

197301001753 (14809-W)



ANNUAL REPORT 2019



CONTINUOUS GROWTH

KEY INDICATORS

As at 31 December 2019



REVENUE

RM381.13 Million

EARNINGS PER SHARE

13.47 Sen



PROFIT BEFORE TAX

RM103.14 Million

PROFIT AFTER TAX
RNI84.79
Million



TOTAL EQUITY

RM1,106.65 Million

MARKET CAPITALISATION

RM1.60 Billion



NET TANGIBLE ASSET

RM1.86 Per Share

SHARE PRICE





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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 46th Annual General Meeting of FAR EAST HOLDINGS BERHAD ("the Company") will be held at The Zenith Hotel, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur on Wednesday, 15 July

2020 at 10.00 a.m. to transact the following businesses:-

As Ordinary Business

REBY ral	1.	To receive the Audited Reports and Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.	Please refer to Note A
GS		To re-elect the following Directors who retire by rotation in accordance with Clause 77 of the Company's Constitution:-	
oe held		(a) Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee(b) Mr Tee Cheng Hua	Ordinary Resolution 1 Ordinary Resolution 2
tel, e 6, Pahang		To re-elect YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus who retires in accordance with Clause 76 of the Company's Constitution.	Ordinary Resolution 3
1 1ly 1. to		To approve the Directors' fee for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 amounting to RM648,090 (2018: RM675,863).	Ordinary Resolution 4
wing	5.	To approve the payment of Directors' benefits (other than Directors' fees) of up to RM1,025,900 (2018: RM1,301,291) for the period from the 46 th Annual General Meeting to the 47 th Annual General Meeting to be held in 2021.	Ordinary Resolution 5 Please refer to Note B for Directors' Fees and Benefits

6. To appoint Messrs Moore Stephens Associates PLT as auditors for the coming year and to authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of Messrs Moore Stephens Associates PLT.

As Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution:-

7. Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Existing Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature and Proposed New Shareholders' Mandate for Additional Recurrent Related Party Transactions

"THAT subject always to the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 (the "Act"), the Constitution of the Company, Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad or other regulatory authorities, approval be and is hereby given to the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary for day-to-day operations involving the interests of Directors, major shareholders or persons connected to the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Related Parties"), as set out in Section 2 of the Circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 18 June 2020 ("Shareholders' Mandate") subject to the following:-

- (a) the transactions are carried out in the ordinary course of business on normal commercial terms which are not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of the Company; and
- (b) disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the Shareholders' Mandate during the financial year.

Ordinary Resolution 6

Notice of Annual General Meeting

THAT authority conferred by this resolution will commence immediately upon passing of this resolution and shall continue to be in force until:-

- (a) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, at which time it will lapse, unless renewed by a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company after that date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act); or
- (c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting,

whichever is earlier,

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things as they may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the Shareholders' Mandate."

8. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Companies Act 2016.

By Order of the Board

DATO' ASMIN BINTI YAHYA (MIA 10161) (201908003182) NOOR ANISAH BINTI SABARUDIN (LS 0008153) (201908003026) Company Secretaries

Kuantan, Pahang

Date: 18 June 2020

Notes on Proxy

- 1. Depositors who appear in the Record of Depositors as at 8 July 2020 (which is not less than three (3) market days before the date of this meeting) shall be regarded as member of the Company entitled to attend at the 46th Annual General Meeting or appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on his behalf.
- 2. To be valid, the duly completed form of proxy must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur, not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- 3. A member who is an authorised nominee may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 4. A member other than an authorised nominee shall be entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting.
- 5. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 6. If the member is a corporation, the form of proxy must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 7. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiples beneficial owners in one (1) securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 8. Where an authorised nominee appoints two (2) proxies, or where an exempt authorised nominee appoints two (2) or more proxies, the proportion of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies.
- 9. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A (1) of the Main Market Listing Requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, all the resolution set out in this notice shall be put to vote by poll.
- 10. Voting right of shareholders-Every member of the Company present in person or by proxy shall have one vote on a show of hand and in the case of a poll shall have one vote for every share of which he/she is the holder.

Ordinary Resolution 7



A 6

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Explanatory Notes on

Note A - Ordinary Business

This agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340 of the Companies Act, 2016 does not require a formal approval by the members and hence, is not put forward for voting.

Note B - Directors' Fees and Benefit

The Remuneration Committee and the Board have reviewed the Directors' fees after taking into account fees levels and trends for similar position in the market and time commitment required from the Directors.

Ordinary Resolution 4 - Payment of Directors' Fees

The Board had approved at its meeting on 11 December 2019, the Remuneration Committee's recommendation to retain the Directors' fees to be paid to the Directors as follows:-

	Board (RM) Per Annum
Executive Directors	210,000
Non-Executive Directors/Members	438,090
The payment of the Directors' fees year ended 31 December 2019 will on Ordinary Resolution 4 has been passed	ly be made if the proposed

Ordinary Resolution 5 - Payment of Directors' Benefit (Excluding Directors' Fees)

The Company is seeking the shareholders' approval for the following payment of benefit to its Directors pursuant to Section 230(1) of the Companies Act, 2016 for the period from the 46th Annual General Meeting to 47th Annual General Meeting to be held in 2021.

Type of Benefit/Allowance	Amount (RM)
Meeting allowance (Board and Committees)	399,400
 Other benefits Business travel, medical, insurance coverage and other claimable and reimbursement for the purpose of enabling the Directors to perform their duties 	626,500
Total	1,025,900

Special Business

Ordinary Resolution 7 - Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Existing Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature and Proposed New Shareholders' Mandate for Additional Recurrent Related Party Transactions

This proposed Resolution 7, if passed, will enable the Company to enter into recurrent related party transactions involving related parties which are of a revenue nature and necessary for the Group's day-to-day operations, subject to transactions being carried out in the ordinary course of business and on terms not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of the Company. For further information, please refer to the Company's Circular to Shareholders dated 18 June 2020 accompanying the Company's Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

MEASURES TO MINIMISE RISK OF CORONAVIRUS DISEASE (COVID-19)

In order to minimise the risk exposure to those attending the 46thAnnual General Meeting ("**46th AGM**") to be held on Wednesday, 15 July 2020, the Company will take the following safety precautionary measures:

- 1. To display sanitiser at the place accessible to all;
- 2. All persons attending the 46th AGM shall undergo a temperature check;
- 3. Any person who;

Meeting.

- (a) has a fever or is exhibiting flu-like symptoms; or
- (b) has within 14 days preceding the date of the 46th AGM travelled to or returned from countries/regions in respect of which the Ministry of Health Malaysia has issued travel advisories, quarantine orders, or equivalent precautionary measures to minimise the risk of community spread of COVID-19, will be declined entry to the 46th AGM.
- 4. To observe social distancing; and
- 5. Light refreshments will be served at the 46th AGM.

The Company seeks the understanding and cooperation from all shareholders and other attendees to contain the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic.

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

Names of Re-election/Election Directors:-

Clause 77 of the Company's Constitution

(a) Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee

(b) Mr Tee Cheng Hua

The details of the abovenamed Directors who are standing for re-election/re-appointment are set out in the Directors' profiles (pages 10 to 18 of the Annual Report); whilst their securities holdings (where applicable) are set out in the Analysis of Shareholdings -Directors' Interests in the Company and Related Corporations (page 147 of the Annual Report).

Clause 76 of the Company's Constitution

YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus

Election of Director

No individual is seeking election as a Director at the forthcoming 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company except for the Directors retiring by rotation and casual vacancy.

Place, date and time of the 46th Annual General Meeting:

The 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at The Zenith Hotel, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur on 15 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m.

Details of Attendance of Directors at Board Meetings:

A total of nine (9) Board Meetings were held during the financial year ended 31 December 2019. Details of attendance of Directors holding office at the end of financial year are as follows:-

Name	Meeting Attendance	Date Appointed	Date Resigned
YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	9/9	16/08/2002	-
YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	2/4	05/07/2019	-
YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	8/9	08/07/2015	-
YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	9/9	01/11/2018	-
Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	8/9	16/08/2002	-
Mr Tee Cheng Hua	9/9	16/08/2002	-
Mr Tee Lip Teng	8/9	23/07/2012	-
Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	9/9	08/07/2015	-
YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	8/9	23/07/2012	31/03/2020
YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	1/2	17/03/2014	01/04/2019



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed

Group Executive Chairman Non-Independent, Executive Director

YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus

Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid

Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Independent, Non-Executive Director

Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director Mr Tee Cheng Hua Non-Independent, Senior Executive Director

Mr Tee Lip Teng Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff

Senior Independent, Non-Executive Director (Responsible For Investor Relations) 09-514 1936 / 948 / 339 09-513 6211 nikmohamedzaki@fareh.po.my

SECRETARIES

YH Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya MIA10161 (201908003182)

Puan Noor Anisah Binti Sabarudin LS0008153 (201908003026)

09-514 1936 / 948 / 339
 09-513 6211
 www.fehb.com.my
 fareast@fareh.po.my

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad -Main Market (Listing Date: 31.01.1991)

REGISTERED ADDRESS

Level 23, Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur 2 09-514 1936 / 948 / 339 09-513 6211 ⊕ www.fehb.com.my ▷ fareast@fareh.po.my

SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn. Bhd.11th Floor, Menara SymphonyNo 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay KimSeksyen 13, 46200 Petaling JayaSelangor Darul Ehsan✓03-7890 4700✓03-7890 4670✓bsr.helpdesk@boardroomlimited.com

MAJOR BANKERS

CIMB Bank Berhad Lot G-01, Kompleks Teruntum Jalan Mahkota, 25000 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur

CIMB Bank Berhad A1, Lorong Tun Ismail 9 Sri Dagangan 2, 25000 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur

SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM

YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed *Group Executive Chairman*

Mr Tee Cheng Hua Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling

YH Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya *Chief Operating Officer*

Encik Nazaruddin Bin Hasim *Plantation Controller, Zone B*

Encik Adnan Bin Mustafa Senior Regional Manager, Zone A

Puan Noor Anisah Binti Sabarudin Manager, Secretarial & Corporate Affairs

Puan Rosliha Binti Husin Manager, Finance

Encik Norfadli Bin Mahrom *Head of Internal Audit*

LOCATION OF OPERATIONS



*** The land title for Sg. Sawak Estate is yet to be registered under FEHB's name.



CORPORATE STRUCTURE

100% Number of issued shares 1,800,150 units **B.S. Oil Palm** Plantations Sdn. Bhd. 100% Number of issued shares 1.800.150 units Dawn Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd. **Far East Holdings Berhad** 197301001753 (14809-W) 100% Number of issued shares 2 units (Dormant) **Spectacular Potential** Sdn. Bhd. 100% Number of issued shares 200,000 units (Dormant) Inai Prisma Sdn. Bhd.

70%

Number of issued shares 2,000,000 units

F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd.

80%

Number of issued shares 1,000,000 units

Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

51%

Number of issued shares 10,000,000 units

Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.

7% 47.1

Number of issued shares 154,030,394 units

Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd.

36.29%

Number of issued shares 17,500,000 units

Business & Budget Hotels (Kuantan) Sdn. Bhd.

40%

Number of issued shares 75,000,000 units

Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad

40.61%

Number of issued shares 27,615,301 units

Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad

51%

Number of issued shares 5,250,000 units

Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd.

30%

Number of issued shares 100,000 units

PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd.

45%

Number of issued shares 100,000 units

Jaspurna Holdings Sdn. Bhd.

70%

Number of issued shares 4,000,000 units

Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.

49%

100%

Number of issued shares 25.000.002 units

Madah Perkasa Sdn. Bhd.

ESTATES STRUCTURE

BUKIT JIN

Encik Madrizam Bin Jaafar

CHENGAL

Encik Mohamad Zulkefli Bin Mohamed Ali

SG. RASAU

Encik Muhammad Faiz Izzuddin Bin Mohd Bakri

SG. SERAYA

Encik Mohd Khairul Nizam Bin Zakaria



Far East Holdings Berhad 197301001753 (14809-W)

SG. BATU

Encik Muhammad Faiz Izzuddin Bin Mohd Bakri

DSK

Encik Mohd Zaeh Bin Mat Zin

LIAN HUP*

Encik Muhammad Uzairi Bin Abdul Rahim

SG. SAWAK***

Encik Musa Bin Abdul Halim DAWN OIL PALM PLANTATIONS SDN. BHD.

DAWN

Encik Mohd Hamizan Bin Samsudin

СЕМРАКА

Encik Mohd Hamizan Bin Samsudin

F.E. RANGKAIAN SDN. BHD.

RANGKAIAN

Encik Mohd Rasul Bin Ghazali

FAR EAST DELIMA PLANTATIONS SDN. BHD.

DELIMA

Encik Musa Bin Abdul Halim

B.S. OIL PALM PLANTATIONS SDN. BHD.

BUKIT SEROK

Encik Ahmad Khayrul Azmir Bin Abdullah

KAMPONG AUR OIL PALM COMPANY (SDN.) BERHAD

KAMPUNG AUR**

Encik Mohd Rushdan Bin Mashar

MADAH PERKASA SDN. BHD.

SG. GAYUNG**

Encik Romeli Bin Mohamad

SG. MARUNG**

Encik Yusri Bin Bidin

Notes:

As at the date of printing, the transaction for Lian Hup Estate has not been completed yet.

The estates under KAOP's Group is managed by FEHB.

^{***} The land title for Sg. Sawak Estate is yet to be registered under FEHB's name.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



YH DATO' SRI KAMARUDDIN BIN MOHAMMED

SSAP, DSAP, DIMP, SF Fin (Aust)

- · Group Executive Chairman
- · Non-Independent, Executive Director



QUALIFICATION

- A Business graduate from MARA College (UiTM).
- Professional graduate in Investment Analysis from the Securities Institute of Australia, Sydney, Australia (FSIA).
- Management graduate from the Asian Institute of Management, Manila, Philippines.
- A Senior Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (SF Fin).

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

16 August 2002

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

Chairman of Remuneration Committee

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Vast experience in Investment & Financial Management, Corporate Restructuring and Management. Worked over 41 years in ASMB (currently known as Pelaburan MARA Berhad - PMB).
- Group Executive Director of ASMB (PMB) from January 1991 to November 1995.
- Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Managing Director of ASMB (PMB) from December 1995 until April 2008.
- Deputy Chairman cum Advisor of ASMB (PMB) from May 2008 to 30 April 2010.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

- · Pascorp Paper Industries Berhad
- Amanah Saham Pahang Berhad

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

- Direct 11,340,000 units
- Indirect 2,520,000 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

All nine meetings



Directors' Profile



YH DATO' SUHAIMI BIN MOHD YUNUS

- DSAP., DIMP., SMP., AAP., AMP.
- · Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

GE) 54

) Male

) Malaysian

QUALIFICATION

- Diploma in Public Administration from Intan Bukit Kiara.
- Degree in Social and Politic at University Gadjah Mada, Indonesia.
- Master in Science Administration and Land Development of University Technology of Malaysia.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

5 July 2019

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

Chairman of Risk Management Committee

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- He started his career in 1995 as Administration & Diplomatic Officer in Transport Ministry. Later he was transferred to Public Service Department.
- In 1997, he was transferred to Transport Ministry as Assistant Secretary and in 1999 he assumed the post as Assistant District Officer of Rompin, Pahang.
- He was promoted as Chief Assistant Secretary in 2003 and he served in a few Ministries i.e Agriculture and Natural Resources and Environment till 2005.
- He was appointed as Director of Pahang Sport Council until 2010 and later was promoted as Division Secretary and had served Economy Planning Unit and Pahang State Secretary Office.
- In 2012 to 2014 he was appointed as a Secretary Division of Human Resources of Pahang State/ Secretary Office.
- In 2014 he was appointed as Deputy State Secretary (Development) of Pahang State Secretary office till May 2019.
- Effective from 10 May 2019, he was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian Pahang.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

- · Tanah Makmur Berhad
- Astral Asia Berhad

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Two of four meetings





QUALIFICATION

- Bachelor of Mass Communication at Mara Institute of Technology.
- Post Graduate Diploma in Human Resources at National University of Malaysia.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

8 July 2015

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

None

WORKING EXPERIENCE

• He served with the Royal Malaysia Police Force from 1975 in various departments until his retirement in 2014, the last post held being Deputy Chief Police Officer of Pahang.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Eight of nine meetings



Directors' Profile



QUALIFICATION

Chartered Accountant

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

1 November 2018

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

- · Chairman of Audit Committee
- · Member of Risk Management Committee

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Started his career in 1990 till 1998 with Messrs. Coopers & Lybrand being last position held was Manager of the Business Assurance Service.
- Later in 1999 till present, he became a partner of Messrs. Afrizan Tarmili Khairul Azahar, a public accountants practice.
- Datuk Mohd Afrizan's specialty is in statutory, internal and forensic audits as well as corporate exercise and business planning.
- He also had an extensive experience in insolvency practice. In addition to that he also provided advisory for tax compliance.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

Nil

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

- Datuk Mohd Afrizan, as a Licensed Liquidator and Liquidator of a Listed Company, was publicly reprimanded by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") on 6 May 2019, for non-compliance of the Bursa Malaysia's ACE Listing Rules. Datuk Mohd Afrizan has made an application for Judicial Review to the High Court to challenge the validity of Bursa Malaysia's reprimand. The High Court has granted leave for Datuk Mohd Afrizan for the Judicial Review. The matter is currently being litigated in the Court.
- Datuk Mohd Afrizan, as an Auditor registered with the Audit Oversight Board ("AOB"), was sanctioned by the AOB on 25 November 2019 for non-compliance of the section 310 of the Securities Commission Malaysia Act 1993 ("SCMA"). However, Datuk Mohd Afrizan has made an application for Judicial Review to the High Court, Kuala Lumpur to quash the decision of the AOB/SC. The Court has granted leave to Datuk Mohd Afrizan for the Judicial Review and the stay of the sanction by the AOB until the Court has decided on the case. As a result, the sanction by AOB/SC is not effective until the Court case is concluded.

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

All nine meetings





DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

16 August 2002

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

- Member of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Nomination Committee

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Started his career 49 years ago as an estate contractor and FFB dealer.
- Vast experience in managing palm oil plantations, palm oil milling and refinery business both as an owner as well as operator over the last 43 years.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 19,578,720 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

He is the elder brother of Mr Tee Cheng Hua and the uncle of Mr Tee Lip Teng.

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Eight of nine meetings



Directors' Profile



QUALIFICATION

• Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering from University Technology Malaysia.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

16 August 2002

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

None

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- · Engineer with Highlands and Lowlands Bhd.
- Mill Manager/Engineer with Kulim (M) Bhd.
- He is at present the Senior Executive Director of Prosper Group of Companies.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

United Malacca Berhad

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 8,762,200 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

He is the younger brother of Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee and the father of Mr Tee Lip Teng.

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

All nine meetings



Directors' Profile



QUALIFICATION

• Master of Electronic and Electrical Engineering from University College London, United Kingdom.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

23 July 2012

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

None

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Electrical Engineer with Hoare Lea, United Kingdom.
- Director, Marketing & Business Development of Prosper Group since 2011.
- Currently he is also the Director of Prosper Palm Oil Products Marketing Sdn. Bhd.
- He is also the Managing Director for Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd.
- Treasurer of Malaysian Biodiesel Association ("MBA") since 2020.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 1,260,000 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

He is the son of Mr Tee Cheng Hua and the nephew of Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee.

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Eight of nine meetings



Annual Report 2019

Directors' Profile



QUALIFICATION

• Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) from Carleton University Ottawa, Canada in 1985.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

8 July 2015

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Nomination Committee

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Started his career in 1986 in the banking sector at Pacific Bank Berhad and joined Affin Bank Bhd in 1989.
- He later furthered his career at Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd as Manager Corporate Banking in 1990 until 1994.
- He subsequently joined Pelaburan MARA Bhd where he was the Group Chief Executive Officer of Pelaburan MARA Bhd ("PMB") from 2008 to 2013 and also previously served as the Chief Executive Officer of the Group's Unit Trust and Fund Management subsidiary PMB Investment Bhd. He remains as a Board member and investment committee member to date.
- He is also attached to shariah based private equity firm Musharaka Venture Management Sdn. Bhd. on an advisory basis and serves on the board of certain investee companies of Musharaka.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

PMB Investment Berhad

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

All nine meetings





QUALIFICATION

- B.A (Hons) degree from the University of Malaya.
- LL.B (Hons) degree from the University of London.
- Barrister-at-Law from Lincoln's Inn, England.

DATE FIRST APPOINTMENT TO THE FEHB BOARD

23 July 2012

DATE OF RESIGNATION 31 March 2020

MEMBERSHIP OF FEHB BOARD COMMITTEES

- Chairman of Nomination Committee
- Member of Audit Committee
- · Member of Risk Management Committee

Dato' Tan Bing Hua had resigned from the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee and as Senior Director for Investor Relation of Far East Holdings Berhad with effect 31 March 2020

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- Started his career with Bank Negara Malaysia from 1969 to 1982.
- He practised law at Amin-Tan & Co in Kuala Lumpur from 1987 to 2012.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

Hua Yang Berhad

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

• Indirect - 184,800 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

NUMBER OF FEHB BOARD MEETINGS ATTENDED IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Eight of nine meetings



Malaysian

MANAGEMENT'S PROFILE



· Group Executive Chairman

OTHERS PROFILE

- Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohamed was appointed as the Group Executive Chairman of FEHB on 19 May 2015. He was the Chairman of FEHB since 2002 until elevated to Group Executive Chairman.
- His profile is listed in the Directors' Profile on page 10.

POSITION ON THE FEHB BOARD

· Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling

OTHERS PROFILE

- Mr Tee Cheng Hua was appointed as an Executive Director, Plantations on 16 August 2002 and his position was elevated to Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling on 1 January 2020.
- His profile is listed in the Directors' Profile on page 15.



Management's Profile



YH DATO' ASMIN BINTI YAHYA

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(**AGE**) 51

Female (

Malaysian

QUALIFICATION

- Diploma in Accountancy, UiTM
- · Bachelor in Accountancy, UiTM
- Member of Malaysian Institute of Accountant (MIA)

POSITION

· Chief Operating Officer/Company Secretary

DATE JOINED

01 December 1995

WORKING EXPERIENCE

- She was an external auditor with Messrs. Arthur Andersen & Co.(curently known as Messrs. Ernst & Young) before joining Yayasan Pahang as an Investment Officer. Later on she was transferred to Sumber Perindu Sdn. Bhd. (currently known as YP Plantation Holdings Sdn. Bhd.) as the Group Accountant.
- She joined FEHB in 1995. She as the Group Accountant until her promotion as General Manager in 2010 and her position was re-designated as Chief Operating Officer on 1 January 2020.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 315,000 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES



QUALIFICATION

48

· Diploma in Agriculture, University Putra Malaysia

Male

Malaysian

Bachelor of Business Administration, UiTM

POSITION

AGE

· Plantation Controller, Zone B

DATE JOINED

01 August 1993

WORKING EXPERIENCE

 He has vast experience in estate operation and specialised in oil palm operation and labour management.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 2,100 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil



Malaysian

Management's Profile



ENCIK ADNAN BIN MUSTAFA

(AGE) 56



Malaysian

QUALIFICATION

- Diploma in Agriculture, UPM, Sarawak Campus
- · Bachelor in Science Agriculture, UPM Serdang

POSITION

• Senior Regional Manager, Zone A

DATE JOINED

02 September 1993

WORKING EXPERIENCE

• He has vast experience in oil palm estate operation in various type of soil i.e. sandy, peat, marginal and various stages of oil palm cycle i.e. mature, immature, replanting and tall palm.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES	HOLDINGS	IN	FEHB	AND
SUBSIDIARIES				

Nil

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil



QUALIFICATION

53

 Bachelor of Business Administration (Management and Marketing), Loyola University, United States of America

Female

POSITION

AGE

· Manager, Secretarial and Corporate Affairs

DATE JOINED

04 July 1989

WORKING EXPERIENCE

• She has been with the Company since 1989 and has worked in various divisions at the Head Office. She is now the Manager of Secretarial & Corporate Affairs. She was appointed as Secretary of the Company in 2002.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Direct - 26,040 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

None



Management's Profile



PUAN ROSLIHA BINTI HUSIN

(age) 39



Malaysian

QUALIFICATION

- Bachelor of Accounting (with Honours), UiTM
- Member of Malaysian Institute of Accountant (MIA)

POSITION

• Manager, Finance

DATE JOINED

01 April 2010

WORKING EXPERIENCE

• She was an External Auditor at Messrs. Ernst & Young and Messrs Parker Randall Thomas for 5 years before joining FEHB in 2010.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES	HOLDINGS	IN	FEHB	AND
SUBSIDIARIES				

Direct - 3,000 units

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES







QUALIFICATION

- · Diploma in Accountancy, UiTM
- Bachelor of Accountancy (with Honours), UiTM
- Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA) Malaysia
- Member of Malaysian Institute of Accountant (MIA)

POSITION

• Head of Internal Audit

DATE JOINED

1 October 2001

WORKING EXPERIENCE

• He has been with FEHB since 2001. He was attached to Internal Audit since joining FEHB and was appointed as the Head of Internal Audit effective 1 January 2020.

