825,670)
14,584,087	-	53,944,320	13,657	-	-	13,657
-	-	-	-	322,705	-	322,705
-	-	-	-	(212,617)	-	(212,617)
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	_	-	-	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	(37,140)	-	-	-	-	-
(29,035)	-	(965)	-	-	-	-
(60,766)	-	120,766	-	-	-	-
912,490	-	-	-	-	-	-
(136,871)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(8,940,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	(30,698,766)	-	-	-	-
-	-	(15,431,248)	-	-	-	-
(8,254,182)	(37,140)	(46,010,213)	-	110,088	-	110,088
77,510,082	(60,611)	165,788,889	(9,822)	434,405	41,218,287	41,642,870

consolidated statement of CHANGES IN EQUITY (cont'd) For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

			<		<	
	Note	Total equity RM	Total RM	Share capital (Note 24) RM	Share premium (Note 26) RM	
At 1 February 2011		491,623,129	445,143,158	305,287,441	1,354,779	
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax (Note 30)		-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	-	129,930,881	100,432,619	-	-	
Transactions with owners						
Share-based payment under ESOS		235,653	235,653	-	-	
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		-	-	-	41,034	
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of:						
- ESOS		216,486	216,486	145,400	71,086	
- Warrants		1,122,517	1,122,517	1,122,517	-	
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(17,674)	(17,674)	-	(17,674)	
Buy-back of shares		(23,471)	(23,471)	-	-	
Non-controlling interests share of loss set off against their advances		1,944	-	-	-	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(4,800,000)	-	-	-	
Dividends for the year ended:						
- 31 January 2011	39	(21,377,492)	(21,377,492)	-	-	
- 31 January 2012	39	(18,376,777)	(18,376,777)	-	-	
Total transactions with owners		(43,018,814)	(38,220,758)	1,267,917	94,446	
At 31 January 2012	-	578,535,196	507,355,019	306,555,358	1,449,225	

Attributable	to owners of the	Company			>	
	ributable			< Distributa		
Other reserves, total	Revaluation reserve (Note 27)	Option reserve (Note 28)	Hedging reserve (Note 33(c))	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Non- controlling interests
RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
39,115,772	42,869,627	129,698	(3,883,553)	99,385,166	-	46,479,971
(825,670)	(825,670)	-	-	825,670	-	-
3,860,074	-	-	3,860,074	96,572,545	-	29,498,262
235,653	-	235,653	-	-	-	-
(41,034)	-	(41,034)	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	(23,471)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,944
-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,800,000)
-	-	-	-	(21,377,492)	-	-
-	-	-	-	(18,376,777)	-	-
194,619	-	194,619	-	(39,754,269)	(23,471)	(4,798,056)
42,344,795	42,043,957	324,317	(23,479)	157,029,112	(23,471)	71,180,177

company statement of CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

			•	N	- Non-distributable	\	< Distributable	able>
		Total equity	Share capital	Share premium	Revaluation reserve	Option reserve	Retained earnings	Treasury shares
	Note		(Note 24)	(Note 26)	(Note 27)	(Note 28)		
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 February 2012		346,235,423	306,555,358	1,449,225	14,088,037	324,317	23,841,957	(23,471)
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax (Note 30)		ı	ı	ı	(203,988)	ı	203,988	ı
Total comprehensive income	1	29,838,780	1		ı	1	29,838,780	
Transactions with owners								
Share-based payment under ESOS		322,705	ı	1	1	322,705	ı	1
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS			•	212,617	ı	(212,617)	•	1
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of:								
- ESOS		1,082,121	603,800	478,321	ı	ı	ı	ı
- Warrants		1,508,311	1,508,311	1	ı	ı	ı	ı
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(29,849)	ı	(29,849)	ı	I	1	1
Buy-back of shares		(37,140)	1	ı	ı	1	ı	(37,140)
Dividends for the year ended:								
- 31 January 2012	39	(30,698,766)	I	ı	ı	ı	(30,698,766)	ı
- 31 January 2013	39	(15,431,248)	Ī	ı	ı	ı	(15,431,248)	ı
Total transactions with owners		(43,283,866)	2,112,111	681,089	ı	110,088	(46,130,014)	(37,140)
At 31 January 2013	'	332,790,337	308,667,469	2,110,314	13,884,049	434,405	7,754,711	(60,611)

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

company statement of CHANGES IN EQUITY (cont'd) For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

•	1	Total equity	Share capital	Share	Revaluation reserve	Option reserve	Hedging reserve	Retained earnings	Treasury shares
-	Note	RM	(Note 24)	(Note 26)	(Note 27) RM	(Note 28) RM	(Note 33(C)) RM	RM	RM
At 1 February 2011		335,174,022	305,287,441	1,354,779	14,292,025	129,698	(1,043,966)	15,154,045	I
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax (Note 30)			1	,	(203,988)	,	•	203,988	'
Total comprehensive income	l	49,282,159	1	1	,		1,043,966	48,238,193	ı
Transactions with owners									
Share-based payment under ESOS		235,653	1	1		235,653	1	1	ı
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		ı	ı	41,034	1	(41,034)	ı	1	1
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of:									
- ESOS		216,486	145,400	71,086	ı	1	ı	i	1
- Warrants		1,122,517	1,122,517	ı	ı	•	ı	ı	•
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(17,674)	1	(17,674)	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
Buy-back of shares		(23,471)	ı	ı	ı	•	ı	ı	(23,471)
Dividends for the year ended:									
- 31 January 2011	39	(21,377,492)	1	1	1	ı	ı	(21,377,492)	1
- 31 January 2012	39	(18,376,777)	1	1	ı	1	ı	(18,376,777)	1
Total transactions with owners		(38,220,758)	1,267,917	94,446	1	194,619	1	(39,754,269)	(23,471)
At 31 January 2012		346,235,423	306,555,358	1,449,225	14,088,037	324,317	1	23,841,957	(23,471)

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

statements of CASH FLOWS For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

		Group	C	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Operating activities				
Cash receipts from customers	640,927,094	763,078,451	20,420,170	33,304,116
Rental received	45,560	42,140	36,000	36,000
Interest received	5,745,062	4,660,042	4,790,896	4,248,282
Dividends received	-	-	40,050,000	34,225,000
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(524,645,415)	(579,764,555)	(24,999,214)	(17,181,277)
Cash generated from operations	122,072,301	188,016,078	40,297,852	54,632,121
Interest paid	(1,048,651)	(1,628,113)	-	-
Tax paid	(32,477,164)	(37,393,541)	(2,880,000)	(5,482,200)
Net cash generated from operating activities	88,546,486	148,994,424	37,417,852	49,149,921
Investing activities				
Acquisition of biological assets, land use rights and				
property plant and equipment (Note a)	(32,964,104)	(29,375,590)	(6,096,376)	(3,763,082)
Advances to subsidiaries	-	-	(22,889,332)	(9,264,409)
Repayments from subsidiaries	_	_	16,143,153	48,324,479
Additional investment in existing subsidiaries	(30,000)	_	(2,337,410)	-
Addition of intangible assets (Note b)	(92,017)	(982,188)	-	_
Interest paid	(771,541)	(408,100)	_	_
Proceeds from disposal of interest in subsidiaries	60,000	-	70,100	_
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	33,000		707.00	
equipment (Note c)	497,884	2,092,437	60,500	218,300
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing			-	
activities	(33,299,778)	(28,673,441)	(15,049,365)	35,515,288
Financing activities				
Dividends paid	(46,130,014)	(39,754,269)	(46,130,014)	(39,754,269)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(8,940,000)	(4,800,000)	-	-
Expenses paid in relation to issuance of shares	(29,849)	(17,674)	(29,849)	(17,674)
Proceeds from issuance of shares to non-controlling	(),	, ,	(),	, ,
interests	912,490	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of shares	2,590,432	1,339,003	2,590,432	1,339,003
Proceeds from bank borrowings	-	25,000,000	-	-
Repayments of bank borrowings	(2,232,000)	(23,549,326)	-	-
Repayments to subsidiary companies	-	-	-	(37,640)
Purchase of treasury shares	(37,140)	(23,471)	(37,140)	(23,471)
Repayments to a non-controlling shareholder				
of subsidiary	(165,000)	(7,610,000)	-	<u>-</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	(54,031,081)	(49,415,737)	(43,606,571)	(38,494,051)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	1 245 627	70 00E 24C	(21 220 004)	AC 171 1F0
cash equivalents	1,215,627	70,905,246	(21,238,084)	46,171,158
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	185,193,491	114,288,245	100,120,017	53,948,859
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 20)	186,409,118	185,193,491	78,881,933	100,120,017
(11010 20)	100,400,110	100,100,701	, 0,00 1,000	.00,120,017

Note a: Acquisition of biological assets, land use rights and property, plant and equipment

		Group	Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Biological assets, land use rights and property, plant and equipment acquired	39,923,442	23,812,672	6,859,691	4,019,582
Less expenses capitalised:	39,923,442	23,612,072	0,839,091	4,019,362
	(E07.266)	(121 (74)	(204 440)	
- depreciation and amortisation	(507,266)	(121,674)	(384,419)	-
- interest	(793,934)	(467,106)	-	-
Cash paid in respect of prior year's acquisition	1,151,110	2,321,472	-	-
Unpaid balances of current year's acquisition included under payables	(3,058,153)	(562,261)	(330,896)	(404,500)
Prepayment/deposits paid in prior years	(5,986,447)	(197,500)	(148,000)	(404,300)
Prepayment/deposits paid in current year	2,235,352	4,589,987	100,000	148,000
Cash paid	32,964,104	29,375,590	6,096,376	3,763,082
Note b: Addition of intangible assets	32,30 1,10 1	23,313,330	0,000,010	3,703,002
Note 5. Addition of intangible assets				
Incurred during the year	92,017	1,807,915	-	-
Less: Depreciation of property, plant and equipments				
and amortisation of patent capitalised	-	(825,727)	-	-
Cash paid	92,017	982,188	-	-
Note c: Proceeds from disposal of property, plant an	d equipment			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and				
equipment	497,884	1,342,437	60,500	218,300
Add: Amount received in respect of prior year's disposal	-	750,000	-	-
	497,884	2,092,437	60,500	218,300
-				

notes to the FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Lot 18.01, 18th Floor, Public Bank Tower, 19, Jalan Wong Ah Fook, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor. The registered office of the Company is located at Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No.1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal activities of the Company are those of cultivation of oil palm and cocoa and investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

The Directors regard Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia, as the Company's holding and ultimate holding company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. At the beginning of the current financial period, the Group and the Company adopted new and amended FRS which are mandatory for financial periods beginning on or after 1 February 2012 as described fully in Note 2.2.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below and are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM).

2.2 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

On 1 February 2012, the Group and the Company adopted the following new and amended FRS and IC Interpretations which are relevant to the operations of the Group and of the Company for financial year ended 31 January 2013:

Description

IC Interpretation 19: Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

FRS 124: Related Party Disclosures

Amendments to FRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters

Amendments to FRS 7: Transfers of Financial Assets

Amendments to FRS 112: Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets

Adoption of the above standards and interpretations did not have any significant effect on the financial performance and position of the Group and of the Company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

The Group and the Company have not elected for early adoption of the following new and amended FRSs relevant to current operations of the Group and of the Company, which were issued but not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 January 2013.

	Effective for annual periods beginning on
Description	or after
Amendments to FRS 101: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	1 July 2012
FRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2013
FRS 11: Joint Arrangements	1 January 2013
FRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1 January 2013
FRS 13: Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013
FRS 119: Employee Benefits	1 January 2013
FRS 127: Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2013
FRS 128: Investment in Associate and Joint Venture	1 January 2013
Amendments to FRS 7 Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2013
Improvements to FRSs issued in 2012	1 January 2013
Amendments to FRS 10, FRS 11 and FRS 12 – Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint	
Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance	1 January 2013
Amendments to FRS 10, FRS 12 and FRS 127 – Investment Entities	1 January 2014
Amendments to FRS 132: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
FRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2015

The Directors are in the midst of assessing the impact on the financial statements arising from the adoption of the above standards. Based on the Directors' preliminary assessment, the financial statements may potentially be affected by the adoption of the following standards:

Amendments to FRS 101: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to FRS 101 change the grouping of items presented in Other Comprehensive Income. Items that could be reclassified (or "recycled") to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, upon derecognition or settlement) would be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified. The amendment affects presentation only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

FRS 9: Financial Instruments

FRS 9 reflects the first phase of work on the replacement of FRS 139 and applies to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as defined in FRS 139. The adoption of this first phase of FRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets but will potentially have no impact on classification and measurements of financial liabilities. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of adoption of FRS 9.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (cont'd)

FRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements

FRS 10 replaces the portion of FRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. FRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities. The changes introduced by FRS 10 will require management to exercise significant judgement to determine which entities are controlled, and therefore, are required to be consolidated by a parent, compared with the requirements that were in FRS 127.

FRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

FRS 12 includes all disclosure requirements for interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. A number of new disclosures are required. This standard affects disclosures only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

FRS 13: Fair Value Measurement

FRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance under FRS for all fair value measurements. FRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under FRS when fair value is required or permitted. The Group is currently assessing the impact of adoption of FRS 13.

FRS 127: Separate Financial Statements

As a consequence of the new FRS 10 and FRS 12, FRS 127 is limited to accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates in separate financial statements.

Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS Framework)

On 19 November 2011, the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) issued a new MASB approved accounting framework, the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS Framework).

The MFRS Framework is to be applied by all Entities Other Than Private Entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, with the exception of entities that are within the scope of MFRS 141 Agriculture (MFRS 141) and IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for Construction of Real Estate (IC 15), including its parent, significant investor and venturer (herein called 'Transitioning Entities').

Transitioning Entities will be allowed to defer adoption of the new MFRS Framework for an additional two years. Consequently, adoption of the MFRS Framework by Transitioning Entities will be mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

The Group falls within the scope definition of Transitioning Entities and has opted to defer adoption of the new MFRS Framework. Accordingly, the Group will be required to prepare financial statements using the MFRS Framework in its first MFRS financial statements for the year ending 31 January 2015. In presenting its first MFRS financial statements, the Group will be required to restate the comparative financial statements to amounts reflecting the application of MFRS Framework. The majority of the adjustments required on transition will be made, retrospectively, against opening retained profits.

The Group has not completed its assessment of the financial effects of the differences between Financial Reporting Standards and accounting standards under the MFRS Framework. Accordingly, the financial performance and financial position as disclosed in these financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2013 could be different if prepared under the MFRS Framework.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received.

In business combinations achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group elects for each individual business combination, whether non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any) is recognised on the acquisition date at fair value, or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree net identifiable assets.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill in the statement of financial position. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 2.11(i). In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2.5 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. Upon disposal of such investments, the difference between disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

2.6 Transactions with non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company.

Changes in the Company owners' ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.7 Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the functional currency of the Group and the Company and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold land has unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Number of years
Long leasehold land	60 - 770
Buildings	20 - 50
Plant and machinery	4 - 17
Equipment, furniture and fittings	10 - 17
Motor vehicles	10

Assets under construction are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

2.9 Biological assets

New planting and replanting expenditure incurred on land clearing, development and upkeep of immature oil palms (including interest incurred) during the pre-maturity period (pre-cropping costs) is capitalised under biological assets and is not amortised. Upon maturity, all subsequent maintenance expenditure is charged to profit or loss and the capitalised pre-cropping cost is amortised on a straight line basis over 15-20 years.

All replanting expenditure is also capitalised in biological assets and amortised on the above-mentioned basis.

2.10 Land use rights

Land use rights are initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, land use rights are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. The land use rights are amortised over their lease terms.

2.11 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Following initial acquisition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the estimated useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in profit or loss.

Intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if the events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.11 Intangible assets (cont'd)

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

(ii) Patents

Patents and intellectual property are recognised as intangible assets if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to such assets will flow to the enterprise and the costs of such assets can be measured reliably.

Patents and intellectual property are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised in the profit or loss based on a straight line basis over a period of fifteen (15) years from the date of successful registration.

(iii) Research and development expenditure

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Deferred development costs arising from development expenditures on an individual project are recognised when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete and the ability to measure reliably the expenditures during development. Deferred development costs have a finite useful life and are amortised over the period of expected sales from the related project on a straight line basis over a period of 10 years.

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets (cont'd)

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.13 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include the following:

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives and excluding those that are hedge accounted for) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.13 Financial assets (cont'd)

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Investments in equity instruments are designated as available for sale.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

2.14 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

(i) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that investment securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are impaired.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed in profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an integral part of the Group and of the Company's cash management.

2.16 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials, consumables and spare parts: purchase costs on a first-in first-out basis.
- Nursery stocks: includes cost of seedlings, labour, materials and attributable overheads in bringing the nursery stocks to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods and work-in-progress: costs of direct materials and labour and a proportion of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. These costs are assigned on a first-in first-out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.17 Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.18 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of FRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

(i) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into by the Group and the Company that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

The Group and the Company have not designated any financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

2.19 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 34, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.19 Segment reporting (cont'd)

The Group does not identify segments by geographical location as it operates only in Malaysia.

The accounting policies adopted in segment reporting are identical to the accounting policies of the Group.

2.20 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

2.21 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company.

2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon the transfer of significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(ii) Interest income

Interest is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Management fees

Management fee income is recognised on the accrual basis.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

(v) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. The aggregate costs of incentives provided to lessees are recognised as a reduction of rental income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.23 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.24 Income taxes

(a) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unutilised tax allowances and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unutilised tax allowances and unused tax losses can be utilised except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.24 Income taxes (cont'd)

(b) Deferred tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(c) Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- Where the sales tax incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

2.25 Employee benefits

(i) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

(iii) Employee share option plans

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share options as consideration for services rendered. The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the options at the date on which the options are granted. This cost is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in the employee share option reserve over the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognised at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of options that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for options that do not ultimately vest, except for options where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vested irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied. The employee share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings upon expiry of the share options. When the options are exercised, the employee share option reserve is transferred to share capital if new shares are issued, or to treasury shares if the options are satisfied by the reissuance of treasury shares.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.26 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Group, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

2.27 Leases

(i) As lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(ii) As lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. The accounting policy for rental income is set out in Note 2.22(v).

2.28 Hedge accounting

The Group and the Company use derivatives to manage its exposure to interest rate risk and commodity price risk. These derivatives comprise interest rate swap contracts and commodity swap contracts. The Group and the Company apply hedge accounting for those interest rate swap contracts and commodity swap contracts which qualify for hedge accounting.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedging relationships are classified as cash flow hedges as the Group and the Company are hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2.28 Hedge accounting (cont'd)

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group and the Company formally designate and document the hedge relationship to which the Group and the Company wish to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as a cash flow hedge.

Under a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income into hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss as other expenses.

If the forecast transaction or firm commitment is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain in equity until the forecast transaction or firm commitment affects profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

3.1 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and biological assets

The revised FRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment requires the review of the residual value and remaining useful life of an item of property, plant and equipment and biological assets at least at each financial year end. The Group and the Company reviewed the residual values and remaining useful lives of its property, plant and equipment and biological assets and found that no revisions to the residual values and remaining useful lives of these assets were necessary.

(ii) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unutilised tax allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based on the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (cont'd)

3.1 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)

(ii) Deferred tax assets (cont'd)

Assumptions about generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future production and sales volume, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgement is also required about application of income tax legislation. These judgements and assumptions are subject to risks and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets recognised in the statements of financial position and the amount of unrecognised tax losses and unrecognised temporary differences.

4. REVENUE

	Group		C	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Sales of:				
Fresh fruit bunches	10,839,461	7,802,922	16,053,462	29,995,224
Palm oil milling products	626,367,692	760,449,651	-	-
Cocoa and other products	30,737	79,194	30,737	79,194
	637,237,890	768,331,767	16,084,199	30,074,418

5. COST OF SALES

		Group		ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Fresh fruit bunches	7,370,026	5,748,610	9,558,317	9,938,796
Palm oil milling products	500,828,137	567,922,984	-	-
Cocoa and other products	71,141	219,801	71,141	84,990
	508,269,304	573,891,395	9,629,458	10,023,786

6. OTHER ITEMS OF INCOME

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Interest income	5,921,199	4,718,560	4,896,848	4,262,436
Rental income	45,560	42,140	36,000	36,000
Sundry income	1,207,812	2,612,046	4,996,672	4,338,862
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	165,068	411,610	38,076	177,958
Dividend income	-	-	40,050,000	34,225,000
_	7,339,639	7,784,356	50,017,596	43,040,256

7. FINANCE COSTS

		Group
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Interest expense on:		
- bank borrowings	1,808,581	2,102,764
- amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	195,979	240,374
	2,004,560	2,343,138
Less: Interest capitalised in biological assets (Note 15)	(793,934)	(467,106)
	1,210,626	1,876,032

The interest expense on amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary arose as a result of the remeasurement of the outstanding amount to its amortised cost on 1 February 2010.

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax:

		Group	Co	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Auditors' remuneration				
Statutory audit:				
- current year	223,000	209,000	39,000	33,000
- underprovision in prior years	6,000	3,200	1,000	1,000
Other services	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Depreciation and amortisation:				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	19,706,262	17,574,482	1,059,320	1,289,156
- land use rights (Note 14)	114,660	114,660	-	-
- biological assets (Note 15)	5,034,736	5,104,487	307,360	452,000
- intangible assets (Note 17)	11,172	-	-	-
Write off of:				
- property, plant and equipment	760,620	1,481,684	5,125	3,331
- biological assets	-	17,358	-	17,358
- intangible assets	-	6,371,597	-	-
- bad debts	16,894	60,846	-	-
- inventories	16,548	7,469	-	-
Write down of inventories (Note 18)	685,400	215,232	-	124,318

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (cont'd)

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax: (cont'd)

	Group		C	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Allowance for impairment losses on:				
- investment in subsidiary	-	-	5,600,000	-
- property, plant and equipment	3,900,000	-	-	-
- intangible assets (Note 17)	147,161	-	-	-
- other receivables	-	-	9,250,000	-
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	-	-	217,123	-
Reversal of impairment losses on other receivables	-	-	(336,000)	-
Fair value gain on derivatives:				
- unrealised	(621,775)	-	-	-
Fair value loss on derivatives:				
- realised	3,866,700	-	-	-
Rental of equipment	46,000	-	-	-
Rental of premises	197,152	203,058	190,392	190,392
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	39,400,780	37,159,244	7,946,601	9,877,829
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(110,149)	(361,051)	(38,076)	(177,958)
Rental income	(45,560)	(42,140)	(36,000)	(36,000)
Gross dividend income from:				
- subsidiaries	-	-	(40,050,000)	(34,225,000)
Interest income from:				
- deposits	(5,854,239)	(4,651,600)	(2,633,900)	(2,201,255)
- subsidiaries	-	-	(2,195,988)	(1,994,221)
- others	(66,960)	(66,960)	(66,960)	(66,960)

9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

	Group		Group Compa			ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Salaries, wages and bonuses	38,674,541	35,665,069	8,236,498	9,208,312		
Defined contribution plan	2,246,561	2,200,448	685,478	751,039		
Social security costs	186,024	175,988	20,958	21,736		
HRD fund	44,362	37,471	-	-		
Share options granted under ESOS	322,705	235,653	322,705	235,653		
Total employee benefit expenses	41,474,193	38,314,629	9,265,639	10,216,740		
Amount capitalised in biological assets (Note 15)	(2,073,413)	(865,000)	(1,319,038)	(338,911)		
Amount capitalised in intangible assets (Note 17)	-	(290,385)	-	-		
Total employee benefit expenses recognised in profit or loss	39,400,780	37,159,244	7,946,601	9,877,829		

Included in employee benefit expenses of the Group and of the Company are Executive Directors' remuneration amounting to RM2,897,418 (2012: RM3,068,555) and RM2,597,718 (2012: RM2,700,055) respectively as further disclosed in Note 10.

