

# ANNUAL REPORT 2014













# Table of Contents

- 2 Notice of Twelfth Annual General Meeting
- 7 Corporate Information
- 9 Corporate Structure
- 10 Group Financial Review
- 11 Profile of the Board of Directors
- 15 Chairman's Statement
- 17 Management Discussion and Analysis
- 20 Statement of Corporate Governance
- 33 Corporate Social Responsibility Statement
- 35 Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control
- 37 Audit Committee Report
- 42 Additional Compliance Information
- 43 Financial Statements
- 103 List of Properties
- 104 Analysis of Shareholdings
  - Proxy Form

# Notice of Twelfth Annual General Meeting

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of **GREENYIELD BERHAD** will be held at Cempaka Room, Level 3 (Lobby Level), Hotel Bangi-Putrajaya, Off Persiaran Bandar, 43650 Bandar Baru Bangi, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Tuesday, 16 December 2014 at 11.00 a.m. to transact the following businesses:-

### AGENDA

#### **Ordinary Business**

1.	To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.	[Please refer to Explanatory Note 1]
2.	To approve the aggregate Directors' fees payable to the Directors of the Company for an amount not exceeding RM110,000.00 per annum for the financial year ending 31 July 2015.	Resolution 1
3.	To approve the single tier final dividend of 1.1 sen per Ordinary Share for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.	Resolution 2
4.	To re-elect the following Directors who retire pursuant to Article 74 of the Articles of Association of the Company:-	
	<ul> <li>i) Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam</li> <li>ii) Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof [Please refer to Explanatory Note 2]</li> </ul>	Resolution 3 Resolution 4
5.	To re-appoint Mahbob Bin Abdullah who retires pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting. [Please refer to Explanatory Notes 2 and 3]	Resolution 5
6.	To re-appoint Messrs KPMG as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	Resolution 6
Spe	cial Business	
	onsider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions with or without modifications, ordinary Resolutions of the Company:-	
7.	Ordinary Resolution I Authority under Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 for the Directors to issue shares	Resolution 7
	"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, Articles of Association of the Company and approvals from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and any other governmental/regulatory bodies, where such approval is necessary, full authority be	

governmental/regulatory bodies, where such approval is necessary, tull authority be and is hereby given to the Directors pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 to issue not more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at any time upon any such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit or in pursuance of offers, agreements or options to be made or granted by the Directors while this approval is in force and that the Directors be and are hereby further authorised to make or grant offers, agreements or options which would or might require shares to be issued after the expiration of the approval hereof **AND THAT** authority be and is hereby given to the Directors to obtain approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and that such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting."

#### 8. Ordinary Resolution II

**Resolution 8** 

# Proposed renewal of authority for the Company to purchase its own Ordinary Shares of not more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company ("Proposed Renewal of Authority for the Share Buy-Back")

"**THAT**, subject to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company, the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the Main Market ("LR") and the approval of such relevant government and/or regulatory authorities where necessary, the Company be and is hereby authorized to purchase its own Ordinary Shares of RM0.10 each ("Shares") on the Main Market of Bursa Securities ("Proposed Share Buy-Back") at any time, upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall in their discretion deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company provided that:-

- (a) The aggregate number of Shares in the Company which may be purchased and/ or held by the Company shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the prevailing total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at the time of purchase subject to any amount as may be determined by Bursa Securities from time to time and compliance with the public shareholding spread requirements as stipulated in Paragraph 8.02(1) of the LR;
- (b) The maximum funds to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the Shares shall not exceed the Company's latest audited retained profits and/or share premium accounts;
- (c) The authority conferred by this resolution will be effective immediately from the passing of this Ordinary Resolution until:-
  - (i) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") at which time shall lapse unless by Ordinary Resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
  - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date is required by law to be held; or
  - (iii) revoked or varied by Ordinary Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting;

whichever occurs first; and

- (d) Upon the purchase by the Company of its own Shares, the Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") be and is hereby authorized to:-
  - (i) cancel all or part of the Shares purchased pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back ("Purchased Shares"); and/or
  - (ii) retain all or part of the Purchased Shares as treasury shares; and/or
  - (iii) distribute the treasury shares as share dividends to the Company's shareholders for the time being; and/or
  - (iv) resell the treasury shares on Bursa Securities.

**AND THAT** authority be and is hereby given to the Board to take all such steps as are necessary or expedient to implement, finalise and give full effect to and to implement the Proposed Share Buy-Back with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments (if any) as may be required or imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things as the Board may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

#### 9. Ordinary Resolution III Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

**Resolution 9** 

"**THAT**, subject to the passing of Resolution 4, approval be and is hereby given to Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

 To transact any other business of the Company of which due notice shall be given in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Act, 1965.

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

JOANNE TOH JOO ANN (LS 0008574) WONG PEIR CHYUN (MAICSA 7018710) SIA EE CHIN (MAICSA 7062413) Company Secretaries Kuala Lumpur

Date: 24<sup>th</sup> November 2014

# Notice of Dividend Entitlement and Payment

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT**, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Company, a single tier final dividend of 1.1 sen per Ordinary Share in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2014 will be payable to the shareholders of the Company on 19 January 2015. The entitlement date for the said dividend shall be 31 December 2014.

A depositor shall qualify for entitlement to the dividend only in respect of :

- a) shares transferred to the depositor's securities account before 4.00 p.m. on 31 December 2014 in respect of transfers; and
- b) shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

**BY ORDER OF THE BOARD** 

JOANNE TOH JOO ANN (LS 0008574) WONG PEIR CHYUN (MAICSA 7018710) SIA EE CHIN (MAICSA 7062413) Company Secretaries Kuala Lumpur

Date: 24<sup>th</sup> November 2014

#### **NOTES**:

#### (i) NOTES ON APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

- a. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) Proxy(ies) (or in the case of a corporation, a duly authorized representative) to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- b. Where a member appoints more than one (1) Proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless the member specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- c. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under the Corporation's Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- d. Where a member of the Company is an authorized nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") it may appoint not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds with Ordinary Shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.
- e. Where a member of the company is an exempt authorized nominee as defined under the SICDA, which holds Ordinary Shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorized nominee may appoint in respect of each Omnibus Account it holds.
- f. Where the authorized nominee or an exempt authorized nominee appoints two (2) or more proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless the authorized nominee specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- g. For the purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend this meeting, the Company shall be requesting the Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to make available to the Company pursuant to Article 54(f) of the Articles of Association of the Company and Paragraph 7.16(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, a Record of Depositors as at 8 December 2014 and only a Depositor whose name appear on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend, vote and speak at the meeting.
- h. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarily certified copy of the power or authority must be deposited at the Share Registrar of the Company at Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

#### (ii) EXPLANATORY NOTES

#### 1. Item 1 of the Agenda – Ordinary Business Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2014

The Audited Financial Statements in Agenda 1 is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 169(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 does not require a formal approval of the shareholders for the Audited Financial Statements. Hence, this Agenda is not put forward for voting.

#### 2. Items 4(ii) and 5 of the Agenda – Ordinary Businesses Re-election and Re-appointment of Directors

The Board has undertaken an annual assessment on the independence of Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof and Mahbob Bin Abdullah who are seeking for re-election and re-appointment pursuant to Article No. 74 of the Articles of Association and Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965 respectively, at the forthcoming Twelfth Annual General Meeting. The annual assessment has been disclosed in the Statement of Corporate Governance of the Company's 2014 Annual Report.

#### 3. Item 5 of the Agenda – Ordinary Business Re-Appointment of Directors pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965

The proposed Resolution 5, if passed, will authorize the continuity in office of the Director (who is over the age of 70 years) until the next Annual General Meeting.

#### Item 7 of the Agenda – Special Business Ordinary Resolution I Authority under Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 for the Directors to issue shares

The Proposed Resolution 7 is for the purpose of granting a renewed general mandate ("General Mandate") and empowering the Directors to issue shares in the Company up to an amount not exceeding in total ten per centum (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting, will expire at the next Annual General Meeting.

The General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company to issue share for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited for further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding future investments(s), acquisition(s) and/or working capital.

As at the date of this Notice, the Company did not issue any shares pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting. The Company did not issue any shares pursuant to the mandate granted because there were no investment(s), acquisition(s) or working capital that required fund raising activity.

#### Item 8 of the Agenda – Special Business Ordinary Resolution II Proposed Renewal of Authority for the Share Buy-Back

Shareholders are advised to refer to the Statement to Shareholders dated 24 November 2014 circulated together with the Annual Report 2014, when considering Resolution 8.

The proposed Resolution 8, if passed, will empower the Directors to purchase the Company's Shares up to 10% of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

#### Item 9 of the Agenda – Special Business Ordinary Resolution III Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Directors

Pursuant to the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012, the Board of Directors has assessed the Independence of Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof who has served as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, and recommended him to continue to act as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof fulfils the criteria of Independent Director pursuant to the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. Although having served the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, he has remained objective and independent in expressing his views and in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his services on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgment and ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The Ordinary Resolution proposed under Resolution 9 if passed, will authorise the continuity in office of the Director as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

# Statement Accompanying Notice of Twelfth Annual General Meeting

(Pursuant to Paragraph 8.27(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad)

Director who is standing for re-appointment at the Twelfth Annual General Meeting is Mahbob Bin Abdullah.

The profile of the above Director is set out in the Section entitled "Profile of the Board of Directors" on pages 11 to 14 of the 2014 Annual Report.

# Corporate Information

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF Independent Non-Executive Chairman

**THAM FOO KEONG** Group Managing Director

DR SIVAKUMARAN A/L SEENIVASAGAM Executive Director

YONG SWEE LIN Independent Non-Executive Director **THAM FOO CHOON** Deputy Group Managing Director

**THAM KIN WAI** Executive Director

MAHBOB BIN ABDULLAH Independent Non-Executive Director

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

YONG SWEE LIN Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

MAHBOB BIN ABDULLAH Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

# **OPTION COMMITTEE**

THAM FOO KEONG Chairman, Group Managing Director

THAM FOO CHOON Member, Deputy Group Managing Director

DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

WONG KOK FONG Member, Financial Controller

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

YONG SWEE LIN Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

YONG SWEE LIN Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF Member, Independent Non-Executive Director



# Corporate Information

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Level 18, The Gardens North Tower Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 03 - 2264 8888 Fax: 03 - 2282 2733

# **CORPORATE OFFICE**

No. 21 & 23, Jalan Seksyen 3/7 Taman Kajang Utama 43000 Kajang Selangor Darul Ehsan

Tel : 03 – 8736 8777 Fax : 03 – 8737 2636 (Marketing) Fax : 03 – 8737 0723 (Finance) E-mail : enquiry@greenyield.com.my

### WEBSITE

www.greenyield.com.my http://greenyield.listedcompany.com

### LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Name : GREENYB Stock Code : 0136

### **PRINCIPAL BANKER**

Public Bank Berhad HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

### REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Sdn Bhd (Company No.118401-V) Level 17, The Gardens North Tower Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : 03 - 2264 3883 Fax : 03 - 2282 1886

# **AUDITORS**

KPMG (AF 0758) Chartered Accountants Level 10, KPMG Tower 8, First Avenue, Bandar Utama 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor

Tel : 03 - 7721 3388 Fax : 03 - 7721 3399

### **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

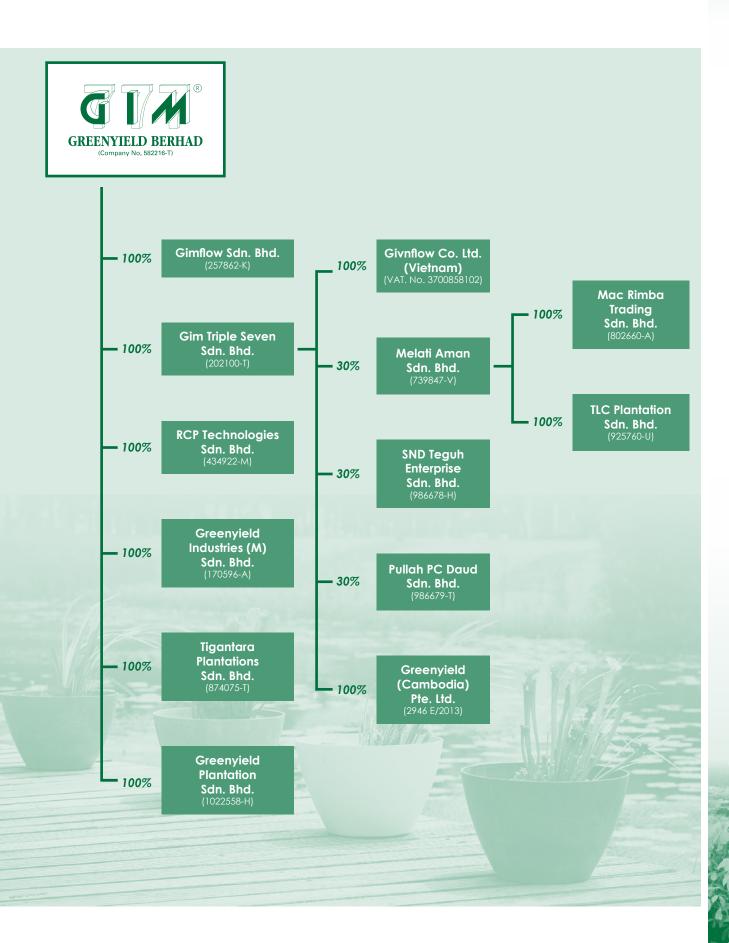
Joanne Toh Joo Ann (LS 0008574) Wong Peir Chyun (MAICSA 7018710) Sia Ee Chin (MAICSA 7062413)

# SOLICITOR

Radzlan, Low & Partners Advocates & Solicitors Unit B-7-7, Block B Megan Avenue 1 189 Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur

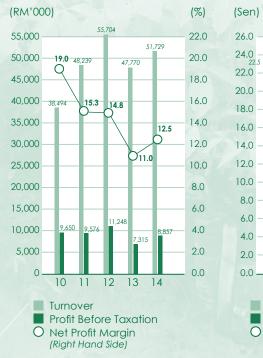
Tel : 03 - 2166 4616 Fax : 03 - 2166 5616

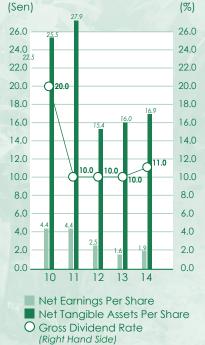
# Corporate Structure as at 31 October 2014

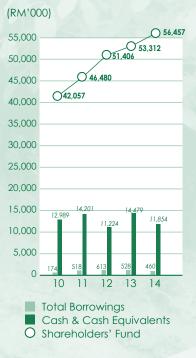


# Group Financial Review

	Financial Year Ended				
	31.7.2010 (RM'000)	31.7.2011 (RM'000)	31.7.2012 (RM'000)	31.7.2013 (RM'000)	31.7.2014 (RM'000)
Turnover	38,494	48,239	55,704	47,770	51,729
Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation,					
Amortisation and Taxation	11,183	11,872	13,873	9,590	11,198
Profit Before Taxation	9,650	9,576	11,248	7,315	8,857
Taxation	2,326	2,192	2,991	2,072	2,366
Profit After Taxation and Minority Intere	st 7,324	7,384	8,257	5,243	6,491
Net Profit Margin (%)	19.0	15.3	14.8	11.0	12.5
Net Tangible Assets	42,041	46,467	51,394	53,298	56,444
Net Tangible Assets Per Share (sen)	25.5	27.9	15.4	16.0	16.9
Net Earnings Per Share (sen)	4.4	4.4	2.5	1.6	1.9
Gross Dividend Rate (%)	20	10	10	10	11
Total Borrowings	174	518	613	528	460
Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,989	14,201	11,224	14,479	11,854
Shareholders' Fund	42,057	46,480	51,406	53,312	56,457
Gearing Ratio (%)	Net Cash	Net Cash	Net Cash	Net Cash	1.4
Fully Paid-Up Share Capital ('000 units)	165,000	166,841	333,740	333,740	333,740
Weighted Average Share Capital ('000 units)	165,000	165,789	288,478	333,740	333,740
	103,000	103,707	200,470	555,740	555,740







### **DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF**

Independent Non - Executive Chairman

Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof, aged 64, a Malaysian citizen, is the Independent Non-Executive Chairman of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 26 March 2005 and was re-designated as Independent Non-Executive Chairman on 24 March 2014. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Option Committee of Greenyield.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Geology from Universiti Malaya, Malaysia and obtained his Master of Science and Doctor of Philosopy in Soil Science from the State University of Ghent, Belgium.

He was attached to the Rubber Research Institute of Malaysia from 1974 until 2002, where he last served as Head of the Crop Management Unit. During his tenure with the RRIM, he represented RRIM in several national and international conferences and headed the RRIM collaborative research projects with the International Board for Soil Research and Management. He has published over 72 papers in soil science, agronomy and land management during the course of his career, and carried out post-doctorate research at the Ohio State University and the University of West Indies. He was also involved in a joint research effort with the Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research from 1986 to 1992 and with the International Water Management Institute from 2000 to 2002.

In 1995, Dr Zainol received the RRIM service excellence award for his contribution to research in soil management systems. From 1998 to 2002, he headed the programme on the development of Low Intensity Tapping Systems at the RRIM. During the same period, he was a member of the Urea Research Council for Petroliam Nasional Berhad and an external examiner for the Ph.D programme of Universiti Putra Malaysia.