ANY OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS IN LISTED ISSUER AND IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

None

SECURITIES HOLDINGS IN FEHB AND SUBSIDIARIES

Nil

ANY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH DIRECTOR AND/OR MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF FEHB OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

None

OTHER THAN TRAFFIC OFFENCES, LIST OF CONVICTION FOR OFFENCES WITHIN THE PAST 5 YEARS, IF ANY AND PARTICULAR OF SANCTIONS AND PENALTY IMPOSED BY RELEVANT REGULATORY BODIES

Nil

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



NOTICE AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

DIVIDENDS

18 June 2020
Notice of Annual General Meeting

15 July 2020 (10.00 a.m.) Annual General Meeting

	INTERIM	SECOND INTERIM
Book Closure Announcement Date	19 November 2019	29 April 2020
Entitlement Date	9 December 2019	8 July 2020
Payment Date	17 December 2019	14 July 2020





GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER

		Restated	Restated		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets					
Non-current assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	272,688	584,892	658,054	662,080	839,517
Right of Use Assets	316,923	-	-	-	-
Investment Property	60,000	-	-	-	-
Associates	459,481	439,042	371,382	375,640	320,583
Other Financial Assets	731	731	724	3,000	3,000
Biological Asset	646	-	612	-	-
	1,110,469	1,024,665	1,030,772	1,040,720	1,163,100
Current Assets	133,474	134,111	271,516	396,752	362,335
Total Assets	1,243,943	1,158,776	1,302,288	1,437,472	1,525,435
Equity and Liabilities Capital and Reserves					
Share Capital	197,946	197,946	188,243	141,390	141,390
Share Premium	-	-	-	-	47,998
Non-Distributable Reserves	-	-	-	46,853	402,834
Retained Earnings	873,338	810,047	814,009	817,539	645,631
Shareholders' Equity	1,071,284	1,007,993	1,002,252	1,005,782	1,237,853
Non-Controlling Interests	35,364	33,733	135,763	236,268	77,375
	1,106,648	1,041,726	1,138,015	1,242,050	1,315,228
Liabilities					
Non-Current Liabilities				22	
Hire Purchase	-	-	-	23	58
Lease Liabilities	16,440	-	-	-	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities	87,186	83,128	115,535	117,639	166,157
	103,626	83,128	115,535	117,662	166,215
Current Liabilities	33,669	33,922	48,738	77,760	43,992
Total Liabilities	137,295	117,050	164,273	195,422	210,207
Total Equity and Liabilities	1,243,943	1,158,776	1,302,288	1,437,472	1,525,435

Group Financial Summary

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER

		Restated			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	381,129	379,825	482,733	357,163	327,736
Profit Before Tax	103,141	72,153	171,647	150,602	102,354
Profit After Tax	84,788	56,536	140,190	128,780	80,652

HIGHLIGHTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER

	Restated	Restated		
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
13.47	16.00	80.67	85.50	50.41
1.86	3.85	8.05	8.78	9.30
3.96	3.95	5.57	5.10	8.24
27.06	19.00	35.56	42.17	31.23
9.63	7.16	17.13	14.97	8.27
27.06	19.00	35.56	42.17	31.23
22.25	14.88	29.04	36.06	24.61
	13.47 1.86 3.96 27.06 9.63 27.06	2019 2018 13.47 16.00 1.86 3.85 3.96 3.95 27.06 19.00 9.63 7.16 27.06 19.00	2019 2018 2017 13.47 16.00 80.67 1.86 3.85 8.05 3.96 3.95 5.57 27.06 19.00 35.56 9.63 7.16 17.13 27.06 19.00 35.56	2019 2018 2017 2016 13.47 16.00 80.67 85.50 1.86 3.85 8.05 8.78 3.96 3.95 5.57 5.10 27.06 19.00 35.56 42.17 9.63 7.16 17.13 14.97 27.06 19.00 35.56 42.17

DIVIDENDS DECLARED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Gross Dividend (Sen)	2.50	3.00	35.00	35.00	25.00



PLANTATION MATRIX

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Oil Palm Production						
FFB Production	Mt	298,849	318,016	384,276	318,854	368,962
CPO Production	Mt	55,423	60,440	71,006	58,899	69,597
FFB Yield	Mt/hec	19.19	18.75	19.54	16.66	19.93
CPO Yield	Mt/hec	3.56	3.57	3.61	3.08	3.76
Average OER	%	18.55	19.01	18.48	18.47	18.86
Price and Cost						
CPO Average Price	RM/mt	2,122	2,316	2,771	2,627	2,172
PK Average Price	RM/mt	1,257	1,785	2,531	2,559	1,626
Kernel Recovery Revenue	RM/mt	319	458	665	689	410
FFB Cost (Ex-estate)	RM/mt	212	219	177	208	180
CPO Production Cost (Ex-estate)	RM/mt	1,118	1,153	960	1,124	954
Land Areas						
Mature area	Hectare	15,570	14,384	19,699	19,136	18,512
Total Planted Area	Hectare	16,160	16,141	21,167	21,191	21,373



5 Years CPO Average Price CPO Average (RM/mt)



5 Years CPO Cost per MT CPO Cost per MT (RM/mt)



5 Years FFB Cost per MT FFB Cost per MT (RM/mt)



CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

Commitment and Approach

At Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB"), the essential elements of sustainability have always been the highlight of our operation since 2008 with our early collaboration with Malaysian Palm Oil Board ("MPOB"). In years of training and developing systems to be integrated into our operations with the aim to achieve positive impacts to the environment, business and society in which the Group operates, we embrace the need to coexist in harmony with the environment and our stakeholders. With this in mind, the Group's sustainability journey has been driven to a whole new level with the establishment of a Sustainability and Governance Department led by key personnel with active participation from employees. The Board of Directors ("Board") is also responsible for monitoring the implementation of our Sustainability Agenda. Our Sustainability Agenda guides FEHB towards becoming a sustainable and integrated palm oil player over the long-term, including achieving full Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") certification by 2020.

A paradigm shift and mindset change has therefore been initiated for a pervasive transformation towards a meaningful and impactful journey of sustainability for the Group as we believe in meeting the needs of the present without compromising that of the future generations.

Over the years, FEHB has continued to interact with various different stakeholders in order to pursue its commercial objectives. Comprehensive stakeholder engagements have been conducted in various and interactive manner to identify key material matters in accordance to guidelines by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. Stakeholder engagement methods are employed to capture feedbacks and opinions from both internal and external stakeholders

pertaining to the importance and impacts of Economic, Environmental and Social ("EES") risks and opportunities that are deemed crucial to sustainable development. Regular engagement with stakeholders for a varied yet insightful range of perspectives and views in relation to products, services and corporate practices are of paramount importance to the Group as it provides vital insights for continual improvement in the delivery of our products and services, and for sustainable business growth.

Sustainability is a journey of continuous improvement, where we embrace change and seek to do better for the sake of our future generations. With the progress made in 2019, we acknowledge that more could be done towards sustainable growth. We will continue our efforts in creating a shared environment that not only secures future agricultural growth and quality products, but also addresses the collective needs of our stakeholders as well as the environment.



Economic

FEHB is an oil palm plantation operator established in 1973 and listed in 1991. Today, FEHB and its subsidiaries operate eleven (11) estates covering 16,160 hectares (equivalent to 39,931 acres). The operation is supported by 181 employees who enjoy various employee benefits including attractive salary package, conducive housing facility with amenities in the estates, health benefit and bonuses which have resulted in low employment turnover.

Our operation also relies on active vendors supplying various needs such as machineries, fertilisers, utilities and office supplies. Ethical procurement and vendor management are governed by a Purchasing Procedure set by management and principles and criteria of Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil certification ("MSPO") and International Sustainability and Carbon Certification ("ISCC").

We embrace new technology and empowerment of human resources through training and development for our stakeholders in the outsourced areas.

Environmental

Development of the Estates and Preserving the Environment

FEHB embraces the No Deforestation, No Peat, No Exploitation Policy ("NDPE") and implemented this policy in 2019. Our NDPE commitment is outlined in FEHB's Sustainable Palm Oil Policy that is highlighted in our website and displayed at all operating units. We have taken steps to manage any possible adverse environmental impact arising from our operations. All physical development within the Group shall obtain the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA") and all environmental impact risk shall be managed and mitigated through the Environmental Management Plan ("EMP") that is approved by Department of Environment ("DOE").

The Group will also endeavor to enhance its contributions to better fulfill its environmental responsibilities. For new development areas, we work together closely with non-governmental organisations, experts and local communities to identify and map out the potential high carbon stock areas and areas of high value to the respective communities.

In 2019, FEHB had officially allocated 122 hectares (equivalent to 343.47 acres) in Sg. Sawak Estate, Rompin, Pahang for permanent peat area conservation purposes. We are also in the process of identifying, marking and evaluating another 139 hectares (301.46 acres) of forest area within the Group to be allocated for permanent forest conservation. We are working with several non-governmental organisations, experts and government agencies on the forest conservation and to further enhance the bio-diversity of the areas.

The Group advocates sustainable oil palm cultivation. The sustainability certification under the MPOB Code Of Practice (now known as MPOB Code Of Good Agriculture Practice) obtained by the Group in 2009 for Bukit Serok Estate, Sg. Seraya Estate, Dawn Estate, Kampung Aur Estate, Cempaka Estate and Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. is the first effort by the Group to educate and mould our personnel towards the sustainability implementation process.

It is essential to our premise in providing continuous monitoring and preventive approach on environmental-related activities in order to promote healthy working environment, deliver quality products and services and improve our environmental stewardship.

Sustainability Certification

As part of our ongoing commitment to raise performance standards, more operating units have successfully achieved rigorous in-house and external certification since 2009, with five (5) estates certified under the Code of Good Agricultural Practice ("CoGAP") by the MPOB.

Additionally, the Group is diligently pursuing the ISCC, which is the first international certification system that can be used to prove sustainability and greenhouse gases ("GHG") savings for biomass and bioenergy for all the Group operation units. ISCC is oriented towards reducing GHG emissions, the sustainable management of land, the protection of natural biospheres and social sustainability. To date, we have obtained ISCC certification for six (6) estates and one (1) mill.







The achievement signifies that, apart from being sustainable, FEHB's palm oil production system has contributed towards efforts to reduce global warming based on standards set by the European Commission.

The Group is also pursuing the MSPO as an alternative to the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil ("RSPO") standards. MSPO is similar to the ISCC but takes into consideration the national socio-economic agenda which focus particularly on improving the standard of living of local communities while adhering to all local, national and ratified international laws and treaties. FEHB has been actively involved in meeting the standards, and is currently engaging the stakeholders toward complete MSPO certification in the near future. To date, we have obtained MSPO certification for

all the following eleven (11) estates in year 2019:-

- (1)Sg. Seraya Estate
- (2)Bukit Jin Estate
- (3)Sg. Batu Estate
- (4)Sg. Rasau Estate
- Chengal Estate (5)
- (6)**DSK** Estate
- Bukit Serok Estate (7)
- (8)Dawn Estate
- (9)Cempaka Estate
- Delima Estate (10)
- Rangkaian Estate (11)

During the certification process, our employees were given the appropriate training and guidance. Topics covered in the development programs range from the importance of sustainability to Good Agricultural Practices.

Social

Our People

We recognise our stakeholders as being key enablers who support our business activities, contribute to our success, and to whom we owe a duty to care and to share value created. Our approach to sustainability takes into consideration the long-term impact resulting from our activities for both the Group and our stakeholders. As such, we have proactively engaged with our stakeholders.

A sustainable business is one that enriches its people and the communities which they operate in. As a caring employer, we strive to create a conducive working environment for all our employees. We continue to be a committed employer that practices good labour and human relationship for our diverse background of employees. We offer competitive compensation and benefits to attract and retain the best talents for the sustainability of our Company. We support their personal and professional development and promote work-life balance while ensuring their health and safety.

We fulfill staffing needs for different departments within our Group's operations. These include not only the management and administrative staff, but also supervisory staff, local and foreign workers. The employees strive for excellence every day by sharing knowledge with one another, brainstorming new and more environmental-friendly ways of working and enriching each other's lives. We value our people and reward their hard work with career development opportunities and further training prospects.

As a responsible employer, FEHB takes the health and wellbeing of its employees seriously. We encourage our employees to adopt a healthy lifestyle by helping them engage in outdoor activities and sports. We organised recreational activities and sports day for the foreign workers. These give our employees time to relax and mingle with their colleagues from other departments and also other estates.

In 2019, we invested RM77,196 in employees' development programs which include technical training as well as managerial and leadership skills training. Apart from working life, we promote work-life balance as well as healthy and safe lifestyle through various programs such as Sports Carnival, Annual Fishing Competition, Bowling Tournament and regular health check. We engaged with our employees through activities such as Family Day, Sports Day, Breaking Fast Programme, Hari Raya Open House, Bubur Asyura Programme, Best Employee Award, Best Decorated Estate Award and also participation in employment carnival for career opportunities.

We believe in investing in millennials and to contribute to prepare and cultivate the next generation of workforce via our undergraduate internship programmes. We accepted twenty four (24) students who had successfully completed their internship in various fields.

<u>Occupational Safety and Health</u> <u>Compliance</u>

The Group is committed to Occupational Safety & Health ("OSHA") at the work place so as to provide a safe and healthy environment for its employees throughout its entire business operations. Towards this, the Group has established Group OSHA Committees and Sub-Committees at every operating unit to ensure that the OSHA Policy is complied with.

The OSHA Committee plays the role of implementing OSHA Policy across the Group through structured trainings and scheduled meetings with operating units.

It also acts as a liaison between the Group and statutory or regulatory authorities on updates of rules and regulations pertaining to occupational safety and health.

The Group has applied an inclusive risk management programme that also involves contractors and vendors and not just our employees and workers.



Trainings are held to educate the employees on their responsibilities by the Group under OSHA 1994 as well as to equip them to perform Hazard Identification, Risk Assessment and Risk Control ("HIRARC").

The Group also performs Chemical Exposure Monitoring at identified worksites on an annual basis. Where required, workers exposed to chemicals at work are subjected to an annual medical check-up.

The Group has supplied Personal Protective Equipment ("PPE") to its employees and workers at no cost to them. Various Standard Operating Procedures are established to govern the distribution, usage, storage and maintenance of PPE. Repetitive and scheduled interval trainings are also given on the safe and proper use of PPE and First Aid in order to protect employees' safety at the work place from hazardous chemicals.

Training organised for the 2019 are as follows:-

Date	Training
16 January 2019	Talk On Biodiversity Conservation By Perhilitan Negeri Pahang
24 - 25 June 2019	First Aid Training
25 April 2019	Stakeholder meeting with Prosper Kemayan
03 June 2019	Talk On Biodiversity Conservation By Perhilitan Negeri Pahang
24 June 2019	Talk On Environmental Conservation
24 - 25 June 2019	First Aid Training
25 June 2019	HIRARC for Plantation (Oil Palm Estate) Organised By JKKP
19 September 2019	Latihan Perladangan Pintar Kelapa Sawit



Date	Training
30 September 2019	Risk Management Meeting Training To Estate Management
21 October 2019	Risk Management Meeting Training To Estate Staffs
13 - 14 November	Kursus Persediaan Audit Dalaman Bagi Memenuhi MSPO
2019	Bagi Ladang dan Kilang
13 November 2019	Chemical Handling by G-Planter
25 November 2019	MSPO Awareness Training
27 November 2019	Risk Based Thinking Management

Our Commitment In NDPE Implementation In Support Of Sustainable Palm Oil

NDPE Policy that aims to advance an environmentally and socially responsible palm oil industry, was pioneered by Wilmar International in December 2013. The key to this Policy is the scope which extends beyond the operation of own plantations and mills to include joint ventures regardless of shareholding and third-party suppliers.

Consumerism is the major force that influence manufacturers, retailers and traders all over the world to remove deforestation from their supply chains. Without exception, FEHB is making swifter progress towards meeting this commitment.

FEHB had outlined its NDPE Policy implementation plan for five (5) years which includes the followings:-

- (1)NDPE Implementation Plan;
- (2)Traceability to plantations and vendors;
- Raising NDPE awareness; (3)
- Conservation of forest and rivers; (4)
- Retention of workforce; and (5)
- (6) Stakeholder engagement.



The NDPE Implementation Plan had started in February 2019 and we had progressed aggressively to ensure that the five (5) years target is met.

In the age of consumerism and the millennials demand for sustainable future, FEHB had responded positively with the new approach of business expansion with acquisition of existing developed plantation and avoiding from developing a new area that would cause deforestation and destruction of ecology. In this process, FEHB will also avoid any area known to be High Conservation Value or High Carbon Stock areas.

FEHB also believes in maximizing the investment return through sustainable lean operation with high yield planting materials and high productivity with investment in mechanization. Mechanization will not suppress the need for manpower but a sustainable way to increase the workforce's income in line with the increase of productivity.

We are also working on the transparencies of our production methods and avoiding any possibility of labour, land and human rights violations.

With the MSPO and ISCC certifications in place, we are committed to adhere to the criteria and take action when there is evidence of non-compliance.

FEHB will continue to promote sustainable palm oil as we believe that oil palms do not need to be grown at the expense of destroying forests and other sensitive natural habitats. Instead we need to break the link between development and the degradation of natural ecosystems.

We are also working with the conservation organisations committed to drive the palm oil industry in the right direction and support a move for sustainable palm oil



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB" or "the Group") is pleased to present our Management Discussion and Analysis for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 (FY2019). This report outlines our efforts in realising our economic, environmental and social goals as our business and operations set down the path of sustainable growth now and in the future.

For the past 47 years since its incorporation on 6 August 1973, FEHB has engaged in cultivation of oil palms, production and sales of fresh fruit bunches ("FFB"), crude palm oil ("CPO"), palm kernel ("PK") and investment holdings. As at 31 December 2019, the Group has eleven (11) estates with a total oil palm planted area measuring 16,160 hectares (equivalent to 39,931 acres). Approximately 96% of total planted oil palm are classified as mature. The total weighted average palm age is 11.66 years.

The Group has eleven (11) palm oil estates across Pahang namely Bukit Jin Estate, Chengal Estate, Sungai Batu Estate, Sungai Rasau Estate, Sungai Seraya Estate, DSK Estate, Bukit Serok Estate, Dawn Estate, Cempaka Estate, Delima Estate and Rangkaian Estate.

The Group sells CPO using the average price mechanism set by Malaysian Palm Oil Board ("MPOB"). The Group is a price taker and not price maker, and manages risks by constantly monitoring the price trends of all major oils, fats and crude oil prices. Certification from the Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") and International Sustainability Carbon Certificate ("ISCC") are a competitive advantage to the Group since it enables us to obtain premium prices for CPO and PK and assist in our branding strategy to improve trust from Group's customers. This is also an acknowledgement of Group's adherence to good economic, environmental and social standards in the production of sustainable palm oil.

As at 31 December 2019, the total FFB production for the Group in the reporting year was 298,849 metric tonne ("MT") against 318,016MT in year 2018. Lower production during the year under review was due to exclusion of production from estates under Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad ("KAOP")'s Group effective 1 July 2018. The Group recorded higher FFB yield which was 19.19MT per hectare compared to average yield in Pahang State and Peninsular Malaysia in 2019 which are 17.99MT per hectare and 17.95MT per hectare respectively due to the improvement in overall estates FFB production in FY2019 as compared to FY2018, except for Delima Estate in Rompin, Pahang which was seriously affected by flood during monsoon season.

In FY2019, CPO and PK were realised at an average price of RM2,122 per metric tonne and RM1,257 per MT respectively (FY2018: Average CPO price of RM2,316 per MT and average PK price of RM1,785 per MT). Both CPO and PK are suffering declines in average prices by 8% and 30% respectively as compared to previous year.

Group Financial Review

The Group managed to record an overall commendable performance in FY2019 despite it being a challenging year. Corresponding to the challenging plantation industry, the Group's revenue for FY2019 has shown slight increase by 0.34% to RM381.13 million compared to RM379.83 million registered in FY2018. The breakdown of Group's revenue is as per below:

Revenue	2019 RM'000	2018 RM'000 Restated
Plantation operation	121,323	148,004
Milling operation	259,806	231,821
Total revenue	381,129	379,825

Increase in Group's revenue by 0.34% for FY2019 as compared to the previous year was mainly due to increase in revenue from milling operation by 12% as compared to previous year.

However, the revenue from plantation operation for FY2019 declined by 18% compared to FY2018 due to:-

- (a) Lower production of FFB in FY2019 by 6% (19,167MT) due to the exclusion of production from estates under the Group of KAOP effective 1 July 2018. KAOP Group consists of Kampung Aur Estate, Sungai Gayung Estate and Sungai Marung Estate totalling 6,286 hectares (equivalent to 15,533 acres) of planted areas and 121,097MT FFB produced in FY2019; and
- (b) Lower average of CPO and PK price by 8% (RM194 per MT) and 30% (RM528 per MT) respectively as compared to FY2018.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Breakdown of the profit before tax is shown below:-

	2019 RM'000	2018 RM'000 Restated
Profit from plantation operation	27,184	38,580
Profit from milling operation	4,482	5,527
Share of profit from associated companies	30,769	15,181
Other income	2,536	11,074
Fair value gain on investment property	37,587	-
Finance income	583	1,791
Profit before tax	103,141	72,153

The Group's profit before tax increase by RM30.99 million (43%) in FY2019 as compared to FY2018 was mainly due to:-

- Recognition of fair value gain from investment property for Bandar Indera Mahkota Land of RM37.59 million; and
- (b) Higher share of profit from associates by RM15.59 million (103%) mainly from Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad and Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. of RM15.60 million and RM9.70 million respectively.

Lower other income recorded in FY2019 by 77% as compared to previous year was mainly due to gain on disposal of land of Jasa Unik Sdn. Bhd. and TR Plantations Sdn. Bhd. which were recognised in FY2018 amounting to RM7.20 million.

Plantation Operations

Plantation is the core business of the Group which engages in the cultivation of oil palm and processing of palm oil, with operations in seed breeding, cultivation and crop oil extraction. Key results indicators for plantation are as per below:-

	Unit	2019	2018
FFB Production	MT	298,849	318,016
CPO Production	MT	55,423	60,440
FFB Yield	MT/ha	19.19	18.75
Average OER	%	18.55	19.01
CPO Yield	MT/ha	3.56	3.57
Average CPO Price	RM/MT	2,122	2,316
Average PK Price	RM/MT	1,257	1,785
Mature Area	Hectare	15,570	14,384
Total Area	Hectare	16,160	16,141



Management Discussion and Analysis

The Group registered revenue of RM121.32 million from plantation operation which is 18% lower as compared to previous year due to exclusion of production from estates under the Group of KAOP effective 1 July 2018. The Groups' palm oil estates are located in Pahang state, Malaysia with abundance rainfall distribution. The age profile of Group's palm oil tree for FY2019 is as per below:-

	2019		2018	
Particulars	Hectare	%	Hectare	%
>19 years (old palms)	1,973	12	1,119	7
7-18 years (prime palms)	11,237	70	11,228	70
4-6 years (young palms)	2,360	14	2,037	12
1-3 years (immature)	590	4	1,757	11
Total	16,160	100	16,141	100

70% of palm oil trees are prime palms which contribute to a higher yield per hectare in FY2019 (19.19MT per hectare). The Group prescribes specific measures to raise yield per hectare and at lower production costs by increasing productivity through a mechanization process towards improving efficiency of estate management. The mechanization process includes introduction of mini dumper, mini crawler and Bin-system for in-field collection and internal transportation of FFB. The Group provides interest free loans to its contractors in order to mechanize their operations. The good rainfall distribution in 2017 and 2018 has also contributed to the increase in female palm oil's inflorescence ratio which in turn contributes to better yield per hectare.

Labour shortage is the recurring challenge faced by Malaysian palm oil industry. At Group level, the number of foreign workers at estate level for FY2019 is 764 which is higher than FY2018 (608 workers), with the majority of the workers being Indonesians. Throughout FY2019, the Group recorded 377 workers' recruitment, whilst 101 absconded and 87 returned to homeland. To reduce the number of absconded workers and encourage the performance of workers, the Group had continued to provide various incentives for its workers.

The estate drainage systems are properly maintained by the estate's management. The contracts of constructing of new drainage systems, cleaning and desilting drainage systems had continued to be awarded to reputable and proven contractors with the completion of the jobs within the proposed timeline. The estate's operations are being monitored by qualified, skillful and experienced



agronomists who recommend the best fertilizers programs and govern all procedures of estates management.

The average cost of FFB for the Group is RM212 per MT in FY2019 which is 3% lower compared to the previous year of RM219 per MT. The Group closely monitor the operating expense at estate level as part of cost control initiatives. In terms of operational efficiency, the average yield per hectare for the Group for FY2019 is improving by 2% to 19.19MT per hectare (FY2018: 18.75MT per hectare).

Milling Operations

Milling is a crucial part of the Group's operation which accounted for 68% of its revenue (FY2019). The Group operates two (2) palm oil mills, namely Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. ("KKSB") and Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd. ("WWSB") with processing capacity of 60 metric tonne per hour for each mill. The Group's revenue

from milling operations is RM259.81 million, 12% higher when compared to FY2018 (RM231.82 million) which was mainly due to higher FFB processed for both mills namely KKSB and WWSB.

KKSB and WWSB recorded total FFB processed of 475,310MT which is an increase by 10% (42,280MT) in FY2019 (FY2018: 433,030MT). The production capacity of both mills remains at 60MT per hour (FY2018: 60MT per hour). The average OER for CPO and PK achieved by both mills for FY2019 are 20.10% and 5.34% respectively which are lower than previous year (FY2018: CPO OER 20.13%, PK OER 5.39%).

Good milling practises are constantly being implemented with the aim to improve productivity and efficiency.


Management Discussion and Analysis

Capital Expenditure

During the year under review, the Group spent a total of RM14.00 million in capital expenditure as compared to RM127.82 million in FY2018. The capital expenditure incurred mainly on new acquisition of oil palm plantation land, replanting, upgrading of mills, constructions of staff and labour quarters, facilities in compliance of MSPO and ISCC certifications and purchase of agricultural equipment and vehicles.

Proposed Acquisitions

On 29 April 2019, FEHB had entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") with Harn Len Corporation Bhd. for the Proposed Acquisition of 2,124.5 hectares (equivalent to 5,249.7 acres) oil palm plantation land inclusive of a 40MT FFB/ Hour rated capacity palm oil mill. The Vendor is the registered owner of the above land, all in the Mukim Keratong, District of Rompin, Negeri Pahang planted with oil palm trees together with all buildings and structures erected thereon including a palm oil mill and known as Lian Hup Oil Palm Estate. The aggregate purchase price for the Proposed Acquisition is RM182.99 million.

On 12 February 2020, FEHB had entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with Perbadanan Setiausaha Kerajaan Negeri Pahang ("PSK") for the Proposed Acquisition of Property held under H.S.(D) 5663, PT 8183, Mukim Rompin, District of Rompin, Pahang for 796.207 hectares (equivalent to 1,967.472 acres) for RM15.87 million.

These Proposed Acquisitions are in line with the expansion plan of FEHB and would broaden FEHB's core income base through increased plantation acreage at a reasonable cost and at a strategic location vis-a-vis its existing plantation assets.

Upon completion of these Proposed Acquisitions, the land bank of FEHB would be increased from 16,160 hectares (equivalent to 39,932 acres) to 19,081 hectares (equivalent to 47,149 acres).

Human Capital

Skilled employees and experienced management team are our greatest assets. Over the years, FEHB has focused on talent investment, training, leadership development and career planning initiatives to maintain a good quality pool of in-house talents within the Group. Over 136 staff participated in various training and development programmes for the year, which recorded a total investment of RM77,196.