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

		Group	Co	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Directors of the Company				
Executive:				
Fees - current year	397,000	465,000	123,000	123,000
- overprovision in prior year	-	(12,000)	-	(12,000)
Salaries and other emoluments	2,194,550	2,329,500	2,168,850	2,303,000
Defined contribution plan	280,917	286,055	280,917	286,055
Share options granted under ESOS	24,951	-	24,951	-
	2,897,418	3,068,555	2,597,718	2,700,055
Estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	14,348	13,325	14,348	13,325
	2,911,766	3,081,880	2,612,066	2,713,380
Non-Executive:				
Fees	225,000	174,600	225,000	174,600
Other emoluments	8,500	7,500	8,500	7,500
	233,500	182,100	233,500	182,100
	3,145,266	3,263,980	2,845,566	2,895,480

notes to the

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (cont'd)

The number of Directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the financial year fell within the following bands is analysed below:

	Number o	f directors
	2013	2012
Executive directors:		
RM500,001 - RM550,000	1	1
RM600,001 - RM650,000	1	-
RM650,001 - RM700,000	1	2
RM800,001 - RM850,000	1	-
RM850,001 - RM900,000	-	1
Non-executive directors:		
RMO - RM50,000	-	2
RM50,001 - RM100,000	4	2

11. TAX

		Group	Co	mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Income tax:				
- Current year	24,029,462	42,641,000	1,061,000	4,669,000
- Under/(over)provision in prior years	41,678	(9,912)	(5,436)	6,200
	24,071,140	42,631,088	1,055,564	4,675,200
Deferred tax (Note 23):				
- Relating to origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	844,334	(160,960)	803,200	424,200
- Over/(under)provision of assets in prior years	1,100,000	(2,187,000)	-	-
- Underprovision of liabilities in prior years	19,000	10,000	9,000	10,000
	1,963,334	(2,337,960)	812,200	434,200
	26,034,474	40,293,128	1,867,764	5,109,400

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012: 25%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

11. TAX (cont'd)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

Group 94,554,222 165,042,544 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012:25%) 23,638,555 41,260,636 Tax affects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,048,882 2,780,704 - Income not subject to tax (532,007) (793,392) - Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences 138,165 21,624 - Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 31,706,544 53,347,593 Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512)		2013 RM	2012 RM
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 23,638,555 41,260,636 Tax effects of:	Group		
Tax effects of: 5,2780,704 - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,048,882 2,780,704 - Income not subject to tax (532,007) (793,392) - Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences 138,165 21,624 - Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years (5,4	Profit before tax	94,554,222	165,042,544
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,048,882 2,780,704 - Income not subject to tax (532,007) (793,392) - Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences 138,165 21,624 - Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148)<	Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%)	23,638,555	41,260,636
- Income not subject to tax (793,392) - Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences 138,165 21,624 - Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years (41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years (1,00,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years (1,00,000 (2,187,000) Outline tax expense for the year (1,00,000 (2,000) Tax expense for the year (26,034,474 (40,293,128) Company Company Caxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) (7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: (1,0054,148) (8,597,512) - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (1,0054,148) (8,597,512) - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years (5,436) (6,200 (10,000) (10,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years (5,436) (6,200 (10,000) (10,000)	Tax effects of:		
Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences 138,165 21,624 24,745 28,067 (24,745 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,067 28,067 (24,745 28,067 28,	- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,048,882	2,780,704
differences 138,165 21,624 - Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxaction at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Income not subject to tax	(532,007)	(793,392)
- Double deductions (28,067) (24,745) - Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - - 2 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary		
- Investment tax allowance - (361,000) - Reinvestment allowance (1,382,278) (365,325) - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets (9,454) (38,462) Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years 41,678 (9,912) Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years 1,100,000 (2,187,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	differences	138,165	21,624
- Reinvestment allowance - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets - Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets - Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years - Quer/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years - Into Query (2,187,000) -	- Double deductions	(28,067)	(24,745)
- Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Tax expense for the year Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Investment tax allowance	-	(361,000)
Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Reinvestment allowance	(1,382,278)	(365,325)
Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Tax expense for the year Company Profit before tax Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(9,454)	(38,462)
Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Tax expense for the year Company Profit before tax Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 19,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	Under/(over)provision of income tax expense in prior years	41,678	(9,912)
Tax expense for the year 26,034,474 40,293,128 Company 31,706,544 53,347,593 Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 3,991,712 353,814 - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years	1,100,000	(2,187,000)
Company Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years	19,000	10,000
Profit before tax 31,706,544 53,347,593 Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) 7,926,636 13,336,898 Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (10,000) Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	Tax expense for the year	26,034,474	40,293,128
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2012 : 25%) Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 7,926,636 3,991,712 353,814 (10,054,148) (8,597,512) 6,200 10,000	Company		
Tax effects of: - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Income not subject to tax (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years Tax effects of: 3,991,712 353,814 (8,597,512) (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	Profit before tax	31,706,544	53,347,593
- Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000		7,926,636	13,336,898
- Income not subject to tax (10,054,148) (8,597,512) (Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years (5,436) 6,200 Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,991,712	353,814
(Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years(5,436)6,200Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years9,00010,000		(10,054,148)	(8,597,512)
Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years 9,000 10,000	•	(5,436)	
Tax expense for the year 1,867,764 5,109,400		9,000	10,000
	Tax expense for the year	1,867,764	5,109,400

notes to the

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

		Group
	2013	2012
Profit net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company (RM)	53,944,320	96,572,545
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	308,187,520	305,982,003
Basic earnings per share (sen)	17.50	31.56

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The following reflect the profit and share data used in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 January:

	Group
2013	2012
53,944,320	96,572,545
308,187,520	305,982,003
107,340	132,399
-	886,506
308,294,860	307,000,908
17.50	31.46
	53,944,320 308,187,520 107,340 - 308,294,860

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares since the end of the financial year and before the completion of these financial statements, except as follows:

- (i) Certain employees have exercised their options to acquire 368,700 ordinary shares since the end of the previous financial year; and
- (ii) Certain warrant holders have exercised their warrants to acquire 1,508,311 ordinary shares since the end of the previous financial year.

	Land^	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Equipment, furniture and fittings	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost							
At 1 February 2011	203,794,703	61,947,957	179,038,370	9,533,061	10,853,720	9,212,150	474,379,961
Additions	3,179	1,337,950	6,162,612	1,164,877	1,089,276	8,402,247	18,160,141
Disposals	ı	ı	(3,077,612)	(5,470)	(667,382)	1	(3,750,464)
Written off	ı	(143,828)	(3,325,860)	(112,899)	1	1	(3,582,587)
Reversal of amount over-accrued	ı	ı	(44,000)	ı	1	1	(44,000)
Reclassifications	ı	2,559,434	4,463,489	ı	1	(7,022,923)	ı
At 31 January 2012 and							
1 February 2012	203,797,882	65,701,513	183,216,999	10,579,569	11,275,614	10,591,474	485,163,051
Additions	929'59	4,160,108	12,919,190	497,315	1,381,784	11,299,810	30,323,883
Disposals	1	1	(606,093)	(20,469)	(594,424)	1	(1,220,986)
Written off	ı	(923,359)	(546,146)	(46,033)	1	ı	(1,515,538)
Reclassifications	792,960	2,923,036	7,733,725	ı	1	(11,449,721)	ı
At 31 January 2013	204,656,518	71,861,298	202,717,675	11,010,382	12,062,974	10,441,563	512,750,410

\ <u>Car</u>	Ruildings	Plant and	furniture and	Motor	Construction	Total
RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
15,786,117	14,820,774	62,167,661	5,762,293	6,680,769	•	105,217,614
2,330,493	2,827,659	12,229,696	682,326	447,422	ı	18,517,596
ı	ı	(2,173,719)	(3,849)	(591,510)	ı	(2,769,078)
ı	(59,221)	(1,977,337)	(64,345)	ı	ı	(2,100,903)
18,116,610	17.589.212	70.246.301	6.376.425	6,536,681	ı	118,865,229
3,046,325	3,064,213	12,796,974	764,140	541,876	ı	20,213,528
1	1	(343,162)	(11,594)	(478,495)	ı	(833,251)
ı	(524,294)	(203,420)	(27,204)	ı	ı	(754,918)
21,162,935	20,129,131	82,496,693	7,101,767	6,600,062	•	137,490,588
•		1	•	•	1	•
ı	ı	3,789,421	110,579	ı	ı	3,900,000
•		3,789,421	110,579		•	3,900,000
185,681,272	48,112,301	112,970,698	4,203,144	4,738,933	10,591,474	366,297,822
183,493,583	51,732,167	116,431,561	3,798,036	5,462,912	10,441,563	371,359,822
	15,786,117 2,330,493 18,116,610 3,046,325 21,162,935 85,681,272	14, 2, 3, 3, 3, 48, 48,	14,820,774 (2,827,659	14,820,774 62,167,661 5,7 2,827,659 12,229,696 6 - (2,173,719) (59,221) (1,977,337) (17,589,212 70,246,301 6,3 3,064,213 12,796,974 7 - (343,162) (524,294) (203,420) (6524,294) (203,420) (12,0732,167 112,970,698 4,2 51,732,167 112,970,698 3,7	14,820,774 62,167,661 5,762,293 6 2,827,659 12,229,696 682,326 - (2,173,719) (3,849) (59,221) (1,977,337) (64,345) (17,589,212 70,246,301 6,376,425 6 3,064,213 12,796,974 764,140 - (343,162) (11,594) (524,294) (203,420) (27,204) 20,129,131 82,496,693 7,101,767 6 - 3,789,421 110,579 - 3,789,421 110,579 - 3,789,421 110,579	14,820,774 62,167,661 5,762,293 6,680,769 2,827,659 12,229,696 682,326 447,422 - (2,173,719) (3,849) (591,510) - (2,173,719) (64,345) - (291,510) - (3,242) (1,977,337) (64,345) - (536,681) 3,064,213 12,796,974 764,140 541,876 - (343,162) (11,594) (478,495) - (524,294) (203,420) (27,204) - (3,724,294) (203,420) (27,204) - (3,789,421) (110,579) 3,789,421 110,579 3,789,421 110,579 3,789,421 110,579 3,789,421 110,579 10,441,56:

Group	Land^ RM	Buildings RM	Plant and machinery RM	Equipment, Plant and furniture and machinery fittings RM RM	Motor vehicles RM	Motor Construction ehicles in progress RM RM	Total RM
Net carrying amount of assets pledged for bank borrowings:							
At 31 January 2012	32,916,291	16,657,478	26,708,087	245,853	187,458	1,266,057	77,981,224
At 31 January 2013	32,438,655	17,939,112	28,578,214	222,867	167,725	914,681	80,261,254
^ Land consists of:							
				2013		2012	2

	707	5013	2102	<u>v</u>
		Net carrying		Net carrying
	Cost	amonnt	Cost	amonnt
	RM	RM	RM	RM
reehold land	13,586,469	13,586,469	13,586,469	13,586,469
Long leasehold land	191,070,049	169,907,114	169,907,114 190,211,413 172,094,803	172,094,803
	204,656,518	204,656,518 183,493,583 203,797,882 185,681,272	203,797,882	185,681,272

	Long leasehold land	Buildings	Plant and f	Equipment, furniture and fittings	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
Company	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost							
At 1 February 2011	67,856,221	6,169,374	2,951,408	1,208,654	1,938,247	260,862	80,384,766
Additions		58,000	262,897	757,084	200,428	535,968	2,219,377
Disposals	•	1	(365,296)	•	(109,330)	ı	(474,626)
Written off	•	1	1	(2,688)	İ	1	(7,688)
Reclassification	•	504,808	ı	1	I	(504,808)	•
At 31 January 2012 and 1 February 2012	67,856,221	6,732,182	3,254,009	1,958,050	2,029,345	292,022	82,121,829
Additions	•	5,974	409,590	53,691	520,049	1,571,225	2,560,529
Disposals	•	ı	(113,000)	1	(38,002)	ı	(151,002)
Written off	•	ı	ı	(14,829)	í	ı	(14,829)
Reclassifications	•	1,300,236	ı	I	i	(1,300,236)	I
At 31 January 2013	67,856,221	8,038,392	3,550,599	1,996,912	2,511,392	563,011	84,516,527
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 February 2011	6,129,363	1,682,366	2,376,549	626,453	1,528,508	1	12,343,239
Charge for the year	884,076	125,500	116,149	111,897	51,534	ı	1,289,156
Disposals	•	ı	(325, 106)	I	(109,178)	ı	(434,284)
Written off	1	1	ı	(4,357)	I	1	(4,357)
At 31 January 2012 and 1 February 2012	7,013,439	1,807,866	2,167,592	733,993	1,470,864	1	13,193,754
Charge for the year	884,076	139,550	168,848	169,671	81,594	ı	1,443,739
Disposals	1	ı	(112,998)	1	(15,580)	ı	(128,578)
Written off	1	ı	ı	(9,704)	I	ı	(9,704)

Total Σ 2012 Σ 70,017,316 1,289,156 1,289,156 68,928,075 Company 2013 R in progress 1,059,320 Construction 292,022 384,419 1,443,739 563,011 Motor vehicles RΝ 2012 RΝ 18,517,596 974,514 121,674 821,440 17,574,482 558,481 Group fittings 2013 Σ Plant and furniture and 19,706,262 20,213,528 Equipment, 1,224,057 1,102,952 507,266 machinery 1,086,417 1,327,157 Buildings 4,924,316 9/6'060'9 land Σ Long leasehold 60,842,782 59,958,706 Amount capitalised in intangible assets (Note 17) Amount capitalised in biological assets (Note 15) Amount recognised in profit or loss (Note 8) Depreciation charge for the year: Net carrying amount At 31 January 2012 At 31 January 2013 Company

Certain long leasehold land of the Group was revalued in 2003, and the Group has retained the unamortised revalued amount as the surrogate cost of those long leasehold land in accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 117.