### MR THAM FOO KEONG

Group Managing Director

Mr Tham Foo Keong, aged 58, a Malaysian citizen, is the Group Managing Director of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 26 March 2005. He is also the Chairman of the Option Committee of the Company.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Production Engineering from Leeds Polytechnic, United Kingdom. He started his career in 1981 as a Production Planning Engineer in ASEA Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. He joined Scientex Industries Berhad as a Planning and Maintenance Manager in 1983, before moving to Brown Boveri Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. as Factory Manager in 1985 and subsequently, he was promoted to Divisional Manager.

In 1988, he ventured into his own family business as the Managing Director of Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd., a wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company and subsequently took over the position as a Group Managing Director of the Company. His vast experience has proven to be invaluable to the Company. He oversees the daily operations of the companies comprising the Greenyield Group and is principally responsible for the direction of the Group's business with emphasis in business development and corporate strategy.

#### **MR THAM FOO CHOON**

Deputy Group Managing Director

Mr Tham Foo Choon, aged 54, a Malaysian citizen, is the Deputy Group Managing Director of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 26 March 2005. He is also a member of the Option Committee of the Company.

He is a businessman with over 20 years of experience in the agriculture related industry. He started his involvement in the agricultural related industry soon after completing his secondary education, assisting the family business. Through his hard work in the field has led the companies to a success. He assumes an active role in the implementation of the marketing and operational strategy and activities of the companies within the Greenyield Group.

### DR SIVAKUMARAN A/L SEENIVASAGAM

Executive Director

Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam, aged 69, a Malaysian citizen, is an Executive Director of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 26 March 2005. He is also the Director of Research & Development ("R&D"), responsible for the R&D activities of the Group.

He holds a Bachelor of Science degree with Second Class Upper Honours in Botany from the University of Malaya and a Ph. D in Plant Physiology from the University of Wales (Aberyswyth), United Kingdom.

He started his career with the Federal Land Development Authority ("FELDA") in 1970 as a Plant Protection Officer for Oil Palm and Cocoa before joining the Rubber Research Institute of Malaysia ("RRIM") and later the Malaysian Rubber Board ("MRB"). During his tenure with the RRIM and MRB, he held various positions ranging from Research Officer, Project Leader to Head of the Crop Management Division. His last position with the MRB was as Director of the Production Research and Development Division from 1998 to July 2000. He was also a Specialist Officer on Exploitation and Physiology for the International Rubber Research and Development Board for approximately three (3) years prior to his retirement from the MRB in 2000. Since retiring from the MRB, he has worked as a Plantation Advisor for Felcra Berhad, Malaysia and Rubber Plantations in Cameroons, Malawi, Ivory Coast, Bangladesh, Guatemala and Papua New Guinea and as a Consultant for the Common Fund for Commodities based in Amsterdam.

Dr Sivakumaran was responsible for the development of the RRIMFLOW system for which a patent was granted to the MRB. He received the RRIM Gold Medal in 1993 and the service excellence award from the RRIM in 1992 for his research contributions in the field of rubber exploitation and, in particular, the development of labour saving technologies. He served as a Technical Adviser to the Task Force on the Rubber Eco-Project under the auspices of the International Rubber Study Group of the United Kingdom from 2004 to 2006. Dr Sivakumaran in year 2010 has successfully secured a Malaysian patent for "Crop Plus" Organic Fertilizer and Utility Innovation for a Biopesticide in both Thailand and Vietnam. Dr Siva also obtained a patent for a technique of latex extraction from rubber trees from both China and Vietnam in year 2013.

#### **MR THAM KIN WAI**

Executive Director

Mr Tham Kin Wai, aged 45, a Malaysian citizen, is an Executive Director of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 23 January 2009.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from National College, United States of America. He started his career after graduation in 1994 as a Finance and Administrative Executive in Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn Bhd ("GYI") and subsequently, he rose to the rank of General Manager of GYI in 2001. Thereafter, he was appointed as an Executive Director of Greenyield in 2009.

He is responsible for the overall factory operations and managing the quality management system of the factory, developing and executing all marketing activities. Furthermore, he also involves in product and market development for existing and new customers, planning and participating in International Trade Fairs.

### **MR YONG SWEE LIN**

Independent Non - Executive Director

Mr Yong Swee Lin, aged 46, a Malaysian citizen, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of Greenyield. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 23 January 2009. He was re-designated as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of Greenyield on 24 June 2014.

Mr Yong is a Chartered Accountants of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") and is a Fellow member of Association of Chartered Certified Accountants ("ACCA").

He started his career with KK Chow & Wong in 1988, and subsequently he joined Loh & Co in 1991 and left in 1993 to join Adab Trading Sdn. Bhd. Then he left Adab Trading Sdn. Bhd and was self-employed from January 1995 to June 1997. He then joined Horwarth Mok & Poon as Audit Senior Assistant from 1997 to 1999. Currently he is an Audit Manager of L. H. Loo & Co. He is also currently attached to SL Yong & Co (Chartered Accountant Non Audit) as well as SL Management Services.

### MR MAHBOB BIN ABDULLAH

Independent Non - Executive Director

Mr Mahbob Bin Abdullah, aged 70, a Malaysian citizen, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of Greenyield Berhad. He was appointed to the Board of Greenyield on 1 July 2009. He is also a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr Mahbob started his career with Harrisons and Crosfield in Perak on a rubber plantation and then joined Plantations Agencies Ltd in Tangkak, Johor. He was attached to Unilever's Pamol Plantations in Kluang, Johor and Sabah, and Solomon Islands from 1968 to 1987. In 1984, he moved to London as senior team member and supervised Unilever Plantations in DR Congo, Ghana, Cameroun, Nigeria, Thailand and Malaysia. He joined Sime Darby Berhad from 1987 to 1993 as a consultant for third party estates and later as the Director of Refineries from 1993 to 2000, producing edible oils in Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand and Egypt, mainly for overseas markets. After his retirement from Sime Darby in 2000, he formed his consultancy business, IPC Services Sdn. Bhd. to provide services in the upstream and downstream businesses of the industry within Malaysia and internationally.

He is a former Board Member of Felda Plantations Berhad, Felda Palm Industries Berhad, and Felda Vegetable Oil Products Berhad. Presently, he is a Board member of TH Plantations Berhad and FIMA Bulking Sdn. Bhd. (a subsidiary of Kumpulan Fima Berhad). He is a member of the Malaysian Palm Oil Board Program Advisory Committee. He is a Fellow of the Incorporated Society of Planters.

#### **Conflict of Interest**

None of the Directors have any conflict of interest with the Company.

#### **Family Relationship**

None of the Directors have any family relationship with other Directors and/or substantial shareholders except for the following:-

- (a) Mr Tham Foo Keong and Mr Tham Foo Choon together with deemed substantial shareholders, namely Mr Tham Chong Sing and Mr Tham Fau Sin are brothers.
- (b) Mr Tham Foo Keong is the spouse of substantial shareholder, Madam Twong Yoke Peng.
- (c) Mr Tham Kin Wai is the son of Mr Tham Chong Sing. He is also the nephew of Mr Tham Foo Keong and Mr Tham Foo Choon.

#### **Conviction of Offences**

None of the Directors have been convicted of any offence within the past ten (10) years, other than traffic offences, if any.

# Chairman's Statement

Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Greenyield Berhad and its Subsidiaries ("Greenyield" or "the Group"), it gives me pleasure to present to you the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

# **ECONOMIC REVIEW**

The global economy has a strong influence on the Group's business performance as its revenue is largely derived from the export of its products. During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the slight improvement in the North American economy, the slow economic recovery in Europe, and the Ukraine crises were challenges that the Group faced. Towards the second half of the financial year, the Group also experienced the impact of the gradual drop in the price of rubber and the subsequent decline in demand for its products. On the positive side, the increase in consumer spending particularly in the advanced economies has a beneficial impact on the Group's revenue. For the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the overall revenue was higher than the previous financial year.

# FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group recorded a higher revenue of RM 51.7 million as against RM 47.8 million for the previous financial year. The profit before tax is RM 8.9 million as compared to RM 7.3 million in the financial year 2013. The revenue obtained from the plantation segment showed an increase from the previous financial year.

The revenue from the plantation business segment is RM 32.2 million as against RM 31.6 million in the financial year 2013. In the case of non-plantation segment, the revenue is RM 19.5 million as compared to RM 16.1 million achieved in the previous year.

# **RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**

The Group has invested an expenditure of RM 0.5 million in Research and Development activities, which is equivalent to 0.9% of the revenue recorded for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

For the plantation related business segment, the Group focuses on improving the efficacy of existing products for greater market penetration and development of new products for the agriculture sector in general, and in particular the rubber industry. Considerable progress was achieved in the development of organic fertilizer, as the Group foresee the expansion of rubber into marginal environments.

For the non-plantation business segment, the Group focuses on improving the formulation of existing composite material as well as formulating new composite material. A new range of composite material is expected to roll out soon as the Group foresee the growing demand for plant pots.

# Chairman's Statement

# **BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS**

The Group continues to position itself in the plantation industry through establishment of rubber plantations. Currently, the Group has 2,400 ha of land for rubber in the state of Kelantan, via joint-ventures and direct investment through its subsidiaries. The Group will expeditiously expand its plantation land as it will contribute positively to the Group's earning in the long term.

The Group has taken steps to establish an organic fertilizer factory in Cambodia, as it foresees a growing demand for the product as rubber expands into marginal areas.

For the non-plantation business segment, the Group has seen more than a two-fold increase in the revenue for plant pots since 2009. The Group will continue its effort to develop improved, as well as cost effective material, to stimulate customer's demand in the export market.

Overall, the Group is expecting a gradual improvement in the global economy. Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Board anticipates improvement on the Group's performance in the forthcoming financial year.

### DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors aims to maintain the Company's policy of stable dividend payout to shareholders. The Board has proposed to declare a single-tier final dividend of 1.1 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 July 2014, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Twelfth Annual General Meeting.

# **CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT**

The Board continues to explore any related business operations and credible investment opportunities to improve the Group's performance as well as enhance shareholder value.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I wish to acknowledge the employees whose attitude and tireless effort has contributed to sustainable growth of the Group, and ensured its commitment to be a trusted and reliable partner to the Companies we served globally. On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our thanks and appreciation to our shareholders, customers, business associates, financiers, suppliers and regulatory authorities for their continued support and understanding extended to us during the year.

Lastly, I would like to thank my fellow Board members, management and staff for their support and contributions.











**DR ZAINOL BIN MD EUSOF** Independent Chairman

# Management Discussion and Analysis

### **OVERVIEW**

Greenyield is a Company listed on main market of Bursa Security under the Category of Industrial Product with an authorised share capital of RM 50 million split into 500 million shares. The Company has an issued and a paid-up share capital of RM 33,374,000 that is split into 333,740,000 shares.

The Group turnover for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 grew by 8.29% to RM 51.73 million as compared to RM 47.77 million recorded for the financial year ended 31 July 2013. The Group's profit before tax improved from RM 7.32 million to RM 8.86 million for financial year ended 31 July 2014.

### STRATEGY AND GROWTH

The Management is of view that for the financial year ending 31 July 2015, it will continue to be a challenging year due to the prevailing economic condition in Europe as well as the declining commodity prices. However, the Group is in the process of reviewing its strategic business plan to push for growth and therefore, the Group remains cautiously positive.

The Group will use a pragmatic approach to capture opportunities identified and create further growth. With this, the management will plan for various investment programs to ensure organic growth by its continuous effort to maintain or secure more business from existing customers as well as new customers.

### **RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES**

#### Foreign currency

The management will review the Group's exposure to foreign currency risks as a result of turnover generated in currencies other Ringgit Malaysia. The Group manages its currency risk by regularly monitoring the foreign currency movement on an ongoing basis with hedging performed if deemed necessary.

#### World economy

The management foresees the world economy will continue to be challenging due to the prevailing condition in some regions including in Europe.

#### **GST** implementation

The management preparing for the implementation of Goods and Services tax (GST) which is to be in force from 1 April 2015. Greenyield will assess the impact of GST and its influence on our export business.

#### Competition in plantation products and services

Due to the current decline in commodity prices, the Group may face extra pressure in concluding sales because of increased competition. However, the management will put in extra effort by visiting various plantations to demonstrate our products and services to ensure high quality products or services will be provided.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (cont'd)

# **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Group's key financial information for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 and 31 July 2013 are as follow:

	2014 Million	2013 Million
Turnover	51.73	47.77
Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation, Amortisation and Taxation (EBITDA)	11.20	9.59
Profit Before Taxation	8.86	7.32
Taxation	2.37	2.07
Profit After Taxation and Minority Interest	6.49	5.24
Net Tangible Assets	56.44	53.30
Net profit Margin (%)	12.5%	11.0%

# TURNOVER

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group turnover is derived from two business segment mainly from the plantation related product and services business and non plantation products business.

### PLANTATION PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group plantation products and services turnover recorded at RM 32.26 million as compared to the preceding year at RM 31.64 million. Due to the prevailing economic condition in Europe as well as the declining commodity prices, the turnover didn't have much difference but maintain with a slight increase.

# **NON-PLANTATION PRODUCTS**

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group non-plantation products reported a turnover of RM 19.47 million as compared to RM 16.13 million for the financial year ended 2013. The increase of turnover was due to revenue generated from new customers as well as increase in order from existing customer.

# PROFIT

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the net profit before taxation was RM 8.86 million, an increase of 21.07% as compare with preceding year. The increased in profit was mainly due to the increase in non-plantation products segment. The non-plantation segment turnover has increase by 20.71%.

### INVESTMENT

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group invested in the following activities:

- i. Investment of USD 0.10 million in setting of new organic fertilizer factory in Cambodia;
- ii. Expansion of Vietnam factory amounting to USD 0.20 million for the expansion of production line for plant pot business; and
- iii. Investment in plantation amounting to RM 3.63 million for Joint Venture in rubber plantation.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (cont'd)

### **FINANCING**

The Group had kicked start investing in financial year 2015 by purchasing a vacant land for a purchase consideration of RM 3.56 million adjacent to its' existing factory for the expansion of its' plant pot business. The management expects the development of the new warehouse to commence during the financial year ending 31 July 2015 and estimates the construction cost to be RM 5.90 million. The expansion of the warehouse will facilitate and widen the plant pot business to capture more market share in future.

In order to achieve long term sustainable business for the Group, the management will continue to source for suitable investments, in order to ensure the Group will have sufficient cash flow to facilitate the investment project's. Sustainable investment will contribute sustainable/positive income for the Group in the future.

### CONCLUSION

Although the management foresee the coming year to be challenging, the Group will continue to take all positive measure to ensure business growth.

# Statement of Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Greenyield Berhad ("the Company") recognises the importance of good corporate governance in protecting and enhancing shareholders' value and financial performance of the Company. The Board is fully committed in maintaining the highest standards of transparency, accountability and integrity, in line with the Principles and Recommendations set out in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 ("Code") and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") ("Listing Requirements").

The Board is therefore pleased to present this statement of corporate governance which outlines how the Company has applied the Principles and Recommendations set out in the Code for the financial year ended 31 July 2014. Where there are gaps in the Company's observation of any of the Recommendations of the Code, these are disclosed herein with explanation.

### A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Duties and Responsibilities of the Board

The Group is led and managed by an effective Board consisting of professionals and competent directors with different qualifications, expertise and experience that are relevant to the management of the Group's businesses. In fulfilling its fiduciary and leadership functions, the Board is primarily responsible to ensure that there are appropriate systems and procedures in place to manage the Group's strategic plans, business conduct, significant risks, succession planning, shareholders' communication, internal control and management information systems in accordance with high standards of transparency, accountability and integrity.

The Executive Directors are responsible for implementing the corporate strategies and management of the day-to-day operations of the Group whereas the Independent Non-Executive Directors are responsible in exercising independent judgment and to act in the best interests of the Group in ensuring that decisions made by the Board are deliberated fully and objectively with regard to the long term interests of all stakeholders. The respective roles and responsibilities of the Board are clearly set out in the Board Charter. The Board Charter will be periodically reviewed and the details of the Board Charter are available for reference at www.greenyield.com.my.

At the date of this Statement, the Board has formalized in writing a Code of Conduct, setting out the standards to engender good corporate practice. The Code advocates the ethical values that form the basis for business decisions. The Code of Conduct has been communicated to all levels of employees in the Group.

To augment the Code of Conduct, the Board has also formalized in writing the Company's Whistle-Blowing Policy, which provides the appropriate communication and feedback channels to facilitate whistleblowing. Both the Code of Conduct and the Whistle-Blowing Policy are available on the company's website at www.greenyield.com.my.

#### **Board Balance and Composition**

The Board of the Company comprises seven (7) Directors, four (4) of whom are Executive Directors and the balance three (3) are Independent Non-Executive Directors, which fulfils the prescribed Listing Requirement of minimum one-third (1/3) of the Board to be Independent. The Board has reviewed its size and composition and is satisfied that its current size and composition are effective for the proper functioning of the Group. The profiles of each Director is set out in the Profile of the Board of Directors on pages 11 to 14 of this Annual Report.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Board Balance and Composition (cont'd)

The roles of the Chairman and the Group Managing Director are distinct and separate as each has a clearly accepted division of responsibilities to ensure a balance of power and authority. The Chairman of the Company, Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof who is an Independent Non-Executive Director is primarily responsible for the orderly conduct and leadership of the Board, whilst the Group Managing Director, Tham Foo Keong has the overall responsibility for the day to day running of business, organisational effectiveness, and implementation of Board policies and decisions. The Group Managing Director, by virtue of his position also functions as the intermediary between the Board and senior management, and acts as the Group's official spokesperson and is also responsible for planning the future direction of the Group for the Board's consideration and approval. The Board is confident that the Company's strategies and good performance in delivering long-term sustainability would create economic value for the shareholders as well as protect the stakeholders' interest.