We are focused on supporting our employees throughout their professional lives by implementing training and development programmes, as well as promoting values that engender positive working culture and work-life balance. Our operating units ensure continuous talent enrichment process by listening to their staff needs, and valuing their skills and contributions with fair remuneration and succession-planning initiatives.

For FY2019, the Group reached a total headcount of 181 people made up primary of employees in estates who represent 80% (144 personnel) of Group's employees. The number of foreign labour had increased from 608 in FY2018 to 764 in FY2019.

The Group's human capital policy calls for fair and equal opportunities where the remuneration policy strives to be competitive and rewarding performance without discrimination of any form. In support of national initiatives, the Group complies with the national minimum wage requirement.

We constantly review our employee value proposition to ensure it leads industry standards in attracting talent and build workplace loyalty. Through engagements and strategic partnership with higher education institutions nationwide, we reach out to new talent and promote the Group as an employer of choice that offers good career progression as well as a productive work culture and workplace environment.

Ensuring good work-life balance, health awareness and sports programmes are also planned within the calendar year. Some of the highlights for the year were the Group Sports Carnival, Hari Raya Celebration and Religious Activities and various sporting and outdoor activities are organised regularly. Performance with talent development, worker retention and welfare amenities programmes would always be the Group's focus in developing its human capital.

Creating Value for Shareholders

Despite the challenging environment that we operated in the past year, the Group remains committed to reward our shareholders with continuous returns in the form of dividends, whilst simultaneously recognising the needs to maintain sufficient reserves to support our Group's future growth objectives.

Weighing all the factors such as the funding needed for capital expenditure, future growth as well as operational requirements, the Board made the decision to declare an interim dividend of one (1) sen per ordinary share in respect of the 2019 financial year. The interim single tier dividend was paid on 17 December 2019.

The Directors had also declared the payment of second interim single tier dividend of 1.50 sen per share and the payment date is on 14 July 2020. The total dividend declared in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2019 is 2.50 sen per share.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Prospect

In December 2019 the world had seen the COVID-19 pandemic spreading initially in China and later on globally throughout Asia, Europe, Middle East and the Americas, with significant number of cases and deaths reported in various countries. Despite several measures of lockdown and restrictions, the fatal disease spread globally rapidly within three (3) months creating global travel bans, restrictions and lockdowns within the globe. In order to contain this COVID-19 global pandemic, many countries affected have introduced various measures of lockdown and movement restrictions in the past few months, resulting in a severe slowdown in business activities and travel globally.

The Malaysian Government has enforced the first phase of Movement Control Order ("MCO") effective from 18 March 2020 and this had subsequently been extended to the sixth phase up until 31 August 2020. However, in view that the palm oil industry is crucial towards the country's economic development and is mainly used for essential items in food and fuel, the Malaysian Government has allowed the industry - namely plantations, mills and refineries to be exempted during MCO with companies being allowed to operate with the limits as per Standard Operating Procedure set for the plantation industry.

Therefore, since the commencement of MCO, FEHB's estates' operation and production of Fresh Fruit Bunches ("FFB") had not been adversely affected. Critical activities such as harvesting, evacuation and transporting of FFBs to the mills were still being carried out throughout MCO.

During the MCO, FEHB had implemented preventive measures to minimize the spread of COVID-19 by ensuring:-

- (a) That the latest extended SOP issued by the authorities are adhered to in all estates;
- (b) Voluntary lockdown within all estates which prohibit any unnecessary visitors and enforcement of social distancing throughout the premises. No personnel and resident are allowed to leave the premise without any written approval;
- (c) Constant information dissemination on COVID-19 detection, reporting and prevention; and
- (d) Optimizing the productivity of workers by increasing the mechanization processes in all estates.

In terms of FFB production, we expect minimal impact for FEHB Group during MCO. However, the global COVID-19 pandemic might pose several risks to FEHB in terms of lower market demand and thus prices of Crude Palm Oil ("CPO") and Palm Kernel ("PK"), health and wellbeing of our staff due to

the risk of exposure, and other risk as a result of the current uncertainties being felt globally. With the Government intending on keeping our borders closed, the immediate risk for FEHB Group would be the possible freezing of all inflows of foreign workers which would cause acute labour shortage in our operations. We are currently optimizing the productivity of the existing workers and also implementing incentives as part of the initiatives to retain the workers.

As the global COVID-19 pandemic shows no sign of easing as yet, this could result in a prolonged slowdown in global demand for CPO. The lockdowns globally have severely impacted demand for CPO as a result of restrictions on dining out, celebrating festivals and travelling. Besides, CPO demand for biodiesel will also be severely impacted by the current low crude oil and diesel prices making biodiesel uneconomical for discretionary blending, as well as lesser consumption of diesel (for biodiesel to be blended even in mandated countries) due to the lockdowns globally. Since the onset of the global COVID-19 pandemic, CPO prices have already started to trend downwards during the first quarter of 2020. Therefore, the containment of COVID-19 and easing of lockdowns globally would be crucial to the support of CPO prices. For our downstream business via our associates, we are expecting a reduction in processing volumes especially for the export and bulk product segments due to lower market demand.

In view of this, the Group's performance for the upcoming financial year would continue to be a challenging one due to the COVID-19 pandemic, rising operation costs, higher wages and labour shortages. Nonetheless, the Board will need to consider a rationalisation of operations at the appropriate time that will give the Group a stronger footing and strengthen our values. The Group is optimistic that the demand for CPO would eventually recover once the COVID-19 pandemic is contained globally.

Despite stable FFB production expected in year 2020, the Group's financial result for year 2020 is anticipated to be lower than last year in view of the volatility of CPO and PK prices and lower share of profits from our associates as a result of the COVID-19 impact globally.

The Board is committed to continuously introduce measures to ensure that our plantations and mills are fully optimised to unlock their full potential and values. We will continue to strive for the ideal average plantation age profile and replanting exercises will be carried out to create a balanced age distribution amongst our plantations and hence steady revenue generation moving forward. We will continue to take proactive steps to improve the estates' and mills' operational efficiency and to drive down cost.

Annual Report 2019

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Board of Directors of Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB") is pleased to present the Audit Committee Report (the Committee previously known as Audit and Risk Management Committee) for the financial year ended 31 December 2019. The Company has established a separate stand-alone Risk Management Committee effective from January 2020 with majority of its members being independent.

During the financial year, the Audit Committee carried out its duties and responsibilities in accordance with its terms of reference and held discussions with the external auditors, Head of Internal Audit and members of the management. The Audit Committee is of the view that no material misstatements or losses, contingencies or uncertainties have arisen, based on the reviews made and discussions held.

COMPOSITION AND ATTENDANCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AT MEETINGS

The Audit Committee was appointed by the Board of Directors from amongst the Non-Executive Directors and consists of not less than three (3) members, with a majority of them being Independent Directors.

The biography of each member of the Audit Committee is set out in the Directors' Profile section. Listed below the current composition of the Audit Committee:-

Members	Membership	Appointment	Tenure on the Audit Committee (Years)
YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director	01.11.2018	Less than 2
Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director	08.07.2015	4

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the Board

The composition of Audit Committee meets the requirements of paragraph 15.09 (1) (c) of Bursa Securities Listing Requirements which stipulate that at least one (1) member of the Audit Committee must be a qualified accountant.

The Committee operates under the Terms and Reference of Audit Committee containing provisions that address requirements imposed by Bursa Malaysia and the Terms of Reference is published under the Governance section on the Company's website at www.fehb.com.my or can be obtained from the Company Secretaries.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the Audit Committee held a total of five (5) meetings. Details are as follows:-

No.	1	2	3	4	5
Date	20 February 2019	28 March 2019	15 May 2019	27 August 2019	18 November 2019

The details of attendance of the Audit Committee members are as follows:-

Name of Audit Committee Members	Total Number of Meetings	Number of Meetings Attended	Date of Resignation
YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	5	5	-
YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	5	5	31 March 2020
Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	5	5	-

The representatives of the external auditors, the Head of Internal Audit and members of the management attended the meetings upon the invitation of the Committee.

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Audit Committee Report

COMPOSITION AND ATTENDANCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AT MEETINGS (CONT'D)

There was a private session held on 20 February 2019 with the external auditors without the presence of management to discuss on issues and significant matters that the external auditors wished to raise.

The external and internal auditors also met on 24 February 2020 to discuss on issues pertaining to the principal risks, follow-up actions taken by the management and also scopes/areas of audit to be covered by both parties.

The Company Secretaries act as Secretaries of the Committee. Minutes of each meeting are kept and circulated to each Board member. The Chairman of the Committee reports on principal matters deliberated at each meeting to the Board.

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The duties and responsibilities of the Committee are as follows:-

1. Financial Reporting

- To review the quarterly results and year-end financial statements of the Company and Group, and to recommend the same to the Board for approval, focusing particularly on the following:-
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - significant adjustments arising from the audit;
 - the going concern assumption;
 - significant and unusual events;
 - · compliance with accounting standards, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and other legal-requirements; and
 - announcements of financial results to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and dividend payments.
- To obtain explanations from management for unusual variances in the Company's annual financial statements from year to year, and review annually the independent auditors' letter of the recommendations to management and management's response.
- To review with the external and internal auditors whether the employees of the Group have given appropriate assistance in discharging their duties.
- To review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or the Group, including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity.
- To consider and examine such other matters as the Board consider appropriate and beneficial.

2. External Audit

- Review the competency and performance of the external auditors.
- Consider and recommend the appointment, re-appointment, resignation, dismissal and remuneration of external auditors.
- To discuss and review with the external auditors any proposal from them to resign as auditors.
- To recommend to the Board on the appointment and the annual re-appointment of the external auditors and their audit fees, after taking into consideration the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and the cost effectiveness of their audit.
- To monitor the engagement of the external auditors in performing such audit services, considering the types of services rendered and its related fees, such that the position as auditor is not deemed to be compromised.

Audit Committee Report

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

2. External Audit (Cont'd)

- Review the external auditors' audit plan before the audit commences and discusses the nature, scope and approach of the audit
- To review with the external auditors, the nature and scope of their audit plan, their evaluation of the system of internal controls and their management letter and discuss any matter that the external auditors may wish to raise in the absence of management, where necessary.
- Review and confirm the independence and objectivity of the external auditors, taking into consideration the local professional and regulatory requirements.
- To consider whether the independent auditors provision of non-audit services is compatible with maintaining the independent auditors' independence.
- To review the co-ordination of the audit approaches where more than one audit firm of external auditors is involved and the co-ordination between the external and internal auditors.
- Identify any matters in respect of which it considers that action or improvement is needed and reviewing recommendations as to the steps to be taken.

3. **Internal Audit**

- To review the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit function.
- To approve the internal audit plan and review the results of the internal audit plan or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action taken by management on the recommendations of the internal audit.
- Be the final authority to review and approve the Annual Audit Plan and all major changes to the plan.
- The Head of Internal Audit shall report directly to the Committee and shall have direct access to the Chairman of the Committee.
- To appraise the performance of the Head of Internal Audit and to review the appraisals of senior staff members of the internal audit function.

4. Compliance

- Review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the result of management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any major instances of non-compliance.
- Review procedures established to address allegations raised by whistleblowers, to ensure proportionate and independent investigation is conducted and follow-up action is taken and highlighted to the Committee.
- Review the findings of any examination by regulatory agencies and any auditor's observations.
- Review the process for communicating the Code of Conduct to the staff, and for monitoring compliance therewith.
- Review the effectiveness of measures put in place to combat corruption in the Company.

Audit Committee Report

PERFORMANCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The appointment of Chairman and members of the Audit Committee during the period under review had been made in accordance to the Listing Requirements.

The Committee members were informed at the beginning of the year of the number of meetings scheduled during the year.

The Audit Committee members were given agenda and relevant papers for the meetings at least five (5) days prior commencement of scheduled meetings.

Pursuant to the Listing Requirements, the Board had reviewed the terms of office and assessed the performance of each member of the Audit Committee appointed for the year based on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

The Board is satisfied that the Audit Committee has discharged its duties in accordance with the Terms of Reference.

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

During the year under review, the Audit Committee has undertaken the following activities:-

- Reviewed the external auditors' audit plan, scope and areas of audits, evaluate the system of internal controls, audit findings, management's responses to the management letter given by the external auditor and the audit report.
- Reviewed the suitability of the external auditors and recommended to the Board for appointment of auditors and the audit fee thereof.
- Reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval on the new clauses in the updated letters of engagement from the external
 auditors for the Group.
- Reviewed the Company's Financial and General Performance Report in order to ensure that the Board had been provided with sufficient information for announcements to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.
- Reviewed the annual financial statements and quarterly results of the Group for the Board's approval.
- Reviewed the policy on recurrent related party transaction (RRPT) of a revenue or trading nature and recommended to the Board for approval, adoption and inclusion in the circular to shareholders in relation to the proposed renewal of shareholders' mandate for RRPT pursuant to the Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.
- Reviewed the risk management of the Company, management objectives and policies of the Group and recommended to the Board for approval and adoption.
- Reviewed the results of the Group's internal audit reports and the adequacy of remedial actions taken by the management as recommended in the reports.
- Reviewed and approved the 2019 Internal Audit Plan.
- Reviewed follow-up actions by management on any weaknesses in internal accounting procedures and controls as highlighted by the external and internal auditors.
- Reviewed the revision of The Accounting Policies on Fixed Asset Recognition and Authority Limit to Purchase the Fixed Assets.
- Reviewed the Solvency Statement as required by the Companies Act, 2016.
- Reviewed proposed amendments to its Terms of Reference prior to approval of the Board of Directors.
- Reviewed and overseen the Draft Audit Committee Report for disclosure in the Group's Annual Report.

Audit Committee Report

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTIONS

The Audit Committee is assisted by the in-house Internal Audit Department in maintaining a sound system of internal controls.

Currently Internal Audit Department is headed by Encik Norfadli Bin Mahrom. The biography of Head of Internal Audit is set out in the Management's Profile section.

During the year under review, Internal Audit Department was supported by five (5) executives (including the Head of Internal Audit) and a non-executive clerk. All staffs are graduates with bachelor degrees or diplomas on various fields including accountancy, administration and plantation.

The Internal Audit Department undertakes internal audit functions based on the audit plan that is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee. The audit plan covers areas such as the adequacy of financial and operational controls, risk management, compliance with laws and regulations, policies and procedures and management efficiency, amongst others.

Internal Audit had carried out the scheduled audit for all estates and also conducted special reviews on payment of workers' incentive and allowance based on the requests made by the management. All significant observations were highlighted during the audit exit meeting and follow-up on the observations were communicated and highlighted to the auditees, management and Audit Committee.

Internal Audit and the management had reviewed all Recurrent Related Party Transactions (RRPTs) entered in 2019 in order to ensure that the transactions are fair and reasonable terms and not detrimental to the interest of the minority shareholders.

The compliance audits on International Sustainability & Carbon Certification ("ISCC") and Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") were reviewed by the Internal Audit Department in 2019 which covered the central office and eleven (11) estates.

The Internal Audit Department had adequate resources to carry out its duties during the year 2019. The total cost incurred in managing the internal audit function in respect of the financial year was RM529,220 (2018: RM437,651).

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 29 April 2020.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT AND ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB") continues to subscribe and fully support the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2017 ("MCCG") and is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance statement practices within the Group and devotes considerable effort to identify and formalize best practices.

The Board believes that sound and effective corporate practices are fundamental to the smooth, effective and transparent operation of a Company and its ability to attract investment, protect the rights of shareholders and stakeholders and enhance shareholder's value.

The Board is pleased to report on the application of the Recommended Practices of the MCCG as required under the MCCG and the Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") during the financial year under review.

To further demonstrate the Company's commitment in upholding good corporate governance with appropriate standards of ethical conduct and behavior at all level of the Company's businesses, the Board had taken the initiative to restructure and separate on stand-alone basis committee for Audit and Risk Management effective 1 January 2020.

The Board realized that a stand-alone committee one for Audit and the other for Risk Management is vital for the focus and functionality of all committees.

The Board of Directors further confirms that the Group will continuously apply the said principles and practices and where deemed appropriate, enhance the application thereof in pursuit of its commitment to the highest standards of corporate governance.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Group and is also entrusted with the responsibility of exercising reasonable care of the Company as well as the Group's resources in enhancing the shareholders long-term value while taking into the interest of other stakeholders. The Board understands that upholding corporate governance value is not merely achieving the desired financial performance, but also promoting ethical, professional and sustainable culture.

Terms of Reference/Board Charter

The Board is mindful to protect the interests of its shareholders and stakeholders. In discharging its duties effectively, the Board is guided by its Terms of Reference ("Board Charter") which sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board. The Board Charter serves as a source of reference and primary induction literature to provide insights to prospective Board Members and Senior Management. The Board Charter is reviewed periodically or on as and when necessary to keep it up to date with changes in regulations and best practices and ensure its effectiveness and relevance to the Board's objectives. The Board Charter is accessible on our website www.fehb.com.my.

Principal Roles

The principal role of the Board is to protect and enhance long-term shareholder value. It sets the overall strategy for the Group and executive management. It also ensures that good corporate governance policies and practices are implemented within the Group. In the course of discharging its duties, the Board acts in good faith, with due diligence and care, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Board is aware that an effective Board essentially comprising Directors who are fully committed, well informed and who possess diverse skill and experience relevant to the business that could contribute effectively to the growth of the Company.

As stipulated in the Board Charter, the Board has targeted to meet at least five (5) times a year, with additional meetings convened as and when necessary.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

Board Balance

The current Board consists of six (6) Non-Executive Directors and two (2) Executive Directors i.e. Group Executive Chairman and Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling, with two (2) of the eight (8) Directors being Independent Directors with a synergistic mixture of businessmen, planters, professionals with the required technical expertise and as at the date of Annual Report's publication, the Board is identifying the candidate to fill the vacancy of the Independent Director. This mix of skills and experience is vital for the successful direction of the Group.

All Directors, both executive or non-executive, independent and non-independent are aware of their legal obligations to exercise independence, unfettered judgment and to act in good faith with due care and skills.

The role of the Group Executive Chairman and the Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling are separated and clearly defined, as stipulated in the Board Charter so as to ensure that there is a balance of power and authority. The Group Executive Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and conduct, whilst the Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling has overall responsibility for the plantation operating units, organisational effectiveness and implementation of Board policies and decisions. The existing Group Executive Chairman has never been a Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Under his stewardship, the Board is encouraged to practice healthy debate on any agenda tabled. Each one of the Board members is allowed to express his opinion or views which is debated openly until a collective decision is made. The Chairman of the Board has played his role effectively to ensure that all resolutions are made after careful deliberation and discussion. All the while the presence of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors fulfills a pivotal role in corporate accountability. Although all the Directors have an equal responsibility for the Group's operations, the role of these Independent Non-Executive Directors are particularly important as they provide an unbiased and independent views, advice and judgment.

The Board acknowledges the importance of boardroom diversity and the establishment of a gender diversity policy. Despite no specific targets being set in relation to boardroom diversity, the Board is committed to improving boardroom diversity in terms of gender. Hence, the Board will consider the appointment of women directors as and when circumstances permit. The Board will take steps to nurture suitable and potential candidates.

Nonetheless, women are well represented in the Senior Management of FEHB which now exceeds 30% of the Senior Management Group.

Supply of Information

All Directors are furnished with an agenda and a set of Board meetings at least five (5) days prior to the meetings. This would give sufficient time to the Directors to obtain further explanation or clarification, where necessary, in order to be properly briefed before the meeting. The Board papers include, amongst others, the following:-

- Quarterly financial report and a report on the Group's cash and borrowing position;
- A current review of the operations of the Group;
- Minutes of meetings of all Board Committees;
- Minutes of previous Board meetings; and
- Major Capital Expenditure to be incurred.

All proceedings of Board meeting are minuted and filed in the statutory records of the Company, which is accessible by the Directors at all times. Notices on the closed period for dealings in the shares of the Company are circulated to all Directors and principal officers of the Company in order for them to make necessary disclosure to the Company in advance of whenever the closed period is applicable.

In recognising the importance of sound and timely information flow to the Board effectively, all announcements made to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad will be circulated to all Directors on the day the announcements are released.

Corporate Governance Statement and Additional Compliance Statement

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

Supply of Information (Cont'd)

Senior Management is invited to be present at the Board Meetings to present and provide additional information on matters being discussed and to respond to any queries that the Directors may have.

In furtherance of their duties and responsibilities, Directors may obtain independent professional advice, where necessary at the Company's expense. The external advisers are sometimes sought by the Company to enhance both Board's and management's understanding of a particular emerging issue. The Board has direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries.

Board Meetings

Board meetings are scheduled in advance at the beginning of the calendar year with additional meetings convened when necessary. All Directors have complied with the Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements on attendance for Board meetings held during the financial year under review. Nine (9) Board meetings were held during the financial year under review with details of meetings attendance of each Director are as follows:-

No.	Meeting Attendance	Appointment Date	Meeting Attendance	Percentage %
1	YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	16/08/2002	9/9	100
2	YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	05/07/2019	2/4	50
3	YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	08/07/2015	8/9	89
4	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	01/11/2018	9/9	100
5	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	16/08/2002	8/9	89
6	Mr Tee Cheng Hua	16/08/2002	9/9	100
7	Mr Tee Lip Teng	23/07/2012	8/9	89
8	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	08/07/2015	9/9	100
9	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	23/07/2012	8/9	89
10	YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	17/03/2014	1/2	50

The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as Directors of FEHB evidenced by attendance record of the Directors at Board meetings, as set out in the above table. Majority of the Directors attended all meetings during the financial year under review. A Director who is unable to attend any Board or Board Committee's meeting will notify the Chairman and/or the Company Secretaries immediately prior to the meeting date. None of the Directors hold more than five (5) Directorships each in other listed corporations.

Appointments to the Board

Pursuant to the best practices promulgated by the Code, the Board has established a Nomination Committee ("NC"), consisting of three (3) Directors. The duties and responsibilities of the Committee are to propose new nominees to the Board and to assess the contribution of each individual Director and overall effectiveness of the Board on an on-going basis. The NC is guided by the specific Terms of References that is set by the Board. The primary objectives of the NC amongst others are as follows:-

- To assist the Board in assessing existing directors and identifying, nominating and orientating new directors to enhance corporate governance;
- To assist the Board in ensuring that appointments are made based on merit;
- To assist the Board in identifying and reviewing on annual basis, the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities, including core competencies that Directors should bring to the Board for it to function effectively and efficiently;
- To examine and review the size of the Board from time to time; and
- It is an annual exercise that each individual Board and Committee member is evaluated based on pre-set criteria.

The Terms of Reference of Nomination Committee is posted at www.fehb.com.my.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

Board Committees

The Board delegates specific responsibilities to the Board Committees, all of which have their written terms of references. These Committees have the authority to examine particular issues and report to the Board with their recommendations.

The Board delegates authority not responsibility to the Committee. The four (4) principal Board Committees are:-

- (a) Audit Committee;
- (b) Nomination Committee;
- (c) Risk Management Committee; and
- (d) Remuneration Committee.

Re-Election of Directors

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, all Directors who are appointed by the Board are subject to re-election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting immediately after their appointment.

In accordance with Clause 77 of the Constitution, one-third (1/3) of the remaining Directors, including the Executive Directors, are required to submit themselves for re-election by rotation at each Annual General Meeting.

To assist shareholders in their decision, sufficient information, such as personal profile, meeting attendance and shareholdings in the Company are furnished in the Annual Report.

The Company had made a policy that an Independent Director should not serve the Company for more than nine (9) years. This could be evidenced by previous retirements of our Independent Directors namely Cik Sharina Binti Bahrin, Miss Ng Yee Kim, Encik Khairul Azahar Bin Ariffin, Mr Ng Say Pin, YH Dato' Dr Ahmad Bin Aman, Encik Hashim Naina Merican Bin Yahaya Merican and YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua. In fact, it is the Company's practice to evaluate the Independent Directors as set by Paragraph 1.0 of the Listing Requirements.

Directors' Code of Ethics

The Directors are guided by the Code of Ethics as stipulated in part of the Board Charter as published in the website www.fehb.com.my.

Directors' Training

Every Director of the Company undergoes continuous training to equip himself to effectively discharge his duties as a Director and for that purpose he ensures that he attends such training programmes as prescribed by the Bursa Malaysia from time to time. All Directors attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") prescribed by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Board will continue to evaluate and determine the training needs of its Directors to enhance their skill and knowledge. For the financial year ended 31 December 2019, all Directors had participated and attended seminar/course/conference as recommended and approved by the Board.

Corporate Governance Statement and Additional Compliance Statement

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

Directors' Training (Cont'd)

A summary of training programme, conferences and seminar attended by Directors during the financial year under review is set out below:-

No.	Name	Course Attended	Date Attended
1.	YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin	In-house programme - Kursus Dalaman Anggota FEHB	17 - 18 September 2019
	Bin Mohammed	Finance for Non Finance	11 - 12 March 2020
2.	YH Dato' Suhaimi	Monitoring and Inspiration Agriculture Practices	15 August 2019
	Bin Mohd Yunus	Governance and Integrity in the Area of Digital Revolution	19 August 2019
		Mandatory Accreditation Programme	30 - 31 October 2019
3.	YH Dato' Jamaluddin	When Disruption Meets Tradition	27 June 2019
	Bin Abd Majid	In House Training Programme for KPDRM on Corporate Directors Training Programme Fundamental	25 November 2019
4.	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan	MFRS 15 - Revenue From Contract with Customer	3 January 2019
	Bin Husain	Malaysian Tax Conference	3 - 4 April 2019
		Audit Workshop on Audit Guide for Practitioners and Illustrative Audit Working Papers	14 - 15 October 2019
		Parker Randall International Conference	24 - 25 October 2019
		Malaysian Insolvency Conference	29 - 30 October 2019
5.	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	In-house programme - Kursus Dalaman Anggota FEHB	17 - 18 September 2019
6.	Mr Tee Cheng Hua	Biofuel & Bioenergy Conference 2019	17 April 2019
		The Role of the Board in Risk Management of Legal Issues during Merger & Acquisitions	5 September 2019
7.	Mr Tee Lip Teng	MPOC Reach & Remind Friends of Industry 2019	18 January 2019
		Palm Oil Economic Review & Outlook Seminar 2019	17 January 2019
		CPOPC Business Forum	12 February 2019
		Palm & Lauric Oil Price Outlook Conference and Exhibition 2019	4 - 6 March 2019
		MATRADE Seminar: Exploring New Export Opportunities in India for the Malaysian Chemical Industry	9 May 2019
		Financial Language in the Boardroom	15 - 16 July 2019
		MIDA Selangor Investment Seminar	22 August 2019
		Globoil India 2019	25 - 27 September 2019
8	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki	Cyber Security in the Boardroom	27 June 2019
	Bin Nik Yusoff	Invitation to the Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees	8 November 2019
9.	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	Cyber Security in the Boardroom	27 June 2019
		Financial Language in the Boardroom	2 October 2019

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

Development of Human Capital

The Board is also of the view that human capital development and management is one of the major concerns of ensuring continuous growth and sustainability of the Company. The Company has set a benchmark to promote internal candidate for succession planning. Core functions of the management operation had been identified and the supporting talents of individual function are nurtured and developed in order to be prepared for advancement. The Board has delegated the authority for identifying key talent to the Senior Management of the Company.