14. LAND USE RIGHTS

		Group
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	2,707,098	2,821,758
Amortisation (Note 8)	(114,660)	(114,660)
At end of the financial year	2,592,438	2,707,098
Analysed as:		
Long term leasehold land	591,426	603,006
Short term leasehold land	2,001,012	2,104,092
	2,592,438	2,707,098
Net carrying amount pledged for bank borrowings	591,426	603,006
Amount to be amortised:		
- Not later than one year	114,660	114,660
- Later than one year but not later than five years	458,640	458,640
- Later than five years	2,019,138	2,133,798

15. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost				
At beginning of the financial year	114,048,999	110,449,271	10,374,049	10,626,647
Additions	9,599,559	5,652,531	4,299,162	1,800,205
Written off	-	(2,052,803)	-	(2,052,803)
At end of the financial year	123,648,558	114,048,999	14,673,211	10,374,049
Accumulated depreciation				
At beginning of the financial year	40,585,471	37,516,429	6,810,341	8,393,786
Amortisation for the year (Note 8)	5,034,736	5,104,487	307,360	452,000
Written off	-	(2,035,445)	-	(2,035,445)
At end of the financial year	45,620,207	40,585,471	7,117,701	6,810,341

15. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (cont'd)

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Net carrying amount				
At end of the financial year	78,028,351	73,463,528	7,555,510	3,563,708
Net carrying amount of assets pledged for bank borrowings	19,804,881	22,618,019		
Included in the additions to biological assets during the financial year are:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	507,266	121,674	384,419	-
Interest (Note 7)	793,934	467,106	-	-
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	2,073,413	865,000	1,319,038	338,911

16. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	C	Company		
	2013	2012		
	RM	RM		
Unquoted shares, at cost	52,991,927	50,941,740		
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(7,061,829)	(1,461,829)		
	45,930,098	49,479,911		

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
			2013	2012
Held by the Company:				
Suhenson Estate Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Selokan Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Okidville Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Lokan Development Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	70	70
Tyeco Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading agent and building construction	100	100

16. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows: (cont'd)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
			2013	2012
Held by the Company: (cont'd)				
Winsome Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Desa Kim Loong Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of concrete culvert and building construction. The company has temporarily ceased its operations	-	70
Kim Loong Sabah Mills Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	100	100
Kim Loong Power Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Bio-gas and power generation activities	100	100
Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	95	90
Winsome Sarawak Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	-	100
Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of health supplements and food ingredients	70	70
Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Extracting residual oil from wet palm fibre and converting palm fibre into better quality fibre	100	100
Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm and investment holding	100	100
Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading of fresh fruit bunches and investment holding	100	100
Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	70	70
Winsome Yields Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	90	90
Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Held by Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	60	60
Held by Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd.				
Desa Okidville Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	51	51

16. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows: (cont'd)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	effective	rtion of ownership est (%) 2012
Held by Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.				
Kim Loong Technologies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Extracting residual oil from wet palm fibre and converting palm fibre into better quality fibre	70	70
Desa Kim Loong Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of concrete culvert and building construction. The company has temporarily ceased its operations	70	-
Held by Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.				
Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	100	100
Held by Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd.				
Sungkit Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and trading of palm kernel products	70	100
Kim Loong Evergrow Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of bio-fertilizers	60	60
Held by Winsome Yields Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Al-Yatama Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	61	61
Held by Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd.				
Sepulut Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Held by Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	95	-

notes to the FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

16. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

During the financial year,

- (a) Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPOM") disposed of 60,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid representing 30% equity interest in Sungkit Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. ("SESB") to Prominent Platform Sdn. Bhd. for a cash consideration of RM60,000. As a result, SESB is now a 70% owned subsidiary of KLPOM. KLPOM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (b) Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. ("DKLPO") acquired 100,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid representing the entire equity interest in Desa Kim Loong Industries Sdn. Bhd. ("DKLI") from the Company (70%) and Desa Cattle (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd. (30%). In view that DKLPO is a 70% owned subsidiary of the Company, there is no changes in the Company's effective interest in DKLI.
- (c) Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("OPSB"), a 90% owned subsidiary of the Company previously, increased its issued and paid up capital from RM100 dividend into 100 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid to RM250,000 by an issue and allotment of 249,900 new ordinary shares of RM1 each at par fully paid, to the Company and Tan Sui Hou at the proportion of 237,410 and 12,490 ordinary shares respectively. As a result of issuance of new ordinary shares, OPSB is now a 95% owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (d) The Company disposed of 100 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid representing the entire equity interest in Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd. ("WJSB") to OPSB, a 95% owned subsidiary of the Company, at par. As a result, the effective interest of the Company in WJSB is reduced from 100% to 95%.

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Development	Patents	Total
Crown	expenditure		
Group	RM	RM	RM
Cost:			
At 1 February 2011	4,563,682	74,890	4,638,572
Additions	1,807,915	-	1,807,915
Written off	(6,371,597)	-	(6,371,597)
At 31 January 2012 and 1 February 2012	-	74,890	74,890
Additions	-	92,017	92,017
At 31 January 2013	-	166,907	166,907
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:			
At 1 February 2011	-	4,287	4,287
Amortisation charge for the year	-	4,287	4,287
At 31 January 2012 and 1 February 2012	-	8,574	8,574
Amortisation charge for the year (Note 8)	-	11,172	11,172
Impairment loss for the year (Note 8)	-	147,161	147,161
At 31 January 2013	-	166,907	166,907

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

	Development expenditure	Patents	Total
Group	RM	RM	RM
Net carrying amount			
At 31 January 2012		66,316	66,316
At 31 January 2013		-	-
			Group
		2013	2012
		RM	RM
Included in the additions to development expenditure during the year	r are:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 13)		-	821,440
Amortisation of patents		-	4,287
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	_	-	290,385

Development expenditure represents expenditure on the development of health and food supplements from palm oil.

Patents were awarded to a subsidiary for "Improving the quality of crude oils and fats and recovery of minor components from oils and fats".

18. INVENTORIES

	Group			Company
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost				
Raw materials	407,961	215,552	-	-
Work-in-progress	20,806	15,675	-	-
Finished goods	31,014,951	31,104,960	-	-
Building materials, supplies, spare parts and consumables	7,298,677 38,742,395	7,168,508 38,504,695	260,363 260,363	314,498 314,498
Net realisable value				
Finished goods	4,033,212	4,766,397	-	58,540
	42,775,607	43,271,092	260,363	373,038
Recognised in profit or loss:				
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	508,269,304	573,891,395	9,629,458	10,023,786
Write-down to net realisable value	685,400	305,153	-	124,318
Reversal of write-down	-	(89,921)	-	-

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		C	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Current				
Trade receivables				
Third parties	18,721,967	21,210,942	1,504,857	120,825
Amount owing from subsidiaries	-	-	387,918	1,452,522
Amount owing from related companies	16,696	24,864	16,696	11,424
	18,738,663	21,235,806	1,909,471	1,584,771
Other receivables				
Third parties	6,996,335	2,790,861	5,669,377	993,805
Refundable deposits	567,263	809,622	140,653	142,903
Amount owing from holding company	22,880	35,677	2,408	-
Amount owing from subsidiaries	-	-	54,994,523	60,842,390
Amount owing from related companies	99,899	101,042	12,692	6,000
	7,686,377	3,737,202	60,819,653	61,985,098
Less: Allowance for impairment losses				
Third parties	(241,000)	(241,000)	-	-
	7,445,377	3,496,202	60,819,653	61,985,098
Total trade and other receivables (current)	26,184,040	24,732,008	62,729,124	63,569,869
Non-current				
Other receivables				
Amount owing from subsidiaries	-	-	89,431,437	74,525,257
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	-	-	(9,789,899)	(875,899)
·		-	79,641,538	73,649,358
Total trade and other receivables (current and	26 404 040	24 722 000		
non-current)	26,184,040	24,732,008	142,370,662	137,219,227

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's normal trade credit terms are less than 60 days (2012: less than 60 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis. Trade receivables are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

(a) Trade receivables (cont'd)

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's and of the Company's trade receivables is as follows:

	Group		Co	mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Neither past due nor impaired	18,452,658	21,175,343	1,909,471	1,584,771
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	218,880	5,170	-	-
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	7,200	22,656	-	-
More than 60 days past due not impaired	59,925	32,637	-	-
	18,738,663	21,235,806	1,909,471	1,584,771

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group and the Company. None of these balances have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM286,005 (2012: RM60,463) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired.

Although these balances are unsecured in nature, they are mostly due from customers which have a long-term relationship with the Group.

(b) Amount owing from subsidiaries and related companies (trade)

These amounts are generally within 60 days terms (2012: within 60 days terms). They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represents their fair values on initial recognition. These amounts are neither past due nor impaired.

Related companies refer to fellow subsidiaries of the holding company.

(c) Amount owing from holding, subsidiaries and related companies (non-trade)

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(d) Amount owing from subsidiaries (non-current)

Included in the amount owing from subsidiaries is an amount of RM28,318,218 (2012: RM26,925,112) which bears effective interest of BLR + 1% (2012: BLR + 1%) per annum. All other balances are non-interest bearing. These amounts are unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment. These are considered quasi-equity in nature, which represent an extension of investment in the subsidiaries and are expected to be settled in cash. As at the end of the financial year, the Company has provided an impairment allowance of RM9,789,899 (2012: RM875,899) on amounts owing by certain subsidiaries.

As at the end of the financial year, base lending rate ("BLR") is 6.60% per annum (2012: 6.60% per annum).

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

(e) Other receivables that are impaired

The Group provided an impairment allowance of RM241,000 on an unsecured deposit paid to secure the supply of fresh fruits bunches in previous financial years.

20. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		C	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash on hand and cash at bank	64,137,249	57,070,635	29,032,864	19,137,234
Time deposits with licensed banks	83,251,077	104,550,063	43,800,000	75,100,000
Short term deposits with other financial institutions	43,517,295	26,428,828	6,049,069	5,882,783
Cash and bank balances	190,905,621	188,049,526	78,881,933	100,120,017
Less: Bank overdraft (Note 22)	(4,496,503)	(2,856,035)	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	186,409,118	185,193,491	78,881,933	100,120,017

Arrangements have been made with certain licensed banks whereby certain bank balances can earn interest on a daily rest basis. As at the reporting date, bank balances of the Group and the Company placed under such arrangements amounted to RM53,896,027 (2012: RM50,777,587) and RM23,596,968 (2012: RM17,447,927) respectively. The average interest rate for such deposits was 2.44% (2012: 2.45%) per annum and 2.45% (2012: 2.45%) per annum for the Group and the Company respectively.

Included in deposits with licensed banks of the Group is an amount of RM217,400 (2012: RM217,400) pledged to a licensed bank as security for credit facilities granted to a subsidiary.

Deposits are normally made for varying periods of between 1 day to 3 months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and of the Company, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. The effective interest rates as at the end of the financial years are as follows:

	Group		1	Company
	2013 2012		2013 2012 2013	
	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum
Time deposits with licensed banks	3.28	3.21	3.26	3.19
Short term deposits with other financial institutions	2.73	2.89	2.81	2.95

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		Group	Company			
	2013	2013	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Current						
Trade payables						
Third parties	22,557,279	24,909,659	478,693	1,068,485		
Amount owing to holding company	7,842	-	-	-		
Amount owing to related companies	82,257	27,273	-	-		
	22,647,378	24,936,932	478,693	1,068,485		
Other payables						
Sundry payables	5,647,525	2,824,202	544,821	582,793		
Deposits	50,722	62,726	-	-		
Provisions	143,320	-	143,320	-		
Accruals	13,613,422	12,061,237	2,174,450	1,911,891		
Amount owing to holding company	-	5,718	-	1,430		
Amount owing to related companies	-	18,210	-	117		
Amount owing to subsidiaries	-	-	-	43		
Amount owing to non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	850,000	850,000	_	-		
,	20,304,989	15,822,093	2,862,591	2,496,274		
Total trade and other payables (current)	42,952,367	40,759,025	3,341,284	3,564,759		
Non-current						
Other payables						
Amount owing to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	2,313,858	2,996,008	_	-		
Total trade and other payables (current and non-current)	45,266,225	43,755,033	3,341,284	3,564,759		

(a) Trade payables

These amounts are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 60 days (2012: 60 days) terms.