The independent directors play a crucial supervisory function. Their presence is essential in providing unbiased and impartial views and impartially to the Board's deliberation and decision-making process. In addition, the non-executive directors ensure that matters and issues are considered in taking the interest of all stakeholders in the Group.

The Board recognises the need to appoint a Senior Independent Non-Executive Director and as such, Yong Swee Lin has been appointed as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director to facilitate effective communication with other stakeholders and shareholders.

#### **Board Meetings**

The Board meets at least four (4) times a year at quarterly intervals, with additional meetings convened as and when deemed necessary. During the financial year, four (4) Board Meetings were held. The attendance at Board Meetings of the Directors during the financial year under review is set out hereunder:-

Directors	Position	No. of Board Meetings attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof	Independent Non-Executive Chairman	4/4	100
Tham Foo Keong	Group Managing Director	4/4	100
Tham Foo Choon	Deputy Group Managing Director	4/4	100
Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam	Executive Director	4/4	100
Tham Kin Wai	Executive Director	4/4	100
Yong Swee Lin	Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4	100
Mahbob Bin Abdullah	Independent Non-Executive Director	3/4	75

Board Meetings follow a formal agenda and the Board has a schedule of matters specifically listed for its review and approval which ensures that the Board retains full and effective control over the Company.

The Board approves, inter alia, the preliminary announcements of interim and final results, approval of all circulars and listing particulars, approval of major capital expenditures, investment proposals and a review of the overall system of internal control.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Supply of Information to the Board

The Board is supplied with information on a timely manner with information in a form and of a quality appropriate to enable the Board to discharge its duties effectively. All Directors are provided with comprehensive reports and/or Board papers to enable the Directors to review and consider matters to be deliberated. The Board papers include reports relevant to the issues of the meeting covering the areas of:-

- i) Quarterly financial report, reports on cash flow and borrowing positions, budgets and other financial reports;
- ii) Business development report;
- iii) Operational matters;
- iv) Corporate developments of the Group;
- v) Audit reports;
- vi) Directors' share dealings;
- vii) Reports on related party transactions and recurrent related party transactions;
- viii) Report on sound framework of internal controls and regulatory compliance;
- ix) Regulatory compliance matters and updates issued by the various regulatory authorities; and
- x) Any other matters for Board's decision.

A well structured agenda also allows the Chairman of the Board a good control over the conduct of the meeting and allocation of time for discussion of various matters. Senior Management and external advisers may be invited to attend Board Meetings to provide their professional views, advice and explanation on specific items on the agenda.

All Directors have full and unrestricted access to all information within the Group and direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who advises the Board on the Directors' responsibilities under the respective legislations and regulations and Company's compliance with the relevant laws and regulatory requirements. The Directors may take independent advice, at the Company's expense, in the exercise of their duties should such advisory services be considered necessary.

All deliberation in terms of issues discussed and all decisions made during Board Meetings are recorded in the Board minutes for completeness and accuracy which is then circulated to all Directors and duly signed by the Chairman of the Meeting.

#### Directors' Training and Continuing Education Programme

The Board acknowledges the importance of continuous education and training programmes for its members to enable effective discharge of its responsibilities. All directors have successfully attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme prescribed by the Bursa Securities. Directors are encourage to undergo continuous training programmes and seminars organized by the relevant regulatory authorities and professional bodies to keep abreast with the current development in the business environment as well as, to further enhance their business acumen, and professionalism in discharging their duties to the Company effectively.

Directors are regularly updated on the Group's businesses and the competitive and regulatory environment in which they operate. Directors also visited the operation centres to have an insight into the Group's various operations which would assist them to make effective decisions relating to the Group.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Directors' Training and Continuing Education Programme (cont'd)

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Directors have attended other training, conferences, seminars, site visits relating to the Company's operation and/or workshops as listed below:-

Directors	Training/Seminar/Conference	Date
Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof	1. 4th Rubber Plant Summit	5 <sup>th</sup> – 6 <sup>th</sup> March 2013
	2. Nominating Committee Programme	17 <sup>th</sup> June 2014
Tham Foo Keong	<ol> <li>Networking and Business Seminar with the President of the Republic of South Africa</li> </ol>	26 <sup>th</sup> August 2013
	<ol> <li>Breakfast at the Kuala Lumpur Golf &amp; Country Club with Board Chairman</li> </ol>	11 <sup>th</sup> September 2013
	<ol> <li>Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors</li> </ol>	18 <sup>th</sup> March 2014
	4. Global Malaysia Series #7 : We are Family : We are Global	3 <sup>rd</sup> June 2014
Tham Foo Choon	<ol> <li>Breakfast at the Kuala Lumpur Golf &amp; Country Club with Board Chairman</li> </ol>	11 <sup>th</sup> September 2013
	<ol> <li>The International Workshop on Latex Harvesting Technology held in Vietnam</li> </ol>	19 <sup>th</sup> – 21 <sup>st</sup> November 2013
	3. Global Malaysia Series #7 : We are Family : We are Global	3 <sup>rd</sup> June 2014
	<ol> <li>Smart Plantation :Optimising Returns : Reinforcing High Performance and Operational Excellence</li> </ol>	18 <sup>th</sup> – 19 <sup>th</sup> June 2014
Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam	1. 4th Rubber Plant Summit	5 <sup>th</sup> – 6 <sup>th</sup> March 2013
	<ol> <li>Smart Plantation :Optimising Returns : Reinforcing High Performance and Operational Excellence</li> </ol>	18 <sup>th</sup> – 19 <sup>th</sup> June 2014
	3. The International Workshop on Latex Harvesting Technology held in Vietnam	19 <sup>th</sup> – 21 <sup>st</sup> November 2013
Tham Kin Wai	<ol> <li>Networking and Business Seminar with the President of the Republic of South Africa</li> </ol>	26 <sup>th</sup> August 2013
	<ol> <li>Strategic Leadership &amp; Innovation - The Impact of Innovation on Growth Strategies</li> </ol>	23 <sup>rd</sup> – 24 <sup>th</sup> January 2014
	<ol> <li>Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors</li> </ol>	2 <sup>nd</sup> July 2014
Yong Swee Lin	<ol> <li>Detecting Financial Statement Fraud - W2: Case Studies In Corporate Fraud</li> </ol>	30 <sup>th</sup> September 2013
	<ol> <li>Detecting Financial Statement Fraud - W3: Evolution Of Corporate Fraud</li> </ol>	7 <sup>th</sup> October 2013
	<ol> <li>Detecting Financial Statement Fraud - W4: Corporate Fraud In Corporate Finance</li> </ol>	14 <sup>th</sup> October 2013
	<ol> <li>Budget 2014 Tax Amendments and Current Tax Issues</li> </ol>	18 <sup>th</sup> March 2014
Mahbob Bin Abdullah	1. Global Rubber Conference 2013	1 <sup>st</sup> – 3 <sup>rd</sup> October 2013

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Directors' Training and Continuing Education Programme (cont'd)

The Board was also briefed by the Company Secretary at Board Meetings on any significant changes in laws and regulations that are relevant. The Directors will continue to undergo other relevant training programs that can further enhance their knowledge in the latest development relevant to the Group, especially in areas of corporate governance and regulatory development, to carry out their responsibilities effectively. In addition, all Directors were also constantly updated by the Company Secretaries and other professionals on changes to the relevant guidelines on regulatory and statutory requirements.

#### Number of Directorship in Public Listed Companies

In compliance with Paragraph 15.06 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, each of the Directors of the Company holds not more than five (5) directorships in public listed companies.

#### **Board Gender Diversity**

The Board acknowledges the importance of board diversity, including gender diversity, to the effective functioning of the Board.

When considering for new appointment on the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board will evaluate the suitability of candidates solely in meeting the needs of the Company based on a set of criteria/candidates' experience, competency, character, time commitment, integrity and potential contribution while giving due consideration for gender diversity with the primary aim of selecting the best candidates to support the achievement of the Company's strategic objectives. Such evaluation criteria does not take into account the ethnicity or gender of the proposed new director in keeping with norms set by the Board that neither the ethnicity nor gender of a particular candidate for appointment to the Board is an influencing factor.

#### Appointments to the Board

The Nomination Committee reviews the composition of the Board annually and makes recommendations to the Board where necessary to ensure the Board comprises an appropriate mix of skills and experience.

#### **Retirement and Re-election of Directors**

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, all new Director(s), appointed to the Board, are subject to election at the next Annual General Meeting following their first appointment. In every year, at least one-third (1/3) of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at every Annual General Meeting. Each Director shall retire at least once every three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election. The Directors to retire in each year are those who have been longest in the office since their last election or appointment. In addition, Directors of or over seventy (70) years of age are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually in accordance with Section 129 (6) of the Companies Act, 1965.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has delegated specific responsibilities to four (4) Board committees; namely, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Option Committee, each operates within clearly defined terms of reference approved by the Board, to assist the Board in carrying out its duties.

#### (i) Audit Committee

The composition, terms of reference and functions of the Audit Committee are discussed in the Audit Committee Report set out on pages 37 to 41 of this Annual Report.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Board Committees (cont'd)

#### (ii) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises two (2) Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are Independent Directors. The members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:-

Name	Designation		
Yong Swee Lin	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director		
Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director		

The duties of the Nomination Committee shall be:-

- a) To recommend to the Board, candidates for all directorships. In making the recommendations, the Committee should also consider candidates proposed by the Group Managing Director/ Group Chief Executive Officer, and within the bounds of practicability, by any other senior executive, director or shareholder;
- b) To recommend to the Board, Directors to fill the seats on Board Committees. In making its recommendations, the following matters should be considered of the candidate:-
  - I. skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;
  - II. professionalism;
  - III. integrity; and
  - IV. for the position of Independent Non-Executive Director, the Committee shall also evaluate the candidate's ability to discharge such responsibilities/functions as are expected from the Independent Non-Executive Director;
- c) To review at least once a year the required mix of skills and experiences of the Board, including the core competencies which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board, and the balance between Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- d) The annual assessment of the Nomination Committee in relation to the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, Board Committees and contribution from each individual director should include Independent Non-Executive Directors as well as the Chief Executive Officer;
- e) To ensure that the process carried out in evaluating and assessing members of the Board, including the Independent Non-Executive Directors and Chief Executive Officer should be properly documented;
- f) To ensure that the Directors to retire in each year shall be those who have been longest in the Company since their last election, but as between persons who became Directors on the same date, those to retire shall be determined by the Nomination Committee;
- g) To ensure that the responsibility of the Committee shall also cover the subsidiaries of the Company;
- h) Such other responsibilities as may be delegated by the Board from time to time.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Board Committees (cont'd)

#### (ii) Nomination Committee (cont'd)

The Nomination Committee meets as and when necessary and shall meet at least once a year. The Nomination Committee held two (2) meetings during the financial year ended 31 July 2014 with full attendance.

The Chairman of the Nomination Committee, Mr Yong Swee Lin has been designated as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director identified by the Board pursuant to Recommendation 2.1 of the Code.

The evaluation of the Board is based on specific criteria covering areas such as the Board mix and composition, quality of information and decision making as well as Boardroom processes and activities whereas evaluation of performance of Directors is based on fit and proper, contribution, calibre and personality. The evalutation results and comments by all Directors are discusses at the Nomination Committee, which then makes recommendation to the Board.

The Nomination Committee is satisfied with the size of the Company's Board and that there are an appropriate mix of knowledge, skills, attributes and core competencies in the composition of the Board. Nonetheless, the Nomination Committee will consider women candidates in its recommendation of new Board members.

#### Annual assessment of independence

The Board recognizes the importance of independence and that the Board members are responsible to act in the best interest of the shareholders of the Company. The Board, through the Nomination Committee conducts annual assessment on the independence of the Company's Independent Directors. The assessment takes into consideration the Independent Directors' ability to exercise independent judgment and contribute effectively to the Board.

The Nomination Committee and Board are of the view that all three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors continue to remain objective and independent in expressing their views and in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees and no individual or small group of individuals dominates the Board's decision-making process. All evaluations carried on the independence of the Independent Directors were tabled to the Board and is properly documented. The Board is satisfied with the level of independence and acknowledged the contribution by the respective Independent Directors that they had acted in the best interest of the Company.

The number of Independent Directors of the Company is in compliance with the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad which requires minimum one third (1/3) of the Board to be Independent.

# Shareholders' approval for the re-appointment of Independent Non-Executive Directors who served more than nine (9) years

One of the recommendation of the Corporate Governance states that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years.

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Board Committees (cont'd)

(ii) Nomination Committee (cont'd)

# Shareholders' approval for the re-appointment of Independent Non-Executive Directors who served more than nine (9) years (cont'd)

Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof has served on the Board for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years. However, the Nomination Committee and the Board have determined at the annual assessment carried out that Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof, remained objective and independent in expressing his views and in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his services on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgment and ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The Board has recommended Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof's re-appointment as an Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Company based on the following justifications, which will be tabled for shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Company:-

- a. He has fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, and thus, he would be able to function as a check and balance, bringing an element of objectivity to the Board;
- b. He has vast experience in a diverse range of businesses and therefore would be able to provide constructive opinion; he exercises independent judgement and has the ability to act in the best interest of the Company;
- c. He has devoted sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations for informed and balanced decision making;
- d. He has continued to exercise his independence and due care during his tenure as an Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Company and carried out his professional duties in the best interest of the Company and shareholders.

#### (iii) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises two (2) Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are Independent Directors. The members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:-

Name	Designation		
Yong Swee Lin	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director		
Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director		

# A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

#### Board Committees (cont'd)

#### (iii) Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

The duties of the Remuneration Committee shall be:-

- a. To review at least once a year and recommend to the Board the overall remuneration policy for Directors, Group Managing Director/ Group Chief Executive Officer and key senior management officers to ensure that rewards are commensurate with their contributions to the Company's growth and profitability; and that the remuneration policy supports the Company's objectives and shareholder value and in consistent with the Company's culture and strategy.
- b. To review at least once a year the performance of the Executive Directors and the Group Managing Director/ Group Chief Executive Officer and recommend to the Board specific adjustments in remuneration and/or reward payments if any reflecting their contributions for the year; and which are competitive and consistent with the Company's objectives, culture and strategy.
- c. To ensure that the level of remuneration for Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors are linked to their level of responsibilities undertaken and contribution to the effective functioning of the Board.
- d. To include the determination of the remuneration packages of the key senior management officers in subsidiaries of the Company.

The remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors is generally fixed and any adjustment has to be approved by the shareholders during the Annual General Meeting.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. The Remuneration Committee held one (1) meeting during the financial year ended 31 July 2014 with full attendance.

#### (iv) Option Committee

The Company obtained approvals from the shareholders at the general meeting on 2 August 2006 to establish the Employees Share Option Scheme ("ESOS"). An Option Committee was set up to administer the ESOS in accordance with the Bye-Laws. Pursuant to the Board's approval on 10 October 2012, the tenure of the ESOS has been extended for a further three (3) years, expiring on 12 October 2015.

The current composition of the Option Committee comprises of:-

Designation
Chairman
Member
Member
Member

The Option Committee meets as and when deemed necessary and may decide by way of circular resolution.

### **B. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The policy practiced by the Company is to provide remuneration packages that commensurate with the experience, roles and level of responsibilities. The quantum of each package should be adequate and comparable to public listed companies of similar size.

The aggregate remuneration of Directors received from the Company and subsidiary companies for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 are as follows:-

Category	Fees RM'000	Salaries RM'000	Bonuses and other emoluments RM'000	EPF & SOCSO RM'000	Benefit- in-kind RM'000	Share Options Granted under ESOS RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive Directors	-	1,234	197	140	-		1,571
Non-Executive Directors	84	-	9	-	-	-	93

The Directors' remuneration are shown in the following bands:-

No of Directors				
Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors			
-	3			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
1	-			
1	-			
-	-			
-	-			
2	-			
4	3			
	Executive Directors           -           -           -           -           -           -           1           1           -			

### C. RELATIONSHIP WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Board recognises the importance of accurate and timely dissemination of information to shareholders about the Group's financial performance and other matters affecting the shareholders' interest. This is achieved through accurate and timely disclosures and announcements to Bursa Securities including the quarterly financial results, annual reports, circulars, and other general meetings.

The annual reports and quarterly announcements remain the principal forms of communication, providing shareholders and investors with an overview of the Group's activities and performance. The Annual General Meeting provides the principal forum for dialogue and avenue for direct interaction between the Board of Directors and shareholders or investors. The Board welcomes the views of the shareholders and investors on matters concerning the Group and encourages active participation by the shareholders and investors at Annual General Meeting. Shareholders who are unable to attend are encouraged to appoint proxy(ies) to attend and vote on their behalf. The Chairman, and where appropriate, the members of the Board shall be available to respond to shareholders' queries during the Annual General Meeting.

Furthermore, Recommendation 8.2 of the Code recommends that the Board should encourage poll voting for substantive resolutions. The board is of the view that with the current level of shareholders' attendance at AGMs, voting by way of show of hands continue to be efficient. The Board will evaluate the feasibility of carrying out electronic polling at its general meetings in future.

Shareholders can also obtain up-to-date information on the Group's various activities by accessing its company website at www.greenyield.com.my or http://greenyield.listedcompany.com.

# D. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

#### **Financial Reporting**

The Board has taken appropriate steps to present a clear, balanced and comprehensive assessment of the Group's financial position and future prospects by ensuring quality financial reporting to its shareholders, investors and regulatory authorities.