Whistleblower Policy

The Company has established a Whistleblower Policy in response to Whistleblower Protection Act, 2010 which could be reviewed in detail at our website www.fehb.com.my. The Group's Whistleblowing Policy established in 2016 and was further revised in 2019 provides an avenue for employees and stakeholders dealing with the Group with proper procedure to disclose or raise genuine concerns on possible improprieties, improper conduct or other malpractices within the Group. It gives an appropriate communication and feedback channel which facilitates whistleblowing in a transparent and confidential manner.

The purpose of this Policy is to:-

- (a) promote the importance of detecting Improper Conduct;
- encourage the reporting of Improper Conduct and any other matters that may cause financial or non-financial loss to FEHB or (b) tarnish the reputation of FEHB; and
- help to protect people who report Improper Conduct in good faith from discrimination, harassment and retaliation. (c)

Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy

The Company has established an Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy ("Policy") in complying with the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 and the Malaysian Anti Corruption Commission (Amendment) Act 2018 ("the Acts"), which could be reviewed in detail at our website www.fehb.com.my. The Group has taken reasonable and appropriate measures to ensure that its businesses do not participate in corrupt activities for its advantage or benefit. The Policy which was approved by the Board on 24 February 2020 sets out the parameters to prevent the occurrence of bribery and corrupt practices in relation to the business of the Group. The Policy is supplemental to and shall be read in conjunction with the Group's Whistleblower Policy. With the introduction of Section 17A of the Act, the corrupt act of an associated person such as an employee, subcontractor or agent will now be attributed to the commercial organization, unlike before. Where a commercial organization is charged with this new corporate offence, the Board Members must demonstrate absolute defence by proving that the organization had adequate procedures in place in addition to the establishment of the Policy to prevent such associated persons from carrying out any corrupt activities.

The purpose of this Policy is:-

- (a) to provide information and guidance to the Directors and employees on standard of behavior to which they must adhere to and how to recognize as well as deal with bribery and corruption; and
- (b) to ensure observance and compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations to which they are bound to observe in the performance of the Directors and employees' duties.

Corporate Governance Statement and Additional Compliance Statement

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chairman	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Independent, Non-Executive Director
Members	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff Independent, Non-Executive Director
	VH Dato' Tan Bing Hua

Independent, Non-Executive Director (resigned on 31 March 2020)

Mr Tee Lip Teng *Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director (resigned on 29 April 2020)*

The new member of Audit Committee will be appointed in due time.

In recognizing the importance of a stand-alone committee, the Board has re-designated the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Board has separated the two functions and re-designated the original Audit and Risk Management to Audit Committee and Risk Management Committee. The Audit Committee reviews issues of governance and compliance accounting policies, presentation for external financial reporting, monitors the work of the Internal Audit function and ensures an objective and professional relationship is maintained with the external auditors leaving the risk oversight and management function to the Risk Management Committee. The Audit Committee has full access to the auditors both internally and externally who, in turn, have access at all times to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee meets at least once a year with the external auditors without the presence of Executive Officers of the Company.

The composition, terms of reference and summary of the activities of the Audit Committee during the financial year are disclosed in the Audit Committee Report and published at <u>www.fehb.com.my</u>. A charter that is approved by the Board governs the activities of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee meets at least quarterly and additional meetings are held as and when required. During the financial year ended 31 December 2019, a total of five (5) Audit Committee meetings were held.

The Head of Departments in Head Office are invited to attend the Audit Committee meetings when deemed necessary by the Audit Committee for the purpose of briefing the Audit Committee on the activities involving their areas of responsibilities.

The Audit Committee meets with the Group's external auditors annually to review the scope and adequacy of the audit process, the annual financial statements and their audit findings. The Audit Committee also meets with the external auditors whenever it deems necessary.

The Audit Committee Report is presented on pages 37 to 41.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Chairman	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua Independent, Non-Executive Director (resigned on 31 March 2020)
Members	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff Independent, Non-Executive Director

The new chairman of Nomination Committee ("NC") will be appointed in due time.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

The Far East Holdings Berhad's NC which comprises three (3) Non-Executive members, a majority of whom are independent Directors. The NC is governed by written Terms of Reference which ensures it deals clearly within its authority and duties, which is available on the Company's website at <u>www.fehb.com.my</u>.

Board Appointment Process

The NC is responsible for recommending new nominees to fill vacancies on the Board as well as Board Committees. All nominees are initially considered by the NC taking into consideration the required mix of skills, competencies and experience as well as other required qualities such as commitment of time, integrity and professionalism before they are recommended to the Board for consideration and approval. The Board would consider recommendation from independent sources should the candidate fit the necessary skill sets and experience.

Board Evaluation Assessment

The NC assists the Board in assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board committees as well as the performance of each Director.

The results of the assessment and areas which required improvement were compiled and reviewed by the NC which submitted together with its recommendation to the Board for consideration and approval. Overall, the Board is satisfied with the performance, roles and responsibilities of the Directors. The Board identified key areas that required enhancement and other areas where the Board could further solidify its strength. The Board would consider engaging independent experts periodically to facilitate the objective and candid board evaluations, as stipulated within the Board Charter if needed.

Re-Election of Directors

The NC is also responsible for recommending to the Board such Directors for re-election at the Annual General Meeting of the Group.

Independence of Independent Directors

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, all new Directors appointed by the Board to fill vacancies during the year are subject to re-election by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting following their appointments. Additionally, at least one-third (1/3) of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the numbers nearest to (1/3), shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three (3) years. They will, however, still be eligible for re-election at every Annual General Meeting. The retiring Directors would be those who have been longest in office since their last election. This provides shareholders with the opportunity to evaluate the performance of the Directors and with the view to promote Board's effectiveness.

Directors subject to retirement by rotation pursuant to the Company's Constitution are initially considered by the NC, taking into consideration their required mix of skills, competencies, experience and other qualities required before they are recommended for re-election by shareholders. The Board has a set of criteria in assessing the independence and performance of Directors.

The NC annually reviews and assesses the level of independence of the Independent Directors of the Board in line with the Code. The NC will also consider the individual Director's ability to exercise independent judgement and to demonstrate the values and principles associated with independence such as impartiality, objectivity and consideration of all Shareholders' interests.

For the year 2019, none of the three (3) independent Directors of the Board have served the Board for more than nine (9) years. The NC has assessed and concluded that all the Independent Directors continue to demonstrate independence in their conduct and behavior, and that each of them is independent of the Company's management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of independent judgement, objectivity or the ability to act in the best interest of the Company.

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Corporate Governance Statement and Additional Compliance Statement

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

Independence of Independent Directors

Activities undertaken by the NC during FY 2019 were as follows:-

- (a) Assessed the competencies, commitment and contributions of the Directors standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting prior to tabling the same for the Board's recommendation to the shareholders;
- (b) Assessed the performance and effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and individual Directors for the financial year under review in ensuring the right mix of skills, competencies, experience, independence and other required qualities;
- (c) Reviewed and recommended the formation of stand-alone committee one for the audit function and the other for the risk oversight and management function under Risk Management Committee;
- (d) Reviewed the training and development programmes for Directors to address any deficiencies and to enhance the necessary skill required;
- (e) Reviewed and made recommendations on the composition of Board Committees;
- (f) Reviewed and recommended the Board Diversity (including Gender Diversity) Policy;
- (g) Reviewed the assessment of pivotal positions in tandem with the Group's strategy in managing critical talent on succession planning; and
- (h) Assessed and recommended the appointment of a new Director namely YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus.

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Chairman	YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director
Members	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Independent, Non-Executive Director

YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua

Independent, Non-Executive Director (resigned on 31 March 2020)

The new member of Risk Management Committee ("RMC") will be appointed in due time.

The Far East Holdings Berhad's RMC which comprises two (2) Non-Executive members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, assists the Board in overseeing the risk management process within the Group, ensure risks which may have a significant impact upon the Group are identified in a manner which would result in its expeditious treatment and to manage risks by adopting best practice methodologies for the identification, analysis, evaluation, reporting, treatment and monitoring of risks. The RMC is governed by written Terms of Reference which ensures it deals clearly within its authority and duties, which is available on the Company's website at <u>www.fehb.com.my</u>.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

ChairmanYH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed
Non-Independent, Executive DirectorMembersMr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee
Non-Independent, Non-Executive DirectorEncik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff

Independent, Non-Executive Director

The Remuneration Committee currently consists of two (2) Non-Independent Directors and one (1) Independent Director. The Committee is responsible for setting the policy framework and for making recommendations to the Board on remuneration and other terms of employment for member of the Board and senior management. During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held only one (1) meeting.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

The Remuneration Committee met once in the year under review to evaluate the remuneration for the Board and Senior Management. The Remuneration package is structured on the basis of linking rewards to financial and individual performance.

The Committee is guided by the Terms of Reference set by the Company. However, the Chairman of Remuneration Committee whom is also the Chairman of the Company had performed his role objectively and has abstained from any discussion with regards to his own remuneration.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The detail of the Remuneration for the Directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 is as follows:-

Group	Fees RM	Meeting Allowance RM	Salaries and Bonus RM	Other Emoluments RM
Group Executive Chairman				
YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	385,000	144,900	1,053,000	28,000
Executive Director				
Mr Tee Cheng Hua	270,000	101,000	775,325	28,000
Non Executive Directors				
YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	32,060	3,000	-	-
YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	65,000	13,500	-	-
YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	65,000	47,500	-	-
Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	240,000	115,100	338,900	-
Mr Tee Lip Teng	65,000	26,700	-	-
Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	65,000	55,400	-	-
YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	65,000	56,000	-	-
YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	16,030	1,500	-	-

Company	Fees RM	Meeting Allowance RM	Salaries and Bonus RM	Other Emoluments RM
Group Executive Chairman				
YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	145,000	44,900	1,053,000	28,000
Executive Director				
Mr Tee Cheng Hua	65,000	19,500	436,425	28,000
Non Executive Directors				
YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	32,060	3,000	-	-
YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	65,000	13,500	-	-
YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	65,000	47,500	-	-
Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	65,000	41,100	-	-
Mr Tee Lip Teng	65,000	26,700	-	-
Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	65,000	55,400	-	-
YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	65,000	56,000	-	-
YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	16,030	1,500		

So as to maintain confidentiality and sensitivity of remuneration and other emoluments of Senior Management on a named basis, FEHB departs from Practice 7.2 and 7.3 of the MCCG.



RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

Corporate Communication

The Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is the principal forum for dialogue with individual shareholders and investors. It is a crucial mechanism in shareholder communication for the Company. At the Company's AGM, which is generally well attended, shareholders have direct access to the Board and are given the opportunities to ask questions during open question and answer session prior to the motion moving for approval of the Company's Audited Statements and Directors' Report for the financial year. The shareholders are encouraged to ask questions both about the resolutions being proposed or about the Group's operations in general. Where it is not possible to provide the questions with immediate answer to a significant question, the Chairman will undertake to provide him/ her with a written answer after the AGM.

The Company's e-mail address <u>fareast@fareh.po.my</u> is one of the means to communicate with the Company. The Board has appointed Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff, as Senior Independent, Non-Executive Director as a Director responsible for Investor Relationship. Any queries with regard to the Group may be communicated to him. His e-mail address is <u>nikmohamedzaki@fareh.po.my</u>. Shareholders may also contact the Company Secretaries or visit our website <u>www.fehb.com.my</u> for further information.

The Company always welcomes whistle blowers of any suspected wrong doing and ensures that matters highlighted by the whistle blowers are scrutinized and appropriate action taken. Actions taken are guided by the Company's whistle blowing policy that is in place.

Financial Reporting

The Directors recognised the responsibility for ensuring that accounting records are properly kept and the financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2016.

The quarterly results announcements to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad reflect the Board's commitment to give regular updated assessments on the Group's performance and prospects. The statement by the Board pursuant to Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2016 is presented on page 68.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are required by law to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

The Directors consider that, in preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the Group has used appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent. The Directors also consider that all applicable approved accounting standards have been followed and confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group and the Company keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 2016 and Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia.

Internal Controls

The Group has established internal controls that cover all levels of personnel and business processes to ensure the Group's operations are effective and efficient as well as safeguarding the Group's assets and shareholders' interests. The Statement on Internal Control furnished on pages 58 to 61 of the Annual Report provides an overview of the state of internal controls within the Group.

RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS (CONT'D)

Internal Audit

The Group has established an Internal Audit Department to assist the Audit Committee in the discharge of their duties and responsibilities. Its role is to provide independent and objective reports on the organisation's management, records, accounting policies and controls to the Board. The Internal Audit function includes evaluation of the processes by which significant risks are identified, assessed and managed. Such audits are carried out to ensure instituted controls are appropriate, effectively applied and within acceptable risk exposures consistent with the Group's risk management policy. The Internal Audit Department reports directly to the Audit Committee and its findings and recommendations are communicated to the Board.

External Audit

The Group independent External Auditor fills an essential role for the shareholders by enhancing the reliability of the Group's financial statements and giving assurance of that reliability to users of these financial statements.

At the commencement of the audit, the External Auditors present the Audit Planning Memorandum to the Audit Committee to detailed out the statutory audit strategy in order to ensure smooth completion of the audit to meet the Company's and the Group's financial reporting requirement.

The External Auditors have an obligation to report to those charged with governance key audit matters, issues affecting the financial statements and any weakness in the Group's system of internal controls and compliance discovered in the course of the audit. This includes the communication of any fraud detected.

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

Group Audit Fees

The amount of audit fees paid/payable to the External Auditors by the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 was RM289,000 (2018: RM217,000).

Group Non-Audit Fees

The amount of non-audit fees paid/payable to the External Auditors by the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 was RM10,000 (2018: RM43,000).

Internal Audit

The Company's In-House Internal Audit Department had incurred expenses amounting to RM529,220 for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: RM437,651).

Material Contracts

Except for transactions disclosed in Recurrent Related Party Transactions, none of the directors and major shareholders had any material contracts with the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

Pursuant to paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, the Company will be seeking the renewal from the shareholders for recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature, entered into between Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB") or its subsidiary companies and related parties, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of FEHB scheduled to be held on 15 July 2020. The related party transactions for the Group are as follows:-

Name	Nature of Relationship	Date and Place of Incorporation	Principal Activities
KKSB	FEHB directly holds 51%* equity interest in KKSB	13.11.1989 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
WWSB	KKSB directly holds 51%* equity interest in WWSB	29.11.2005 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
PTSB	PTSB is a major shareholder of FEHB that holds 23.73%* equity interest in FEHB	09.09.1985 Malaysia	Operating of palm kernel mill
РРОМ	FEHB directly holds 40%* equity interest in PPOM	13.01.1978 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
RPOM	PPOM directly holds 30%* equity interest in RPOM	28.01.1994 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
EPOM	PTSB directly holds 32%* equity interest in EPOM	23.10.1997 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
PGC	KKSB directly holds 30%* equity interest in PGC	10.04.2004 Malaysia	Management Services in palm oil plantations and marketing of sales and purchases of CPO
РРОРМ	PPOM directly holds 30%* equity interest in PPOPM	18.08.1994 Malaysia	Trading and Marketing agent
KOSMA	KOSMA is a shareholder of WWSB that holds 49%* equity interest in WWSB	04.12.1967 (Incorporated under Cooperative Act 1993) Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
LKPP Corp.	LKPP Corp. holds 5.96%* equity interest in FEHB. LKPP Corp. is a wholly owned subsidiary of PKPP. PKPP is a major shareholder of FEHB that holds 25.18%* equity interest in FEHB	21.06.1990 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
Kilang Sawira Makmur	KKSB indirectly holds 31.50%* stake in Kilang Sawira Makmur via its associated company i.e. Jaspurna Holdings Sdn Bhd	18.11.1993 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
FPSB	FEHB and PPOM directly hold 47.17%* and 35.17%* equity interest in FPSB respectively.	24.10.2005 Malaysia	Manufacturing and exporting palm oil, fatty acids and chemicals compounds or derivatives

* As at 18 May 2020

Recurrent Related Party Transactions

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE (CONT'D)

EPOM	Endau Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd.
FPSB	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd.
KKSB	Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.
PKPP	Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian Negeri Pahang
LKPP Corp.	LKPP Corporation Sdn. Bhd.
KOSMA	Koperasi Serbausaha Makmur Berhad
PTSB	Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd.
PPOM	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad
RPOM	Rompin Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd.
PGC	PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd.
PPOPM	Prosper Palm Oil Products Marketing Sdn. Bhd.
WWSB	Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd.

Pursuant to paragraph 10.02 of the Listing Requirements, the parties related to the FEHB Group, which have recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the Group are as follows:-

Sales of fresh fruit bunches

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	
KKSB	Sales of FFB by FEHB to KKSB and WWSB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing	
WWSB	Sales of FFB between KKSB and WWSB Based on forward sales and MPO		
PPOM	Sales of FFB by KKSB to PPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing	
RPOM	Sales of FFB by FEHB to RPOM Based on forward sa		
EPOM	Sales of FFB by FEHB to EPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing	
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of FFB by FEHB to Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing	
LKPP Corp.	Sales of FFB by FEHB to LKPP Corp.	Based on MPOB pricing	

Purchases of fresh fruit bunches

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
FEHB	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from FEHB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
KKSB	Purchases of FFB between KKSB and WWSB Based on forward sales and MPO	
РРОМ	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from PPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
RPOM	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from RPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
KOSMA	Purchases of FFB by WWSB from KOSMA	Based on MPOB pricing

Sales of CPO

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	
WWSB	Sales of CPO by KKSB to WWSB	Based on the contract price	
KKSB	Sales of CPO by WWSB to KKSB	Based on the contract price	
РРОМ	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PPOM	Based on the contract price	
RPOM	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to RPOM	Based on the contract price	
EPOM	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to EPOM	Based on the contract price	
PGC	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PGC	Based on the forward sales and sales contra	
		price	
PPOPM	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PPOPM	Based on the contract price	
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to Kilang Sawira	Based on the contract price	
	Makmur		
FPSB	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to FPSB	Based on the contract price	

Recurrent Related Party Transactions

RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE (CONT'D)

Purchases of CPO

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
KKSB	Purchases of CPO by WWSB from KKSB	Based on the contract price
WWSB	Purchases of CPO by KKSB from WWSB	Based on the contract price
РРОМ	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from PPOM	Based on the contract price
RPOM	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from RPOM	Based on the contract price
EPOM	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from EPOM	Based on the contract price
РРОРМ	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from PPOPM	Based on the contract price
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the contract price
FPSB	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from FPSB	Based on the contract price

Sales of Kernel

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	
KKSB	Sales of kernel by KKSB to WWSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
WWSB	Sales of kernel by WWSB to KKSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
PTSB	Sales of kernel by KKSB and WWSB to PTSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
EPOM	Sales of kernel by WWSB to EPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
RPOM	Sales of kernel by KKSB and WWSB to RPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of kernel by WWSB to Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the MPOB/contract price	

Purchases of Kernel

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	
KKSB	Purchases of kernel by KKSB from WWSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
WWSB	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from KKSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
EPOM	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from EPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price	
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the MPOB/contract price	

Management fee

The management fee charged includes the management services for technical services, marketing services, administrations and accounting services

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	
PGC	Management fee charged by PGC to KKSB, WWSB and	Based on agreed contract agreement for the	
	Kilang Sawira Makmur	management services	

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RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE (CONT'D)

Aggregate Value During the Financial Year

The aggregate value of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions made during the financial year ended 31 December 2019 is shown below:-

Related Party	RM'000
FEHB	60,438
KKSB	68,110
WWSB	2,401
РРОМ	16,818
RPOM	29,149
EPOM	43,268
Kilang Sawira Makmur	54,522
LKPP Corp.	1,055
KOSMA	102,302
PGC	2,948
РРОРМ	4,151
PTSB	30,695
FPSB	134,586
Total	550,443

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors ("Board") is pleased to present its Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which outlines the nature and scope of risk management and internal controls within the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

This statement has been prepared in compliance of Bursa Malaysia Guidelines for Listed Issuers. It outlines the key elements needed in maintaining a sound system of risk management and internal control, in line with the Best Practices relating to Risk Management and Internal Control as stipulated in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG").

Risk Management and Internal Controls are integrated into management processes and embedded in all day business activities of the Group.

RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES

Board of Directors

The Group is led by the Board. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal control, including the assurance of its adequacy and integrity, and its alignment with business objectives. The Board is committed to maintaining a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets and to review its adequacy and integrity. The system of internal control covers not only financial risks but also non-financial risks.

The Board also recognises that a sound system of internal control can only reduce but not eliminate the possibility of poor judgement in decision making, human error, control process being deliberately circumvented by employees, management overriding controls and the occurrence of unforeseeable circumstances. Accordingly, the system could provide only reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, operational failures, fraud or loss.

Audit Committee

Board Committee such as the Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee are established by the Board, and they are governed by clearly defined terms of reference and authority for arrears within their scope.

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities of monitoring the Group's management of financial risk processes and accounting and financial reporting practices. The Audit Committee also responsible for reviewing the Group's business process, the quality of the Group's accounting function, financial reporting and the system of internal controls and enhancing the independence of both the external and internal auditors.

The Audit Committee comprises Non-Executive members of the Board, with majority of them being Independent Directors.

The Internal Audit Function adopts a risk-based approach and is independent of the activities they audit. Their work is based on an annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee and to ensure independence, the Head of Internal Audit reports directly to the Audit Committee.

Risk Management Committee

The Company has established a separate stand-alone Risk Management Committee effective January 2020 (the Committee previously known as Audit and Risk Management Committee). The primary objective of the Risk Management Committee is to assist the Board in the discharge of its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities by identifying significant risks and ensuring that the Group Risk Management Framework includes the necessary policies and mechanism to manage the overall risk exposures of the Group.

The Risk Management Committee comprises Non-Executive members of the Board.

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Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES (CONT'D)

Risk Management Framework and Internal Controls

The Board with the assistance of the Risk Management Committee and management undertook to identify the principal business risks in the critical areas of the Group, assessing the likelihood of material exposures and identifying the measures taken and the time frame to mitigate and minimise these risks. This was done through desktop reviews, interviews with the management and thorough deliberation and discussion among the Directors in the Board meetings.

The top six (6) business risks that were rated as High or Significant are as follows:-

- Over-dependence on foreign workers; (1)
- (2)Fluctuation of crude palm oil prices;
- (3) Sustainability issues - Negative campaign about oil palm development;
- Palm disease Ganoderma; (4)
- (5) Increase in price of inputs; and
- (6) COVID-19 Pandemic Threat.

After the review and taking into consideration the nature of the Group's business, the Directors are of the view that the Group is not materially exposed to legal risks and therefore have concluded to focus on the operational risks relevant to the business. Although there is exposure to market risk as a result of price fluctuations in the commodity market, the Directors consider these as movement in market forces inherent in the industry in which the Group operates.

The Internal Audit Function reviews the operational procedures and processes to ensure the effectiveness and integrity of the Group's internal control system.

Other Key Elements of Internal Control System

The other key elements of the Group's internal control system which has been reviewed by the Board are as follows:-

Board Meetings

The Board meets at least quarterly and has a formal agenda on matters for discussion.

The Group Executive Chairman, together with the Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling lead the presentation of Board papers and provide comprehensive explanation of pertinent issues.

In arriving at any decision, on recommendation by the management, a thorough deliberation and discussion by the Board is a prerequisite. In addition, the Board is kept updated on the Group's activities and operations on a regular basis.

Organisational Structure with Formally Defined Responsibility Lines and Delegation of Authority

The Board is headed by the Group Executive Chairman who ensures the Group operates within its mission and established policies to enable the Group to meet its objectives in enhancing shareholders' wealth.

The monitoring and managing of the Group operations are delegated to its Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling and Chief Operating Officer who are actively involved in day-to-day operations of the Group.

There is a clearly defined organisation structure which outlines the responsibilities and authorities to ensure proper and clear delegation of responsibilities to Committees of the Board and to the management.

Performance Management Framework

Comprehensive management reports covering the Group and Company's performance are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. The reports are consistently generated to facilitate the Board and the management on the performance of various operating units.

The reviews encompass areas such as financial and non-financial key performance indicators, variances between budget and operating results and compliance with laws and regulations.

The Group also has a detailed budgeting process with an annual budget approved by the Board. Actual results are reported monthly against budget and major variances are reviewed and corrective actions are taken, where necessary.

Internal Audit visits are systematically organised over a period, to monitor compliance with policies, procedures and assess the integrity of financial and operational information provided.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES (CONT'D)

Other Key Elements of Internal Control System (Cont'd)

• Operational Policies and Procedures

The Group operates in accordance with a set of operational policies and procedures established by it. The operational policies and procedures are reviewed periodically to ensure that they remain effective and relevant to support the Group's business activities at all times as it grows. The policies also facilitate compliance to regulations, listing and governance requirements. Management is responsible for the periodic review of operational policies and procedures.

• Review of Recurrent Related Party Transactions

All recurrent related party transactions are dealt with in accordance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Board and the Audit Committee review the recurrent related party transactions annually.

• Financial and Operating Manuals

The Financial and Operating Manuals set out the policies and procedures for day-to-day operations and act as a guideline as to proper measures to be undertaken in a given set of circumstances. The Manuals enable tasks to be carried out within a set of flexible rules with minimal supervision.

• Financial Authority Limits

The Financial Authority Limits defines the revenue and capital expenditure limits for each level of management within the Group. This internal control acts as a check and balance before financial expenditure is actually incurred.