(b) Amount owing to holding and related companies (trade)

Credit terms granted to holding and related companies are less than 60 days (2012: less than 60 days).

(c) Provisions

The provisions represent employees' benefits accrued in respect of their unutilised annual leave entitlements.

(d) Amount owing to holding company, related companies and subsidiaries (non-trade)

These amounts are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (cont'd)

(e) Amount owing to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries

This amount comprises of outstanding amount for the acquisition of a long leasehold land (classified under property, plant and equipment) and contributory loans from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries. These are unsecured and have the following repayment terms:

		Group
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Payable within 12 months	850,000	850,000
Payable after 12 months	2,313,858	2,996,008
	3,163,858	3,846,008

Included in the amount payable after 12 months is RM2,313,858 (2012: RM2,967,879) which bears effective interest of 7.05% (2012: 7.05%) per annum. This interest rate was used for the purpose of remeasurement of the outstanding amount to its amortised cost on 1 February 2010 upon the adoption of FRS 139.

22. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Current		
Bank overdrafts (Note 20)	4,496,503	2,856,035
Revolving credit	7,500,000	7,500,000
Term loan 1	2,232,000	2,232,000
	14,228,503	12,588,035
Non-current		
Term loan 1	4,234,000	6,466,000
Term loan 2	20,000,000	20,000,000
	24,234,000	26,466,000
	38,462,503	39,054,035

The remaining maturities of the loans and borrowings as at the reporting date are as follows:

	Group	
	2013	
	RM	RM
On demand or within one year	14,228,503	12,588,035
More than 1 year and less than 2 years	2,232,000	2,232,000
More than 2 years and less than 5 years	17,077,000	15,289,000
More than 5 years	4,925,000	8,945,000
	38,462,503	39,054,035

22. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (cont'd)

The facilities extended by financial institutions are secured by:

- (i) a fixed charge over the leasehold land of a subsidiary;
- (ii) fixed and floating charges over all the assets of a subsidiary;
- (iii) corporate guarantee from the Company;
- (iv) personal guarantee of RM960,000 from a shareholder of a subsidiary; and
- (v) personal guarantee of RM480,000 by certain directors of a subsidiary.

The term loan 1 is repayable over 53 equal monthly instalments of RM186,000 each with a final instalment of RM142,000 commencing from July 2011.

The term loan 2 is repayable over 59 equal monthly instalments of RM335,000 each with a final instalment of RM235,000 commencing from May 2014.

As at the reporting date, borrowings of the Group bear interest at the following rates:

	Group		
	2013	2012	
	% per annum	% per annum	
Interest rates			
Overdraft	BLR + 1% to 1.25%	BLR + 1% to 1.25%	
Term loan 1	COF + 1.25%	COF + 1.25%	
Term loan 2	5.25%	5.25%	
Revolving credit	COF + 1%	COF + 1%	

As at the end of the financial year, base lending rate ("BLR") is 6.60% per annum (2012 : 6.60% per annum) and the cost of fund ("COF") ranges from 3.33% - 3.65% per annum (2012 : 3.45% per annum).

23. DEFERRED TAX

	Group		oup Com	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	38,924,673	39,535,476	10,443,278	9,661,089
Recognised in equity	7,438	1,727,157	-	347,989
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 11)	1,963,334	(2,337,960)	812,200	434,200
At end of the financial year	40,895,445	38,924,673	11,255,478	10,443,278
Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows:				
Deferred tax assets	(8,358,350)	(8,539,788)	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	49,253,795	47,464,461	11,255,478	10,443,278
	40,895,445	38,924,673	11,255,478	10,443,278

23. DEFERRED TAX (cont'd)

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) during the financial year are as follows:

At 1 February		•	At 31 January
2012	equity	loss	2013
RM	RM	RM	RM
42,877,400	-	2,158,700	45,036,100
-	-	71,400	71,400
-	-	155,444	155,444
21,185,311	-	(288,960)	20,896,351
64,062,711	-	2,096,584	66,159,295
(16,598,250)	7,438	(314,688)	(16,905,500)
47,464,461	7,438	1,781,896	49,253,795
(12,788)	7,438	-	(5,350)
-	-	(36,000)	(36,000)
(328,000)	-	(862,000)	(1,190,000)
(5,284,000)	-	1,241,000	(4,043,000)
(10,238,000)	-	(295,000)	(10,533,000)
(5,955,000)	-	(1,310,000)	(7,265,000)
(3,320,250)	-	1,128,750	(2,191,500)
(25,138,038)	7,438	(133,250)	(25,263,850)
16,598,250	(7,438)	314,688	16,905,500
(8,539,788)	-	181,438	(8,358,350)
38 924 673	7 438	1 963 334	40,895,445
	2012 RM 42,877,400 21,185,311 64,062,711 (16,598,250) 47,464,461 (12,788) - (328,000) (5,284,000) (10,238,000) (5,955,000) (3,320,250) (25,138,038) 16,598,250	2012 equity RM RM 42,877,400 21,185,311 - 64,062,711 - (16,598,250) 7,438 47,464,461 7,438 (12,788) 7,438 - (328,000) - (5,284,000) - (5,284,000) - (10,238,000) - (5,955,000) - (3,320,250) - (25,138,038) 7,438 16,598,250 (7,438) (8,539,788) -	2012 RM equity RM loss RM 42,877,400 - 2,158,700 - - 71,400 - - 155,444 21,185,311 - (288,960) 64,062,711 - 2,096,584 (16,598,250) 7,438 (314,688) 47,464,461 7,438 1,781,896 (12,788) 7,438 - - - (36,000) (328,000) - (862,000) (5,284,000) - 1,241,000 (10,238,000) - (295,000) (5,955,000) - (1,310,000) (3,320,250) - 1,128,750 (25,138,038) 7,438 (133,250) 16,598,250 (7,438) 314,688 (8,539,788) - 181,438

23. DEFERRED TAX (cont'd)

	Recognised in				
	At 1 February		profit or	At 31 January	
	2011	equity	loss	2012	
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Biological assets and property, plant					
and equipment	37,474,400	-	5,403,000	42,877,400	
Revaluation of leasehold land	21,474,271	-	(288,960)	21,185,311	
	58,948,671	-	5,114,040	64,062,711	
Offsetting	(13,560,195)	1,727,157	(4,765,212)	(16,598,250)	
	45,388,476	1,727,157	348,828	47,464,461	
Deferred tax assets					
Derivatives	(1,739,945)	1,727,157	_	(12,788)	
Unutilised reinvestment allowances	(1,152,000)	-	824,000	(328,000)	
Unutilised investment tax allowances	(4,923,000)	_	(361,000)		
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(6,885,000)	_	(3,353,000)		
Unused tax losses	(2,756,000)	_	(3,199,000)		
Unrealised profits	(1,957,250)	_	(1,363,000)		
officultied profits	(19,413,195)	1,727,157	(7,452,000)		
Offsetting	13,560,195	(1,727,157)	4,765,212	16,598,250	
Chisetting	(5,853,000)	-	(2,686,788)	(8,539,788)	
	39,535,476	1,727,157	(2,337,960)	38,924,673	
	Recognised in				
	At 1 February		profit or	At 31 January	
	2012	equity	loss	2013	
Company	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Biological assets and property, plant					
and equipment	1,988,000	-	940,000	2,928,000	
Accrued interest income	-	-	30,000	30,000	
Revaluation of leasehold land	8,455,278	-	(121,800)	8,333,478	
	10,443,278	-	848,200	11,291,478	
Offsetting	-	-	(36,000)	(36,000)	
	10,443,278	-	812,200	11,255,478	
Deferred tax assets					
Provisions	_	_	(36,000)	(36,000)	
	-	_	(36,000)		
Offsetting	-	-	36,000	36,000	
	-	-	-		
	10 442 279		Q12 200	11,255,478	
	10,443,278		812,200	11,233,478	

23. DEFERRED TAX (cont'd)

	Recognised in			
	At 1 February 2011	equity	profit or loss	At 31 January 2012
Company	RM	RM	RM	RM
Deferred tax liabilities				
Biological assets and property, plant				
and equipment	1,432,000	-	556,000	1,988,000
Revaluation of leasehold land	8,577,078	-	(121,800)	8,455,278
	10,009,078	-	434,200	10,443,278
Offsetting	(347,989)	347,989	-	-
	9,661,089	347,989	434,200	10,443,278
Deferred tax assets				
Derivatives	(347,989)	347,989	-	-
	(347,989)	347,989	-	-
Offsetting	347,989	(347,989)	-	-
		-	-	-
	9,661,089	347,989	434,200	10,443,278

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

Group		
2013		
RM	RM	
870,000	754,000	
9,670,000	9,668,000	
152,000	-	
2,165,000	1,107,000	
4,499,000	3,645,000	
17,356,000	15,174,000	
	2013 RM 870,000 9,670,000 152,000 2,165,000 4,499,000	

The availability of unused tax losses and unutilised tax allowances for offsetting against future taxable profits is subject to the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

24. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each			Amount
	2013	2012	2013	2012
			RM	RM
Authorised	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued and fully paid At beginning of the financial year Issued during the year:	306,555,358	305,287,441	306,555,358	305,287,441
- exercise of ESOS	603,800	145,400	603,800	145,400
- exercise of warrants	1,508,311	1,122,517	1,508,311	1,122,517
At end of the financial year	308,667,469	306,555,358	308,667,469	306,555,358

(a) Share capital

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(b) Treasury shares

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company. The amount consists of the acquisition costs of treasury shares net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance.

The Company acquired 15,000 (2012 : 10,000) shares in the Company through purchases on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad during the financial year. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was RM37,140 (2012 : RM23,471) and this was presented as a component within shareholders' equity.

The Directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965. The Company has the right to reissue these shares at a later date. As treasury shares, the rights attached as to voting, dividends and participation in other distributions are suspended.

Movements in the treasury shares are as follows:

	Number of shares		
		RM	RM
At 1 February 2011	-	-	-
Repurchase during the year	10,000	23,471	2.35
At 31 January 2012 and 1 February 2012	10,000	23,471	2.35
Repurchases during the year	15,000	37,140	2.48
At 31 January 2013	25,000	60,611	2.42

notes to the $\begin{array}{c} FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (cont'd) \\ For\ the\ financial\ year\ ended\ 31\ January\ 2013 \end{array}$

24. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS")

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share options during the financial year:

Number of share options						
	Outstanding	Movement during the year			Outstanding	Exercisable
2013	at 1 February	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	at 31 January	at 31 January
2005 options	112,400	-	(104,500)	-	7,900	7,900
2006 options	7,400	-	-	-	7,400	7,400
2007 options	164,400	-	(39,100)	(3,500)	121,800	121,800
2008 options	761,800	-	(90,000)	(22,800)	649,000	649,000
2009 options	394,100	-	(133,200)	(10,500)	250,400	250,400
2010 options	697,600	-	(148,000)	(46,800)	502,800	487,800
2011 options	826,600	-	(84,400)	(34,300)	707,900	496,600
2012 options	-	1,036,300	(4,600)	(41,400)	990,300	595,600
	2,964,300	1,036,300	(603,800)	(159,300)	3,237,500	2,616,500
WAEP	1.98	2.42	1.79	2.04	2.15	2.12
2012						
2005 options	145,700	-	(31,600)	(1,700)	112,400	112,400
2006 options	7,700	-	-	(300)	7,400	7,400
2007 options	205,100	-	(34,400)	(6,300)	164,400	164,400
2008 options	843,400	-	-	(81,600)	761,800	761,800
2009 options	558,600	-	(59,400)	(105,100)	394,100	373,100
2010 options	737,900	-	-	(40,300)	697,600	561,100
2011 options	-	951,400	(20,000)	(104,800)	826,600	486,100
	2,498,400	951,400	(145,400)	(340,100)	2,964,300	2,466,300
WAEP	1.94	2.00	1.49	1.94	1.98	1.97

24. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (cont'd)

(i) Details of share options outstanding at the end of the year:

		Adjusted after bonus	
	Original	issue	Exercisable period
2013	RM	RM	•
2005 Options	1.14	1.00	21/3/2005 - 17/3/2015
2006 Options	1.22	1.00	29/3/2006 - 17/3/2015
2007 Options	1.67	1.19	29/3/2007 - 17/3/2015
2008 Options	3.18	2.27	27/3/2008 - 17/3/2015
2009 Options	1.75	N/A	30/3/2009 - 17/3/2015
2010 Options	2.12	N/A	29/3/2010 - 17/3/2015
2011 Options	2.00	N/A	31/3/2011 - 17/3/2015
2012 Options	2.42	N/A	29/3/2012 - 17/3/2015
2012			
2005 Options	1.14	1.00	21/3/2005 - 17/3/2015
2006 Options	1.22	1.00	29/3/2006 - 17/3/2015
2007 Options	1.67	1.19	29/3/2007 - 17/3/2015
2008 Options	3.18	2.27	27/3/2008 - 17/3/2015
2009 Options	1.75	N/A	30/3/2009 - 17/3/2015
2010 Options	2.12	N/A	29/3/2010 - 17/3/2015
2011 Options	2.00	N/A	31/3/2011 - 17/3/2015

Note: The exercisable period of share options outstanding at the end of the year is subject to the By-law terms and conditions as disclosed in the Directors' Report.