Quarterly financial results and annual financial statements are reviewed and deliberated upon by the Audit Committee to ensure accuracy and adequacy of such information, prior to recommendation to the Board for its approval and for public release. Representatives from the External Auditors and Internal Auditors of the Company also attended the Company's Audit Committee Meeting held during the financial year ended 31 July 2014, to provide their independent and professional views on the Group and its performance.

The Directors' Responsibility Statement in respect of the Audited Financial Statements pursuant to Paragraph 15.26 (a) of the Listing Requirement of Bursa Securities is set out on pages 31 to 32 of this Annual Report.

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board of Directors acknowledged their responsibilities for the Company to maintain a sound system of internal controls covering financials, operations and compliance controls and to safeguard shareholders' investment as well as the Group's assets. While every effort is made to manage the significant risks, by its nature, the system can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. Ongoing reviews are carried out by the Board, with the assistance of the Audit Committee, internal auditors and External Auditors, to safeguard the Group's assets.

# D. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONT'D)

#### Risk Management and Internal Control (cont'd)

The Board and Audit Committee have appointed Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng Governance Sdn Bhd, for the establishment of an independent internal audit function which is in compliance with the Listing Requirements or Bursa Securities.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to Paragraph 15.26 (b) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities is set out on pages 35 to 36 of this Annual Report.

#### **Relationship with External Auditors**

The Group through the Audit Committee, has always maintained an active, transparent and professional relationship with its External Auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965.

Whenever deemed necessary, the Audit Committee will meet the External Auditors at least once a year without the presence of the Executive Directors and/or the Management of the Company to discuss its audit plan, annual financial statements and their audit findings. This encourages a greater exchange of free and honest views and opinion between both parties.

During the financial year under review, the Audit Committee held three (3) meetings with the External Auditors without the presence of the Executive Directors to deliberate on the comments and views of the External Auditors.

The total fees paid to the External Auditors for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 are as follows:-

#### 1) <u>Audit Fees</u>

The total audit fees (including both statutory and non-statutory audits) charged by the External Auditors, exclusive of expenses and applicable taxes, amounted to RM109,000 for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

#### 2) <u>Non-Audit Fees</u>

The total non-audit fees charged by the External Auditors for other services performed, exclusive of expenses and applicable taxes, amounted to RM14,000 for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

A report on the Audit Committee which includes the Audit Committee's role in relation to the External Auditors is set out on pages 37 to 41 of this Annual Report.

### E. STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which have been made out in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards and give a true and fair view of the financial positions of the Group and the Company at the end of the financial year and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and the Company for the financial year.

# E. STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

In preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Directors have:-

- adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- ensured that applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepared financial statements on the going concern basis as the Directors have a reasonable expectation, having made enquiries, that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial positions of the Group and Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965.

This Statement on Corporate Governance was made by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution passed by the Board of Directors on 5 November 2014.

# Corporate Social Responsibility Statement

The Group believes that doing business in a sustainable way and delivering long term benefits for shareholders and stakeholders are complementary. The Group's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) framework covers four areas namely the Workplace, the Community, the Environment and the Employees.

#### The Environment:-

The Group encourages all its employees to adopt methods of conserving energy and resources as much as possible to reduce the effect of global warming. In addition, our products and services help farmers and farming organizations to improve their yields and productivity substantially and sustainably without deleterious side effects to their assets and the environment. The Group also continues to intensify its effort to develop products which are environmental friendly and recyclable.

#### Participated in the Save Our Rainforest Race ("SORR") 2014

On 29 March 2014, PEKA, a non-governmental organization also known as Pertubuhan Pelindung Khazanah Alam Malaysia in collaborating with the Peninsula Malaysia Forestry Department has organised the Save Our Rainforest Race ("SORR) 2014 at Hutan Simpan Sungai Besi, Kuala Lumpur.

This SORR 2014 is aimed to raise public awareness on the importance of saving the rainforests in maintaining a sustainable environment for future generations.

The Company has sponsored a total of twelve (12) management staff to take part in the race. In the race, the participants were required to form a team of two and carry a tree sapling through a 10 kilometer trail, completing ecobased challenges at specific checkpoints along the way. The participants were required to plant the tree saplings at the allocated spots.

The Save Our Rainforest Race 2014 was undoubtedly a great experience for all of us. The race reminded us that we should do our best to protect Mother Nature and to continue educating all on the importance of the preservation of the environment.





# Corporate Social Responsibility Statement (cont'd)

#### The Community:-

The Group continued to provide contributions to social and charitable organizations and individuals who are in need. In addition the Group has offered internship and industrial training to undergraduates from local colleges and universities as part of its efforts in grooming future leaders in the industry.

#### Voluntary Program Visit to Batu Caves for Thaipusam

This voluntary program was held on the temple grounds at Batu Caves in conjunction with the annual Thaipusam Festival on 16th & 17th January 2014.

This festival which is of great religious significance for all Hindus attract thousands of devotees who come to the temple at Batu Caves on Thaipusam festival day to offer their prayers to Lord Muruga and undertake various vows to thank the God for his help in resolving their various problems and successes. It is customary for various groups and organizations to undertake charitable activities such as preparing and distributing free food to devotees who come to the temple during the occasion of the festival.



The Executive Director of Greenyield, Dr Sivakumaran, staffs and volunteers of Greenyield participated in this voluntary program involving preparation of vegetarian food and distribution to devotees at the Annathanam Hall located within the premises of the Batu Caves Temple on the eve of Thaipusam on 16th January from 7 pm to 11pm and from 9 am on 17th January till 4pm on Thaipusam day. The voluntary work involved help in cutting various vegetables for preparation of the food and then serving the food in the traditional way on banana leaves to all devotees who came to the Hall.

In addition to the voluntary work Greenyield also contributed financially by giving a sum of RM15,000.00 to help pay for the costs of vegetables, rice, dhal and other essential items required for preparation of the food which was distributed to approximately 10,000 or more people over the two days festival.

The first voluntary program was a great success and was highly appreciated in particular the dedication and commitment with which the Greenyield Volunteers carried out the work involved. It was also a very rewarding and satisfying experience for all the volunteers.

#### The Workplace and the Employee:-

The CSR principles are shared with our employees to ensure their duties are performed with an awareness of social responsibilities. In addition to the Company's ongoing CSR initiatives undertaken within the organization, the Company is committed to developing and supporting the initiatives, which will have a positive impact on the local communities. As part of the Company's commitment to the staff development, the Management of the Company had organized and conducted various learning and development programs throughout the year.

Apart from the learning and development programs, the Company has implemented various employee protection schemes in order to ensure that the staff are well looked after, such as the Group's Personal Accident Insurance Policy covering total permanent disablement and/or as a result of accidents arising from work.

# Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

# INTRODUCTION

The Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance requires the Board of Directors of the listed companies to maintain a sound risk management framework and internal control system to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Groups' assets.

The Board is pleased to present the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2014, which is in compliance with Paragraph 15.26(b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and as guided by the "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control – Guidance for Directors of Listed Issuers".

# THE BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITY

The Board affirms its overall responsibility for reviewing its effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the Groups' risk management framework and internal control system. The Board recognises that the development of an effective risk management practices and a good system of internal control are a continuous process.

The Board is aware of inherent limitations in any system of risk management and internal controls, where such system is designed to manage and minimise risk appropriately rather than to eliminate the risk. Therefore, the internal control system can only provide reasonable and measured assurance against material misstatement, losses, fraud or breach of laws or regulations.

### **RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

The Board regards risk management as an integral part of the Group's business operations, and had adopted a Risk Management Policy to address this. Risk Management Policy will provide an effective framework for identification, evaluation, management and reporting of the Group's risk.

The Risk Management Committee comprises the Executive Directors and senior management of the Group, and is responsible for the implementation of an appropriate system of controls and strategies in order to mitigate the risk. All the Group risk-related matters were deliberated at the Risk Management Committee meetings which are held on a regular basis. A summary of risk matters was tabled to the board for further deliberation during the year.

# **INTERNAL AUDIT**

The Group's internal audit function was outsourced to a professional service firm, which is independent of the activities they audit and they have a direct reporting responsibility to the Audit Committee. The engagement of the independent internal auditor will assist the Audit Committee in providing independent assessment on the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of internal control system and ensuring operational compliance with standard operating procedures within the Group.

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the internal auditors have carried out reviews according to the approved Internal Audit Plan. The internal audit review covered the areas of the Group, such as Sales and Deliveries, Collection and Credit Control, Human Resources Management & Payroll function. The review covered the assessment on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls on key processes for the Group's subsidiaries. Upon completion of the internal audit review, the internal audit observations, recommendations and management comments were reported to the Audit Committee.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the implementation and maintenance of the Group's internal processes and procedures. The Board is conscious of the fact that the systems of internal control and risk management practices must continuously evolve to support the Group's operations. Therefore, the Board, in striving for continuous improvement, will put in place appropriate action plans, where necessary, to further enhance the Group's system of internal control and risk management.

# OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has put in place the following internal control elements for the current year under review:-

• The Executive Directors are closely involved in the running of the day to day business and operations of the Group by attending monthly meetings both at management and operational levels. The Executive Directors report to the Board on significant changes in the business and external environment, which affect the operations of the Group;

# Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (cont'd)

## OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

- Review of statutory annual financial statements and quarterly reports by evaluating the reasons for unusual variances noted by the Board and Audit Committee before the announcement to Bursa Securities;
- Reviewed the internal audit reports, which highlighted audit issues, recommendations and Management's response and discussed with Management on the appropriate remedial action to improve the system of internal controls;
- The Board has in place an organisational structure with defined lines of responsibilities, proper segregation of duties and delegation of authority. A process of hierarchical reporting has been established, which provides for a documented and auditable trail of accountability;
- The Group human resources policies and publication of the Employees Handbook, highlights policies on health and safety, staff performance and serious misconduct. These policies will help management with internal control;
- The Group has adopted the policies and procedures, such as Board Charter, Code of Conduct, Whistle Blowing Policy and Corporate Disclosure Policy;
- The systematic performance appraisal system for all levels of staff and directors;
- Annual audit by external quality auditors to ensure the quality system of Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. and RCP Technologies Sdn. Bhd. are in compliance with the requirements of the ISO 9001:2008 Certifications. The certification serves as an assurance to customers on the quality of products and services by the Group; and
- Terms of reference has been written for the Board Committees namely the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Option Committee.

The Board believes that the aspects above will improve the Group's risk audit coverage.

### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information as adopted by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Recommended Practice Guide (RPG) 5 (Revised), Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control Included in the Annual Report issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) forinclusion in the annual report of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2014, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that cause them to believe that the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, or is factually inaccurate.

ISAE 3000 and RPG 5 (Revised) does not require the External Auditors to consider whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board of Directors and Management thereon. External Auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the annual report of the Company will, in fact, remedy the problems and not required to perform any procedures by way of audit, review or verification of the underlying records or other sources from which the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control was extracted.

# CONCLUSION

The Board is of the view that the Group's system of risk management and internal controls for the year under review is adequate in safeguarding the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. The Board is committed to continue reviewing the operations and effectiveness of the Group's internal control that covers financial, operational, compliance and risk management aspects.

This statement has been made in accordance with a resolution passed by the Board on 5 November 2014.

## **COMPOSITION & MEETINGS OF AUDIT COMMITTEE**

For the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Audit Committee comprises the following members:-

		Composition of the Audit Committee	Attendance at the Audit Committee Meeting during the financial year ended 31 July 2014
Chairman	:	Yong Swee Lin Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Members	:	Dr Zainol Bin Md. Eusof Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
		Mahbob Bin Abdullah Independent Non-Executive Director	4/5

### SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF COMMITTEE

During the financial year under review, the Committee has carried out the following activities:-

- reviewed the quarterly results and audited financial statements of the Group prior to submission to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval;
- in conjunction with the results and reports, review is made for the Company's compliance with the Listing Requirements, Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) and applicable regulatory requirements;
- reviewed the related party transactions of the Group;
- reviewed the internal audit functions and the recommendations of the internal auditors' findings;
- reviewed the quarterly risk management report;
- reviewed the external auditors' audit plan and scope of work; and
- reviewed the external auditors' management letter issues and the response from management.

### **TERMS OF REFERENCE**

### 1. Composition

The Board of Directors ("BOD") of Greenyield Berhad (the "Company") resolved to establish a Committee of the BOD to be known as the Audit Committee on 30 May 2005.

The Audit Committee shall be appointed by the BOD from among their number and shall be composed of not fewer than three (3) members and must be, Non-Executive Directors with the majority of whom shall be Independent Directors. No alternate director shall be appointed as an Audit Committee Member.

At least one (1) member of the Audit Committee:-

- a) must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants; or
- b) if he is not a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, he must have at least three years' working experience; and
  - aa) he must have passed the examinations specified in Part I of the 1<sup>st</sup> Schedule of the Accountants Act 1967; or
  - bb) he must be a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in Part II of the 1<sup>st</sup> Schedule of the Accountants Act 1967.
- c) fulfill such other requirements as prescribed or approved by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

## TERMS OF REFERENCE (CONT'D)

### 1. Composition (cont'd)

The members of the Audit Committee shall elect a chairman from among their number who is an Independent Director.

In the event the elected Chairman is not able to attend a meeting of the Audit Committee, a member of the Audit Committee shall be nominated as Chairman for the meeting. The nominated Chairman shall be an Independent Director.

A member of the Audit Committee who wishes to retire or resign should provide sufficient written notice to the BOD so that a replacement may be appointed before he leaves.

In the event of any vacancy in the Audit Committee, the Company shall fill the vacancy not later than three (3) months.

The Audit Committee must ensure the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit functions and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work.

The Audit Committee shall function independently of the other directors and officers of the Company and its Group. Such other directors and officers may attend any particular Audit Committee meeting only at the Audit Committee's invitation specific to the relevant meeting.

Other than as provided herein, an Audit Committee may regulate its own procedures including the calling of meetings, the notice to be given of such meetings, the voting and proceedings thereat, the keeping of minutes and the custody, production and inspection of such minutes.

### 2. Functions

The functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:-

- (i) To review the nomination of external auditors and their audit fees;
- (ii) To review the adequacy of existing external audit arrangements, with particular emphasis on the scope and quality of the audit;
- (iii) To review the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit functions and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
- (iv) To review the internal audit programme, processes, the results of the internal audit programme, processes or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
- (v) To review the quarterly results and financial statements of the Company with both the external auditors, if applicable, and management focusing particularly on:-
  - (a) changes in or implementation of major accounting policy changes;
  - (b) significant and unusual events; and
  - (c) compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.

# TERMS OF REFERENCE (CONT'D)

### 2. Functions (cont'd)

- (vi) To review with the external auditors, the audit report and audit plan and evaluation of the system of internal controls;
- (vii) To review any management letter sent by the external auditors to the Company and the management's response to such letter;
- (viii) To review any letter of resignation from the Company's external auditors;
- (ix) To review whether there is reason (supported by grounds) to believe that the external auditors are not suitable for re-appointment;
- (x) To review the assistance given by the Company's officers to the external auditors;
- (xi) To review all areas of significant financial risk and the arrangements in place to contain those risks to acceptable levels;
- (xii) To review all related-party transactions and potential conflict of interests situations; and
- (xiii) To consider all other matters delegated by the BOD.

### 3. Access

The Audit Committee shall:-

- (i) Have explicit authority to investigate any matters within its terms of reference;
- (ii) Have the resources which it needs to perform its duties;
- (iii) Have full access to any information which it requires in the course of performing its duties;
- (iv) Have unrestricted access to the Group Managing Director / Group Chief Executive Officer, Director of Finance / Chief Financial Officer / Head of Group Finance Division and any other senior management staff of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (v) Have direct communication channels with the external auditors and internal auditors (if any);
- (vi) Be able to obtain independent professional or other advice in the performance of its duties at the cost of the Company;
- (vii) Be able to invite outsiders with relevant experience to attend its meetings if necessary; and
- (viii) Monitor and ensure that any transactions entered into between the Company and its subsidiaries and parties or companies connected to the promoters, directors and substantial shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries are at arm's length and not on terms that are detrimental to the Group. The directors of the Company are required to report such transactions in the annual report of the Company every year.

Management shall provide the fullest co-operation in providing information and resources to the Audit Committee, and in implementing or carrying out all requests made by the Audit Committee. Where the Audit Committee is of the review that a matter reported by it to the BOD has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements of the Main Market, the Audit Committee shall promptly report such matter to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

## TERMS OF REFERENCE (CONT'D)

### 4. Meetings

The Audit Committee shall meet at least four (4) times a year and such additional meetings, as the Chairman shall decide in order to fulfill its duties. Upon the request of the external auditors or internal auditors, the Chairman of the Audit Committee shall convene a meeting of the Committee to consider any matters that the auditors believe should be brought to the attention of the BOD or shareholders.

The Audit Committee meeting may be held at two (2) or more venues within or outside Malaysia using any technology that enable the Audit Committee members as a whole to participate for the entire duration of the meeting, and that all information and documents for the meeting must be made available to all members prior to or at the meeting. A minute of the proceedings of such meeting is sufficient evidence of the proceedings to which it relates.

Except in the case of an emergency, reasonable notice of every meeting shall be given in writing and the notice of each meeting shall be served to the member either personally or by fax or by post or by courier or by e-mail to his registered address as appearing in the Register of Directors, as the case may be.

The quorum shall consist of a majority of independent directors and shall not be less than two (2).

Apart from the external auditors or internal auditors, the Chairman shall call for a meeting of the Audit Committee if requested to do so by any member of the Audit Committee, the BOD or the Senior Management. Prior notice shall be given for the Audit Committee's meetings.