• Tender Committees

The procurement of goods and services exceeding a prescribed limit is approved by the Tender Committees at the Head Office. A minimum number of three quotations are called for and tenders are awarded based on factors such as pricing, quality, reliability, track record and speed of delivery and time of completion of the project. The Tender Committees, therefore, ensure transparency in the award of contracts. The Group also has an Opening Tender Committee. Both Committees comprised of different officers.

• Plantation Advisory Service

The Plantation Advisory Service that is outsourced is entrusted with achieving and maintaining performance benchmarks for the plantation sector. Any deviations from the agreed standards and poor performances in the estates are reported to Senior Executive Director, Plantations and Milling and management for corrective measures to be taken.

• Plantation Coordination Meeting

As a pro-active measure to achieve greater co-operation and co-ordination to enhance productivity and quality, the Group has established plantation operations and management co-ordination meetings, which meet regularly.

• Security Unit

Security for the Group is enforced by in-house security unit which oversees all security issues faced by the business units within the Group and security guards personnel.

Continuous surveillance and improvement in security control had complemented the internal control system to safeguard the Group's assets against material loss.

The scheduled and random narcotic urine examination was accordingly performed with the Agensi Anti Dadah Kebangsaan in order to ensure that a healthy environment within the Group's business units and close collaboration with Polis Diraja Malaysia are forged to ensure that the security of FEHB's property and personnel.

• International Sustainability and Carbon Certification ("ISCC") and Malaysian Sustainable Palm Oil ("MSPO") Certification

The Group advocates sustainable oil palm cultivation. To date, we have obtained ISCC certification for six (6) estates and one (1) mill. We also obtained MSPO certification for eleven (11) estates.

Annual Report 2019

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES (CONT'D)

Other Key Elements of Internal Control System (Cont'd)

Code of Business Conduct

In affirming Group's full commitment to conducting business with integrity and combat bribery and corruption, the Group has embraced an "Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy". The policy was approved by the Board on 24 February 2020 and is applicable to all Directors and employees of the Group. The policy is published on the Company's website at www.fehb.com.my.

Whistleblowing Channel

The Group's Whistleblowing Policy established in 2016 and was further revised in 2019 provides an avenue for employees and stakeholders dealing with the Group with proper procedure to disclose or raise genuine concerns on possible improprieties, improper conducts or other malpractices within the Group. It gives an appropriate communication and feedback channel which facilitates whistleblowing in a transparent and confidential manner. The Whistle Blower Policy is published under Governance section on the Company's website at www.fehb.com.my.

REVIEW OF THIS STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The External Auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Audit and Assurance Practice Guide ("AAPG") 3 (Revised: February 2018), Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their intention that cause them to believe that the statement intended to be included in the annual report of the Group. in all material respect:-

- (a) has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, or
- (b) is factually inaccurate.

AAPG 3 does not require the External Auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board and management thereon. The auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the annual report will, in fact, remedy the problem.

CONCLUSIONS

The Board is satisfied with the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system to safeguard the interests of the Group's stakeholders, their investments and the Group's assets. The Board has received assurance from the Executive Directors and Chief Operating Officer that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control system of the Group. The management has taken the necessary measures to improve the risks management and internal control system by continuously reviewing, monitoring and considering all risks faced by the Group to ensure that the risks are within acceptable levels within the Group's business objectives.

For the financial year under review, there were no material internal control failures or adverse compliance events that have directly resulted in any material loss to the Group. This Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control does not cover associates and jointly controlled entities where the internal control systems of these companies are managed by the respective management teams.

This statement has been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors on 29 April 2020.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally involved in cultivation of oil palms, production and sales of fresh fruit bunches, crude palm oil and palm kernel and investment holdings. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities of the Group and of the Company during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit for the year, net of tax	84,788,055	60,027,411
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	80,017,099 4,770,956	60,027,411
	84,788,055	60,027,411

DIVIDENDS

A final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 was paid on 16 July 2019 amounting to RM11,876,760.

On 19 November 2019, the Directors declared an interim single tier dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 amounting to RM5,938,380 which was paid on 17 December 2019.

The Directors are pleased to declare the payment of second interim single tier dividend of 1.50 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 amounting to RM8,907,570 which is payable on 14 July 2020.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

ISSUANCE OF SHARES OR DEBENTURES

The Company has not issued any shares or debentures during the financial year.



Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 December 2019

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The Directors of the Company in office since the beginning of the financial year to the date of this report are:

YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed * YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee * Mr Tee Cheng Hua * Mr Tee Lip Teng Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail

(Appointed on 5 July 2019)

(Resigned on 31 March 2020) (Resigned on 2 April 2019)

* These Directors are also directors of subsidiaries included in the financial statements of the Group for the financial year.

In accordance with Clause 77 of the Company's Constitution, Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee, Mr Tee Cheng Hua and YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee and Mr Tee Cheng Hua being eligible offer themselves for re-election, however YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid does not offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

In accordance with Clause 76 of the Company's Constitution, YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus retires at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible offer himself for re-election.

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Pursuant to Section 253(2) of the Companies Act, 2016, the Directors who served in the subsidiaries (excluding those who are already Directors who also Directors of the Company) during the financial year and at the date of this report are:

YAB Dato' Sri Wan Rosdy Bin Wan Ismail YH Dato' Sri Khairuddin Bin Yaakob YH Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya YB Dato' Sri Abu Bakar Bin Harun YB Ir Razali Bin Kassim Mr Tan Keh Feng Mr Tee Lip Jen Mr Man Foh @ Chan Man Foh Encik Hashim Naina Merican Bin Yahaya Merican Madam Tee Chain Yee

Directors' Report For the year ended 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 59 of the Companies Act, 2016, the interests of Directors in office at the end of financial year in shares in or in debentures of the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares			
	At			At
	1.1.2019	Addition	Sold	31.12.2019
	Unit	Unit	Unit	Unit
Direct interest				
YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	11,340,000	-	-	11,340,000
Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	19,578,720	-	-	19,578,720
Mr Tee Cheng Hua	8,762,200	-	-	8,762,200
Mr Tee Lip Teng	1,260,000	-	-	1,260,000
Indirect interest				
YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed^	2,520,000	-	-	2,520,000
YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua^	184,800	-	-	184,800

^ Indirect interest by virtue of shares held by his spouse/daughter pursuant to Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

Other than as disclosed above, according to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the other Directors in office at the end of the year did not hold any interest in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the year.

The above mentioned Directors, by virtue of their interests in shares of the Company, are also deemed to have interest in shares of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has an interest.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

The amounts of fees and other benefits paid to or receivable by the Directors or past Directors of the Company and the estimated money value of any other benefits received or receivable by them otherwise than in cash from the Company and its subsidiaries for their services to the Company and its subsidiaries were as follows:

	Company RM	Subsidiaries RM
Directors' fees	648,090	1,937,400
Salaries and other emoluments	1,854,525	2,062,400
	2,502,615	3,999,800

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than Directors' emoluments received or due and receivable as disclosed in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a Company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than as disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during or at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.



Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 December 2019

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that provision need not be made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
 - (i) which would render the amount written off for bad debts inadequate to any substantial extent or necessitate the making of provision for doubtful debts;
 - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading;
 - (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
 - (iv) not otherwise dealt with in the report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (d) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year, which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due;
 - (ii) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature other than those disclosed in the financial statements and the notes thereto. The fair value gain on Investment Property of RM37,587,461 had been recognised in the financial statements of the Group and the Company for the year under review; and
 - (iii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.
- (e) The total amount paid to or receivable by the auditors as remuneration for their services as auditors for the financial year from the Company and its subsidiaries is RM289,000. There was no indemnity given or insurance effected for the external auditors of the Group and of the Company.
- (f) There was no amount paid to or receivable by any third party in respect of the services provided to the Group and the Company by any Director or past Director of the Group and the Company.
- (g) The indemnity given to or other insurance effected for the Directors and the officers of the Group and of the Company has a total premium of RM23,000 and coverage amount of RM20,000,000 for a period effective 1 February 2019 until 31 January 2020.

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VIV.		

Directors' Report For the year ended 31 December 2019

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The details of significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Significant event subsequent to the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 37 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs. Moore Stephens Associates PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Approved and signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 29 April 2020.

Jamo Lakfun -

Dato² Sri Kamaruddin bin Mohammed Group Executive Chairman

Tee Cheng Hua

Senior Executive Director

Far East Holdings Berhad 197301001753 (14809-W)



STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act, 2016

We, the undersigned, being two of the Directors of the Company, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 72 to 143 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia, so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2019 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Approved and signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 29 April 2020.

Jame La Afra

Dato' Sri Kamaruddin bin Mohammed Group Executive Chairman

Tee Cheng Hua Senior Executive Director

STATUTORY DECLARATION

Pursuant to Section 251(1) of the Companies Act, 2016

I, Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya (MIA No: 10161), being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of the Group and of the Company, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements as set out on pages 72 to 143 are to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the

abovenamed at Kuantan on 29 April 2020

Before me,

Commissioner for Oaths



Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Far East Holdings Berhad Registration No.: 197301001753 (14809-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Far East Holdings Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2019 and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 72 to 143.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2019, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code")*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matter that, in our professional judgement, were of the most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Key audit matter	Our audit performed and responses thereon
Equity accounting for associates	We have performed the following procedures:
As disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the Group has interest in a significant associate, Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad ("PPOM"), which has significant associates of its own and with the existence of substantial cross shareholdings in the Group. Given the highly complex group structure which involves cross shareholdings, we identified the accounting for equity accounted associates as a key audit matter in view of the risk that the associates may not have been properly accounted for and disclosed appropriately due to the following reasons: (i) The magnitude of the balances; and (ii) The complexity of the group structure where significant time and effort was spent to understand the group structures of the associates (including its various sub-groups) during our review of the opening balances as the first year auditors of the Group. The understanding process is further complicated by the varied locations and different management teams involved in the associates.	 Group is a component and performed reviews on the understanding and navigation of the various entities involved and the manner in which the financial results of these various entities are consolidated and/or equity accounted and/or both. Close interactions with the predecessor auditors and various component auditors including the reviews of consolidation and audit files. Performed reviews with regards to the cross shareholdings and the adjustments involving the elimination of the Group's own results as the Group equity accounts for its share of profits of PPOM, which has an indirect equity interest in the Group.



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Far East Holdings Berhad Registration No.: 197301001753 (14809-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the Annual Report and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are also responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.


Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Far East Holdings Berhad Registration No.: 197301001753 (14809-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

Other Matters

- (i) This report is made solely to the members of the Company as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the contents of this report.
- (ii) The comparative figures were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 28 March 2019.

Moonsteph

MOORE STEPHENS ASSOCIATES PLT 201304000972 (LLP0000963-LCA) Chartered Accountants (AF002096)

Petaling Jaya, Selangor Date: 29 April 2020

CHUAH SOO HUAT 03002/07/2020 J Chartered Accountant



STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		G	roup	Co	ompany
			Restated		Restated
	Note	2019 RM	2018 RM	2019 RM	2018 RM
	Note	N IVI	K IVI	KIVI	KIVI
Continuing operations	4	201 120 044	270 024 702	70.025 (22	06 01 4 7 4 1
Revenue	4	381,128,844	379,824,792	79,825,633	96,014,741
Other operating income		2,536,220	11,073,754	2,585,287	8,463,894
Fair value (loss)/gain on biological assets	((47,989)	1,527,397	(392,245)	645,354
Employee benefits expense	6	(26,064,797)	(21,843,305)	(7,859,527)	(6,120,795)
Changes in inventories		(4,576,542)	(694,079)	-	-
Finished goods purchased		(55,396,090)	(29,198,663)	-	-
Raw material purchased		(158,288,483)	(161,877,757)	-	-
Production cess		(1,317,812)	(1,251,635)	-	-
Carriage outwards		(6,694,926)	(6,106,156)	-	-
Upkeep, repair and maintenance of assets		(6,149,793)	(6,015,855)	-	-
Utilities and fuel		(2,223,439)	(2,279,796)	-	-
Depreciation of:					
- property, plant and equipment		(21,437,279)	(27,959,650)	(10,728,269)	(12,604,905)
- right-of-use assets		(4,742,462)	-	(2,736,189)	-
Upkeep and cultivation		(26,886,151)	(32,619,538)	(12,419,258)	(12,476,021)
Harvesting		(20,797,972)	(21,998,455)	(9,315,774)	(8,184,908)
Estate general charges		(6,267,026)	(8,980,494)	(3,150,492)	(3,549,048)
Fair value gain on investment property		37,587,461	-	37,587,461	-
Other operating expenses		(7,800,959)	(16,414,633)	(373,642)	(2,841,666)
Finance income		582,797	1,790,687	818,849	1,703,614
Finance cost		(771,875)	(4,442)	(896,996)	(1,119,382)
Share of profit after tax of associates		30,769,258	15,181,119	-	-
Profit before tax	5	103,140,985	72,153,291	72,944,838	59,930,878
Tax expense	7	(18,352,930)	(15,617,152)	(12,917,427)	(5,375,730)
Profit for the financial year		84,788,055	56,536,139	60,027,411	54,555,148
Profit for the financial year attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		80,017,099	49,800,847	60,027,411	54,555,148
Non-controlling interests		4,770,956	6,735,292		-
		84,788,055		60.027.411	51 555 110
		84,788,033	56,536,139	60,027,411	54,555,148
Other comprehensive income					
Items that may be reclassified					
subsequently to profit or loss:					
- Share of other comprehensive					
income of associate		1,088,571	(68,036)	-	-
- Fair value gain on other investment		-	6,397	-	6,397
Total comprehensive income for the year		85,876,626	56,474,500	60,027,411	54,561,545
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		81,105,670	49,739,208	60,027,411	54,561,545
Non-controlling interests		4,770,956	6,735,292		
		85,876,626		60,027,411	54,561,545
		03,070,020	56,474,500	00,027,411	54,501,545
Earnings per share attributable to					
Owners of the Company (sen)					
- basic and diluted	8	13.47	16.00		
				-	

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2019

	Note	31.12.2019 RM	Group Restated 31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM	∢31.12.2019 RM	- Company Restated 31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM
ASSETS							
Non-current assets							
Property, plant and							
equipment	10	272,688,483	584,892,466	658,053,851	140,718,002	352,945,968	255,505,598
Investment property	11	60,000,000	-	-	60,000,000	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	12	-	-	-	18,400,302	18,400,302	20,402,481
Investments in associates	13	459,481,378	439,041,979	371,382,590	112,435,547	112,435,547	110,433,368
Other financial asset	14	730,659	730,659	724,262	730,659	730,659	724,262
Right-of-use assets	15	316,922,940	-	-	206,211,074	-	-
Amount due from							
a subsidiary	18	-	-	-	20,300,977	18,030,855	16,439,083
Biological assets	17	645,900	-	611,626	409,582	-	-
		1,110,469,360	1,024,665,104	1,030,772,329	559,206,143	502,543,331	403,504,792
Current assets							
Inventories	16	5,471,157	10,172,834	11,374,907	254,666	662,338	506,739
Biological assets	10	4,601,052	4,649,041	4,718,525	1,963,821	2,356,066	1,710,712
Receivables	18	70,654,391	47,005,577	86,602,794	56,190,651	45,990,945	69,718,550
Tax recoverable	10	7,342,902	11,781,947	1,242,361	4,195,149	7,808,000	09,718,550
Short-term investment	19	7,542,902			4,193,149	7,808,000	-
	19	-	3,466,767	3,349,406	-	-	-
Deposits, cash and bank balances	20	45,404,621	34,622,112	141,815,426	13,286,745	9,652,486	80,706,420
		133,474,123	111,698,278	249,103,419	75,891,032	66,469,835	152,642,421
Non-current asset held							
for sale	21	-	22,412,539	22,412,539	-	22,412,539	22,412,539
TOTAL ASSETS		1,243,943,483	1,158,775,921	1,302,288,287	635,097,175	591,425,705	578,559,752
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY							
Share capital	22	197,945,995	197,945,995	141,390,000	197,945,995	197,945,995	141,390,000
Share premium	23	-	-	46,852,783	-	-	44,947,244
Retained earnings		873,337,659	810,047,129	814,009,182	383,679,575	341,467,304	339,800,390
Equity attributable to Owners of the Company			1,007,993,124	1,002,251,965	581,625,570	539,413,299	526,137,634
Non-controlling interests		35,364,670	33,733,714	135,763,063	-	-	-

Statements of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2019

		←	– Group Restated	→ Restated	•	– Company Restated	→ Restated
	Note	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM
LIABILITIES							
Non-current liabilities							
Deferred tax liabilities	24	87,186,313	83,127,468	115,535,168	45,379,576	40,575,000	39,222,000
Lease liabilities	25	16,439,951	-	-	68,541	-	-
		103,626,264	83,127,468	115,535,168	45,448,117	40,575,000	39,222,000
Current liabilities							
Payables	26	32,877,203	33,571,615	38,279,761	7,970,972	11,437,406	8,145,118
Tax payable		538,690	350,000	10,434,997	-	-	5,055,000
Hire purchase creditor	27	-	-	23,333	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	25	253,002	-	-	52,516	-	-
		33,668,895	33,921,615	48,738,091	8,023,488	11,437,406	13,200,118
TOTAL LIABILITIES		137,295,159	117,049,083	164,273,259	53,471,605	52,012,406	52,422,118
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,243,943,483	1,158,775,921	1,302,288,287	635,097,175	591,425,705	578,559,752

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

		← A	Attributable to (Owners of the	Company —>		
Group	Note	Share Capital RM	Share Premium RM	Retained Earnings RM	Total RM	Non- Controlling Interest RM	Total Equity RM
2018							
At 1 January 2018		141,390,000	46,852,783	882,860,656	1,071,103,439	135,763,063	1,206,866,502
Prior year adjustments	35	-	-	(68,851,474)	(68,851,474)	-	(68,851,474)
At 1 December 2018, as restated	-	141,390,000	46,852,783	814,009,182	1,002,251,965	135,763,063	1,138,015,028
Bonus issue		56,555,995	(46,852,783)	(12,415,381)			(2,712,169)
Effect of loss of control	12	-	-	-	-	(92,373,681)	
Share of other comprehensiv income of associate	/e	-	-	(68,036)	(68,036)	-	(68,036)
Fair value gain on other investment		_		6,397	6,397	_	6,397
Profit for the financial year		-	-	49,800,847	49,800,847	6,735,292	56,536,139
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	e	-	-	49,739,208	49,739,208	6,735,292	56,474,500
Transactions with Owners of the Company	L						
Dividends for the years ende	ed _						
- 31 December 2017	9	-	-	(35,347,500)	(35,347,500)	(16,390,960)	(51,738,460)
- 31 December 2018	9	-	-	(5,938,380)	(5,938,380)	-	(5,938,380)
At 31 December 2018		197,945,995	-	810,047,129	1,007,993,124	33,733,714	1,041,726,838

← Attributable to Owners of the Company →

Group	Note	Share capital RM	Retained Earnings RM	Total RM	Non- Controlling Interests RM	Total Equity RM
2019						
At 1 January 2019		197,945,995	810,047,129	1,007,993,124	33,733,714	1,041,726,838
Share of other comprehensive income of associate		-	1,088,571	1,088,571	-	1,088,571
Profit for the financial year		-	80,017,099	80,017,099	4,770,956	84,788,055
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	81,105,670	81,105,670	4,770,956	85,876,626
Transactions with Owners						
of the Company						
Dividends for the years ended	0		(11.0=(=<0)	(11.0=< = <0)	(2.4.40.000)	(1 - 01
- 31 December 2018	9	-	(11,876,760)		(3,140,000)	
- 31 December 2019	9	-	(5,938,380)	(5,938,380)	-	(5,938,380)
At 31 December 2019		197,945,995	873,337,659	1,071,283,654	35,364,670	1,106,648,324

Statements of Changes in Equity For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

Company	Note	Share Capital RM	Share Premium RM	Retained Earnings RM	Total Equity RM
2018					
At 1 January 2018		141,390,000	44,947,244	342,076,128	528,413,372
Prior year adjustments	35	-	-	(2,275,738)	(2,275,738)
At 1 December 2018, as restated		141,390,000	44,947,244	339,800,390	526,137,634
Bonus issue		56,555,995	(44,947,244)	(11,608,751)	-
Fair value gain on other investment		-	-	6,397	6,397
Profit for the financial year		-	-	54,555,148	54,555,148
Total comprehensive income for the financial	year	-	-	54,561,545	54,561,545
Transactions with Owners of the Company Dividends for the years ended					
- 31 December 2017	9	-	-	(35,347,500)	(35,347,500)
- 31 December 2018	9	-	-	(5,938,380)	(5,938,380)
At 31 December 2018		197,945,995	-	341,467,304	539,413,299
2019					
At 1 January 2019		197,945,995	-	341,467,304	539,413,299
Profit for the financial year, representing total					
comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	60,027,411	60,027,411
Transactions with Owners of the Company					
Dividends for the years ended					
- 31 December 2018	9	-	-	(11,876,760)	(11,876,760)
- 31 December 2019	9	-	-	(5,938,380)	(5,938,380)
At 31 December 2019		197,945,995	-	383,679,575	581,625,570