(ii) Share options exercised during the year:

Share options exercised during the financial year resulted in the issuance of 603,800 (2012: 145,400) ordinary shares at an average price of RM1.79 (2012: RM1.49) each. The corresponding weighted average share price at the date of exercise was RM2.60 (2012: RM2.30).

24. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (cont'd)

(iii) Fair value of share options granted during the year

The fair value of share options granted during the year was estimated using the Black Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of share options measured at grant date and the assumptions are as follows:

	2013	2012
Fair value of share options at the following grant dates (RM)		
- 29 March 2012	0.274	-
- 31 March 2011	-	0.395
Weighted average share price (RM)	2.68	2.23
Weighted average exercise price (RM)	2.42	2.00
Expected volatility (%)	15.63	26.56
Expected life (years)	2.43	3.27
Risk-free rate (%)	3.68	3.71
Expected dividend yield (%)	5.97	5.38

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. No other features of the options granted were incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

(d) Warrants 2005/2012 ("Warrant")

The main features of the Warrants are as follows:

- (i) Each Warrant will entitle its registered holder during the exercise period to subscribe for one new ordinary share at the exercise price, which has been fixed at RM1.00 per share, subject to adjustment in accordance with the provisions of the Deed Poll.
- (ii) The Warrants may be exercised at any time on or after 22 April 2007 until the end of the tenure of the Warrants. The tenure of the Warrants is for a period of seven (7) years. The Warrants not exercised during the exercise period shall thereafter lapse and become void.
- (iii) The new ordinary shares of RM1 each allotted pursuant to the exercise of the Warrants shall upon allotment and issue, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company, except that they shall not be entitled to any dividends that may be declared in respect of the financial year prior to the date of allotment and issue of the new shares, nor shall they be entitled to any rights, allotments, distributions or such entitlements for which the record date is prior to the date of allotment and issue of the new shares.

24. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

(d) Warrants 2005/2012 ("Warrant") (cont'd)

For the purpose hereof, record date means the date on which as at the close of business the shareholders or debenture holders of the Company must be registered in the register of members or Record of Depositors or the relevant register of debenture holders (as the case may be) in order to participate in such dividends, rights, allotments or other distributions.

Warrants exercised during the financial year resulted in 1,508,311 (2012:1,122,517) new ordinary shares being issued at RM1.00 each. The weighted average share price at the time of exercise was RM2.65 (2012: RM2.16) per share.

The Warrants have expired on 23 April 2012 and consequentially, 116,950 unexercised Warrants were cancelled and delisted from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 24 April 2012.

25. OTHER RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Non-distributable				
Revaluation reserve (Note 27)	41,218,287	42,043,957	13,884,049	14,088,037
Option reserve (Note 28)	434,405	324,317	434,405	324,317
Hedging reserve (Note 33(c))	(9,822)	(23,479)	-	-
	41,642,870	42,344,795	14,318,454	14,412,354

26. SHARE PREMIUM (NON-DISTRIBUTABLE)

	Group and Compai	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year Arising from:	1,449,225	1,354,779
(a) Issuance of shares arising from exercise of ESOS	478,321	71,086
(b) Transfer from option reserve arising from exercise of ESOS	212,617	41,034
Less: Expenses in relation to issuance of shares	(29,849)	(17,674)
At end of the financial year	2,110,314	1,449,225

27. REVALUATION RESERVE (NON-DISTRIBUTABLE)

The revaluation reserve represents the balance of revaluation surplus, net of tax, arising from the revaluation of certain leasehold lands, less amount capitalised through bonus issue.

28. OPTION RESERVE (NON-DISTRIBUTABLE)

Option reserve relates to the provision for share-based payment expenses. This reserve is transferred to the share premium over the period when the ESOS is exercised.

29. RETAINED EARNINGS

The entire retained earnings of the Company as at 31 January 2013 may be distributed as dividends under the single tier system.

30. TRANSFER OF RESERVES

	Group		Company																	
	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013 2012	2013 2012 2013	2013 2012 2013	2013 2012 2013	2013 2012 2013	2013 2012	2013 2012	2013 2012	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM																
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax, arising from:																				
 excess of amortisation based on revalued leasehold land over their original costs 	825,670	825,670	203,988	203,988																

31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Sale and purchase of goods and services

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following are significant transactions between the Group and related parties during the financial year:

	Group		Group	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
With holding company:				
Professional services	219,500	224,000	45,000	45,000
With subsidiaries:				
Management fee income	-	-	2,719,080	2,626,728
Commission income	-	-	1,037,759	1,195,179
Rental income	-	-	36,000	36,000
Interest income	-	-	2,195,988	1,994,221
Purchase of goods	-	-	74,679	1,646
Sale of goods	-	-	10,038,910	27,106,649

31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

(a) Sale and purchase of goods and services (cont'd)

	Group		Company	
	2013	2013 2012	2013	2012
	RM	RM	RM	RM
With fellow subsidiaries of the holding company:				
Management fee income	137,088	137,088	137,088	137,088
Rental expenses	6,000	6,000	-	-
Purchase of goods	1,992,073	1,136,777	6,340	1,370
Sale of goods	22,536	66,601	-	-

Related companies are fellow subsidiaries of the holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad.

The Directors are of the opinion that the transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business which are negotiated at arm's length and subject to normal commercial terms.

(b) Key management compensation

The remuneration of key management personnel during the financial year is as follows:

Group		Co	ompany
2013	2012	2013	2012
RM	RM	RM	RM
3,627,951	3,682,837	2,791,850	2,735,600
346,360	392,466	280,917	325,630
50,381	2,832	24,951	-
4,024,692	4,078,135	3,097,718	3,061,230
2,897,418	3,068,555	2,597,718	2,700,055
	2013 RM 3,627,951 346,360 50,381 4,024,692	2013 2012 RM RM 3,627,951 3,682,837 346,360 392,466 50,381 2,832 4,024,692 4,078,135	2013 2012 2013 RM RM RM 3,627,951 3,682,837 2,791,850 346,360 392,466 280,917 50,381 2,832 24,951 4,024,692 4,078,135 3,097,718

Executive Directors of the Group and of the Company and other members of key management have been granted the following number of share options under the ESOS:

	2013	2012
At beginning of the financial year	245,000	235,000
Granted	57,000	18,000
Exercised	(185,000)	(8,000)
At end of the financial year	117,000	245,000

The share options were granted on the same terms and conditions as those offered to other employees of the Group.

notes to the

 $\begin{array}{c} FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (cont'd) \\ For\ the\ financial\ year\ ended\ 31\ January\ 2013 \end{array}$

32. COMMITMENTS

		Group		Company	
		2013 2012		2013	2012
		RM	RM	RM	RM
(a) Capital expenditur	es:				
Approved and contra	acted for:				
- property, plant and	l equipment	9,652,075	8,922,950	1,549,000	952,000

(b) Rental commitments

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are as follows:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Future minimum rental payments:		
Not later than 1 year	67,200	67,200
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	268,800	268,800
Later than 5 years	968,800	1,036,000
	1,304,800	1,372,000

33. DERIVATIVES

	Contract/ Nominal	201 < Fair Va	
	Amount	Assets	Liabilities
Group	RM	RM	RM
Derivatives that are designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value			
- Interest rate swap (a)	3,768,000	-	21,399
Derivatives carried at fair value through profit or loss			
- Crude palm oil - commodity futures (b)	22,587,225	621,775	
	Contract/	201	2
	Nominal	< Fair Va	alue>
	Amount	Assets	Liabilities
	RM	RM	RM
Derivatives that are designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value			
- Interest rate swap (a)	5,107,200	-	51,153

33. DERIVATIVES (cont'd)

(a) Interest rate swap

The Group has entered into a interest rate swap contract that is designated as a cash flow hedge to convert floating rate liabilities to fixed rate liabilities to reduce the Group's exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rate on underlying debts instruments.

At the reporting date, the Group had an interest rate swap agreement in place with a notional amount of RM3,768,000 (2012: RM5,107,200) whereby the Group pays a fixed rate of interest of 3.66% per annum and receives a variable rate based on one month KLIBOR on the amortised notional amount. The management considers the interest rate swap as an effective hedging instrument as the secured loan and the swap have identical critical terms.

The payments made arising from the interest rate swap of RM25,116 (2012 : RM36,189) has been recognised in finance costs.

At the reporting date, the fair value liabilities of the interest rate swap contract was RM21,399 (2012 : RM51,153).

(b) Crude palm oil - commodity futures

One of the Group's principal activities is processing and marketing of oil palm products. As a result, the Group purchases fresh fruits bunches ("FFB") as raw material on an ongoing basis. Due to the volatility in Crude Palm Oil ("CPO") prices over the past 12 months, the Group entered into CPO - commodity futures contracts designated as hedges of highly probable forecast FFB purchases.

The contracts are intended to hedge the volatility of the purchase price of FFB for specific periods. Changes in fair value of these instruments are recognised in the profit or loss.

The net loss of RM3,244,925 (2012 : RM NIL) arising on the CPO - commodity futures contracts during the financial year has been recognised in profit or loss as other expenses.

(c) Hedging reserve

The cash flow hedge reserve contains the effective portion of the cash flow hedge relationships incurred as at the reporting date.