The external auditors or internal auditors have the right to appear and be heard at any meeting of the Audit Committee and shall so appear when required by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee should meet at least twice a year with the external auditors without Executive Directors' and Management's present.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee should engage on continuous discussion with senior management, e.g. chairman, chief executive officer, finance director, head of internal audit and external auditors to be kept informed of matters affecting the Company.

The Company Secretary or other appropriate senior official shall act as Secretary of the Audit Committee and shall be responsible, in conjunction with the Chairman, for drawing up the agenda and circulating it, supported by explanatory documentation to committee members prior to each meeting and taking attendance for the Audit Committee meeting.

The Secretary shall also be responsible for keeping the minutes of the Audit Committee and circulating them to committee members and to the other members of the BOD.

The Audit Committee is to provide opportunity to resigning internal audit staff / internal audit function service provider to submit his / their reason for resigning.

The Audit Committee shall function independently of the other directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries. Such other directors and officers may attend any particular Audit Committee meeting only at the Audit Committee's invitation, specific to the relevant meeting.

## TERMS OF REFERENCE (CONT'D)

### 5. Reporting Procedures

The Audit Committee shall assist the BOD in preparing the following for publication in the Company's Annual Report:-

- (a) A summary of the activities of the Audit Committee;
- (b) Statement on the Company's application of the principles set out in Part 1 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance;
- (c) Statement on the extent of compliance with the Best Practices in Corporate Governance set out in Part 2 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance, specifying reasons for any areas of non-compliance (if any) and the alternatives adopted in such areas;
- (d) Statement on the BOD's responsibility for preparing the annual audited financial statements;
- (e) Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (f) A statement relating to the internal audit function for the Company, whether the internal audit function is performed in-house or is outsourced and the costs incurred for the internal audit function in respect of the financial year; and
- (g) Details of training attended by each Audit Committee member are to be disclosed in the Statement of Corporate Governance or the Audit Committee Report.

### **INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION**

The Company is aware an internal audit function is essential to ensure the effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal control and is an integral part of the risk management process. During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Group's internal audit function was outsourced to a professional service firm to provide an assurance on the adequacy, efficiency and integrity of the Group's system of internal control. In line with good corporate governance practices, the outsourced internal audit function is independent of the activities and operations of the Group. The professional service firm conducting the internal audit function shall report directly to the Audit Committee and thereafter to the BOD.

The cost incurred by the Company in connection with the outsourced internal audit function for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 amounted to RM24,000.

Further details of the activities of internal audit function are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in this Annual Report.

# Additional Compliance Information

### 1. UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

There were no proceeds raised from any corporate proposal during the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

#### 2. SHARE BUY-BACK

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, the Company did not enter into any share buy-back transaction.

#### 3. OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

There were no exercise of options, warrants and convertible securities during the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

#### 4. DEPOSITORY RECEIPT PROGRAMME

The Company does not have any depository programme in place during the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

### 5. SANCTIONS AND/OR PENALTIES

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, there were no public sanctions or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiary companies, directors or management by the relevant regulatory bodies.

#### 6. NON-AUDIT FEES

Non-audit fees paid or payable to the External Auditors by the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 was RM14,000 for works done to verify the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and other reporting requirements.

### 7. VARIATION IN RESULTS

There were no significant variances between the results for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 and the unaudited results previously released by the Company. The Company did not make any release on the profit estimates, forecast or projections for the financial year.

### 8. PROFIT GUARANTEE

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, there were no profit guarantees given by the Company.

### 9. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

During the financial year under review, there were no material contracts entered by the Company and its subsidiaries companies which involved directors' and/ or major shareholders' interest.

#### 10. MATERIAL CONTRACTS RELATING TO LOANS

During the financial year ended 31 July 2014, there were no material contracts relating to loans involving directors and/or major shareholders.

### 11. OPTIONS GRANTED TO DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO THE EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

There were no options granted to the Directors pursuant to the Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") during the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

The Company has extended its existing ESOS to 12 October 2015, in accordance with the terms of the ESOS Bye-Laws.

The ESOS extension is not subject to any approvals from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, Securities Commission or the shareholders of the Company.

# Financial Statements

- 44 Directors' Report
- 49 Statements of Financial Position
- 50 Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- 51 Statements of Changes In Equity
- 52 Statements of Cash Flows
- 54 Notes to the Financial Statements
- 100 Statement by Directors
- 100 Statutory Declaration
- 101 Independent Auditors' Report



# Directors' Report for the year ended 31 July 2014

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding activities, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 7 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

### RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit for the year	6,491,258	3,695,649

### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year under review.

### **DIVIDENDS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid a single tier final ordinary dividend of 1.0 sen per ordinary share totalling RM3,337,400 in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2013 on 17 January 2014.

The final dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2014 is a single tier final ordinary dividend of 1.1 sen per ordinary share totalling RM3,671,140.

### DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Tham Foo Keong Tham Foo Choon Dr. Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam Dr. Zainol Bin Md. Eusof Tham Kin Wai Yong Swee Lin Mahbob Bin Abdullah

# Directors' Report for the year ended 31 July 2014 (cont'd)

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The interests and deemed interests in the ordinary shares and options over shares of the Company and of its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at financial year end (including the interests of the spouses or children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.10 ea				
	At			At	
	1.8.2013	Bought	Sold	31.7.2014	
Company					
Direct interest					
Tham Foo Keong	10,973,160	-	-	10,973,160	
Tham Foo Choon	8,099,160	-	(2,000,000)	6,099,160	
Dr. Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam	2,201,420	-	-	2,201,420	
Dr. Zainol Bin Md. Eusof	210,000	-	-	210,000	
Tham Kin Wai	2,172,000	-	-	2,172,000	
Mahbob Bin Abdullah	270,000	-	-	270,000	
Yong Swee Lin	20,000	-	-	20,000	
Deemed interest					
Tham Foo Keong*	19,162,560	-	-	19,162,560	
Tham Foo Choon*	1,600,000	-	-	1,600,000	
Ultimate holding company,					
Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd.					
Deemed interest					
Tham Foo Keong	173,450,060	-	(11,328,740)	162,121,320	
Tham Foo Choon	173,450,060	-	(11,328,740)	162,121,320	

\* In accordance with Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965, the deemed interests of the spouses of Tham Foo Keong and Tham Foo Choon in the shares of the Company shall be treated as the interests of Tham Foo Keong and Tham Foo Choon respectively.

By virtue of their interests in the shares of the Company, Tham Foo Keong and Tham Foo Choon are also deemed interested in the shares of subsidiaries during the financial year to the extent that Greenyield Berhad has an interest.

### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full time employee of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate apart from the Company's Employees Share Option Scheme (ESOS).

# Directors' Report for the year ended 31 July 2014 (cont'd)

### **ISSUE OF SHARES**

There were no changes in the authorised, issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year.

### **OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES**

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year apart from the issue of options pursuant to the ESOS.

The salient features of the ESOS scheme are, inter alia, as follows:

- i) The aggregate number of options exercised and options offered and to be offered under the scheme shall not exceed 15,000,000 at any one time during the duration of the scheme as provided by the By-Law and the following shall be complied with:-
  - (a) Not more than fifty per cent (50%) of the shares available under the scheme shall be allocated, in aggregate, to Directors and senior management; and
  - (b) The allocation to an eligible employee who, either singly or collectively through persons connected with the eligible employee, holds twenty per cent (20%) or more of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company, must not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the shares available under the scheme,
- ii) The exercise price shall not be at a discount of more than ten per cent (10%) (or such discount as the relevant authorities shall permit) from the 5 market day weighted average market price of the shares of the Company preceding the date of offer and shall, in no event, be less than the par value of the shares of the Company,
- iii) An option shall not be transferred, assigned, disposed of or made subject to any encumbrances by the grantee save and except in the event of the death of the grantee. Any such transfer, assignment, disposal or encumbrances shall result in the automatic cancellation of the option,
- iv) The new shares to be issued upon the exercise of the option will, upon allotment and issue, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing issued and paid-up shares of the Company, except that the new shares will not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments or other distributions, the entitlement date of which is prior to the date of allotment of the said shares,
- v) An option holder may, in particular year, exercise up to such maximum number of shares in the option certificate as determined by the Board of Directors or as specified in the option certificate,
- vi) The option granted to eligible employees will lapse when they are no longer in employment of the Group, and
- vii) The ESOS will be in force for a period of three (3) years commencing 13 October 2006. The ESOS may at the discretion of the options committee to be extended for up to seven (7) years.

## **OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES (CONT'D)**

The options offered to take up unissued ordinary shares of RM0.10 each and the exercise price are as follows:

		Nu	umber of optic	ons over ordinar	y shares of RM	0.10 each
Date of offer	Exercise price (RM)	At 1.8.2013	Granted	(Exercised)	(Forfeited)	At 31.7.2014
13 October 2006	0.21	319,000	-	-	(7,000)	312,000

The Company has extended its existing ESOS to 12 October 2015, in accordance with the terms of the ESOS By-Laws. The ESOS extension is not subject to any approvals from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, Securities Commission or the shareholders of the Company.

### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts, and
- ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

# Directors' Report for the year ended 31 July 2014 (cont'd)

### SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE YEAR

Significant event during the year is disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements.

### SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent event is disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Messrs KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Tham Foo Keong

Tham Foo Choon

Kajang, Selangor Darul Ehsan

Date: 5 November 2014

# Statements of Financial Position as at 31 July 2014

			Group	C	Company		
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013		
		RM	RM	RM	RM		
Assets							
Property, plant and equipment	3	17,028,093	18,044,718	146,688	2,077		
Intangible assets	4	12,197	13,674	-	-		
Prepaid lease payments	5	3,401,860	3,425,443	-	-		
Plantation development expenditure	6	2,576,143	-	-	-		
Investments in subsidiaries	7	-	-	22,065,486	19,065,486		
Investments in associates	8	9,427,590	5,793,641	-	-		
Total non-current assets		32,445,883	27,277,476	22,212,174	19,067,563		
Trade and other receivables	9	10,302,940	9,585,813	13,246,250	15,136,250		
Prepayments	10	227,402	177,717	11,647	8,167		
Inventories	11	8,636,690	7,973,929	-	-		
Current tax assets		1,287,934	1,446,048	72,557	72,557		
Cash and cash equivalents	12	11,853,517	14,478,524	2,188,130	4,808,938		
Total current assets		32,308,483	33,662,031	15,518,584	20,025,912		
Total assets		64,754,366	60,939,507	37,730,758	39,093,475		
Equity							
Share capital	13	33,374,000	33,374,000	33,374,000	33,374,000		
Reserves	13	23,082,654	19,938,116	4,011,641	3,653,392		
Total equity attributable to							
owners of the Company		56,456,654	53,312,116	37,385,641	37,027,392		
Liabilities							
Borrowings	14	273,450	308,198	-	-		
Deferred tax liabilities	15	1,312,200	1,453,527	-	-		
Total non-current liabilities		1,585,650	1,761,725	-	-		
Trade and other payables	17	6,525,950	5,645,508	345,117	2,066,083		
Borrowings	14	186,112	220,158	-	-		
Total current liabilities		6,712,062	5,865,666	345,117	2,066,083		
Total liabilities		8,297,712	7,627,391	345,117	2,066,083		
Total equity and liabilities		64,754,366	60,939,507	37,730,758	39,093,475		

# Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 July 2014

		Group		Company		
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
Revenue	18	51,728,879	47,769,796	4,000,000	3,500,000	
Cost of sales		(34,728,155)	(32,795,017)	-	-	
Gross profit		17,000,724	14,974,779	4,000,000	3,500,000	
Other income		1,459,401	1,367,302	-	-	
Distribution expenses		(1,193,483)	(1,049,077)	(16,379)	-	
Administrative expenses		(7,569,315)	(7,303,275)	(348,085)	(235,205)	
Other expenses		(908,789)	(696,921)	-	-	
Results from operating activities		8,788,538	7,292,808	3,635,536	3,264,795	
Finance costs		(79,627)	(109,432)	(108)	(95)	
Interest income		186,156	200,225	61,237	44,948	
Net finance income		106,529	90,793	61,129	44,853	
Operating profit		8,895,067	7,383,601	3,696,665	3,309,648	
Share of loss of equity-accounted						
associates, net of tax		(38,051)	(68,191)	-	-	
Profit before tax	19	8,857,016	7,315,410	3,696,665	3,309,648	
Tax expense	21	(2,365,758)	(2,071,573)	(1,016)	(2,950)	
Profit for the year		6,491,258	5,243,837	3,695,649	3,306,698	
Other comprehensive expense for the year, net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(9,320)	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		6,481,938	5,243,837	3,695,649	3,306,698	
Total comprehensive income for the year		0,401,700	0,240,007	0,070,047	0,000,070	
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen):	22	1.95	1.57			
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (sen):	22	1.94	1.57			

# Statements of Changes In Equity for the year ended 31 July 2014

		<	- Attributable	e to owners of th	e Company —	>
		<b>←</b> No		le ———	Distributable	
			Share			
		Share	option	Translation	Retained	Total
	Note	capital	reserve	reserve	earnings	equity
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Group						
At 1 August 2012		33,374,000	31,467	-	18,000,212	51,405,679
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	5,243,837	5,243,837
Dividends to owners of						
the Company	23	-	-	-	(3,337,400)	(3,337,400)
At 31 July 2013/ 1 August 2013		33,374,000	31,467	-	19,906,649	53,312,116
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign						
operations		-	-	(9,320)	-	(9,320)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	6,491,258	6,491,258
Total comprehensive income for the year			-	(9,320)	6,491,258	6,481,938
Dividends to owners of the						
Company	23	-	-	-	(3,337,400)	(3,337,400)
At 31 July 2014		33,374,000	31,467	(9,320)	23,060,507	56,456,654
		Note 13	Note 13	Note 13		
Company						
At 1 August 2012 Profit and total comprehensive		33,374,000	31,467	-	3,652,627	37,058,094
income for the year		-	-	-	3,306,698	3,306,698
Dividends to owners of the Company	23	-	-	-	(3,337,400)	(3,337,400)
At 31 July 2013/ 1 August 2013 Profit and total comprehensive		33,374,000	31,467	-	3,621,925	37,027,392
income for the year		-	-	-	3,695,649	3,695,649
Dividends to owners of the Company	23	-	-	-	(3,337,400)	(3,337,400)
		22.274.000	21 4/7			
At 31 July 2014		33,374,000	31,467	-	3,980,174	37,385,641
		Note 13	Note 13	Note 13		

# Statements of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 July 2014

		Group	<u></u>	ompany
Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	8,857,016	7,315,410	3,696,665	3,309,648
Adjustments for:	0,007,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,0,0,000	0,007,010
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,745	1,432	-	-
Amortisation of prepaid lease				
payments	23,583	21,547	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant				
and equipment	2,421,794	2,342,176	5,277	280
Dividend income	-	-	(4,000,000)	(3,500,000)
Finance costs	79,627	109,432	108	95
Gain on disposal of property,	10 5211	(10.075)		
plant and equipment Interest income	(2,531) (186,156)	(18,275) (200,225)	(61,237)	(44,948)
Property, plant and equipment	(100,100)	(200,223)	(01,237)	(44,740)
written off	4,059	25,765	_	-
Share of loss of equity-accounted	.,,	20,7 00		
associates, net of tax	38,051	68,191	-	-
Intangible assets written off	3,767	-	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	(327,332)	(198,411)	-	-
Impairment losses on trade receivables	134,688	-	-	-
Operating profit/(loss) before				
changes in working capital	11,048,311	9,467,042	(359,187)	(234,925)
Changes in working capital:	,, -			( - / - /
Inventories	(659,571)	3,401,684	-	-
Prepayments	(49,685)	(23,072)	-	(689)
Trade and other payables	821,207	(2,825,539)	(1,720,966)	(8,803)
Trade and other receivables	(896,938)	2,067,942	1,886,520	223,000
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	10,263,324	12,088,057	(193,633)	(21,417)
Interest paid	(59,910)	(81,620)	(108)	(95)
Income taxes paid	(4,000,272)	(3,849,113)	(3,000)	(2,951)
Income taxes refunded	1,651,301	1,556,722	1,984	-
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	7,854,443	9,714,046	(194,757)	(24,463)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of property, plant and				
equipment (ii)	(1,411,148)	(1,351,904)	(149,888)	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(4,035)	(3,748)	-	-
Acquisition of prepaid lease payments	-	(7,928)	-	-
Investments in associates	(3,672,000)	(1,788,004)	-	-
Investment in a subsidiary	-	-	(3,000,000)	(500,000)
Increase in pledged deposits placed	(75 701)	(022.052)		
with licensed banks Dividend received	(75,791)	(933,253)	4,000,000	- 3,500,000
Interest received	186,156	200,225	61,237	44,948
Plantation development expenditure	(2,576,143)	-	-	
Proceeds from disposal of property,	(2,0,0,1,0)			
plant and equipment	200,671	151,785	-	-

# Statements of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 July 2014 (cont'd)

		(	Group	Co	Company		
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM		
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid to owners of							
the Company Interest paid		(3,337,400) (19,717)	(3,337,400) (27,812)	(3,337,400) -	(3,337,400) -		
Repayment of finance lease liabilities (net)		(268,204)	(294,498)	-	-		
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,625,321)	(3,659,710)	(3,337,400)	(3,337,400)		
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of exchange rate fluctuation		(3,123,168)	2,321,509	(2,620,808)	(316,915)		
on cash and cash equivalent Cash and cash equivalents at		422,370	-	-	-		
beginning of financial year	(i)	11,185,218	8,863,709	4,808,938	5,125,853		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	(i)	8,484,420	11,185,218	2,188,130	4,808,938		

### i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statements comprise the following amounts at the end of the reporting period:

	(	Group		mpany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Deposits with licensed banks	3,440,457	7,434,920	5,382	4,104,260
Cash and bank balances	8,413,060	7,043,604	2,182,748	704,678
	11,853,517	14,478,524	2,188,130	4,808,938
Less: Deposits pledged	(3,369,097)	(3,293,306)	-	-
	8,484,420	11,185,218	2,188,130	4,808,938

### ii) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

During the financial year, the Group and the Company acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM1,610,558 (2013 : RM1,561,903) and RM149,888 (2013 : RM2,800) of which RM199,410 (2013 : RM209,999) and Nil (2013 : Nil) were acquired by means of finance lease plans.