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

Changes in working capital: 4,701,677 1,336,672 407,672 (155,599) - receivables (23,682,657) 34,198,853 (12,587,114) 21,792,306 - payables 5,243,968 (3,426,987) 2,471,946 (2,646,092) Cash from operations 47,463,564 106,480,191 18,268,674 46,918,335 Finance cost paid (771,875) (4,442) (70,065) - Finance income received 582,797 1,673,326 89,259 922,082 Tax refunded 1,522,504 - - - Tax paid (11,188,854) (36,579,440) (4,500,000) (16,885,730) Net cash flow from operating activities 37,608,136 71,569,635 13,787,868 30,954,687			G	roup	Company		
Operating activities 103,140,985 72,153,291 72,944,838 59,930,878 Adjustments for: Property, plant and equipment 21,437,279 27,959,650 10,728,269 12,604,905 - expreciation 21,437,279 27,959,650 10,728,269 12,604,905 - expreciation for right-of-use assets 4,742,462 - 2,736,189 - Depreciation for right-of-use assets 47,7299 (1,527,397) 392,245 (645,554) Depreciation on investment property (37,587,461) - (37,587,461) - - Fair value gain on investment property (37,587,461) - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - associates - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - - - subsidiaries - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - - - - (10,790,705) (33,122,021) - - - <t< th=""><th></th><th>Note</th><th></th><th>31.12.2018</th><th></th><th>31.12.2018</th></t<>		Note		31.12.2018		31.12.2018	
Profit before tax 103,140,985 72,153,291 72,944,838 59,930,878 Adjustments for: Property, plant and equipment 21,437,279 27,959,650 10,728,269 12,604,095 - gain on disposal (48,599) (7,262,133) (48,599) (7,262,133) Depreciation for right-of-use assets 4,742,462 - 2,736,189 - Other receivables written off 33,843 15,548 19,703 5,677 Fair value gain on investment property (37,587,461) - (40,576,767) - Dividend income from - - (10,510,688) (30,0000) Finance cost 5 771,875 4,442 896,996 (1,19,382) Operating profit before working capital 61,200,576 74,371,653 27,976,170 27,927,720 Changes in working capital 61,200,576 74,371,653 27,976,170 27,927,720 Changes in working capital 61,200,576 74,371,653 27,976,170 27,927,720 Changes in working capital 61,200,576 74,371,553 24,796,474	On one time a setimities	TOLE					
Adjustments for: Property, plant and equipment - depreciation 21,437,279 27,959,650 10,728,269 12,604,905 - gain on disposal (48,599) (7,262,133) (48,599) (7,262,133) - written off 14,258 58 14,232 - Dher receivables written off 33,843 15,548 19,703 5,677 Fair value (osg(gain) on biological assets 47,989 (1,527,397) 392,224 (645,354) Fair value (osg(gain) on biological assets (30,769,258) (15,181,119) - - - - 010,510,688) (30,00,000) Pinance income from - - (10,510,688) (30,00,000) - - - (10,510,688) (3,000,000) Pinance income 5 771,875 4,442 896,996 1,119,382 Finance income 5 (23,682,677) (1,790,687) (818,849) (1,703,614) Operating profit before working capital 61,200,576 74,371,653 27,971,700 27,927,720 Changes in working capital 61,246,2687) 24,1794 (2,646,022) 2,646,022)			103 140 985	72 153 201	72 011 838	50 030 878	
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			105,140,985	72,133,291	72,944,838	59,950,878	
$\begin{array}{c} - depreciation \\ - depreciation \\ - gain on disposal \\ + vritten off \\ - yritten off \\ - preciation for right-of-use assets \\ - creatively (22, 13) \\ - (17, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (12, 587, 461) \\ - (13, 587, 461) \\ - (10, 790, 705) \\ - (10, 7$	5						
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written off $14,258$ 58 $14,232$ $14,232$ Depreciation for right-of-use assets $4,742,462$ $ 2,736,189$ $-$ Other receivables written off $33,843$ $15,548$ $19,703$ $5,677$ Fair value gain on investment property $(37,587,461)$ $ (37,587,461)$ $-$ Share of profit after tax of associates $(30,769,258)$ $(15,181,119)$ $ -$ Dividend income from $ (10,790,705)$ $(33,122,021)$ $-$ - substitaries $ (10,790,705)$ $(33,000,000)$ Finance cost 5 $771,875$ $4,442$ $896,996$ $1,119,382$ Finance income 5 $(582,797)$ $(1,790,687)$ $(818,849)$ $(1,703,614)$ Operating profit before working capital $61,200,576$ $74,371,653$ $27,976,170$ $27,927,720$ Changes in working capital $61,200,576$ $74,371,653$ $21,792,306$ - payables $52,343,986$ $(3,426,987)$ $2,471,946$ $(2,646,923)$ Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ $ -$ Tax refunded $15,22,504$ $ -$ Tax paid $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(11,7048,135)$ Property, plant and equipment $ (0,790,705)$ $33,122,021$ - purchase $ -$	÷						
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Fair value gain on investment property $(37,587,461)$ $(37,587,461)$ $(37,587,461)$ Share of profit after tax of associates $(30,769,258)$ $(15,181,119)$ $-$ Dividend income from $ (10,790,705)$ $(33,122,021)$ $-$ associates $ (10,510,688)$ $(3,000,000)$ Finance cost 5 $771,875$ $4,442$ $896,996$ $(1,119,382)$ Changes in working capital $61,200,576$ $74,371,653$ $27,976,170$ $27,927,720$ Changes in working capital $61,200,576$ $74,371,653$ $27,976,170$ $27,927,720$ Changes in working capital $(23,682,657)$ $34,198,853$ $(12,587,114)$ $21,792,306$ $-$ payables $5,243,968$ $(3,426,987)$ $2,471,946$ $(2,646,092)$ Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ $-$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ $ -$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activities $ 10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ Investing activities $ 10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ Investing activities $ -$ Property, plant and equipment $ -$ subsidiaries							
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1		(30,769,238)	(13,181,119)	-	-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					(10, 700, 705)	(22,122,021)	
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Operating profit before working capital $61,200,576$ $74,371,653$ $27,976,170$ $27,927,720$ Changes in working capital: - inventories $4,701,677$ $1,336,672$ $407,672$ $(155,599)$ - receivables $(23,682,657)$ $34,198,853$ $(12,587,114)$ $21,792,306$ - payables $5,243,968$ $(3,426,987)$ $2,471,946$ $(2,646,092)$ Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesInvesting activities <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Changes in working capital:- inventories $4,701,677$ $1,336,672$ $407,672$ $(155,599)$ - receivables $(23,682,657)$ $34,198,853$ $(12,587,114)$ $21,792,306$ - payables $5,243,968$ $(3,426,987)$ $2,471,946$ $(2,646,092)$ Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ -Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activities- purchase- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$	Finance income	5	(582,/97)	(1,/90,68/)	(818,849)	(1,/03,614)	
$\begin{array}{c} - \text{receivables} \\ - \text{payables} \\ \hline (23,682,657) & 34,198,853 & (12,587,114) & 21,792,306 \\ 5,243,968 & (3,426,987) & 2,471,946 & (2,646,092) \\ \hline (2,646,092) \\ \hline (2,646,092) & 2,471,946 & (2,646,092) \\ \hline (2,646,092) & 2,471,946 & (2,646,092) \\ \hline (2,646,092) & 47,463,564 & 106,480,191 & 18,268,674 & 46,918,335 \\ \hline (771,875) & (4,442) & (70,065) & - \\ \hline (72,875) & (4,442) & (70,065) & - \\ \hline (12,7817,260) & (12,7817,260) & (16,885,730) \\ \hline (11,088,513) & 37,608,136 & 71,569,635 & 13,787,868 & 30,954,687 \\ \hline \\ \textbf{Investing activities} \\ Property, plant and equipment \\ - purchase \\ - purchase \\ - purchase \\ - purchase \\ - unchase \\ - subsidiaries \\ - subsidiaries \\ - associates \\ Additions to biological assets \\ (13,988,696) & (127,817,260) & (7,290,163) & (117,048,135) \\ 48,600 & 14,264,993 & 48,600 & 14,264,993 \\ \hline (14,000) & - & (10,790,705 & 33,122,021 \\ - & associates \\ Additions to right-of-use assets \\ (14,000) & - & (140,000) & - \\ \hline (409,582) & - & - \\ \hline (14,000) & - & (140,000) & - \\ \hline (14,000) & - & (140,000) & - \\ \hline (14,000) & - & (140,000) & - \\ \hline (14,000) & - & (14,000) & - \\ \hline (14,000$	Operating profit before working capital Changes in working capital:		61,200,576	74,371,653	27,976,170	27,927,720	
- payables $5,243,968$ $(3,426,987)$ $2,471,946$ $(2,646,092)$ Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ -Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from10,790,705 $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$ $(17,618,889)$	- inventories		4,701,677	1,336,672	407,672	(155,599)	
Cash from operations $47,463,564$ $106,480,191$ $18,268,674$ $46,918,335$ Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ -Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activities $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(14,000)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$	- receivables		(23,682,657)	34,198,853	(12,587,114)	21,792,306	
Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ -Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates11,418,430 $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(17,618,889)$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$	- payables		5,243,968	(3,426,987)	2,471,946	(2,646,092)	
Finance cost paid $(771,875)$ $(4,442)$ $(70,065)$ -Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates11,418,430 $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $-$ -Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$	Cash from operations		47,463,564	106,480,191	18,268,674	46,918,335	
Finance income received $582,797$ $1,673,326$ $89,259$ $922,082$ Tax refunded $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(409,582)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$						-	
Tax refunded Tax paid $1,522,504$ Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment - purchase- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(409,582)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$	*					922.082	
Tax paid $(11,188,854)$ $(36,579,440)$ $(4,500,000)$ $(16,885,730)$ Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activities $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(409,582)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$				-	-	-	
Net cash flow from operating activities $37,608,136$ $71,569,635$ $13,787,868$ $30,954,687$ Investing activitiesProperty, plant and equipment- purchase- proceed from disposalDividend from- subsidiaries- subsidiaries- associatesAdditions to biological assetsAdditions to right-of-use assets(14,000)Withdrawal of short-term investmentCash and cash equivalent arising from the effectof subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- (17,618,889)- (17,618,889)- (17,618,889)- (17,618,889)- (17,618,889)	Tax paid			(36,579,440)	(4,500,000)	(16,885,730)	
Property, plant and equipment- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal48,60014,264,99348,60014,264,993Dividend from10,790,70533,122,021- subsidiaries10,790,70533,122,021- associates11,418,4304,170,00010,510,9303,000,000Additions to biological assets(645,900)-(409,582)-Additions to right-of-use assets(14,000)-(14,000)-Withdrawal of short-term investment3,466,767Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)	Net cash flow from operating activities		37,608,136	71,569,635	13,787,868	30,954,687	
- purchase $(13,988,696)$ $(127,817,260)$ $(7,290,163)$ $(117,048,135)$ - proceed from disposal48,60014,264,99348,60014,264,993Dividend from10,790,70533,122,021- subsidiaries10,790,70533,122,021- associates11,418,4304,170,00010,510,9303,000,000Additions to biological assets(645,900)-(409,582)-Additions to right-of-use assets(14,000)-(14,000)-Withdrawal of short-term investment3,466,767Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)	Investing activities						
- proceed from disposal $48,600$ $14,264,993$ $48,600$ $14,264,993$ Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates11,418,430 $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets(645,900)-(409,582)-Additions to right-of-use assets(14,000)-(14,000)-Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)			(12.089.606)	(127 817 260)	(7,200,163)	(117.048.125)	
Dividend from $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - subsidiaries $10,790,705$ $33,122,021$ - associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(409,582)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))- $(17,618,889)$							
- subsidiaries - - 10,790,705 33,122,021 - associates 11,418,430 4,170,000 10,510,930 3,000,000 Additions to biological assets (645,900) - (409,582) - Additions to right-of-use assets (14,000) - (14,000) - Withdrawal of short-term investment 3,466,767 - - - Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect - (17,618,889) - -			40,000	14,204,995	48,000	14,204,995	
- associates $11,418,430$ $4,170,000$ $10,510,930$ $3,000,000$ Additions to biological assets $(645,900)$ - $(409,582)$ -Additions to right-of-use assets $(14,000)$ - $(14,000)$ -Withdrawal of short-term investment $3,466,767$ Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect- $(17,618,889)$					10 700 705	22 122 021	
Additions to biological assets(645,900)-(409,582)-Additions to right-of-use assets(14,000)-(14,000)-Withdrawal of short-term investment3,466,767Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect-(17,618,889)of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)			-	-			
Additions to right-of-use assets(14,000)-(14,000)-Withdrawal of short-term investment3,466,767Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)				4,170,000		3,000,000	
Withdrawal of short-term investment3,466,767Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a))-(17,618,889)-	÷			-		-	
Cash and cash equivalent arising from the effect of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a)) - (17,618,889)				-	(14,000)	-	
of subsidiary became associate (Note 12(a)) - (17,618,889)			3,466,767	-	-	-	
		t		(17 (10 000))			
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities 285,201 (127,001,156) 13,636,490 (66,661,121)	•		-	(17,018,889)	-	-	
	Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activitie	S	285,201	(127,001,156)	13,636,490	(66,661,121)	



Statements of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

		G	roup	Company		
			Restated		Restated	
		31.12.2019	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Financing activities						
Settlement of hire purchase creditor		-	(23,333)	-	-	
Dividends paid to:						
- Owners of the Company		(23,753,520)	(35,347,500)	(23,753,520)	(35,347,500)	
- non-controlling interests		(3,140,000)	(16,390,960)	-	-	
Payment for the principal portion of lease liabi	lities	(217,308)	-	(36,579)		
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(27,110,828)	(51,761,793)	(23,790,099)	(35,347,500)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		10,782,509	(107,193,314)	3,634,259	(71,053,934)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning						
of the financial year		34,622,112	141,815,426	9,652,486	80,706,420	
Cash and cash equivalents at end						
of the financial year	20	45,404,621	34,622,112	13,286,745	9,652,486	

(i) Cash outflows for lease liabilities as leases are as follows:

	Group 31.12.2019 RM	Company 31.12.2019 RM
Included in net cash from operating activities:		
Finance cost paid in relation to lease liabilities	705,906	6,621
Net cash flow used in financing activities		
Payment for the principal portion of lease liabilities	217,308	36,579
Total cash outflows for lease liabilities	923,214	43,200

Statements of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019

(ii) Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows used in financing activities:

	At 1.1.2018 RM	Net cash used in financing cash flows RM	At 31.12.2018 RM	Effect on adoption of MFRS 16 RM	At 1.1.2019 RM
Group					
Hire purchase creditor	23,333	(23,333)	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	16,910,261	16,910,261
Total liabilities used in financing activities	23,333	(23,333)	-	16,910,261	16,910,261
				Net cash used	
			At	in financing	At
			1.1.2019	cash flows	31.12.2019
			RM	RM	RM
Group Lease liabilities, representing total liabili	ties used in f	inancing activities	16,910,261	(217,308)	16,692,953
		Effect on		Net cash used	
	At	adoption of	At	in financing	At
3	At 1.12.2018	adoption of MFRS 16	At 1.1.2019	in financing cash flows	At 31.12.2019
3		-		-	
3 Company	1.12.2018	MFRS 16	1.1.2019	cash flows	31.12.2019
	1.12.2018	MFRS 16	1.1.2019	cash flows	31.12.2019

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2019

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur.

The Company is principally involved in cultivation of oil palms, production and sales of fresh fruit bunches, crude palm oil and palm kernel and investment holdings. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 12. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors dated on 29 April 2020.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

New and Revised MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs, New IC Interpretations ("IC Int") and Amendments to IC Int

(i) Adoption of New MFRS and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int

MFRS 16	Leases
Amendments to MFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Amendments to MFRS 119	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
Amendments to MFRS 128	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
IC Interpretation 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
Annual Improvements to MFRSs	2015 - 2017 Cycle

The adoption of the Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int did not have any significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company except for:

MFRS 16 Leases

MFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognises a rightof-use ("ROU") asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. The ROU asset is depreciated throughout the lease period in accordance with the depreciation requirements of MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment whereas lease liability is accreted to reflect interest and is reduced to reflect lease payments made. For leases that were classified as finance leases under MFRS 117, the carrying amount of the ROU asset and lease liability at the date of initial application shall be the carrying amount of the lease asset and lease liability immediately before the date of initial application.

For lessors, MFRS 16 retains most of the requirements in MFRS 117. Lessors continue to classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases and account for them differently.

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31 December 2019

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

(a) Statement of compliance (cont'd)

New and Revised MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs, New IC Interpretations ("IC Int") and Amendments to IC Int (cont'd)

(i) Adoption of New MFRS and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int (cont'd)

MFRS 16 Leases (cont'd)

As permitted by the transitional provision of MFRS 16, the Group and the Company had elected to adopt a modified transition approach. The Group and the Company had also applied the following practical expedients under MFRS 16:

- No adjustments are made on transition for leases for which the underlying assets are of low value.
- A single discount rate (4.2%) is applied to portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics.
- The Group and the Company do not apply the standard to leases which lease terms end within 12 months from 1 January 2019.
- The Group and the Company use hindsight in determining lease terms for contracts that contain options for extension or termination.

The Group and the Company applied the requirements of MFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach with the right-of-use assets being equal to lease liabilities at 1 January 2019 and consequently, there are no adjustments made to the comparatives presented.

The impact on the Group's and the Company's statements of financial position as at 1 January 2019 is summarised below:

	Previously reported under MFRS 117 RM	Effect on adoption of MFRS 16 RM	Restated under MFRS 16 RM
Group			
Assets Property, plant and equipment, at carrying value Right-of-use assets, at carrying value	304,741,141	(304,741,141) 321,651,402	- 321,651,402
Liabilities Lease liabilities		16,910,261	16,910,261
Company Assets Property, plant and equipment, at carrying value Right-of-use assets, at carrying value	208,775,627	(208,775,627) 208,933,263	208,933,263
Liabilities Lease liabilities		157,636	<u> </u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

(a) Statement of compliance (cont'd)

New and Revised MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs, New IC Interpretations ("IC Int") and Amendments to IC Int (cont'd)

(i) Adoption of New MFRS and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int (cont'd)

MFRS 16 Leases (cont'd)

The following table explains the differences between the Group's and the Company's operating lease commitments disclosed applying MFRS 117 at 31 December 2018 and lease liabilities recognised at the date of initial application of 1 January 2019:

	Group RM	Company RM
Operating lease commitments as disclosed at 31 December 2018	41,031,400	14,400
Effects from discounting at the incremental borrowing rate 4.2%	(24,756,234)	-
Add:		
Lease liabilities additionally recognised based on the initial application of MFRS 16	663,895	157,636
Less:		
Short-term leases liabilities recognised on a straight-line basis of an expense	(28,800)	(14,400)
Lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019	16,910,261	157,636

(ii) New MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int that are issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following new MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int that have been issued as at the date of authorisation of these financial statements but are not yet effective for the Group and for the Company:

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020

Amendments to MFRSs

Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
Amendments to MFRS 3	Business Combinations
Amendments to MFRS 101 and MFRS 108	Definition of Material

Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in MFRS

Amendments to MFRS 2	Share-Based Payment
Amendments to MFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
Amendments to MFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts
Amendments to MFRS 134	Interim Financial Reporting
Amendments to MFRS 137	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
Amendments to MFRS 138	Intangible Assets
Amendments to IC Interpretation 12	Service Concession Arrangements
Amendments to IC Interpretation 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments
Amendments to IC Interpretation 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine
Amendments to IC Interpretation 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
Amendments to IC Interpretation 132	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs

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31 December 2019

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

(a) Statement of compliance (cont'd)

New and Revised MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs, New IC Interpretations ("IC Int") and Amendments to IC Int (cont'd)

(ii) New MFRSs, Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs and IC Int that are issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted (cont'd)

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

MFRS 101

Effective date to be announced

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

The Group and the Company will adopt the above pronouncements when they become effective in the respective financial periods. These pronouncements are not expected to have any effect to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company upon their initial applications.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for those as disclosed in the accounting policy notes.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Group's and the Company's functional currency.

(d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The summary of accounting policies as described in Note 3 are essential to understand the Group's and the Company's results of operations, financial position, cash flows and other disclosures. Certain of these accounting policies require critical accounting estimates that involve complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions, some of which may be for matters that are inherently uncertain and susceptible to change. Directors exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies.

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's and the Company's accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. Estimates and underlying assumptions are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The actual results may differ from the judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

(d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements (cont'd)

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation or uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below.

(i) Income taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Group and the Company recognise tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax implications arising from the changes in corporate income tax rates are measured with reference to the estimated realisation and settlement of temporary differences in the future periods in which the tax rates are expected to apply, based on the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. While management's estimates on the realisation and settlement of temporary differences are based on the available information at the reporting date, changes in business strategy, future operating performance and other factors could potentially impact on the actual timing and amount of temporary differences realised and settled. Any difference between the actual amount and the estimated amount would be recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which actual realisation and settlement occurs.

(iii) Biological assets

In measuring the fair value of fresh fruit bunches ("FFB"), estimates and judgements are required which include the market price, production quantity, maturity, processing costs and other direct costs. Changes to any of these assumptions would affect the fair value of the FFB.

The Group and the Company measured its biological assets at fair value less cost to sell with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

The key assumptions used in the valuation methods are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

(iv) Investment properties

There are complexities in determining the fair value of the investment properties, which involved significant estimates and judgements in determining the appropriate valuation methodologies and the estimations used in the application of the underlying assumptions in the valuation models used.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Basis of consolidation

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Company considers the following in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- (iii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (iv) Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiaries are consolidated when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. The resulting difference is recognised directly in equity.

When control ceases, the disposal proceeds and the fair value of any retained investment are compared to the Group's share of the net assets disposed. The difference together with the carrying amount of allocated goodwill and reserves that relate to the subsidiary is recognised as gain or loss on disposal.

Business combination

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transactions costs are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

Business combination (cont'd)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in accordance with MFRS 9 either in profit or loss or a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instances where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of MFRS 9, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate MFRS.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in the profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable directly or indirectly, to Owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated financial position, separately from equity attributable to Owners of the Company.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(a) **Basis of consolidation** (cont'd)

Associates

Associates are entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation to fund the associate's operations or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

Goodwill relating to an associated company is included in the carrying amount of the investment. The goodwill is calculated as the difference between the cost of the investment and the investor's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decrease but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to profit or loss.

Dividend from associates is recognised as a reduction in the carrying amounts of associates.

The associates' financial statements shall be prepared using uniform accounting policies for the transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions between subsidiaries in the Group, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted associates and joint ventures are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(c) Revenue recognition and other income recognition

Revenue is recognised when or as a performance obligation in the contract with customer is satisfied, i.e. when the "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation is a promise to transfer a distinct good or service (or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer) to the customer that is explicitly stated in the contract and implied in the Group's and the Company's customary business practices.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customers, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales taxes or goods and services taxes. If the amount of consideration varies due to discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, incentives, penalties or other similar items, the Group and the Company estimate the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled based on the expected value or the most likely outcome. If the contract with customer contains more than one performance obligation, the amount of consideration is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services promised in the contract.

The revenue is recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

The control of the promised goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The control over the goods or services is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time if:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's and the Company's performances as the Group and the Company perform;
- The Group's and the Company's performances create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- The Group's and the Company's performances do not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group and the Company have enforceable rights to payment for performance completed to date.

Revenue for performance obligation that is not satisfied over time is recognised at the point in time at which the customer obtains control of the promised goods or services.

Other revenue earned by the Group and by the Company are recognised on the following basis:

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease terms.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(d) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions and bonuses are recognised as an expense in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave is recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when absences occur.

The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is measured as an additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense as incurred. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations.

(e) Income taxes

(i) Current tax

Tax expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount payable in respect of taxable income for the financial year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustments recognised for prior years' tax. When an item is recognised outside profit or loss, the related tax effect is recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, on all temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the assets are realised or the liabilities are settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there are sufficient taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority to offset or when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will be available for the assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition or the amount of any excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the acquisition cost.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(f) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

(i) Recognition and measurement

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, cost of replacing component parts of the assets, and the present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of the assets after their use.

The cost of self-constructed assets also includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and to the Company and their costs can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group and the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term in which case they will depreciated over their useful lives.

No depreciation is provided on assets under construction and upon completion on the construction, the cost will be transferred to the relevant category within property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment at the following estimated useful lives:

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(g) **Property, plant and equipment** (cont'd)

(iii) Depreciation (cont'd)

Long term leasehold lands *	Over the lease period ranging from 52 to 98 years
Buildings	10 years
Plant and machineries	5 years
Motor vehicles, furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 5 years

* In the previous financial year, these leasehold lands were depreciated over their estimated useful life ranging from 52 to 98 years. Upon adoption of MFRS 16 Leases, these leasehold lands have been reclassified as Right-of-Use assets as at the date of initial application, i.e. 1 January 2019.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at end of the reporting period and adjusted as appropriate.

Fully depreciated property, plant and equipment are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation is made in respect of these property, plant and equipment.

(h) Bearer plants

(i) Recognition and measurement

Bearer plants are living trees that are used in the supply of agricultural produce and where production is expected for more than one period with a remote likelihood of being sold as other agricultural produce.

Bearer plants comprise of pre-cropping cost incurred for new plantings and replanting. Pre-cropping costs incurred are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the rootstock commencing from the date of maturity of the rootstock.

The carrying values of bearer plants are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits.

Depreciation is recognised in the profit or loss on straight line basis over its estimated useful lives of bearer plants at the following estimated useful lives:

Bearer plants - after maturity

22 years

The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment loss is in accordance with Note 3(n)(ii).

A bearer plant is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the bearer plant is included in profit or loss in the year the bearer plant is derecognised.

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Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(i) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the asset's previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The assets are not depreciated or amortised while classified as held for sale. Any impairment loss on initial classification and subsequent measurement is recognised as an expense. Any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell (not exceeding the accumulated impairment loss that has been previously recognised) is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Leases

Current financial year

The Group and the Company recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets are determined as follows:

Lease of lands	Over the lease period ranging from 50 to 59 years
Leasehold lands	Over the lease period ranging from 52 to 98 years
Office units	3 - 5 years

In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's and the Company's incremental borrowing rates. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability include fixed payments, any variable lease payments, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, and exercise price under an extension option that the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in rate, or if the Group and the Company change its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or termination option.

Lease payments associated with short term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(j) Leases (cont'd)

Previous financial year

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date, whether fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset (or assets) or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specific in an arrangement.

Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group and the Company assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in profit or loss. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Operating lease

Leases, where the Group and the Company do not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised on the statement of financial position, except for property interests held under an operating lease. Property interest held under an operating lease, which is held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

(k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

(l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at banks and on hand, fixed deposits placed with licensed banks and deposits placed with other corporation that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(m) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract where the host contract is not a financial asset, and accounted for separately if, and only if, the derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group or the Company change their business models for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

(a) Amortised cost

The amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets (see Note 3(m)(i)) where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(b) Fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group or the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(m) Financial instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

(c) Fair value through other comprehensive income

On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. These financial assets satisfy the conditions for classification as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income under MFRS 9 with all subsequent changes in fair value being recognised in other comprehensive income and not subsequently transferred to profit or loss on derecognition.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to impairment assessment (see Note 3(m)(i)).

Financial liabilities

The category of financial liabilities is as follows:

Amortised cost

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company currently have legally enforceable rights to set off the amounts and they intend either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

(iv) Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:

- (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date; and
- (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(m) Financial instruments (cont'd)

(v) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(n) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and lease receivables. ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

Loss allowances of the Group and the Company are measured on either of the following bases:

- (i) 12-month ECL represents the ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or for a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); or
- (ii) Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument or contract asset.

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Simplified approach - trade receivables

The Group and the Company apply the simplified approach to provide ECL for all trade receivables as permitted by MFRS 9. The simplified approach requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's and the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including the time value of money where applicable.

General approach - other financial instruments

The Group and the Company apply the general approach to provide for ECL on all other financial instruments, which requires the loss allowance to be measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at initial recognition.

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31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(n) Impairment (cont'd)

(i) Financial assets (cont'd)

General approach - other financial instruments (cont'd)

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group and the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's and the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information, where available.

If credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition or if the credit quality of the financial instruments improves such that there is no longer a significant in credit risk since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

The Group and the Company consider the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that a financial asset to be in default when:

- The borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group and to the Company in full, without recourse by the Group and the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- The financial asset is more than 365 days past due.

The Group and the Company consider a financial guarantee contract to be in default when the debtor of the loan is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the creditors and the Group and the Company in full, without recourse by the Group and the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held). The Group and the Company only apply a discount rate if, and to the extent that, the risks are not taken into account by adjusting the expected cash shortfalls.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group and the Company are exposed to credit risk.

Credit impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether financial assets carried at amortised cost is credit impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event (e.g being more than 365 days past due);
- The lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider (e.g the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group and the Company on terms that the Group and the Company would not consider otherwise);
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for security because of financial difficulties.

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Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(n) Impairment (cont'd)

(i) Financial assets (cont'd)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group and the Company determine that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's and the Company's procedures for recovery amounts due. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets (except for inventories) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which such impairment loss is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus for the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same asset. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating units is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Except for goodwill, assets that were previously impaired are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset, in which case it is taken to revaluation reserve. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted by the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the subsidiary, joint venture or associate exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the investment including the proceeds from its disposal. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(o) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of their liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

31 December 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(p) **Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

(q) Investment property

Investment property are properties which are owned or held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other cost directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for their intended use.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Fair value gain or loss arising from the reclassification from property, plant and equipment to investment property is recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised on its disposal, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the items in derecognised.

(r) Biological assets

Biological assets comprised of produce growing on bearer plants and other biological assets. Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell. Any gain or losses arising from changes in the fair value less costs to sell are recognised in profit or loss.

Biological assets are classified as current assets for produce that are expected to be harvested and sold on a date not more than 12 months after the reporting date and the balance is classified as non-current.

(s) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(t) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Board of Directors of the Company, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

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Notes to the Financial Statements **31 December 2019**

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(u) Fair value measurement

The fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group and the Company use observable market data as far as possible. Fair value is categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group and the Company can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group and the Company recognise transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

4. REVENUE

	Group		roup	Company	
			Restated		
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Revenue from contracts					
with customers					
Sale of FFB	(i)	72,522,713	87,336,645	58,524,240	59,892,720
Sale of crude palm oil,					
palm kernel and others	(ii)	308,606,131	292,488,147	-	-
		381,128,844	379,824,792	58,524,240	59,892,720
Dividend income	(iii)	-	-	21,301,393	36,122,021
		381,128,844	379,824,792	79,825,633	96,014,741

Significant judgement on revenue recognition

The performance obligations and revenue recognition policies for each revenue streams have been presented as below:

(i) Sale of FFB

The Group and the Company are engaged in the sale of FFB. The Group and the Company entered into contracts with customers to supply FFB. Revenue is recognised upon delivery and issuance of sales invoice to customers.

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31 December 2019

4. **REVENUE** (cont'd)

Significant judgement on revenue recognition (cont'd)

(ii) Sale of crude palm oil, palm kernel and others

The Group is engaged in the sale of crude palm oil, palm kernel, oil palm shell, palm bunch ash and palm fibre. The Group entered into contracts with customers to supply crude palm oil, palm kernel and others. Revenue is recognised upon delivery and issuance of sales invoices to the customers.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Performance Obligation ("PO") of (i) and (ii)

PO is satisfied upon delivery of goods to customers and acknowledgment by customers. The credit terms granted to the customers is 30 days. No allocation of transaction price is required as each contract consists of one PO only.