34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services, and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Plantation cultivation of oil palm and cocoa
- (b) Milling processing and marketing of oil palm products

Except as indicated above, no operating segments has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Group financing (including finance costs) and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

	Plantation RM	Milling RM	Elimination RM	Total RM
31 January 2013				
Revenue and expenses				
Revenue				
External sales	9,335,792	627,902,098	-	637,237,890
Inter-segment sales	125,522,434	1,863,794	(127,386,228)	-
Total revenue	134,858,226	629,765,892	(127,386,228)	637,237,890
Results				
Segment results	65,724,741	27,632,410	1,675,000	95,032,151
Unallocated costs				(5,188,502)
Finance income				5,921,199
Finance costs			_	(1,210,626)
Profit before tax				94,554,222
Tax			_	(26,034,474)
Profit net of tax			-	68,519,748
Assets and liabilities				
Segment assets	498,146,462	274,151,400	(103,211,092)	669,086,770
Unallocated assets				61,539,897
Total assets				730,626,667
Segment liabilities	86,382,572	148,386,295	(103,211,092)	131,557,775
Unallocated liabilities				3,409,879
Total liabilities			-	134,967,654
Other information				
Capital expenditure	18,507,356	21,416,086	-	39,923,442
Depreciation and amortisation	11,681,758	13,692,338	-	25,374,096
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	_	4,047,161	_	4,047,161
Other non-cash expenses	813,526	358,159	_	1,171,685

34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

SEGMENTAL IN CHINATION (COIN U)				
	Plantation RM	Milling RM	Elimination RM	Total RM
31 January 2012				
Revenue and expenses				
Revenue				
External sales	5,931,540	765,954,675	(3,554,448)	768,331,767
Inter-segment sales	191,367,265	952,596	(192,319,861)	-
Total revenue	197,298,805	766,907,271	(195,874,309)	768,331,767
Results				
Segment results	134,590,687	35,952,069	(4,535,000)	166,007,756
Unallocated costs				(3,807,740)
Finance income				4,718,560
Finance costs				(1,876,032)
Profit before tax			-	165,042,544
Tax				(40,293,128)
Profit net of tax				124,749,416
Assets and liabilities				
Segment assets	475,028,549	266,924,289	(110,716,413)	631,236,425
Unallocated assets				85,798,757
Total assets				717,035,182
Segment liabilities	90,510,924	150,379,843	(110,716,413)	130,174,354
Unallocated liabilities	, ,		, , ,	8,325,632
Total liabilities				138,499,986
Other information				
Capital expenditure	13,149,168	10,663,504	-	23,812,672
Depreciation and amortisation	10,606,018	13,135,012	-	23,741,030
Other non-cash expenses	322,203	7,902,965	-	8,225,168

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (UNSECURED)

On 18 February 2011, the High Court has delivered its judgement on the legal claims made against a subsidiary, Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd. by natives for customary rights to land acquired by the subsidiary in favour of the applicants. It is declared and ordered as follows:

- (1) The plaintiffs are entitled to their claim to land under native customary rights in the Sungai Tenggang NCR Development area at Pantu;
- (2) The destruction of the Plaintiffs' respective native customary rights land by the defendants was unlawful and damages to be assessed by the Deputy Registrar be paid by the defendants with interest at 4% per annum from the date hereof until settlement;
- (3) Give vacant possession of the Plaintiffs' native customary rights land;
- (4) The defendants and their servants, agents, assignees and successors are restrained from entering, occupying, clearing, harvesting or in any way howsoever carrying out works in the plaintiffs' native customary rights land; and
- (5) Costs to the Plaintiffs to be paid by the defendants to be taxed unless agreed.

On 9 March 2011, the subsidiary has obtained for a stay of execution and filed an appeal against the judgement.

The subsidiary has filed our Memorandum and record of Appeal on 11 April 2011. Hearing of the Appeal has been carried out on 17 October 2012.

The Court of Appeal informed that the verdicts would be delivered on 28 November 2012 but it was postponed and no date has been fixed for the delivery of verdict.

Our solicitor is of the view that we have a fair prospect of succeeding in this Appeal. Accordingly, the Directors are of the opinion that no liabilities are required to be accrued in these financial statements.

As at 31 January 2013, there is no significant progress on the case and the investment cost of the claimed areas is approximately RM3 million.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the Managing Director. The audit committee provides independent oversight to the effectiveness of the risk management process.

It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that derivatives may be undertaken for the use as hedging instruments where appropriate and cost-efficient.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances and derivatives), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

Credit risk is controlled by careful selection of customers and setting of appropriate credit limits. The Group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer.

Exposure to credit risk

At the reporting date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position, including derivatives with positive fair values.

At the reporting date, the Company provided corporate guarantees for eight (2012: eight) of its subsidiaries in respect of credit facilities totalling RM79,936,000 (2012: RM80,968,000) granted to the subsidiaries by licensed financial institutions. Accordingly, the Company is contingently liable to the extent of the amount of the credit facilities of RM36,556,430 (2012: RM38,766,526) utilised by these subsidiaries as at reporting date.

The value of corporate guarantees provided by the Company to its subsidiaries are determined by reference to the difference in the interest rates, by comparing the actual rates charged by the bank if these guarantees had not been available. The Directors have assessed the fair value of these corporate guarantees to have no material financial impact on the results and the retained profits of the Company.

Credit risk concentration profile

The Group and the Company are not exposed to any significant concentration of credit risk in the form of receivables due from a single debtor or from groups of debtors.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 19. Deposits with banks and other financial institutions and derivatives that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions or companies with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired disclosed in Note 19.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds.

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities at a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from the financial institutions and balances its portfolio with some short term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness. At the reporting date, assets held by the Group and Company for managing liquidity risk included cash and short term deposits as disclosed in Note 20.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

2013 Group	On demand or within one year RM	One to five years RM	Over five years RM	Total RM
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	42,952,367	2,600,000	_	45,552,367
Loans and borrowings	15,544,796	22,261,696	5,093,238	42,899,730
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	58,497,163	24,861,696	5,093,238	88,452,097
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	3,341,284	-	-	3,341,284
2012 Group				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	40,759,025	3,450,000	-	44,209,025
Loans and borrowings	14,002,359	21,398,680	9,485,324	44,886,363
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	54,761,384	24,848,680	9,485,324	89,095,388
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	3,564,759	-	-	3,564,759

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from a combination of fixed and floating rate borrowings and cash and cash equivalents. To manage this mix in a cost-efficient manner, the Group enters into interest rate swaps to manage certain floating rate borrowings.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(c) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the reporting date, if interest rates had been 25 basis points lower/higher, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax would have been RM338,000 lower/higher (2012: RM321,000 lower/higher), arising mainly as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents, offset by lower/higher interest expense on floating rate loans and borrowings. The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

(d) Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in commodity prices.

The Group and the Company are exposed to commodity price risk arising from the commodity swap and futures contracts entered into to hedge its forecasted sale of crude palm oil and purchase of raw materials. Changes in the spot and forward prices of CPO will cause corresponding changes in the fair values of the commodity swap and futures contracts. The Group applies cash flow hedge accounting on its commodity swap and futures contracts which qualify for hedge accounting.

(e) Fair value of financial instruments

(i) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of fair value

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial liabilities:				
Other payables (non-current) - Note 21				
 Amount owing to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries: 				
- with fixed terms of repayment	2,313,858	2,967,879	2,313,858	2,967,879
- without fixed terms of repayment	-	28,129	-	*
Company				
Financial assets:				
Other receivables (non-current) - Note 19				
- Amount owing from subsidiaries	79,641,538	73,649,358	*	*

* The amount owing from subsidiaries and the amount owing to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries which have no fixed terms of repayment are treated as quasi-equity in nature, and are repayable only when the cash flows of the borrowers permit. Accordingly, the fair values of these balances are not determinable as the timing of the future cash flows arising from the balances cannot be estimated reliably.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(e) Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

	Note
Trade and other receivables (current)	19
Trade and other payables (current)	21
Loans and borrowings	22

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their relatively short maturity periods.

The carrying amounts of loans and borrowings are reasonable approximation of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

The fair values of derivatives are calculated by reference to forward rates or prices quoted at the reporting date for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

(iii) Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As at the financial year end, the Group held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

	31 January 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM
Assets/(Liabilities) measured at fair value				
Derivatives:				
- Commodity futures	621,775	621,775	-	-
- Interest rate swap	(21,399)	-	(21,399)	-

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont'd)

(e) Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

(iii) Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

	31 January 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivatives:				
- Interest rate swap	51,153	-	51,153	-

There were no transfers between the various categories in the hierarchy of fair value measurement during the reporting period ended 31 January 2013 and 31 January 2012.

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments of the Group and of the Company are categorised into the following classes:

		Note	2013	2012
Gro	ир		RM	RM
(a)	Loans and receivables			
	Trade and other receivables	19	26,184,040	24,732,008
	Cash and bank balances	20	190,905,621	188,049,526
			217,089,661	212,781,534
(b)	Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost			
	Trade and other payables	21	45,266,225	43,755,033
	Loans and borrowings	22	38,462,503	39,054,035
			83,728,728	82,809,068
(c)	Financial liabilities designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value			
	Derivatives liabilities	33	21,399	51,153
(d)	Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss			
	Derivatives assets	33	621,775	-

notes to the

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 31 January 2013

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

The financial instruments of the Group and of the Company are categorised into the following classes: (cont'd)

		Note	2013	2012
Con	npany		RM	RM
(a)	Loans and receivables			
	Trade and other receivables	19	142,370,662	137,219,227
	Cash and bank balances	20	78,881,933	100,120,017
			221,252,595	237,339,244
(b)	Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost			
(2)	Trade and other payables	21	3,341,284	3,564,759

38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 January 2013 and 31 January 2012.

39. DIVIDENDS

	Group a	and Company
	2013	2012
	RM	RM
Recognised during the year:		
In respect of financial year 2011:		
- Final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 7 sen per share	-	21,377,492
In respect of financial year 2012:		
- Interim tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 6 sen per share	-	18,376,777
- Final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 10 sen per share	30,698,766	-
In respect of financial year 2013:		
- Interim tax exempt (single-tier) dividend of 5 sen per share	15,431,248	-
	46,130,014	39,754,269

39. DIVIDENDS (cont'd)

Group and Company 2013 2012 RM RM

Proposed for approval at AGM (not recognised as at 31 January):

Dividends on ordinary shares, subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM:

- Final tax exempt (single-tier) dividend for 2013 : 7 sen (2012 : 10 sen) per share

21,604,973

30,654,536

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2013, of 7 sen (2012: 10 sen) tax exempt (single-tier) per ordinary share will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 January 2014.

The proposed final dividend of RM21,604,973 is subject to change in proportion to changes in the Company's issued and paid up capital, if any.

40. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2013 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 28 May 2013.

41. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BREAKDOWN OF RETAINED PROFITS INTO REALISED AND UNREALISED

On 25 March 2010, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") issued a directive to all listed entities pursuant to Paragraph 2.06 and 2.23 of the Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements. The directive requires all listed issuers to disclose the breakdown of the unappropriated profits or accumulated losses as at the end of the reporting period, into realised and unrealised profits or losses.

On 20 December 2010, Bursa Malaysia further issued another directive on the disclosure and the prescribed format of presentation.

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2013, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to the directive, is as follows:

		Group	Co	ompany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM	A RM RM		RM
Total retained earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries:				
- Realised	246,946,416	251,896,301	10,682,711	25,829,957
- Unrealised	(21,574,225)	(20,742,400)	(2,928,000)	(1,988,000)
	225,372,191	231,153,901	7,754,711	23,841,957
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(59,583,302)	(74,124,789)	-	-
Retained earnings as per financial statements	165,788,889	157,029,112	7,754,711	23,841,957

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

Authorised Share Capital : RM500,000,000 Issued and Fully Paid Up Capital : RM308,681,469

Class of Shares : Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each Voting Rights : 1 vote per ordinary share

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS (As per Record of Depositors)

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Issued Capital
Less than 100 shares	64	1.46	1,931	0.00
100 to 1,000 shares	415	9.46	301,332	0.10
1,001 to 10,000 shares	2,864	65.25	11,406,747	3.69
10,001 to 100,000 shares	892	20.32	27,286,332	8.84
100,001 to less than 5% of shares	153	3.49	73,367,977	23.77
5% and above of shares	1	0.02	196,292,150	63.60
Total	4,389	100.00	308,656,469 Ω	100.00

 $^{^{\}Omega}$ is equivalent to 308,681,469 less 25,000 shares bought back and retained as treasury shares

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (As per Record of Depositors)

No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of Issued capital
1.	Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad	196,292,150	63.60
2.	Teo Chuan Keng Sdn. Bhd.	6,109,900	1.98
3.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	5,342,400	1.73
	- Pershing LLC for Krishnan Chellam		
4.	Timbas Helmi Bin Oesman Joesoef Helmi	3,710,466	1.20
5.	Koperasi Polis DiRaja Malaysia Berhad	2,800,000	0.91
6.	Neoh Choo Ee & Company, Sdn. Berhad	1,698,198	0.55
7.	Lim Ah Choo	1,665,000	0.54
8.	Golden Fresh Sdn. Bhd.	1,650,000	0.53
9.	Khoo Heng Suan	1,553,660	0.50
10.	Prudent Strength Sdn. Bhd.	1,235,600	0.40
11.	Gooi Seow Mee	1,203,552	0.39
12.	Ang Chai Eng	1,163,000	0.38
13.	Herng Yuen Sdn. Bhd.	1,086,400	0.35
14.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,069,999	0.35
	- Exempt An For OCBC Securities Private Limited (Client A/C-RES)		
15.	Gooi Seong Chneh	998,360	0.32
16.	Lim Weng Ho	993,000	0.32
17.	Radeshah binti Ridzwani	835,800	0.27
18.	Gan Tee Jin	798,000	0.26
19.	Teo Tian Chai Sdn. Bhd.	789,600	0.26

analysis of SHAREHOLDINGS (cont'd) As at 3 June 2013

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (As per Record of Depositors) (cont'd)

No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of Issued capital
20.	Lim Khuan Eng	745,200	0.24
21	Loh Lai Kim	707,000	0.23
22.	Chellam Investments Sdn. Berhad	700,000	0.23
23.	Yayasan Kelantan Darulnaim	700,000	0.23
24.	Po Kong Yee	684,000	0.22
25.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	677,600	0.22
	- HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Pertubuhan Keselamatan Sosial (Pacific6939-407)		
26.	HDM Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	673,552	0.22
	- UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd For Gooi Seong Lim (Margin)		
27.	Gooi Seong Chneh	615,552	0.20
28.	Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad	615,552	0.20
29.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	615,552	0.20
	- Exempt an for UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)		
30.	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	615,400	0.19
	- AmTrustee Berhad for Pacific Pearl Fund (UT-PM-PPF)		
	TOTAL	238,344,493	77.22

The thirty largest shareholders refer to the thirty securities account holders having the largest number of securities according to the Record of Depositors (without aggregating the shares from different securities accounts belonging to the same depositor).