Greenyield Berhad is a public limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The addresses of the principal place of business and registered office of the Company are as follows:

### Principal place of business

21 & 23, Jalan Seksyen 3/7 Taman Kajang Utama 43000 Kajang Selangor

#### **Registered office**

Level 18, The Gardens North Tower Mid Valley City Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually referred to as "Group entities") and the Group's interest in associates. The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding activities, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 7 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

The immediate and ultimate holding company during the financial year was Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 5 November 2014.

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

- Amendments to MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements: Investment Entities
- Amendments to MFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Investment Entities
- Amendments to MFRS 127, Separate Financial Statements (2011): Investment Entities
- Amendments to MFRS 132, Financial Instruments: Presentation Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
- Amendments to MFRS 136, Impairment of Assets Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
- Amendments to MFRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
- IC Interpretation 21, Levies

## 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

### MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Amendments to MFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (Annual Improvements 2011 – 2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 2, Share-based Payment (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 3, Business Combinations (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle and 2011 – 2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 8, Operating Segments (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle and 2011 2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 119, Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
- Amendments to MFRS 124, Related Party Disclosures (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 138, Intangible Assets (Annual Improvements 2010 2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to MFRS 140, Investment Property (Annual Improvements 2011 2013 Cycle)

### MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

- MFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- Amendments to MFRS 11, Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations
- Amendments to MFRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment and MFRS 138, Intangible Assets-Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- Amendments to MFRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment and MFRS 114, Agriculture Agriculture: Bearer Plants

### MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

• MFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

### MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

- MFRS 9, Financial Instruments (2014)
- Amendments to MFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures- Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures

The initial application of the abovementioned accounting standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have any material financial impacts to the financial statements of the Group and the Company except as mentioned below:

### MFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

MFRS 15 replaces the guidance in MFRS 111, Construction Contract, MFRS 118, Revenue, IC Interpretation 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes, IC Interpretation 15, Agreements for Construction of Real Estate, IC Interpretation 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers and IC Interpretation 131, Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. Upon adoption of MFRS 15, it is expected that the timing of revenue recognition might be different as compared with the current practices.

The adoption of MFRS 15 will result in a change in accounting policy. The Group is currently assessing the financial impact of adopting MFRS 15.

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

#### **MFRS 9, Financial Instruments**

MFRS 9 replaces the guidance in MFRS 139, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* on the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. Upon adoption of MFRS 9, financial assets will be measured at either fair value or amortised cost. It is expected that the Group's investment in unquoted shares will be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The adoption of MFRS 9 will result in a change in accounting policy. The Group is currently assessing the financial impact of adopting MFRS 9.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in Note 2.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM, unless otherwise stated.

### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs") requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the financial year in which the estimate is revised and in any future years affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of consolidation

#### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

### (i) Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group adopted MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements in the current financial year. This resulted in changes to the following policies:

- Control exists when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. In the previous financial years, control exists when the Group has the ability to exercise its power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.
- Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. In the previous financial years, potential voting rights are considered when assessing control when such rights are presently exercisable.
- The Group considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return. In the previous financial years, the Group did not consider de facto power in its assessment of control.

The change in accounting policy has been made retrospectively and in accordance with the transitional provision of MFRS 10. The adoption of MFRS 10 has no significant impact to the financial statements of the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses. The cost of investment includes transaction cost.

### (ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### (iii) Associates

Associates are entities, including unincorporated entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments, if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not remeasured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Investments in associates are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs.

### (iv) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### (b) Foreign currency

#### (i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (b) Foreign currency (continued)

### (i) Foreign currency transactions (continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date, except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments or a financial instrument designated as a hedge of currency risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### (ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia (RM), including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 July 2012 (the date when the Group first adopted MFRSs) which are treated as assets and liabilities of the Company. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity. However, if the operation is a nonwholly-owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the FCTR in equity.

### (c) Financial instruments

### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (c) Financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

### **Financial assets**

### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

All financial assets are subject to review for impairment (see Note 2(j)(i)).

### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

### (iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### (d) Property, plant and equipment

### (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (d) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

### (i) Recognition and measurement (continued)

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" and "other expenses" respectively in profit or loss.

### (ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then the component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land and buildings is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

•	Plant and machinery	10 years
•	Motor vehicles	6 - 10 years
•	Renovation	10 years
•	Factory, office fittings and equipments:	
	- Computers and mould	3 - 5 years
	- Furniture and fittings, office equipments, air-conditioners, empty	
	cylinders and electrical installation	5 - 10 years
	<ul> <li>Project and nursery site fittings</li> </ul>	5 - 6 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and adjusted as appropriate.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (e) Leased assets

### (i) Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition of the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Leasehold land and leasehold buildings which in substance are finance leases are classified as property, plant and equipment. The leasehold land is amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term of forty eight (48) to eighty two (82) years. Leasehold buildings are amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term of fourteen (14) to fifty (50) years.

### (ii) Operating lease

Leases, where the Group or the Company does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and, except for property interest held under operating lease, the leased assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position. Property interest held under an operating lease, which is held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property and measured using fair value model.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land which in substance is an operating lease is classified as prepaid lease payments.

### (f) Intangible assets

### (i) Trademarks

Trademarks that are acquired by the Group, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (f) Intangible assets (continued)

### (iii) Amortisation

Amortisation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Other intangible assets are amortised from the date that they are available for use.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Trademarks

10 - 20 years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted, if appropriate.

#### (g) Plantation development expenditure

All expenditure relating to development of rubber estate will be capitalised under plantation development expenditure. Plantation development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation of the development expenditure is on a straight-line basis upon the maturing of the rubber trees.

All expenditure relating to the planting and maintenance of rubber trees will be classified under plantation development expenditure. The cost will be expensed off to profit or loss once the trees are ready for tapping.

### (h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work-in-progress and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

In the current financial year, the Group adopted the amendments to MFRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle) and classified spare parts as inventories unless the item of spare part is held for own use and expected to be used during more than one period in which it is classified as property, plant and equipment. In the previous financial years, all spare parts were classified as inventories. The change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively. Nevertheless, there is no significant impact to the financial statements.

### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks which have an insignificant risk of changes in fair value. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of pledged deposits.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (j) Impairment

### (i) Financial assets

All financial assets (except for investments in subsidiaries and associates) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment. If any such objective evidence exists, then the impairment loss of the financial asset is estimated.

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of the group of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (or a group of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (k) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

### (i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

### (ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

### (I) Employee benefits

### (i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### (ii) State plans

The Group's contribution to the Employees Provident Fund is charged to profit or loss in the financial year to which they relate. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

### (iii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant date fair value of options granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

For share-based payment awards with non-vesting condition, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

The fair value of employee share options is measured using a Black Scholes model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (m) Revenue and other income

#### (i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discount and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when persuasive evidence exists, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement, that the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. If it is probable that discounts will be granted and the amount can be measured reliably, then the discount is recognised as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognised.

#### (ii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the Group's or the Company's right to receive payment is established.

### (iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method in profit or loss.

#### (iv) Project management

As soon as the outcome of a project management contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and costs are recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract. Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably.

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to surveys of work. When the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. An expected loss on a contract is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### (n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Property, plant and equipment under finance lease plans are capitalised at their purchase cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, and the corresponding obligation relating to the remaining capital payments are treated as a liability. Finance charges for the finance lease plans are charged to profit or loss over the period of the finance lease using the sum of digits method.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (o) Tax expense

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Any unutilised portion of the tax incentive is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

### (p) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

### (q) Operating segments

An operating segments is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segment results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Managing Director of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (r) Fair value measurements

From 1 August 2013, the Group adopted MFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement* which prescribed that fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In accordance with the transitional provision of MFRS 13, the Group applied the new fair value measurement guidance prospectively, and has not provided any comparative fair value information for new disclosures. The adoption of MFRS 13 has not significantly affected the measurements of the Group's assets or liabilities other than the additional disclosures.

	Freehold land and buildings* RM	Leasehold Iand RM	Leasehold buildings RM	Plant and machinery RM	Motor vehicles RM	Renovations RM	Factory, office fittings and equipments RM	Total RM
Group								
Cost								
At 1 August 2012	1,760,589	1,670,062	6,732,806	6,387,963	3,169,990	1,048,363	5,038,808	25,808,581
Additions	-	-	-	45,650	392,003	23,138	1,101,112	1,561,903
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(257,931)	-	(29,632)	(287,563)
Write-off	-	-	-	(980)	-	(12,183)	(167,851)	(181,014)
At 31 July 2013/								
1 August 2013	1,760,589	1,670,062	6,732,806	6,432,633	3,304,062	1,059,318	5,942,437	26,901,907
Additions	-	-	-	640,423	461,035	24,110	484,990	1,610,558
Disposals	-	-	-	(15,600)	(308,141)	-	(80,657)	(404,398)
Write-off	-	-	-	(350)	-	-	(7,815)	(8,165)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,400)	(4,400)
At 31 July 2014	1,760,589	1,670,062	6,732,806	7,057,106	3,456,956	1,083,428	6,334,555	28,095,502

### 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

	Freehold land and buildings* RM	Leasehold Iand RM	Leasehold buildings RM	Plant and machinery RM	Motor vehicles RM	Renovations RM	Factory, office fittings and equipments RM	Total RM
Depreciation								
At 1 August 2012 Depreciation for	-	379,664	810,888	1,444,833	534,325	527,335	3,127,270	6,824,315
the year	-	163,808	73,269	733,816	390,601	111,709	868,973	2,342,176
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(137,779)	-	(16,274)	(154,053)
Write-off	-	-	-	(772)	-	(9,966)	(144,511)	(155,249)
At 31 July 2013/								
1 August 2013	-	543,472	884,157	2,177,877	787,147	629,078	3,835,458	8,857,189
Depreciation for the year	_	163,808	71,760	727,784	411.777	98,138	948,527	2,421,794
Disposals	-	103,000	/1,/00	(6,760)	(180,645)	70,130	(18,853)	(206,258)
Write-off	_	-	_	(350)	(100,040)	_	(3,756)	(4,106)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,210)	(1,210)
At 31 July 2014	_	707,280	955,917	2,898,551	1,018,279	727,216	4,760,166	11,067,409
Carrying amounts								
At 1 August 2012	1,760,589	1,290,398	5,921,918	4,943,130	2,635,665	521,028	1,911,538	18,984,266
At 31 July 2013	1,760,589	1,126,590	5,848,649	4,254,756	2,516,915	430,240	2,106,979	18,044,718
At 31 July 2014	1,760,589	962,782	5,776,889	4,158,555	2,438,677	356,212	1,574,389	17,028,093

\* The cost and carrying value of the freehold land are not segregated from the building as required details are not available.

### Motor vehicles acquired under finance lease plans

The carrying amounts of motor vehicles acquired under finance lease plans are RM417,014 (2013 : RM1,184,896).

### 3.1 Land

Included in the carrying amounts of leasehold land is:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Leasehold land with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years	1,089,883	1,126,590

## 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

	Fittings RM	Motor Vehicle RM	Total RM
Company			
<b>Cost</b> At 1 August 2012/31 July 2013/1 August 2013 Addition	2,800	- 149,888	2,800 149,888
At 31 July 2014	2,800	149,888	152,688
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2012	443	-	443
Depreciation for the year	280	-	280
At 31 July 2013/1 August 2013	723	-	723
Depreciation for the year	280	4,997	5,277
At 31 July 2014	1,003	4,997	6,000
Carrying amounts At 1 August 2012	2,357	-	2,357
At 31 July 2013	2,077	-	2,077
At 31 July 2014	1,797	144,891	146,688

### 4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trade	Trademarks	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Group			
Cost			
At 1 August	24,530	24,352	
Additions	4,035	3,748	
Write-off	(7,850)	(3,570	
At 31 July	20,715	24,530	
Amortisation			
At 1 August	10,856	12,994	
Amortisation for the year	1,745	1,432	
Write-off	(4,083)	(3,570	
At 31 July	8,518	10,856	
Carrying amounts			
At 31 July	12,197	13,674	

### 5. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

	Group RM
<b>Cost</b> At 1 August 2012 Additions	3,515,426 7,928
At 31 July 2013/ 1 August 2013 Additions	3,523,354
At 31 July 2014	3,523,354
Amortisation At 1 August 2012 Amortisation for the year	76,364 21,547
At 31 July 2013/ 1 August 2013 Amortisation for the year	97,911 23,583
At 31 July 2014	121,494
Carrying amounts At 1 August 2012	3,439,062
At 31 July 2013	3,425,443
At 31 July 2014	3,401,860

# 6. PLANTATION DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

	(	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	
<b>Rubber</b> At beginning of financial year	-	-	
Additions	2,576,143	-	
At end of financial year	2,576,143	-	

### Included in additions during the year are as follows:

	Group	
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Land clearing costs	1,928,401	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Personnel expenses:	5,826	-
- Wages, salaries and others	195,819	-
- Contributions to Employees Provident Fund	12,533	-

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Co	ompany
	2014 RM	2013 RM
At cost: Unquoted shares	22,065,486	19,065,486

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

	Country of		Effec owne inte	
Name of subsidiaries	incorporation	Principal activities	2014 %	2013 %
Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing and marketing of agricultural related systems and products and plastic related products	100	100
Gim Triple Seven Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries	Malaysia	Marketing and distribution of agricultural related systems and products	100	100
Givnflow Co. Ltd.*	Vietnam	Manufacturing and marketing of agricultural related systems and products and plastic related products	100	100
Greenyield (Cambodia) Pte. Ltd.*	Cambodia	Manufacturing and distribution of fertilizers, agricultural related systems and products	100	-
Gimflow Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Marketing and distribution of agricultural related systems and products and project management of plantation	100	100
RCP Technologies Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading of agricultural and plantation tools and providing technical and consultancy services	100	100
Tigantara Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Greenyield Plantation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100

\* Not audited by KPMG

### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

	(	Group		
	2014 RM	2013 RM		
At cost:				
Unquoted shares				
- Ordinary shares	1,491,004	762,004		
<ul> <li>Redeemable convertible preference shares</li> </ul>	8,079,000	5,136,000		
Share of post-acquisition reserves	(142,414)	(104,363)		
	9,427,590	5,793,641		

### Details of associates are as follows:

	Principal place of business/ Country of		owners	ctive hip and interest
Name of entity	incorporation	Nature of the relationship	2014	2013
Melati Aman Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Rubber planting and estate management and is one of the main customer for the Group's nursery business	30%	30%
SND Teguh Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Dormant	30%	30%
Pullah PC Daud Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Dormant	30%	30%

\* Not audited by KPMG

The following table summarises the information of the Group's material associate, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciles the information to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate.

	Melati Aman Sdn. Bhd. RM	Other individually immaterial associates RM	Total RM
2014			
Summarised financial information			
As at 31 July			
Non-current assets	29,773,308	-	29,773,308
Current assets	5,818,782	5,428,165	11,246,947
Non-current liabilities	(20,231,182)	-	(20,231,182)
Current liabilities	(6,631,705)	(1,167)	(6,632,872)
Net assets	8,729,203	5,426,998	14,156,201

### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

	Melati Aman Sdn. Bhd. RM	Other individually immaterial associates RM	Total RM
2014			
Year ended 31 July (Loss)/Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive (expense)/income	(160,333) -	5,464,850 -	5,304,517
Total comprehensive (expense)/income	(160,333)	5,464,850	5,304,517
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount as at 31 July Group's share of net assets and carrying amount in the statements of financial position Redeemable convertible preference shares Share of concession rights Elimination of unrealised profits from inter-associate transactions	128,897 8,079,000 330,000	1,628,099 - 891,000 (1,629,406)	1,756,996 8,079,000 1,221,000 (1,629,406)
	8,537,897	889,693	9,427,590
Group's share of results Year ended 31 July Group's share of profit or loss from continuing operations Group's share of other comprehensive (expense)/income Elimination of unrealised profits from inter-associate transactions Group's share of total comprehensive (expense)/income	(48,100) - - (48,100)	1,639,455 - (1,629,406) 10,049	1,591,355 - (1,629,406) (38,051)
2013 Summarised financial information as at 31 July Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	17,423,984 1,432,666 (12,525,781) (384,331)	61,000 102,673 (128,400) (73,093)	17,484,984 1,535,339 (12,654,181) (457,424)
Net assets	5,946,538	(37,820)	5,908,718
Year ended 31 July Loss from continuing operations Other comprehensive expense	(189,462)	(37,841) -	(227,303) -
Total comprehensive expense	(189,462)	(37,841)	(227,303)

### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

	Melati Aman Sdn. Bhd. RM	Other individually immaterial associates RM	Total RM
2013			
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount as at 31 July			
Group's share of net assets and carrying amount in the			
statements of financial position	176,987	(11,346)	165,641
Redeemable convertible preference shares	5,136,000	-	5,136,000
Share of concession rights	330,000	162,000	492,000
	5,642,987	150,654	5,793,641
Group's share of results			
Year ended 31 July	(5/ 920)	(11.250)	(/0.101)
Group's share of profit or loss from continuing operations Group's share of other comprehensive expense	(56,839)	(11,352) -	(68,191) -
Group's share of total comprehensive expense	(56,839)	(11,352)	(68,191)

### 9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		(	Group	C	Company	
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
<b>Trade</b> Trade receivables		8,769,511	8,076,711	-	-	
<b>Non-trade</b> Amounts due from subsidiaries Amounts due from associates Other receivables Deposits	9.1 9.1	270 1,331,689 201,470	- 38,520 1,280,532 190,050	13,241,750 - 500 4,000	15,131,750 - 500 4,000	
		1,533,429	1,509,102	13,246,250	15,136,250	
		10,302,940	9,585,813	13,246,250	15,136,250	

### 9.1 Amounts due from subsidiaries and associates

The amounts due from subsidiaries and associates are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

### **10. PREPAYMENTS**

	G	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
<b>Non-trade</b> Prepayments	227,402	177,717	11,647	8,167	

### **11. INVENTORIES**

		Group		
	2014 RM	2013 RM		
At cost:				
Raw materials	4,371,351	2,431,218		
Work-in-progress	1,008,122	1,821,929		
Agricultural parts	-	665,529		
Packaging materials	287,499	309,449		
Finished goods	2,969,718	2,745,804		
	8,636,690	7,973,929		
Recognised in profit or loss:				
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	28,908,990	26,633,313		

### 12. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Deposits with licensed banks	3,440,457	7,434,920	5,382	4,104,260	
Cash and bank balances	8,413,060	7,043,604	2,182,748	704,678	
	11,853,517	14,478,524	2,188,130	4,808,938	

### Deposits with licensed banks

Included in deposits with licensed banks is RM3,369,097 (2013: RM3,293,306) pledged for bank facilities granted to subsidiaries.