Timing of recognition of (i) and (ii)

Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the Group and the Company had satisfied the PO, i.e. delivery of goods to the customers. At the end of the financial year, there is no unsatisfied PO, i.e. undelivered goods.

5. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

Other than those disclosed in statements of comprehensive income, the following items have been charged/(credited) in arriving at profit before tax:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Auditors' remuneration:				
- current year	289,000	217,000	150,000	60,000
- others	10,000	43,000	10,000	43,000
Property, plant and equipment:				
- written off	14,258	58	14,232	-
- gain on disposal	(48,599)	(7,262,133)	(48,599)	(7,262,133)
Finance cost:				
- bank borrowing	65,969	4,442	63,444	-
- lease liabilities	705,906	-	6,621	-
- loss on initial recognition of				
amounts due from subsidiaries	-	-	826,931	1,119,382
Other receivables written off	33,843	15,548	19,703	5,677
Rental of land	-	489,652	-	-
Rental of office	28,800	115,200	14,400	57,600
Finance income:				
- hibah*	(31,922)	-	(869)	-
- fixed deposits	(550,875)	(1,790,687)	(88,390)	(922,082)
- amortisation of amounts due from subsidiaries	-	-	(729,590)	(781,532)
Rental income	(81,315)	(198,425)	(69,315)	(76,029)

* Finance income from Hibah refers to interest earned under Shariah rulings

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

6. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	G	roup	Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Staff costs:				
- Salaries, bonus and other benefits	15,427,838	13,427,620	3,684,397	2,160,221
- Defined contribution plans	1,553,839	1,367,254	447,517	238,965
	16,981,677	14,794,874	4,131,914	2,399,186
Key management personnel: Directors' remuneration:				
- Fees	2,585,490	2,005,931	648,090	675,863
- Salaries and other emoluments	3,916,925	3,205,505	1,854,525	1,857,398
	6,502,415	5,211,436	2,502,615	2,533,261
Other key management personnel:				
- Salaries, bonus and other benefits	2,296,460	1,631,099	1,072,565	1,040,209
- Defined contribution plans	284,245	205,896	152,433	148,139
	2,580,705	1,836,995	1,224,998	1,188,348
Total employee benefits expense	26,064,797	21,843,305	7,859,527	6,120,795

7. TAX EXPENSE

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2018: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial year.

	Group		Company	
	2019 RM	2018 RM	2019 RM	2018 RM
Current tax Malaysian income tax				
Current yearOverprovision in previous financial years	14,759,860 (465,775)	15,412,399 (123,547)	8,415,475 (302,624)	4,192,000 (169,270)
Deferred tax (Note 24)	14,294,085	15,288,852	8,112,851	4,022,730
 - (Reversal)/Origination of temporary differences - Underprovision in previous financial years 	(891,145) 4,949,990	328,300	23,705 4,780,871	1,353,000
	4,058,845	328,300	4,804,576	1,353,000
Tax expense for the financial year	18,352,930	15,617,152	12,917,427	5,375,730

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7. TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

The reconciliations from the tax amount at statutory income tax rate to the Group's and to the Company's tax expense are as follows:

	Group		Company	
		Restated		
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit before tax	103,140,985	72,153,291	72,944,838	59,930,878
Tax calculated at the tax rate of 24%	24,753,836	17,316,790	17,506,761	14,383,411
Tax effect on share of results of associates	(7,384,622)	(3,643,469)	-	-
Tax effect of different tax rates arising				
from fair value gain on investment property at 10%	(5,262,245)	-	(5,262,245)	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,891,096	4,260,779	1,306,998	1,722,239
(Over)/Underprovision in previous financial years				
- Current tax	(465,775)	(123,547)	(302,624)	(169,270)
- Deferred tax	4,949,990	-	4,780,871	-
Deferred tax assets not recognised	-	80,000	-	-
Income not subject to tax	(129,350)	(2,273,401)	(5,112,334)	(10,560,650)
Total tax expense	18,352,930	15,617,152	12,917,427	5,375,730

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share of the Group are calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to Owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

		Restated
	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Profit attributable to Owners of the Company (RM)	80,017,099	49,800,847
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (units)	593,837,985	311,212,942
Basic and diluted earnings per share (sen)	13.47	16.00

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to Owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share as there is no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

9. DIVIDENDS

		Group and Co	
	Paid on	2019 RM	2018 RM
Attributable to Owners of the Company			
Interim single tier dividend:			
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2017 of 25 sen per ordinary share	25 June 2018	-	35,347,500
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2018 of 1 sen per ordinary share	15 January 2019	-	5,938,380
- in respect of financial year ended	-		
31 December 2019 of 1 sen per ordinary share	17 December 2019	5,938,380	-
Final single tier dividend:			
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2018 of 2 sen per ordinary share	16 July 2019	11,876,760	-
		17,815,140	41,285,880
Attributable to non-controlling interests: Final single tier dividend:			
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2017 of 80 sen per ordinary share	4 June 2018	-	11,832,210
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2017 of 350 sen per ordinary share	4 June 2018	-	700,000
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2017 of 2 sen per ordinary share	14 May 2018	-	1,470,000
- in respect of financial year ended			
31 December 2017 of 325 sen per ordinary share	4 June 2018	-	2,388,750
- in respect of financial year ended		1 450 000	
31 December 2018 of 2 sen per ordinary share	16 May 2019	1,470,000	-
- in respect of financial year ended	20.14 2010	200.000	
31 December 2018 of 100 sen per ordinary share	29 May 2019	200,000	-
- in respect of financial year ended	1(14 2010	1 470 000	
31 December 2018 of 30 sen per ordinary share	16 May 2019	1,470,000	-
		3,140,000	16,390,960

On 19 November 2019, the Directors declared an interim single tier dividend of 1 sen per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 amounting to RM5,938,380 which was paid on 17 December 2019.

The Directors are pleased to declare the payment of second interim single tier dividend of 1.50 sens per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 amounting to RM8,907,570 which is payable on 14 July 2020.

	Long term leasehold	Rear	Rearer nlanfs		M Plant and	Motor vehicles, furniture, fixtures and	Assets	
Group 2019	land RM	Mature RM	Immature RM	Buildings RM	machineries RM	equipment construction RM RM	onstruction RM	Total RM
Cost At 1 January (previously reported)	316,252,536	325,488,183	42,853,925	40,792,198	47,087,756	13,396,832	1,945,111	787,816,541
Effect on adoption of MFRS 16	(316,252,536)	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	(316,252,536)
At 1 January (restated)		325,488,183	42,853,925	40,792,198	47,087,756	13,396,832	1,945,111	471,564,005
Addutions Reclassification		- 14.729.753	/,0/1,88/ (14,729,753)	دة1,٤υ٤,٤ -	2,041,300 -	1,242,708 -	-	070,000,000 -
Written off Dismosal				(1,972)	(9,795)	(102,288)	1	(114,055)
At 31 December		340,217,936	35,196,059	43,093,411	49,719,461	14,280,552	2,674,467	485,181,886
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January								
(previously reported)	11,511,395	123,727,074	ı	20,096,000	38,172,597	9,417,009		202,924,075
effect on adoption of MFRS 16	(11,511,395)	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	(11,511,395)
At 1 January (restated)	•	123,727,074		20,096,000	38,172,597	9,417,009		191,412,680
financial year Baclassification		14,914,344	I	2,864,443	2,154,961	1,503,531	ı	21,437,279
Written off Disposal					(9,793) -	(90,004) (256,759)		(99,797) (256,759)
At 31 December	I	138,641,418	ı	22,960,443	40,317,765	10,573,777	I	212,493,403
Carrying amount At 31 December	·	201,576,518	35,196,059	20,132,968	9,401,696	3,706,775	2,674,467	272,688,483

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					2	Motor vehicles,		
	Long term leasehold	Bear	Bearer plants		Plant and	furniture, fixtures and	Assets under	
Group 2018	land RM	Mature RM	Immature RM	Buildings RM	machineries RM	equipment construction RM RM	onstruction RM	Total RM
Cost								
At 1 January	403,823,921	407,640,541	23,346,229	49,220,656	48,557,248	13,141,279	401,248	946,131,122
Additions	61,798,898	25,650,984	32,378,666	595,625	3,167,319	2,280,657	1,945,111	127,817,260
Reclassification	I	4,711,798	(4, 711, 798)	396,248	·	5,000	(401, 248)	
Written off	I		1	(116, 250)	(21,957)	(30,523)	I	(168, 730)
Disposal	(7, 160, 283)	I	I	1	1	(88,686)	ı	(7, 248, 969)
Loss of control (Note 12)	(142,210,000)	(112,515,140)	(8,159,172)	(9,304,081)	584	(1,910,895)	ı	(278,714,142)
At 31 December	316,252,536	325,488,183	42,853,925	40,792,198	47,087,756	13,396,832	1,945,111	787,816,541
Accumulated								
depreciation								
At 1 January	11,320,981	202,444,797	I	24,334,998	40,389,194	9,587,301	ı	288,077,271
Charge for the								
financial year	5,350,135	15,971,940	ı	3,027,188	2,223,114	1,387,273	ı	27,959,650
Reclassification	I	ı	ı	(4,999)	I	4,999	I	I
Written off	I	ı	ı	(119, 894)	(18, 301)	(30, 477)	I	(168,672)
Disposal	(157,425)	I	I	ı	ı	(88,684)	ı	(246, 109)
Loss of control								
(Note 12)	(5,002,296)	(94,689,663)		(7, 141, 293)	(4, 421, 410)	(1, 443, 403)		(112,698,065)
At 31 December	11,511,395	123,727,074		20,096,000	38,172,597	9,417,009	I	202,924,075
Carrying amount								
At 31 December	304,741,141	201,761,109	42,853,925	20,696,198	8,915,159	3,979,823	1,945,111	584,892,466
At 1 January	392,502,940	205,195,744	23,346,229	24,885,658	8,168,054	3,553,978	401,248	658,053,851

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd) 10.
	Long term					Motor vehicles, furniture,	Assets	
Company 2019	leasehold land RM	Bear Mature RM	Bearer plants tre Immature M RM	Buildings RM	Plant and machineries RM	fixtures and under equipment construction RM RM	under nstruction RM	Total RM
Cost At 1 January (previously reported) Effect on adomicno	215,449,864	160,900,955	28,393,871	19,693,071	3,119,382	8,152,078	286,900	435,996,121
of MFRS 16	(215,449,864)	·	·	ı	·	·	ı	(215,449,864)
At 1 January (restated) Additions		160,900,955 -	28,393,871 5.674.217	19,693,071 568.366	3,119,382 383.315	8,152,078 481.930	286,900 182.335	220,546,257 7.290.163
Written off Disposal				(1,972)	(9,045) -	(79,016) (256,760)	1 1	(90,033) (256,760)
At 31 December		160,900,955	34,068,088	20,259,465	3,493,652	8,298,232	469,235	227,489,627
Accumulated depreciation								
(previously reported)	6,674,237	59,924,951	ı	8,130,815	2,931,469	5,388,681	I	83,050,153
of MFRS 16	(6,674,237)	·	ı	ı	·	·	ı	(6,674,237)
At 1 January (restated)	1	59,924,951	1	8,130,815	2,931,469	5,388,681		76,375,916
financial year		7,888,917		1,787,560	89,830	961,962	·	10,728,269
Written off Disposal		1 1	1 1	1 1	(9,044) -	(66,757) (256,759)		(75,801) (256,759)
At 31 December		67,813,868	1	9,918,375	3,012,255	6,027,127		86,771,625
Carrying amount At 31 December		93,087,087	34,068,088	10,341,090	481,397	2,271,105	469,235	140,718,002

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

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Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2019

	Long term				R	Motor vehicles, furniture,	Assets	
	leasehold	Bear	Bearer plants		Plant and	fixtures and	under	
Company 2018	land RM	Mature RM	Immature RM	Buildings RM	machineries RM	equipment construction RM RM	nstruction RM	Total RM
Cost								
At 1 January	160,811,249	135,249,971	140,493	19,440,305	3,059,021	7,493,916	ı	326,194,955
Additions	61,798,898	25,650,984	28,253,378	252,766	60,361	744,848	286,900	117,048,135
Disposal	(7, 160, 283)	I	ı	I	ı	(86,686)	ı	(7,246,969)
At 31 December	215,449,864	160,900,955	28,393,871	19,693,071	3,119,382	8,152,078	286,900	435,996,121
Accumulated								
depreciation								
At 1 January	4,081,240	52,850,312	ı	6,382,811	2,822,835	4,552,159	•	70,689,357
Charge for the								
tinancial year	2,750,422	7,074,639	ı	1,748,004	108,634	923,206	ı	12,604,905
Disposal	(157,425)	ı	ı	ı		(86,684)	ı	(244,109)
At 31 December	6,674,237	59,924,951	I	8,130,815	2,931,469	5,388,681	I	83,050,153
Carrying amount								
At 31 December	208,775,627	100,976,004	28,393,871	11,562,256	187,913	2,763,397	286,900	352,945,968
At 1 January	156,730,009	82,399,659	140,493	13,057,494	236,186	2,941,757	ı	255,505,598

10.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

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31 December 2019

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11. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Leasehold land 2019 RM
Group/Company	
At fair value	
At 1 January	-
Transferred from non-current asset held for sale (Note 21)	22,412,539
Changes in fair value	37,587,461
At 31 December	60,000,000

The fair value of the above investment property was estimated based on valuation by an independent registered valuer, which was based on market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties and, in which certain values are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size, time and location under the comparison method.

The Group uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. The valuation updated by an independent registered valuer is endorsed by the Board of Directors on an annual basis.

Fair value is determined through the comparison method using Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy of MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. Changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are reviewed.

12. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	(Company
	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Unquoted shares, at cost: At beginning of the financial year Effect on loss of control	18,400,302	20,402,481 (2,002,179)
At end of the financial year	18,400,302	18,400,302

Details of the subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

	Percentage equity held				
	Note	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018	Principal activities
Name of Subsidiaries		%	%	%	
Held by the Company					
Dawn Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd.		100.00	100.00	100.00	Oil palm plantations
B.S. Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd.		100.00	100.00	100.00	Oil palm plantations
Spectacular Potential Sdn. Bhd. *		100.00	100.00	100.00	Investment holding
Inai Prisma Sdn. Bhd. *		100.00	100.00	100.00	Dormant company
Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd. *		80.00	80.00	80.00	Oil palm plantations
F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. *		70.00	70.00	70.00	Oil palm plantations
Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.		51.00	51.00	51.00	Palm oil mill
Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company					
(Sdn.) Berhad ("KAOP") *	(a)	-	-	40.61	Oil palm plantations
Subsidiary of KAOP					
Madah Perkasa Sdn. Bhd. #*		-	-	100.00	Oil palm plantations

Wholly-owned subsidiary of KAOP

* Audited by auditors other than Moore Stephens Associates PLT

Notes to the Financial Statements **31 December 2019**

12. **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)**

Loss of control (a)

In the previous financial year, the Company had consolidated KAOP's financial statements up to 30 June 2018 based on the view that control exists by virtue that the majority of KAOP's Directors comprised the Company's Directors and management of the estates still lies with the Company. Subsequently, due to a change in the composition of KAOP's Board of Directors, KAOP was no longer deemed to be a subsidiary of the Company. However, the management of KAOP's Group of the estates still lies with the Company.

The results of the former subsidiary that have been included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and in the consolidated statement of cash flows are as follows:

	Group 1.1.2018 to 30.6.2018 RM
Results	
Revenue Expenses	25,681,583 (18,307,607)
Profit before tax Tax expense	7,373,976 (3,743,115)
Profit after tax, representing total comprehensive income	3,630,861
Cash flows from/(used in): Operating activities	7,264,033
Investing activities Financing activities	(1,152,131) (19,922,506)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(13,810,604)

There has been neither gain nor loss on derecognition of the former subsidiary resulting from loss of control as follows:

	Group Restated	Company
	30.6.2018 RM	30.6.2018 RM
Fair value of investment treated as an associate	56,716,306	2,002,179
Carrying amount of investment in the subsidiary	-	(2,002,179)
Property, plant and equipment derecognised	(166,016,077)	-
Inventories derecognised	(477,027)	-
Biological assets, at fair value derecognised	(1,596,881)	-
Receivables derecognised	(6,048,821)	-
Cash and cash equivalents derecognised	(17,618,889)	-
Current liabilities derecognised	9,931,708	-
Non-current liabilities derecognised	32,736,000	-
Non-controlling interests derecognised	92,373,681	-
Gain attributable to Owners of the Company	-	-
Net cash outflows presented as investing activities in the statement of cash flows	17,618,889	-

31 December 2019

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd) 12.

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") in subsidiaries

	Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd. RM	F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. RM	Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM	Total RM
Group					
31.12.2019					
NCI percentage of ownership					
interest and voting interest	20.00%	30.00%	49.00%	-	-
Carrying amount of NCI	4,818,460	1,031,401	29,514,809	-	35,364,670
Profit allocated to NCI	827,445	657,462	3,286,049	-	4,770,956
31.12.2018 NCI percentage of ownership					
interest and voting interest	20.00%	30.00%	49.00%	59.39%*	-
Carrying amount of NCI	4,191,015	373,939	29,168,760	-	33,733,714
Profit allocated to NCI	290,495	69,188	4,219,241	2,156,368	6,735,292
1.1.2018					
NCI percentage of ownership					
interest and voting interest	20.00%	30.00%	49.00%	59.39%	-
Carrying amount of NCI	4,600,520	304,751	28,808,269	102,049,523	135,763,063
Profit/(Loss) allocated to NCI	868,256	(279,754)	5,580,616	19,961,886	26,131,004

* Effective 1 July 2018, KAOP is no longer the Group's subsidiary. However, there is no change in the Group's equity interest in KAOP.

The summarised financial information (before intra-group eliminations) of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

	Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd. RM	F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. RM	Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. RM
Group 31.12.2019 Assets and liabilities			
Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	44,845,284 9,501,445 (18,152,347) (12,102,081)	31,072,620 4,717,120 (26,466,720) (5,885,016)	23,407,685 56,922,082 (1,883,236) (27,884,764)
Net assets	24,092,301	3,438,004	50,561,767
Net assets attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	24,092,301	3,438,004	41,268,545 9,293,222
Total net assets	24,092,301	3,438,004	50,561,767

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12. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

The summarised financial information (before intra-group eliminations) of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of each reporting period are as follows: (cont'd)

	Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd. RM	F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. RM	Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. RM
Group (cont'd) 31.12.2019			
Results			
Revenue Profits for the financial year, representing	17,726,437	9,279,308	305,512,011
total comprehensive income for the year	1,394,345	272,918	5,114,712
Profits attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	1,394,345	272,918	3,585,614 1,529,098
Profits for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	1,394,345	272,918	5,114,712
Cash flows from/(used in): - Operating activities - Investing activities - Financing activities	$\begin{array}{c} 1,951,831 \\ (1,055,488) \\ (1,062,589) \end{array}$	2,506,095 (1,225,474) (24,715)	13,435,489 (830,779) (4,580,362)
31.12.2018 Assets and liabilities Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	36,859,850 5,660,351 (8,488,000) (10,334,245)	25,575,240 2,004,414 (19,354,344) (5,060,223)	24,037,771 51,169,107 (1,839,838) (23,451,513)
Net assets	23,697,956	3,165,087	49,915,527
Net assets attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	23,697,956	3,165,087	40,679,935 9,235,592
Total net assets	23,697,956	3,165,087	49,915,527
31.12.2018 Results Revenue Profits for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	19,403,123 1,452,473	4,430,375 230,627	291,741,902 6,787,162
Profits attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	1,452,473	230,627	5,035,139 1,752,023
Profits for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	1,394,345	230,627	6,787,162
Cash flows from/(used in): - Operating activities - Investing activities - Financing activities	5,631,982 (1,062,405) (3,500,000)	2,626,771 (3,254,781)	2,216,845 (1,846,747) (5,412,083)

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12. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

The summarised financial information (before intra-group eliminations) of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of each reporting period are as follows: (cont'd)

	Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd. RM	F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. RM	Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM
Group				
1.1.2018				
Assets and liabilities				
Non-current assets	38,876,097	23,261,136	23,442,880	172,442,609
Current assets	2,848,295	2,170,687	58,005,344	40,495,926
Non-current liabilities	(8,744,000)	(17,372,779)	(1,703,538)	(32,736,000)
Current liabilities	(7,234,909)	(5,124,584)	(31,227,571)	(8,383,125)
Net assets	25,745,483	2,934,460	48,517,115	171,819,410
Net assets attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	25,745,483	2,934,460	38,644,796	171,819,410
Non-controlling interests	-	-	9,872,319	-
Total net assets	25,745,483	2,934,460	48,517,115	171,819,410

13. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

		Group	D		Company	
	31.12.2019 RM	Restated 31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
At cost Unquoted shares						
At 1 January Additions**	143,938,906	87,222,600 56,716,306	87,222,600	126,119,160	124,116,981 2,002,179	124,116,981
At 31 December Less: Accumulated	143,938,906	143,938,906	87,222,600	126,119,160	126,119,160	124,116,981
impairment loss	-	-	-	(13,683,613)	(13,683,613)	(13,683,613)
	143,938,906	143,938,906	87,222,600	112,435,547	112,435,547	110,433,368

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13. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

	Group	D () I		Company	
31.12.2019 RM	Restated 31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
372,232,112	350,735,726	*309,176,193	-	-	-
(77,129,039)	(66,575,736)	-	-	-	-
295,103,073	284,159,990	309,176,193	-	-	-
30,769,258	25,734,422	43,409,640	-	-	-
1,088,571	(68,036)	748,393	-	-	-
(11,418,430)	(4,170,000)	(2,598,500)	-	-	-
20,439,399	21,496,386	41,559,533	-	-	-
-	(10,553,303)	*(66,575,736)	-	-	-
20,439,399	10,943,083	(25,016,203)	-	-	-
315,542,472	295,103,073	284,159,990	-	_	-
459,481,378	439,041,979	371,382,590	112,435,547	112,435,547	110,433,368
	RM 372,232,112 (77,129,039) 295,103,073 30,769,258 1,088,571 (11,418,430) 20,439,399 20,439,399 315,542,472	31.12.2019 RMRestated 31.12.2018 RM 372,232,112350,735,726(77,129,039)(66,575,736)295,103,073284,159,99030,769,25825,734,4221,088,571 (11,418,430)(68,036) (4,170,000)20,439,39921,496,386-(10,553,303)20,439,39910,943,083315,542,472295,103,073	31.12.2019 RMRestated 31.12.2018 RMRestated 1.1.2018 RM 372,232,112350,735,726*309,176,193(77,129,039)(66,575,736)-295,103,073284,159,990309,176,19330,769,25825,734,42243,409,6401,088,571(68,036)748,393(11,418,430)(4,170,000)(2,598,500)20,439,39921,496,38641,559,533-(10,553,303)*(66,575,736)20,439,39910,943,083(25,016,203)315,542,472295,103,073284,159,990	31.12.2019 RMRestated 31.12.2018 RMRestated 1.1.2018 RM31.12.2019 RM 372,232,112350,735,726*309,176,193-(77,129,039)(66,575,736)(77,129,039)(66,575,736)295,103,073284,159,990309,176,193-30,769,25825,734,42243,409,640-1,088,571(68,036)748,393-(11,418,430)(4,170,000)(2,598,500)-20,439,39921,496,38641,559,533-20,439,39910,943,083(25,016,203)-315,542,472295,103,073284,159,990-	Restated 31.12.2019 RMRestated 31.12.2018 RMRestated 1.1.2018 RM31.12.2019 31.12.2019 RM31.12.2018 RM372,232,112350,735,726*309,176,193-372,232,112350,735,726*309,176,193-(77,129,039)(66,575,736)295,103,073284,159,990309,176,193-30,769,25825,734,42243,409,640-1,088,571(68,036)748,393-(11,418,430)(4,170,000)(2,598,500)-20,439,39921,496,38641,559,533-20,439,39910,943,083(25,016,203)-315,542,472295,103,073284,159,990-

* The earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable is 1.1.2018

** Additions relate to the derecognition of subsidiary, KAOP as disclosed in Note 12

(a) The details of the associates, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

		Percentage equity held			
Name of companies	Principal activities	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018	
Held by the Company					
Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad ("PPOM")	Operating of palm oil mill and oil palm plantation	40.00%	40.00%	40.00%	
Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. ("FPSB")	Manufacturing and exporting of palm oil, fatty acids and chemicals compounds or derivatives	47.17%	47.17%	47.17%	
Business & Budget Hotels (Kuantan) Sdn. Bhd. ("BBHSB")	Hotel and resort operator	36.29%	36.29%	36.29%	
КАОР	Oil palm plantations	40.61%	40.61%	-	
Held by KAOP					
Madah Perkasa Sdn. Bhd.	Oil palm plantations	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Held by the Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.					
Jaspurna Holdings Sdn. Bhd. *	Investment holding	45.00%	45.00%	45.00%	
PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd.*	Marketing of crude palm oil and management services	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%	

* Shares held by Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.

All of the financial statements of these associates were audited by auditors other than Moore Stephens Associates PLT.

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INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd) 13.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised (b) financial information represents the amounts of the financial statements of the associates and not the Group's share of those amounts.