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (excluding bare trustees) (As per Register of Substantial Shareholders)

	No. of si beneficial	% of Issued capital		
Name of Substantial Shareholders	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad	196,907,702	-	63.80	-
Gooi Seong Lim	1,149,552 ^(a)	199,442,101 ^(b)	0.37	64.62
Gooi Seong Heen	1,753,912 ^(c)	198,106,102 ^(d)	0.57	64.18
Gooi Seong Chneh	1,613,912	198,106,102 ^(e)	0.52	64.18
Gooi Seong Gum	132,600	198,162,102 ^(f)	0.04	64.20

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS (As per Register of Directors' Shareholdings)

	Direct I	Indirect	Indirect Interest	
Name of Directors	Shareholdings	%	Shareholdings	%
Gooi Seong Lim	1,149,552 ^(a)	0.37	199,442,101 ^(b)	64.62
Gooi Seong Heen	1,753,912 ^(c)	0.57	198,106,102 ^(d)	64.18
Gooi Seong Chneh	1,613,912	0.52	198,106,102 ^(e)	64.18
Gooi Seong Gum	132,600	0.04	198,162,102 ^(f)	64.20
Gan Kim Guan	-	-	-	-
Chan Weng Hoong	-	-	-	-
Cheang Kwan Chow	-	-	-	-

Notes:

- (a) 673,552 and 476,000 shares held in bare trust by HDM Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. and Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. respectively
- Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL") which holds 196,907,702 shares, Herng Yuen Sdn. Bhd. ("HY") which holds 1,086,400 shares, 999,999 shares held in bare trust by Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. for Wilgain Holdings Pte. Ltd. of which Gooi Seong Lim is a director and major shareholder and his spouse, Lim Phaik Ean, who holds 448,000 shares.
- Includes 615,552, 280,000 and 522,360 shares held in bare trust by UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd., Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. and Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. respectively.
- Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Looi Kok Yean, who holds 112,000 shares.
- Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Lee T'ian C'ean, who holds 112,000 shares.
- Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Teo Ai Mei, who holds 168,000 shares.

list of PROPERTIES Held by the Group

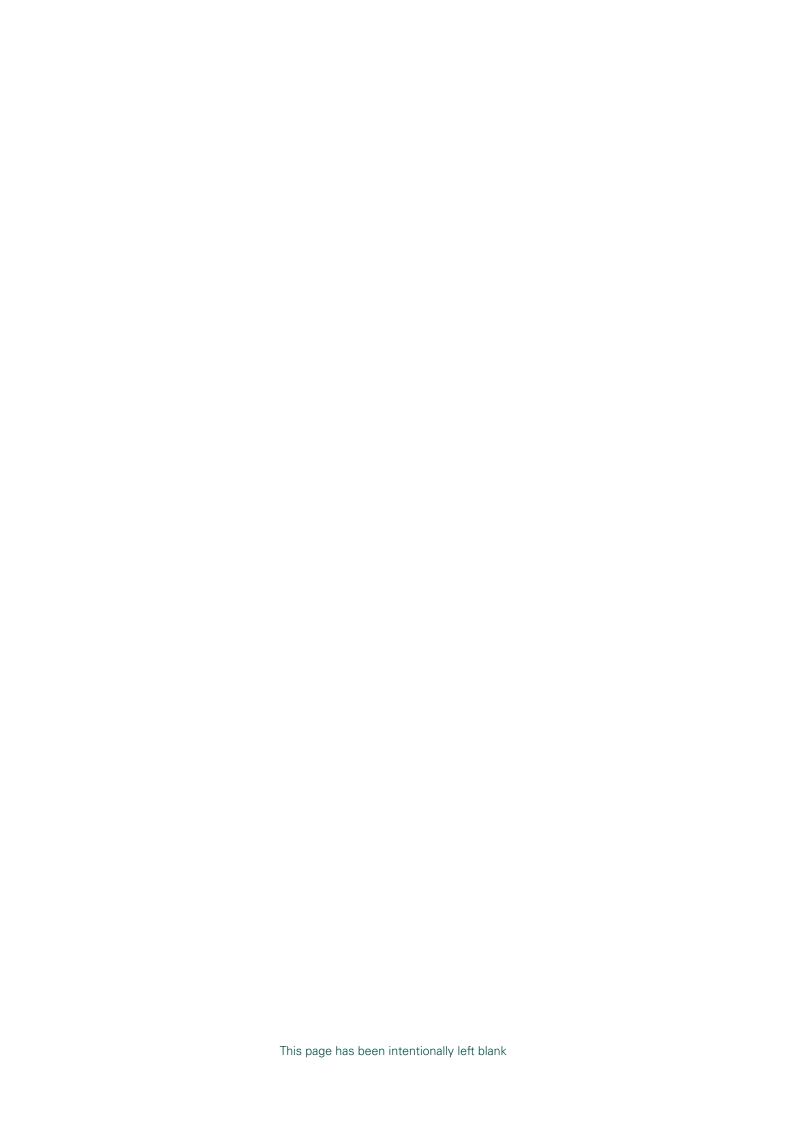
Beneficial owner/ Location	Tenure - leasehold interest expiring on	Description and existing use	Land area (Ha)	Date of revaluation/ (acquisition)	Approx. age of building	Net carrying amount as at 31 January 2013 RM'000
Kim Loong Resources Berhad						
- CL 085311253	31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	80.86	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	1,871
- CL 085313079	31/12/2078	Oil palm plantation	384.25	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	8,905
- CL 085311306	31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	121.45	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	4,023
- CL 085311315	31/12/2077	Oil palm and cocoa	102.51	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	3,346
- CL 085311244	31/12/2077	Oil palm and cocoa	166.53	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	5,222
District of Labuk/Sugut, Sabah						
- CL 095317552	31/12/2085	Oil palm plantation	6.07	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	143
- CL 095317561	31/12/2085	Oil palm plantation	5.93	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	139
- CL 095315058	31/12/2085	Oil palm plantation	303.39	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	7,107
- CL 095317436	31/12/2087	Oil palm plantation	14.25	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	438
- CL 095310777	31/12/2078	Oil palm plantation	395.78	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	9,174
- CL 095315049	31/12/2085	Oil palm plantation	343.90	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	8,055
- CL 095316957	31/12/2086	Oil palm plantation	80.82	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	2,486
- CL 095310428	31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	81.06	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	1,876
- CL 095310982	31/12/2078	Oil palm plantation	400.56	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	11,930
- CL 095310526	31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	243.74	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	8,137
District of Kinabatangan, Sabah						
- Lot 7052, Section 64 Jalan Sekama Kuching, Sarawak	31/12/2779	Shoplot office	-	(01 Feb 2010)	29 years	1,316
Kim Loong - KPD Plantations						
Sdn. Bhd.	24/42/2006	0.11	4.640.00	24 2004	N	20.000
- CL 255332631 (095332639)	31/12/2086	Oil palm plantation	1,610.00	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	28,968
- Part of CL 255332640 (095332648) District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	30/06/2032	Oil palm plantation	386.76 ⁽²⁾	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	4,138
Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd.						
- CL 135328782 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2083	Oil palm plantation	2,772.10	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	46,184
Desa Okidville Sdn. Bhd.	24/12/2000	Oil malma oil aintati	4 256 00	21 law 2004	Natara Park	62,002
- CL 135367930 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080	Oil palm plantation	4,356.80	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	62,083
Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.	21/12/2000	Delmo ell erill	12.44	21 law 2004	10	F 027
- CL 135367912	31/12/2080	Palm oil mill	12.14	31 Jan 2004	10 years	5,837
- CL 135367921	31/12/2080	Oil palm plantation	27.51	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	664
- Part of CL 135367903 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	2/29/2064	Housing area, water reservoir and POME area	80.94 (2)	(01 Mar 2004)	Not applicable	2,579

list of PROPERTIES (cont'd) Held by the Group

Beneficial owner/ Location	Tenure - leasehold interest expiring on	Description and existing use	Land area (Ha)	Date of revaluation/ (acquisition)	Approx. age of building	Net carrying amount as at 31 January 2013 RM'000
Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd Lot No. 2420 - Lot No. PTD 3878 & PTD 3879 Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi Johor	Freehold Freehold	Palm oil mill Vacant land	24.18 8.22	31 Jan 2004 (10 Mar 2003)	16 years Not applicable	12,149 5,586
Kim Loong Evergrow Sdn. Bhd HS (D) 15057, Lot No. 2420 Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi Johor	Freehold	Factory/store (1)	-	Not applicable	7 years	394
Winsome Al-Yatama Sdn. Bhd HSD 13896, PTD 828 Mukim Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar Kota Tinggi, Johor	31/10/2064	Oil palm plantation	1,093.46 (2)	(09 Nov 2004)	Not applicable	25,751
Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd HS (D) 15057, Lot No. 2420 Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi Johor	Freehold	Factory/office (1)	-	Not applicable	8 years	1,151
Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd HS (D) 15057, Lot No. 2420 Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi Johor	Freehold	Factory (1)	-	Not applicable	7 years	963
Kim Loong Sabah Mills Sdn. Bhd Part of CL 255332640 (095332648) District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	31/12/2086	Palm oil mill	13.84	(2 Aug 2007)	5 years	5,863
Kim Loong Technologies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd. - CL 135367912 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080	Factory (1)	-	Not applicable	3 years	1,318
Kim Loong Power Sdn. Bhd HS (D) 15057, Lot No. 2420 Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi Johor	Freehold	Store (1)	-	Not applicable	4 years	63
Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd Sungai Tenggang and Kranggas/ Mawang Sri Aman, Sarawak	NCR Native Land 60 years	Oil palm plantation	2,743.23	(06 Jan 2010)	Not applicable	39,243
5117 Milan, Jarawak			15,860.28			317,102

⁽¹⁾ These buildings are sited on rented land held by related companies.

⁽²⁾ These lands were subleased from third parties.







l∕We, _			
of			
being (a) member(s) of the abovenamed Company do hereby appoint		
of			
or failin	ng whom, of		
Thirty-e Avenue	ing whom, the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy to attend and vote for eighth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Jasmine & Orchid Rep., Off Dataran Bandar Utama, 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Motiournment thereof in the manner as indicated below:	Room, Level C of One V	Vorld Hotel, First
No.	Resolution	For	Against
1.	Adoption of Reports and Audited Financial Statements		
2.	Declaration of final dividend		
3.	Re-election of Director : Mr. Gooi Seong Lim		
4.	Re-election of Director : Mr. Gooi Seong Gum		
5.	Re-appointment of Auditors		
6.	Authority to issue shares		
7.	Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-Back		
8.	Retention of Independent Non-Executive Director : Mr. Gan Kim Guan		
is given	indicate with an 'X' in the appropriate box against each resolution how you win, this form will be taken to authorise the proxy to vote at his/her discretion.) this day of 2013	sh your proxy to vote.	If no instruction
		Signature of M	ember(s)
	lumber of hares held		

NOTES:

A member whose name appear in the Record of Depositors as at 22 July 2013 shall be regarded as a member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the meeting.

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.

To be valid, the Form of Proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting. If the appointor is a corporation, this Form must be executed under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney.

Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.



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AFFIX STAMP

The Secretary KIM LOONG RESOURCES BERHAD

Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C Damansara Intan No. 1, Jalan SS 20/27 47400 Petaling Jaya Selangor

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