### **13. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES**

### Share capital

	Amount 2014 RM	Group and Number of shares 2014	I Company Amount 2013 RM	Number of shares 2013
Authorised: Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each	50,000,000	500,000,000	50,000,000	500,000,000
<b>Issued and fully paid:</b> Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each	33,374,000	333,740,000	33,374,000	333,740,000

### Reserves

		(	Group	Co	Company	
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Non-distributable						
Share option reserve	13.2	31,467	31,467	31,467	31,467	
Translation reserve	13.3	(9,320)	-	-	-	
		22,147	31,467	31,467	31,467	
Distributable						
Retained earnings		23,060,507	19,906,649	3,980,174	3,621,925	
		23,082,654	19,938,116	4,011,641	3,653,392	

The movements in each category of reserves are disclosed in the statement of changes in equity.

### 13.1 Share capital

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

### 13.2 Share option reserve

The share option reserve comprises the cumulative value of employee services received for the issue of share options. When the option is exercised, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options expire, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings. Share option is disclosed in Note 16.

### 13.3 Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

### 14. BORROWINGS

		Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Non-current Finance lease liabilities	273,450	308,198
Current Finance lease liabilities	186,112	220,158

### Finance lease liabilities

Finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

	Future minimum lease payments 2014 RM	Interest 2014 RM	Present value of minimum lease payments 2014 RM	Future minimum lease payments 2013 RM	Interest 2013 RM	Present value of minimum lease payments 2013 RM
Less than one year Between one and five years	204,019 289,270	(17,907) (15,820)	186,112 273,450	238,727 324,120	(18,569) (15,922)	220,158 308,198
	493,289	(33,727)	459,562	562,847	(34,491)	528,356

### **15. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES**

Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the followings:

	(	Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Property, plant and equipment		
- capital allowances	813,171	956,889
- at fair value adjustments	576,312	568,584
Provisions	(33,672)	-
Others	(43,611)	(71,946)
	1,312,200	1,453,527

### **15. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

Movement in temporary differences during the year

	At 1.8.2012 RM	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 21) RM	At 31.7.2013/ 1.8.2013 RM	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 21) RM	At 31.7.2014 RM
Group					
Property, plant and equipment					
- capital allowances	954,802	2,087	956,889	(143,718)	813,171
- at fair value adjustments	576,312	(7,728)	568,584	7,728	576,312
Provisions	-	-	-	(33,672)	(33,672)
Others	(69,286)	(2,660)	(71,946)	28,335	(43,611)
	1,461,828	(8,301)	1,453,527	(141,327)	1,312,200

### **16. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

### Share-based payments

### Share option programme (equity settled)

On 13 October 2006, the Group established a share option programme that entitles key management personnel and senior employees to purchase shares in the Company. In accordance with these programmes, options are exercisable at the market price of the shares at the date of grant.

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	Weighted average exercise price 2014 RM	Number of options 2014	Weighted average exercise price 2013 RM	Number of options 2013
Outstanding at 1 August Forfeited during the year Exercised during the year	0.21 0.21	319,000 (7,000) -	0.21 0.21	369,000 (50,000) -
Outstanding at 31 July	0.21	312,000	0.21	319,000
Exercisable at 31 July	0.21	312,000	0.21	319,000

### **17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

		(	Group	Co	Company	
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
<b>Trade</b> Trade payables		4,024,981	1,350,820	-	-	
<b>Non-trade</b> Other payables Accrued expenses Amount due to Directors	17.1	1,878,900 620,339 1,730	4,167,414 121,214 6,060	323,117 22,000 -	2,044,083 22,000 -	
		2,500,969	4,294,688	345,117	2,066,083	
		6,525,950	5,645,508	345,117	2,066,083	

### 17.1 Amount due to Directors

The amount due to Directors is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

### **18. REVENUE**

		Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Dividend income - gross Sale of goods	- 51,728,879	- 47,769,796	4,000,000	3,500,000	
	51,728,879	47,769,796	4,000,000	3,500,000	

### **19. PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

	Group		C	Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Profit before tax is arrived at after charging:					
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,745	1,432	-	-	
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	23,583	21,547	-	-	
Auditors' remuneration:					
<ul> <li>Audit fees to KPMG Malaysia</li> </ul>	109,000	104,000	22,000	22,000	
- Other auditors	30,316	6,712	-	-	
<ul> <li>Non-audit fees to KPMG Malaysia</li> </ul>	14,000	34,000	14,000	34,000	
Depreciation of property, plant and					
equipment	2,421,794	2,342,176	5,277	280	
Interest expense on:					
- Hire purchase	19,717	27,812	-	-	
- Others	59,910	81,620	108	95	
Impairment loss on trade receivables	134,688	-	-	-	
Personnel expenses (including key					
management personnel):					
<ul> <li>Contributions to Employees</li> </ul>					
Provident Fund	545,039	529,271	-	-	
<ul> <li>Wages, salaries and others</li> </ul>	6,030,051	6,628,862	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment					
written off	4,059	25,765	-	-	
Intangible assets written off	3,767	-	-	-	
Rental of premises	309,660	306,110	-	-	
and after crediting:					
Dividend income from subsidiaries					
- unquoted shares	-	-	4,000,000	3,500,000	
Gain on disposal of property, plant					
and equipment	2,531	13,063	-	-	
Interest income on fixed deposits	186,156	200,225	61,237	44,948	
Realised foreign exchange gain	166,588	570,049	-	-	
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	327,332	198,411	-	-	

### 20. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATIONS

The key management personnel compensations are as follows:

	Group		Con	npany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Directors' emoluments				
- Fees	84,000	54,000	84,000	54,000
- Remuneration	1,507,255	1,445,202	-	-
<ul> <li>Contribution to Employees</li> </ul>				
Provident Fund	144,069	137,108	-	-
Other short term employee benefits				
(including estimated monetary				
value of benefits-in-kind)	9,100	9,100	9,100	9,100
	1,744,424	1,645,410	93,100	63,100

### **21. TAX EXPENSE**

### **Recognised in profit and loss**

	Group		Com	ipany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Current tax expense				
Malaysian - current year	2,443,033	2,013,602	-	2,950
- prior year	64,052	66,272	1,016	-
	2,507,085	2,079,874	1,016	2,950
<b>Deferred tax expense</b> Reversal and origination of temporary				
differences	(63,191)	85,032	-	-
Over provision in prior year	(78,136)	(93,333)	-	-
	(141,327)	(8,301)	-	-
	2,365,758	2,071,573	1,016	2,950

### Reconciliation of tax expense

		Group		mpany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Profit before tax	8,857,016	7,315,410	3,696,665	3,309,648
Tax calculated using Malaysian				
tax rate of 25%	2,214,254	1,828,853	924,166	827,412
Tax incentives	(139,914)	(102,947)	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	320,087	383,964	90,419	60,727
Tax exempt income	(14,585)	(11,236)	(1,014,585)	(885,189)
	2,379,842	2,098,634	-	2,950
(Over)/under provision in prior year	(14,084)	(27,061)	1,016	-
	2,365,758	2,071,573	1,016	2,950

### 22. EARNINGS PER SHARE

### Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share at 31 July 2014 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding calculated as follows:

		Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	6,491,258	5,243,837
Weighted average number of ordinary shares: Issued ordinary shares at 31 July	333,740,000	333,740,000
Basic earnings per ordinary share (in sen)	1.95	1.57

### Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of diluted earnings per ordinary share at 31 July 2014 was based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows:

		Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (diluted)	6,491,258	5,243,837
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 July Effects of share options on issue	333,740,000 312,000	333,740,000 319,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 31 July	334,052,000	334,059,000
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (in sen)	1.94	1.57

### 23. DIVIDENDS

Dividends recognised by the Company are:

	Sen per share RM	Total amount RM	Date of payment
<b>2014</b> Final 2013 ordinary (single tier)	1.0	3,337,400	17 January 2014
<b>2013</b> Final 2012 ordinary (single tier)	1.0	3,337,400	15 January 2013

The final dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2014 is a single tier final ordinary dividend of 1.1 sen per ordinary share totalling RM3,671,140. This dividend will be recognised in the subsequent financial period upon approval by the owners of the Company.

### 24. OPERATING SEGMENT

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and managing strategies. For each of the strategic business unit, the Group's Managing Director reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operation in each Group's reportable segments.

- Plantation products
   Development, manufacturing and marketing of agricultural products and services based on agro-technology and project management of plantation.
- Non-plantation products Manufacturing and marketing of plastic-related products.

There are varying levels of integration between the plantation products and non-plantation products reportable segments. This integration includes marketing activities and transfer of raw materials. Intersegment pricing is determined on negotiated basis.

Performance is measured on segment revenue that is reviewed by the Group's Managing Director who is the Group's chief operating decision maker. Segment revenue is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of the segments.

### Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets and liabilities information are neither included in the internal management reports nor provided regularly to the Managing Director. Hence, no disclosure is made on segment assets and liabilities.

	Ple	Plantation	-noN	Non-plantation	Elin	Eliminations	Con	Consolidated
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Business segments								
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	32,263,644 7,517,174	31,640,682 10,211,064	19,465,235 4,000,000	16,129,114 3,612,758	- (11,517,174)	- (11,517,174) (13,823,822)	51,728,879 -	47,769,796 -
Total segment revenue	39,780,818	41,851,746	23,465,235	19,741,872	(11,517,174)	(13,823,822)	51,728,879	47,769,796
Segment results*							17,000,724	14,974,779
Depreciation and amortisation							(2,447,122)	(2,365,155)
Unallocated expenses							(7,224,465)	(6,684,118)
Results from operating activities	vities						8,788,538	7,292,808
Finance costs							(79,627)	(109,432)
Interest income							186,156	200,225
Share of loss of								
equity-accounted								
associates, net of tax							(38,051)	(68,191)
Tax expense							(2,365,758)	(2,071,573)
Profit for the year							6,491,258	5,243,837

24. OPERATING SEGMENT (CONTINUED)

\* The breakdown of segment results between plantation and non-plantation are not available.

### 24. OPERATING SEGMENT (CONTINUED)

### **Geographical segments**

The plantation and non-plantation products segments are managed on a worldwide basis but manufacturing facilities and sales offices are operated in Malaysia, Cambodia and Vietnam.

In presenting information on the basis on geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets. The amount of non-current assets do not include financial instruments (including investments in associates).

### **Geographical information**

	Revenue RM	Non- current assets RM
2014		
Malaysia	5,984,723	28,065,743
South East Asia other than Malaysia	20,328,638	3,031,550
United States of America	4,889,743	-
Europe	13,597,423	-
Africa	3,321,030	-
Others	3,607,322	-
	51,728,879	31,097,293
2013	5 0 40 200	04.040.070
Malaysia	5,942,328	24,369,370
South East Asia other than Malaysia United States of America	11,980,550 5,247,662	2,250,465
Europe	14,376,637	-
Africa	6,487,264	-
Others	3,735,355	-
	47,769,796	26,619,835

### **Major customers**

The following are major customers with revenue equal or more than 10 percent of Group revenue:

	Revenue		Segment
	2014	2013	
	RM	RM	
Group			
All common control companies of:			
- Customer A	12,042,706	8,882,998	Non-plantation
- Customer B	1,521,377	5,493,639	Plantation
- Customer C	3,821,854	3,744,569	Plantation
- Customer D	4,724,243	5,025,861	Non-plantation
	22,110,180	23,147,067	

### **25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### 25.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categories as follow:

- (a) Loans and receivables ("L&R"); and
- (b) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost ("FL").

	Carrying amount RM	L&R RM
Financial assets Group 2014		
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	10,302,940 11,853,517	10,302,940 11,853,517
	22,156,457	22,156,457
<b>2013</b> Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	9,585,813 14,478,524	9,585,813 14,478,524
	24,064,337	24,064,337
Company 2014		
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	13,246,250 2,188,130	13,246,250 2,188,130
	15,434,380	15,434,380
2013		
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	15,136,250 4,808,938	15,136,250 4,808,938
	19,945,188	19,945,188

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

	Carrying amount RM	(FL) RM
Financial liabilities Group 2014		
Borrowings Trade and other payables	(459,562) (6,525,950)	(459,562) (6,525,950)
	(6,985,512)	(6,985,512)
<b>2013</b> Borrowings Trade and other payables	(528,356) (5,645,508)	(528,356) (5,645,508)
	(6,173,864)	(6,173,864)
Company 2014 Trade and other payables	(345,117)	(345,117)
<b>2013</b> Trade and other payables	(2,066,083)	(2,066,083)

### 25.2 Net gains and losses arising from financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
Net gains/(losses) on: Loans and receivables Financial liabilities measured at	545,388	968,685	61,237	44,948
amortised cost	(79,627)	(109,432)	(108)	(95)
	465,761	859,253	61,129	44,853

### 25.3 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.4 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its receivables from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from advances to subsidiaries.

### Receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Normally financial guarantees of banks, shareholders or directors of customers are obtained, and credit evaluations are performed on customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from receivables is represented by the carrying amount in the statements of financial position.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are measured at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due more than 30 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period was:

	Gross RM	Individual impairment RM	Net RM
Group			
2014			
Not past due	2,382,734	-	2,382,734
Past due 0 - 30 days	2,232,940	-	2,232,940
Past due 31 - 120 days	3,124,232	-	3,124,232
Past due more than 121 days	1,164,293	(134,688)	1,029,605
	8,904,199	(134,688)	8,769,511
2013			
Not past due	3,085,089	-	3,085,089
Past due 0 - 30 days	1,910,903	-	1,910,903
Past due 31 - 120 days	2,112,494	-	2,112,494
Past due more than 121 days	968,225	-	968,225
	8,076,711	-	8,076,711

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.4 Credit risk (continued)

### **Receivables (continued)**

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral (continued)

Included in the past due balances is a significant customer which has made significant payments subsequent to the financial year.

Impairment losses

The movements in the allowance for the impairment loss on trade receivables during the financial year were:

	RM
<b>Group</b> At 1 August 2013 Impairment loss recognised	- (134,688)
At 31 July 2014	(134,688)

The allowance account in respect of trade receivables is used to record impairment losses. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivables directly.

### Inter-company balances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured advances to subsidiaries which are repayable on demand. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position.

Loans and advances are only provided to subsidiaries which are wholly owned by the Company.

Impairment losses

There is no allowance for impairment loss on inter-company balances during the financial year.

### 25.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables and borrowings.

The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.5 Liquidity risk (continued)

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

### Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

	Carrying amount RM	Contractual interest rate %	Contractual cash flows RM	Under 1 year RM	Over 1 year RM
	K/W	/0	K/W	K/V\	K/W
Group 2014					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Finance lease liabilities	459,562	2.35 - 2.67	493,289	204,019	289,270
Trade and other payables	6,525,950	-	6,525,950	6,525,950	-
	6,985,512		7,019,239	6,729,969	289,270
2013					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Finance lease liabilities	528,356	2.35 - 3.45	562,847	238,727	324,120
Trade and other payables	5,645,508	-	5,645,508	5,645,508	-
	6,173,864		6,208,355	5,884,235	324,120
Company					
2014					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	345,117	-	345,117	345,117	-
2013					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	2,066,083	-	2,066,083	2,066,083	-

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.6 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's financial position or cash flows.

### 25.6.1 Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily U.S. Dollar (USD), Euro Dollar (EUR) and Vietnam Dong (VND).

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group manages its currency risk by regularly monitoring the foreign currency movement on an ongoing basis with hedging performed if deemed necessary.

As at 31 July 2014, the Group did not have any hedging contracts or arrangement for any foreign currency.

Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the functional currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

	USD RM	Denominatec EUR RM	l in VND RM
Group			
2014			
Trade and other receivables	6,888,008	638,607	9,487
Trade and other payables	(5,568,129)	-	(248,082)
Cash and cash equivalents	5,047,707	10,434	97,772
Exposure in the statements of financial position	6,367,586	649,041	(140,823)
2013			
Trade and other receivables	5,241,280	15,329	-
Trade and other payables	(1,329,533)	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	2,216,162	1,678	-
Exposure in the statements of financial position	6,127,909	17,007	-

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.6 Market risk (continued)

### 25.6.1 Currency risk (continued)

### Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 10% (2013: 10%) strengthening of the Ringgit Malaysia (RM) against the following currencies at the end of the reporting period would have increased equity and post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Group considered to be reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

	Ed	quity	Profit or loss		
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Group					
USD	(447,569)	(459,593)	(447,569)	(459,593)	
EUR	(48,678)	(1,276)	(48,678)	(1,276)	
VND	10,562	-	10,562	-	

A 10% (2013: 10%) weakening of the RM against the above currencies at the end of the reporting period would have had equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

### 25.6.2 Interest rate risk

The Group's and Company's exposure to a risk of change in their fair value due to changes in interest rates relates primarily to its deposits with licensed banks and financial lease liabilities. Investments in short term receivables and payables are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

	G	iroup	Co	mpany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
<b>Fixed rate instruments</b> Fixed deposits Finance lease liabilities	3,440,457 (459,562)	7,434,920 (528,356)	5,382	4,104,260
	2,980,895	6,906,564	5,382	4,104,260

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.6 Market risk (continued)

### 25.6.2 Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group has more than one fixed-rate fixed deposits with licensed banks which are deposited for not more than 12 months. Accordingly, the exposure to interest rate risk of the Group is not material and hence, sensitivity analysis is not presented.

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

### 25.7 Fair value information

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and borrowings reasonably approximate their fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Company's investment in unquoted shares due to the lack of comparable quoted prices in an active market and the fair value cannot be reliably measured.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value and those not carried at fair value for which fair value is disclosed, together with their fair values and carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position.

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 25.7 Fair value information (continued)

(cont'd)

Level 1     Level 2     Level 3     Total     Level 1     Level 2     Level 3       RM     RM     RM     RM     RM     RM     RM     RM       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       D     R     R     R     R     R     R     R       C     I     I     I     I     I     I       C     I     I     I     I     I       C     I     I     I     I     I       C     I     I     I     I     I		Fair v	alue of fina carried af	Fair value of financial instruments carried at fair value	ents	Fair	ralue of fina not carried	Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value	ıents	Total	Total Carryina
<b>ial liabilities</b> e lease liabilities		.evel 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM	Level 1 RM		Level 3 RM		Total fair value RM RM	amount RM
cial liabilities	Group										
2013 Financial liabilities	<b>2014</b> Financial liabilities Finance lease liabilities	ı	I	1	1	I	T	(459,562)	(459,562)	(459,562)	(459,562
Finance lease liabilities 528,356) (528,356) (528,356) (528,356)	2013 2013 Financial liabilities Finance lease liabilities	,	,	,	'	,	,	(528,356)	(528,356)	(528,356)	(528,356

The fair value of an asset to be transferred between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Notes to the Financial Statements

# Level 1 fair value

-evel 1 fair value is derived from guoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

# Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

# Non-derivative financial assets/liabilities

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the end of the reporting period.

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 25.7 Fair value information (continued)

### Level 2 fair value (continued)

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values

There has been no transfer between Level 1 and 2 fair values during the financial year.

### Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the financial assets and liabilities.

### 26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Directors monitor and determine to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements.

During the financial year, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from the previous financial year, was to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio.

			Group
	Note	2014 RM	2013 RM
Total borrowings Less: Cash and cash equivalents	14 12	459,562 (11,853,517)	528,356 (14,478,524)
Net debt		(11,393,955)	(13,950,168)
Total equity		56,456,654	53,312,116

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year.

Under the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Practice Note No. 17/2005, the Company is required to maintain a consolidated shareholders' equity equal to or not less than the 25 percent of the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) and such shareholders' equity is not less than RM40 million. The Company has complied with this requirement.

### 27. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

		Group
	2014 RM	2013 RM
Capital expenditure commitments: Property, plant and equipment Authorised but not contracted for	3,557,000	-
Investments in associates Contracted but not provided for	729,000	1,458,000

### **28. RELATED PARTIES**

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related party also included key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group.

The Group has related party relationship with its holding company, subsidiaries, associates and Directors.

### Significant related party transactions

Related party transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business under normal trade terms. The significant related party transactions of the Group and Company, other than key management personnel compensation as disclosed in Note 20, are shown below:

	Transactior for the finar	Group Transaction amount for the financial year ended 31 July		Company Transaction amount for the financial year ended 31 July	
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM	
Subsidiaries Dividend income	-	-	4,000,000	3,500,000	

Significant related party balances related to the above transactions are disclosed in Note 9 and Note 17. The Directors of the Group are of the opinion that all the transactions above have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established under negotiated terms.

### 29. SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE YEAR

### Incorporation of a subsidiary

On 31 December 2013, Gim Triple Seven Sdn. Bhd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had on even date registered a wholly-owned subsidiary, Greenyield (Cambodia) Pte. Ltd. ("GCPL") in Cambodia.

GCPL is a proprietary company limited by shares registered with an issued and paid-up capital of USD\$100,000. The registration of GCPL is an integral part of the Group's business strategy to expand its business activities in Cambodia.

### **30. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

### Acquisition of land

On 10 September 2014, Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("GISB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("SPA") with Fidvi Furniture Industries Sdn. Bhd. ("FIDVI") to acquire a piece of vacant leasehold industry land (expiring on 30 December 2098) in Pekan Bukit Chaggang, Daerah Kuala Langat, Negeri Selangor measuring approximately 10,660 square metres from FIDVI for a cash consideration of RM3,557,000.

### 31. SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON THE BREAKDOWN OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company as at 31 July 2014, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to Paragraphs 2.06 and 2.23 of Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements, are as follows:

	(	Group	Co	ompany
	2014 RM	2013 RM	2014 RM	2013 RM
The retained profits of the Company and its subsidiaries:				
- Realised - Unrealised	33,033,981 (943,988)	29,923,512 (1,083,354)	3,980,174 -	3,621,925
The share of retained profits from associates:	32,089,993	28,840,158	3,980,174	3,621,925
- Realised	(142,414)	(104,363)	-	-
Less: Consolidation adjustments	31,947,579 (8,887,072)	28,735,795 (8,829,146)	3,980,174	3,621,925
- Total group retained profits as per consolidated account	23,060,507	19,906,649	3,980,174	3,621,925

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

### Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 49 to 98 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 July 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in Note 31 on page 99 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

.....

Tham Foo Keong

Tham Foo Choon

Kajang, Selangor Darul Ehsan

Date: 5 November 2014

### Statutory Declaration pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, **Wong Kok Fong**, the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Greenyield Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 49 to 99 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed in Kajang, Selangor Darul Ehsan on 5 November 2014.

Wong Kok Fong

Before me:

# Independent Auditors' Report

to the members of Greenyield Berhad

### **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have audited the financial statements of Greenyield Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 July 2014 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 49 to 98.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 July 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

### **REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) We have considered the accounts and auditors' report of the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which is indicated in Note 7 to the financial statements.

### Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Greenyield Berhad (cont'd)

- c) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- d) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

### **OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES**

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information set out in Note 31 to the financial statements has been compiled by the Company as required by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements and is not required by the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards. We have extended our audit procedures to report on the process of compilation of such information. In our opinion, the information has been properly compiled, in all material respects, in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

**KPMG** Firm Number: AF 0758 Chartered Accountants Lam Shuh Siang Approval Number: 3045/02/15(J) Chartered Accountant

Petaling Jaya,

Date: 5 November 2014

## List of Properties

Location	Registered/ Beneficial Owner	Existing use/ Description of property	Tenure/ Expiry date	Age of Building (Years)	Land Area/ Built-up Area	Date of Acquisition (A)/ Valuation (V)	Net Book Value As At 31.07.2014 (RM)
No. 116, Jalan Lapan, Kompleks Perabot Olak Lempit, Tg. Duabelas, 42700 Banting, Selangor Darul Ehsan	Greenyield Industries (M) Sdn Bhd	Factory and Land; Single storey factory with a 3-storey office annexe	Leasehold expiring on 26.09.2087	13		/ 31.01.1995 (A)/ 23.03.2004 (V)	5,447,042
No. 21 & 23, Jalan Seksyen 3/7, Taman Kajang Utama, 43000 Kajang, Selangor Darul Ehsan	Gim Triple Seven Sdn Bhd	Office building; 4-storey shophouses	Freehold	17	3,728 sq.ft	24.01.1997 (A)	1,490,000
No. 10, VSIP II, Street 7, Vietnam Singapore Industrial Park II, Binh Duong Industry-Service- Urban Complex, Hoa Phu Ward, Thu Dau Mot City, Binh Duong Province, Vietnam	Givnflow Company Limited (Vietnam)	Factory and Office building; 2-storey office building and a single storey of factory annexe	Leasehold expiring on 16.10.2055	6	6,800 sq.m/ 73,195 sq.ft	04.03.2008 (A)	1,292,629
No. 18, Jalan Bukit Puteri 9/12, Bandar Puteri Jaya, 08000 Sungai Petani Kedah Darul Aman	Gimflow Sdn Bhd	Office building; 2-storey shophouses	Freehold	3	1,400 sq.ft	02.03.2012 (A)	270,589

Note: \* On building only

### Analysis of Shareholdings as at 31 October 2014

Authorised Share Capital	:	RM50,000,000.00
Issued and Paid-Up Share Capital	:	RM33,374,000.00
Class of Shares	:	Ordinary Shares of RM0.10 each
Voting Rights	:	One vote per ordinary share held

### **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held	% of Issued Shares
1 – 99	2	0.157	40	0.000
100 – 1,000	64	5.051	36,104	0.010
1,001 – 10,000	455	35.911	2,910,396	0.872
10,001 – 100,000	569	44.909	21,873,000	6.553
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	175	13.812	127,636,580	38.244
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.157	181,283,880	54.318
Total	1,267	100.00	333,740,000	100.00

### LIST OF TOP 30 HOLDERS

No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	% of Issued Shares
1	Greenyield Holdings Sdn Bhd	162,121,320	48.577
2	Twong Yoke Peng	19,162,560	5.741
3	Tham Foo Keong	10,973,160	3.287
4	Chen Fook Wah	9,472,700	2.838
5	Tham Fau Sin	6,377,020	1.910
6	Tham Foo Choon	6,099,160	1.827
7	Tham Chong Sing	4,277,220	1.281
8	Koperasi Permodalan Felda Malaysia Berhad	4,000,000	1.198
9 10	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Chen Foong Szeen Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,100,000	0.928
	Maybank Trustees Berhad for RHB-OSK Dynamic Fund (200188)	3,038,000	0.910
11	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Chen Fook Wah	2,526,100	0.756
12	Koperasi Permodalan Felda Malaysia Berhad	2,317,900	0.694
13	Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam	2,201,420	0.659
14	Tham Kin Wai	2,172,000	0.650
15	Lee Ah Lan	2,127,700	0.637
16	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd		
17	Pledged Securities Account for Yeoh Lee Peng (T Mutiara-CL) HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd	2,000,000	0.599
	HSBC-FS for RHB-OSK Asean Megatrend Master Fund	1,888,000	0.565
18	Leong Lee Ching	1,870,000	0.560
19	Lim Seng Keong	1,870,000	0.560
20	Chan Mee Yee	1,600,000	0.479
21	GV Asia Fund Limited	1,507,100	0.451
22	Chi Bee Chin	1,472,000	0.441
23	Tham Kinyiq	1,427,000	0.427
24	Tham Kin Leet	1,406,000	0.421

### Analysis of Shareholdings as at 31 October 2014 (cont'd)

### LIST OF TOP 30 HOLDERS (CONT'D)

No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	% of Issued Shares
25	Ang Lip Chee	1,257,800	0.376
26	Public Invest Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd		
	Exempt an for Phillip Securities Pte Ltd (Clients)	1,230,000	0.368
27	Maslinda Binti Manap	1,178,000	0.352
28	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd		
	CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad for TA Growth Fund	1,044,400	0.312
29	Jessica Lee Mei Lin	1,038,000	0.311
30	Public Investment Bank Berhad		
	Exempt an Clearing for RHB Asset Management Sdn Bhd	1,038,000	0.311
	Total	261,792,560	78.442

### DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

	No. of Shares Held			
Name of Directors	Direct	%	Indirect	%
Tham Foo Keong	10,973,160	3.287	181,283,880 <sup>(i)</sup>	54.318
Tham Foo Choon	6,099,160	1.827	163,721,320 <sup>(i)</sup>	49.056
Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam	2,201,420	0.659	-	-
Tham Kin Wai	2,172,000	0.650	-	-
Dr Zainol Bin Md. Eusof	210,000	0.063	-	-
Yong Swee Lin	20,000	0.006	-	-
Mahbob Bin Abdullah	270,000	0.081	-	-

Note:

Deemed interested through shares held by Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 6A(4) of the Companies Act, 1965 and shareholding held by spouse.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS PER REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

	No. of Shares Held			
Name of Substantial Shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%
Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	162,121,320	48.577	-	-
Tham Foo Keong <sup>(a)</sup>	10,973,160	3.287	181,283,880 <sup>(b)</sup>	54.318
Tham Foo Choon <sup>(a)</sup>	6,099,160	1.827	163,721,320 <sup>(b)</sup>	49.056
Tham Chong Sing <sup>(a)</sup>	4,277,220	1.281	162,121,320 <sup>(c)</sup>	48.577
Tham Fau Sin <sup>(a)</sup>	6,377,020	1.910	162,121,320 <sup>(c)</sup>	48.577
Twong Yoke Peng	19,162,560	5.741	-	-

Notes:

<sup>(a)</sup> Brothers

<sup>(b)</sup> Deemed interested through shares held by Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 6A(4) of the Companies Act, 1965 and shareholding held by spouse.

<sup>(c)</sup> Deemed interested through shares held by Greenyield Holdings Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 6A(4) of the Companies Act, 1965.

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## Proxy Form

**GREENYIELD BERHAD** 

(Company No. 582216-T) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

I/We,	(NRIC/Company No) (Full Name in Capital Letters)
of	
	(Full Address)
Contact No	being a member of <b>GREENYIELD BERHAD</b> , hereby appoint(s)
(Full Na	me in Capital Letters)
of	
	(Full Address)
and/or*	(NRIC/Company No) (Full Name in Capital Letters)
of	

### (Full Address)

or failing \*him/her, the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Cempaka Room, Level 3 (Lobby Level), Hotel Bangi-Putrajaya, Off Persiaran Bandar, 43650 Bandar Baru Bangi, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Tuesday, 16 December 2014 at 11.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof in respect of my/our shareholding in the manner indicated below:-

	AGENDA			
ORD	NARY BUSINESS			
1.	To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2014 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.			
		Resolution	For	Against
2.	To approve the aggregate Directors' fees payable to the Directors of the Company for an amount not exceeding RM110,000.00 per annum for the financial year ending 31 July 2015.	1		
3.	To approve the single tier final dividend of 1.1 sen per Ordinary Share for the financial year ended 31 July 2014.	2		
4.	To re-elect Dr Sivakumaran A/L Seenivasagam who retires pursuant to Article 74 of the Company's Articles of Association.	3		
5.	To re-elect Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof who retires pursuant to Article 74 of the Company's Articles of Association.	4		
6.	To re-appoint Mahbob Bin Abdullah who retires pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965.	5		
7.	To re-appoint Messrs KPMG as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	6		
SPEC	IAL BUSINESS			
8.	To grant the authority under Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 for the Directors to issue shares.	7		
9.	To approve the Proposed Renewal of Authority for the Share Buy-Back.	8		
10.	To approve Dr Zainol Bin Md Eusof to continue in office as Independent Non-Executive Director.	9		

[Please indicate with an "X" in the spaces provided whether you wish your votes to be cast for or against the resolutions. In the absence of specific directions, your proxy will vote or abstain as he/she thinks fit.]

Dated this day of 2014	No. of Ordinary Shares held :		
	CDS Account No. :		
	Proportion of shareholdings	First Proxy :	
	to be represented by proxies	Second Proxy :	
Signature of Member / Common Seal	Contact No. :		

NOTES :

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) Proxy(ies) (or in the case of a corporation, a duly 1. authorized representative) to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.

Where a member appoints more than one (1) Proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless the member specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. 3.

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under the Corporation's Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.

Where a member of the Company is an authorized nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 ("SICDA") it may 4. appoint not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds with Ordinary Shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.

Where a member of the company is an exempt authorized nominee as defined under the SICDA, which holds Ordinary Shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorized nominee may appoint in respect of each Omnibus Account it holds.

Where the authorized nominee or an exempt authorized nominee appoints two (2) or more proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless the 6. authorized nominee specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. For the purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend this meeting, the Company shall be requesting the Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd

7. To make available to the Company pursuant to Article 54(f) of the Articles of Association of the Company and Paragraph 7.16(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, a Record of Depositors as at 8 December 2014 and only a Depositor whose name appear on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend, vote and speak at the meeting. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarily certified copy of the power or authority must be deposited at the Share Registrar of the Company at Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

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AFFIX STAMP

### The Share Registrar

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**GREENYIELD BERHAD** (582216-T) Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur

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### www.greenyield.com.my