	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad RM	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM	Others RM	Total RM
As at 31 December 2019					
Assets and liabilities					
Non-current assets	777,781,057	78,826,188	146,441,781	129,576,662	1,132,625,688
Current assets	165,855,356	102,324,544	25,424,865	23,979,687	317,584,452
Non-current liabilities	(27,301,372)	(3,879,000)	(30,738,000)	(93,822,837)	(155,741,209)
Current liabilities	(37,619,483)	(20,274,800)	(3,185,750)	(14,979,381)	(76,059,414)
Net assets Less: Share of Group's	878,715,558	156,996,932	137,942,896	44,754,131	1,218,409,517
results in associate *	(97,352,001)	-	-	-	(97,352,001)
Adjusted net assets	781,363,557	156,996,932	137,942,896	44,754,131	1,121,057,516
Year ended 31 December 2019 Results					
Revenue	183,596,687	414,437,277	49,178,581	141,728,860	788,941,405
Profit for the financial year Less: Share of Group's	47,624,343	20,464,363	11,202,383	1,590,665	80,881,754
results in associate *	(6,722,055)	-	-	-	(6,722,055)
Adjusted profit for the financial year	40,902,288	20,464,363	11,202,383	1,590,665	74,159,699
Other comprehensive income		-	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
Total comprehensive income	40,902,288	20,464,363	11,202,383	4,590,665	77,159,699
Dividend	(5,250,000)	-	(20,711,476)	(2,950,000)	(28,911,476)
As at 31 December 2018 Assets and liabilities					
Non-current assets	746,173,962	72,027,543	150,944,129	34,813,217	1,003,958,851
Current assets	117,327,927	88,646,176	32,922,737	29,456,860	268,353,700
Non-current liabilities	(4,577,288)	(500,000)	(31,332,000)	(412,768)	(36,822,056)
Current liabilities	(21,059,337)	(23,641,150)	(5,082,877)	(20,743,843)	(70,527,207)
Net assets Less: Share of Group's	837,865,264	136,532,569	147,451,989	43,113,466	1,164,963,288
results in associate *	(92,153,995)	-	-	-	(92,153,995)
Adjusted net assets	745,711,269	136,532,569	147,451,989	43,113,466	1,072,809,293

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13. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information represents the amounts of the financial statements of the associates and not the Group's share of those amounts. (cont'd)

	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad RM	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM	Others RM	Total RM
Year ended 31 December 2018 Results					
Revenue	145,282,223	354,403,402	48,767,224	148,578,580	697,031,429
Profit for the financial year Less: Share of Group's		14,430,839	11,421,915	5,661,534	41,931,269
results in associate *	(497,901)	-	-	-	(497,901)
Adjusted profit for the financial year	9,919,080	14,430,839	11,421,915	5,661,534	41,433,368
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(187,500)	(187,500)
Total comprehensive income	9,919,080	14,430,839	11,421,915	5,474,034	41,245,868
Dividend	(7,500,000)	-	-	(3,750,000)	(11,250,000)
As at 1 January 2018 Assets and liabilities Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities		753,294,897 109,061,480 (4,584,287)	74,287,460 81,742,942	33,469,846 37,405,117 (417,739)	861,052,203 228,209,539 (5,002,026)
Current liabilities		(22,814,355)	(33,928,672)	(27,672,717)	(84,415,744)
Net assets Less: Share of Group's rest	ults in associate *	834,957,735 (91,665,546)	122,101,730	42,784,507	999,843,972 (91,665,546)
Adjusted net assets		743,292,189	122,101,730	42,784,507	908,178,426

* The profit for the financial year and net assets of PPOM include an indirect share of the Group's financial results as PPOM's 44.68% owned associate, Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd., has a 23.73% equity interest in the Group. For accounting and disclosure purposes, these amounts have been excluded to arrive at the Group's share of PPOM's financial results and net assets.

(c) Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying amount of the Group's interests in associates:

	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad RM	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM	Others RM	Total RM
As at 31 December 2019 Reconciliation of net asset to carrying amount at end of the financial year Group's share of net assets, representing carrying amount in the statements of financial position	•	74,055,453	56,018,610	16,861,892	459,481,378

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INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (cont'd) 13.

(c) Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying amount of the Group's interests in associates: (cont'd)

	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad RM	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. RM	KAOP RM	Others RM	Total RM
Group's share of results for the financial year ended 31 December					
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive	16,360,915	9,653,040	4,549,287	206,016	30,769,258
income Dividend	-	-	- (8,410,930)	1,088,571	1,088,571 (11,418,430)
	(2,100,000)	-	(8,410,930)	(907,500)	(11,418,430)
Total comprehensive income	14,260,915	9,653,040	(3,861,643)	387,087	20,439,399
As at 31 December 2018 Reconciliation of net asset to carrying amount at end of the financial yea Group's share of net assets, representing carrying amount in the statements of financial position		64,402,413	59,880,253	16,474,805	439,041,979
Group's share of results for the financial year ended 31 December					
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive	3,967,632	6,807,027	*3,163,947	1,242,513	15,181,119
income Dividend	- (3,000,000)	-	-	(68,036) (1,170,000)	(68,036) (4,170,000)
Total comprehensive income	967,632	6,807,027	*3,163,947	4,477	10,943,083
		Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad RM	Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. RM	Others RM	Total RM
As at 1 January 2018 Reconciliation of net asse amount at end of the fin	nancial year				
Group's share of net assets carrying amount in the st financial position		297,316,876	57,595,386	16,470,328	371,382,590

* Share of results between 1 July 2018 and 31 December 2018, i.e. when KAOP became an associate company of the Group.

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14. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET

	◄	Group and Company Restated	→ Restated
	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018
Note	RM	RM	RM
	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
	2,269,341	2,275,738	-
35	-	(6,397)	2,275,738
	2,269,341	2,269,341	2,275,738
	730,659	730,659	724,262
	Note 35	Note RM 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,269,341 - 2,269,341 -	Note Restated 31.12.2019 RM 31.12.2018 31.12.2018 RM 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 35 2,269,341 2,275,738 - (6,397) 2,269,341 2,269,341 2,269,341

This investment does not have a quoted market price in an active market and hence, the fair value was derived based on the Group's and on the Company's share of net assets of the investee. The fair value of other investment as at 31 December 2019 was determined based on the investee's net assets reported in its audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018, representing the latest available financial information of the investee.

The fair value of the Group's and of the Company's other financial asset were within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

There were no transfers between all three levels of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year.

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Office units RM	Leasehold land RM	Lease of land RM	Total RM
Group				
Cost				
At 1 January 2019 (previously stated) Effect on adoption of MFRS 16	- 663,895	316,252,536	- 16,246,366	333,162,797
At 1 January 2019 (restated)	663,895	316,252,536	16,246,366	333,162,797
Addition	-	14,000	-	14,000
At 31 December 2019	663,895	316,266,536	16,246,366	333,176,797
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2019 (previously stated)	-	-	-	-
Effect on adoption of MFRS 16	-	11,511,395	-	11,511,395
At 1 January 2019 (restated)	-	11,511,395	-	11,511,395
Charge for the financial year	140,044	4,296,034	306,384	4,742,462
At 31 December 2019	140,044	15,807,429	306,384	16,253,857
Net carrying amount At 31 December 2019	523,851	300,459,107	15,939,982	316,922,940

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15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (cont'd)

	Office units RM	Leasehold land RM	Total RM
Company			
Cost			
At 1 January 2019 (previously stated)	-	-	-
Effect on adoption of MFRS 16	157,636	215,449,864	215,607,500
At 1 January 2019 (restated)	157,636	215,449,864	215,607,500
Addition	-	14,000	14,000
At 31 December 2019	157,636	215,463,864	215,621,500
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2019 (previously stated)	-	-	-
Effect on adoption of MFRS 16	-	6,674,237	6,674,237
At 1 January 2019 (restated)	-	6,674,237	6,674,237
Charge for the financial year	39,409	2,696,780	2,736,189
At 31 December 2019	39,409	9,371,017	9,410,426
Net carrying amount			
At 31 December 2019	118,227	206,092,847	206,211,074

16. INVENTORIES

	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Restated 1.1.2018
	RM	RM	RM
Group			
As cost			
Finished goods	4,360,875	8,929,586	9,736,278
Raw materials	114,905	134,381	54,092
Consumables	995,377	1,108,867	1,584,537
	5,471,157	10,172,834	11,374,907
Company			
As cost			
Consumables	254,666	662,338	506,739

Notes to the Financial Statements

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17. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Non-current:			
At cost - Nurseries	645 000		(11 (2)
- Nurseries	645,900	-	611,626
Current:			
At fair value			
- Unharvested FFB	4,601,052	4,649,041	4,718,525
	5,246,952	4,649,041	5,330,151
Company			
Non-current:			
At cost			
- Nurseries	409,582	-	-
Current:			
At fair value			
- Unharvested FFB	1,963,821	2,356,066	1,710,712
	2,373,403	2,356,066	1,710,712
			Restated
		31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Group			
Nurseries, at cost			
At beginning of the financial year		-	611,626
Disposal		-	(611,626)
Additions		645,900	-
At end of the financial year	_	645,900	-
Unharvested FFB, at fair value			
At beginning of the financial year		4,649,041	4,718,525
Loss of control [Note 12(a)]		-	(1,596,881)
Changes in fair value		(47,989)	1,527,397
At end of the financial year		4,601,052	4,649,041
	—	5,246,952	4,649,041

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31 December 2019

17. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (cont'd)

31.12.2019 RM	Restated 31.12.2018 RM
-	-
409,582	-
409,582	-
2,356,066	1,710,712
(392,245)	645,354
1,963,821	2,356,066
2,373,403	2,356,066
	RM 409,582 409,582 2,356,066 (392,245) 1,963,821

The biological assets have the following maturity periods:

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	Restated 1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Current: Due not later than one year	4,601,052	4,649,041	4,718,525
Non-current: More than one year	645,900	-	611,626
Company Current:			
Due not later than one year	1,963,821	2,356,066	1,710,712
Non-current:			
More than one year	409,582	-	-

The biological assets of the Group and of the Company comprise of:

(i) FFB prior to harvest (unharvested FFB)

Represents the FFB of up to 15 days prior to harvest for sale or for use in the Group's and the Company's palm product operations. During the current financial year, the Group and the Company harvested approximately 298,849 metric tonnes ("MT") of FFB (31.12.2018: 318,016 MT) and 146,946 MT of FFB (31.12.2018: 126,804 MT) respectively. The quantity of unharvested FFB of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2019 included in the fair valuation of unharvested FFB was 7,420 MT (31.12.2018: 11,789 MT) and 3,197 MT (31.12.2018: 6,044 MT) respectively.

The Group and the Company attribute a fair value on the unharvested FFB at each statements of financial position date as required under MFRS 141 Agriculture. FFB are the produce of oil palm trees and are harvested continuously throughout the financial year. Each FFB take approximately 22 weeks from pollination to reach maximum oil content to be ready for harvesting. The value of each FFB at cash point of the FFB production cycle will vary based on the cumulative oil content in each fruit.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

17. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (cont'd)

The biological assets of the Group and of the Company comprise of: (cont'd)

(i) FFB prior to harvest (unharvested FFB) (cont'd)

In determining the fair value of unharvested FFB, management uses estimates of cash flows using the expected output method and observable market price of FFB. Management has considered the oil content of all unripe FFB from the week after pollination to the week prior to harvest. As the oil content accrues exponentially in the 2 weeks prior to harvest, the FFB prior to 2 weeks before harvesting is excluded in the valuation as the fair values are considered negligible.

The fair value of the Group's and of the Company's unharvested FFB were within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

There were no transfers between all three levels of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below indicates the approximate change in the Group's and the Company's fair value of FFB that would arise if the following key estimates and assumptions adopted in the valuation model had changed at the reporting date, assuming all other estimates, assumptions and other variables remained constant.

	Increase/(Decrease) in price and volume RM	Increase/(Decrease) in fair value of biological assets RM
Group		
31.12.2019		
Selling price (RM)	10%	460,105
	(10%)	(460,105)
Production volume (MT)	10%	460,105
	(10%)	(460,105)
31.12.2018		
Selling price (RM)	10%	196,382
	(10%)	(196,382)
Production volume (MT)	10%	196,382
	(10%)	(196,382)
Company		
31.12.2019		
Selling price (RM)	10%	464,904
or or of	(10%)	(464,904)
Production volume (MT)	10%	464,904
	(10%)	(464,904)
31.12.2018		
Selling price (RM)	10%	235,607
Senning price (rail)	(10%)	(235,607)
Production volume (MT)	10%	235,607
	(10%)	(235,607)
1.1.2018		
Selling price (RM)	10%	8,296
Sening price (RW)	(10%)	(339,945)
Production volume (MT)	10%	(11,336)
	(10%)	(11,330) (165,824)
	(1078)	(103,824)

(ii) Nurseries

Nurseries represent oil palm seedlings for sale recognised at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. The fair value of these nurseries approximate to their costs as these seedlings are aged less than three months as at 31 December 2019.

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18. RECEIVABLES

		31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018
	Note	RM	RM	RM
Group				
Current				
Trade receivables	(i)	31,082,166	25,208,697	30,405,635
Other receivables		3,011,495	2,695,817	2,501,744
Deposits	(ii)	27,595,049	8,385,844	44,649,603
Prepayments		25,157	20,741	16,335
Amounts due from associates	(iii)	8,940,524	10,694,478	9,029,477
		70,654,391	47,005,577	86,602,794
Company Non-current				
Amount due from a subsidiary	(iv)	20,300,977	18,030,855	16,439,083
Current				
Trade receivables	(i)	3,636,460	6,050,491	7,054,915
Other receivables	(-)	1,632,809	1,422,142	1,185,289
Deposits	(ii)	27,517,951	8,314,654	44,581,931
Prepayments		16,707	2,083	2,783
Dividend receivables		-	7,200,600	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries	(iv)	20,089,492	20,797,312	16,893,632
Amounts due from associates	(iii)	3,297,232	2,203,663	-
		56,190,651	45,990,945	69,718,550
		76,491,628	64,021,800	86,157,633

(i) <u>Trade receivables</u>

Credit term of trade receivables granted by the Group and the Company is 30 days (31.12.2018: 30 days, 1.1.2018: 30 days).

(ii) <u>Deposits</u>

Included in both the Group's and the Company's deposits are:

- (a) RM7,359,840 (31.12.2018: RM7,359,840, 1.1.2018: RM7,565,110) paid to Pengarah Tanah dan Galian Pahang and Pentadbir Tanah Daerah Pekan for the alienation of 1,132.2 acres (31.12.2018: 1,132.2 acres, 1.1.2018: 1,163.8 acres) of land;
- (b) RM Nil (31.12.2018: RM Nil, 1.1.2018: RM36,223,326) paid for the proposed purchase of a new estate. The purchase of the said estate was completed in 2018; and
- (c) RM18,671,800 paid to Harn Len Corporation Berhad during the financial year for the purchase of oil palm plantation land measured at 5,249.7 acres with an oil palm mill.

(iii) Amounts due from associates

The amounts due from associates are trade in nature which are collectible within the normal credit period.

(iv) Amounts due from subsidiaries

The amounts due from subsidiaries are advances, which are unsecured, free of interest and refundable on demand except for RM20,300,977 (31.12.2018: RM18,030,855, 1.1.2018: RM16,439,083), which is collectible in 2 to 4 years (31.12.2018: 2 to 4 years, 1.1.2018: 2 to 4 years) bearing an average interest of approximately 3.01% per annum (31.12.2018: 3.58%, 1.1.2018: 4.05%).

Notes to the Financial Statements

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18. RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Company			
Non-current			
- later than 1 year and not later than 4 years	21,656,660	19,354,343	17,372,779
Current			
- not later than 1 year	20,884,228	21,526,902	17,675,164
	42,540,888	40,881,245	35,047,943
Less accretion:	· · · ·		
At January	2,053,078	1,715,228	2,021,070
Initial recognition	826,931	1,119,382	592,399
Credited to profit or loss	(729,590)	(781,532)	(898,241)
At December	2,150,419	2,053,078	1,715,228
	40,390,469	38,828,167	33,332,715
Present value:			
- not later than 1 year	20,089,492	20,797,312	16,893,632
- later than 1 year and not later than 4 years	20,300,977	18,030,855	16,439,083
	40,390,469	38,828,167	33,332,715
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT			
SHOKI-LEKIVI INVESTIVIEN I			
	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018
	RM	RM	RM

	KIVI	KM	KIVI
Group			
Investment in unit trust fund in Malaysia			
at fair value through profit or loss	-	3,466,767	3,349,406

The investment represents investments in highly liquid money market instruments and deposits with financial institutions in Malaysia. This short-term investment is subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. The distribution income from this investment is tax exempted.

20. DEPOSITS, CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Deposits with licensed banks	18,338,152	14,385,051	22,361,544
Deposit with other corporation	-	-	2,000,000
Cash and bank balances	27,066,469	20,237,061	117,453,882
	45,404,621	34,622,112	141,815,426
Company			
Deposits with licensed banks	12,980,000	6,000,000	-
Cash and bank balances	306,745	3,652,486	80,706,420
	13,286,745	9,652,486	80,706,420

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31 December 2019

20. DEPOSITS, CASH AND BANK BALANCES (cont'd)

The effective weighted average interest/profit rates (per annum) of the deposits at the end of the financial year were as follows:

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Deposit with other corporation	-	-	3.30%
Deposits with licensed banks	2.98%	3.16%	2.99%
Company			
Deposits with licensed banks	3.30%	3.37%	-

As at 31 December 2019, the deposits of the Group and of the Company have maturity periods between 30 to 90 days (31.2.2018: 30 to 90 days, 1.1.2018: 30 to 90 days).

21. NON-CURRENT ASSET HELD FOR SALE

	Lease	hold land
	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Group/Company		
Valuation		
At 1 January	22,412,539	22,412,539
Transferred to investment property (Note 11)	(22,412,539)	-
At 31 December	-	22,412,539

In the previous financial year, the non-current asset held for sale of the Group and of the Company was in respect of a leasehold land measuring at 8.8 hectares located at Bandar Indera Mahkota, Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur ("leasehold land"). The leasehold land was presented as a non-current asset held for sale following the commitments of the Group's and of the Company's management to a plan to sell the leasehold land and that efforts to sell the leasehold land had commenced. However, such plan had ceased as at 31 December 2019.

22. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company			
	31.12.2019 Units	31.12.2018 Units	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Ordinary shares Issued and fully paid At beginning of the year	593,837,985	141,390,000	197,945,995	141,390,000
Bonus issue	-	56,555,995	-	56,555,995
	593,837,985	197,945,995	197,945,995	197,945,995
Subdivision	-	395,891,990	-	-
At end of the year	593,837,985	593,837,985	197,945,995	197,945,995

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and is entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

On 16 August 2018, the Company issued a bonus issue of 56,555,995 ordinary shares and upon completion of the bonus issue, the enlarged share capital was subsequently subdivided by way of 1 ordinary share to 3 ordinary shares from 197,945,995 shares to 593,837,985 shares after the subdivision.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. SHARE PREMIUM

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
At beginning of the financial year	-	46,852,783	46,852,783
Bonus issue	-	(46,852,783)	-
At end of the financial year	-	-	46,852,783
Company			
At beginning of the financial year	-	44,947,244	44,947,244
Bonus issue	-	(44,947,244)	-
At end of the financial year		-	44,947,244

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM
83,127,468	115,535,168
-	(32,736,000)
4,058,845	328,300
87,186,313	83,127,468
40,575,000	39,222,000
4,804,576	1,353,000
45,379,576	40,575,000
	RM 83,127,468 4,058,845 87,186,313 40,575,000 4,804,576

Presented after appropriate offsetting:

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Deferred tax asset	-	(4,000)	-
Deferred tax liabilities	87,186,313	83,131,468	115,535,168
	87,186,313	83,127,468	115,535,168

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31 December 2019

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (cont'd)

This is in respect of estimated deferred tax (asset) and liabilities arising from temporary differences as follows:

31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
		I.UI
-	(4,000)	-
82,324,132	83,044,468	115,448,168
4,862,181	87,000	87,000
87,186,313	83,131,468	115,535,168
87,186,313	83,127,468	115,535,168
41,149,513	40,575,000	39,222,000
4,230,063	-	-
45,379,576	40,575,000	39,222,000
	RM 82,324,132 4,862,181 87,186,313 87,186,313 41,149,513 4,230,063	RM RM - (4,000) 82,324,132 83,044,468 4,862,181 87,000 87,186,313 83,131,468 87,186,313 83,127,468 41,149,513 40,575,000 4,230,063 -

25. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Group RM	Company RM
2019		
Current	253,002	52,516
Non-current	16,439,951	68,541
Total lease liabilities	16,692,953	121,057
Minimum lease payments		
- not later than 1 year	952,014	57,600
- later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3,472,131	72,000
- More than 5 years	36,384,688	-
	40,808,833	129,600
Less: unexpired finance charges	(24,115,880)	(8,543)
	16,692,953	121,057
Present value of lease liabilities		
- not later than 1 year	253,002	52,516
- later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	775,593	68,541
- More than 5 years	15,664,358	-
	16,692,953	121,057

Notes to the Financial Statements

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25. LEASE LIABILITIES (cont'd)

The movement of lease liabilities during the financial year are as follows:

	Group RM	Company RM
At 1 January 2019	-	-
Effect on MFRS 16 adoption	16,910,261	157,636
Accretion of interest charge	705,906	6,621
Payment of:		
- principal	(217,308)	(36,579)
- interest	(705,906)	(6,621)
At 31 December 2019	16,692,953	121,057

Interest rate per annum as at the reporting date for the lease liabilities are as follows:

	Group RM	Company RM
2019 Lease liabilities	4.20%	4.20%

26. PAYABLES

		31.12.2019	31.12.2018	1.1.2018
	Note	RM	RM	RM
Group				
Trade payables	(i)	14,702,524	16,731,397	20,541,659
Other payables		3,858,452	4,699,747	8,887,092
Deposits		1,529,380	27,880	107,871
Accruals		6,356,512	5,953,027	8,331,762
Amounts due to associates	(ii)	204,529	221,184	411,377
Amounts due to related companies	(iii)	6,225,806	-	-
Dividend payable		-	5,938,380	-
		32,877,203	33,571,615	38,279,761
Company				
Trade payables	(i)	1,030,264	1,644,899	952,976
Other payables		318,969	512,614	4,445,781
Deposits		1,511,380	9,880	60,360
Accruals		2,690,450	2,327,545	2,600,655
Amounts due to subsidiaries	(iv)	-	997,713	85,346
Amounts due to associates	(ii)	6,443	6,375	-
Amounts due to related companies	(iii)	2,413,466	-	-
Dividend payable		-	5,938,380	-
		7,970,972	11,437,406	8,145,118

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31 December 2019

26. PAYABLES (cont'd)

(i) <u>Trade payables</u> The Group's and the Company's normal trade credit terms range from 30 to 90 days (31.12.2018: 30 to 90 days, 1.1.2018: 30 to 90 days). Other credit terms are assessed on a case-by-case basis.

- (ii) <u>Amounts due to associates</u> The amounts due to associate are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and are expected to be settled in cash.
- (iii) <u>Amounts due to related companies</u> The amounts due to related companies are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and are expected to be settled in cash.
- (iv) <u>Amounts due to subsidiaries</u> The amounts due to subsidiaries are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and are expected to be settled in cash.

27. HIRE PURCHASE CREDITOR

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Payable within one year			
Future minimum lease payments	-	-	25,120
Less: Future finance charges	-	-	(1,787)
Total present value of minimum lease payments	-	-	23,333

The Group's effective interest rate on the hire purchase creditor for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 was at 2.55% per annum.

28. RELATED PARTIES

Identify of related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group and to the Company if the Group and the Company have the ability to directly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Group and the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Other related parties and their relationship are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationship</u>
- PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd.	Associate of Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.
- Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.	Associate of Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.
- Rompin Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd. ("RPOM")	Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad ("PPOM") holds 30% equity in RPOM
- Endau Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd. ("EPOM")	PTSB holds 32% equity in EPOM
- Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd. ("PTSB")	Substantial shareholder of the Company
 Prosper Palm Oil Products Marketing Sdn. Bhd. ("PPOPM") 	PPOM holds 30% equity interest in PPOPM
- Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd.	51% subsidiary of Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.
- Koperasi Serbausaha Makmur Berhad	Shareholder of Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd.
- LKPP Corporation Sendirian Berhad	Shareholder of the Company
- Merchong Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd.	Common Director

31 December 2019

28. RELATED PARTIES (cont'd)

Related party transactions

The Group and the Company have related party relationships with its subsidiaries, associates, related companies, Directors and key management personnel. Related companies refer to companies in which certain Directors of the Company have substantial financial interests and/or are also Directors of the companies. The related party balances are shown in Notes 18 and 26 respectively. The related party transactions of the Group and of the Company are disclosed as follows:

	Со	mpany
	2019 RM	2018 RM
Transactions with subsidiaries:		
Dividend income		
- Dawn Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	3,780,315	9,000,750
- B.S. Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	4,680,390	11,700,975
- Far East Delima Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	800,000	2,800,000
- Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.	1,530,000	1,530,000
- Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad	-	8,090,296
Sale of FFB		
- Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.	13,829,614	14,669,911

	Gi	roup	Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Transactions with associates:				
Dividend income				
- PPOM	-	-	2,100,000	3,000,000
- Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad	-	-	8,410,930	-
Sale of FFB				
- PPOM	3,530,773	-	3,530,773	-
Purchase of FFB				
- PPOM	57,957	21,258	-	-
Sale of crude palm oil and palm kernel				
- Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd.	134,586,444	98,462,487	-	-
- PPOM	6,393,238	7,382,442	-	-
Purchase of crude palm oil and palm kernel				
- PPOM	6,894,144	2,589,192	-	-
Management fee payable to				
- PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd.	2,521,400	3,289,300	-	-
Transactions with related parties:				
Sale of FFB				
- RPOM	13,787,894	12,995,370	-	-
- LKPP Corporation Sendirian Berhad	1,055,203	1,047,107	1,055,203	1,047,107
- Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.	16,305,524	36,177,863	16,305,524	19,139,911
- EPOM	2,350,906	12,196,364	-	-
- Merchong Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd.	11,892,796	-	-	-

31 December 2019

28. **RELATED PARTIES** (cont'd)

Related party transactions (cont'd)

	Group		Co	mpany
	2019 RM	2018 RM	2019 RM	2018 RM
Transactions with related parties: (cont'd) Purchase of FFB				
- Koperasi Serbausaha Makmur Berhad	102,302,038	108,083,020	-	-
Sale of crude palm oil and palm kernel				
- PTSB	30,694,525	45,476,890	-	-
- PPOPM	4,026,453	18,146,174	-	-
- EPOM	11,235,966	5,944,396	-	-
- RPOM	7,093,001	10,716,972	-	-
- Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.	1,308,735	12,468,710	-	-
Purchase of crude palm oil and palm kernel				
- EPOM	29,681,042	15,200,410	-	-
- RPOM	8,133,552	7,211,413	-	-
- Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd.	4,534,506	1,386,012	-	-
Purchase of fertilizer				
- PTSB	-	5,410,950	-	1,807,715

Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and of the Company either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors and certain members of senior management of the Group and of the Company.

Remuneration paid by the Group and the Company to key management personnel during the financial year has been disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

29. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

No segmental reporting has been prepared as the Group activities are predominantly in plantation related activities, which are carried out in Malaysia.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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30. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditures not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Authorised by the Directors and				
not contracted for	50,311,688	50,163,427	38,212,147	34,950,773
Analysed as follows:				
- property, plant and equipment	12,427,308	12,586,882	2,606,208	2,656,950
- oil palm plantation development	12,934,380	12,176,545	10,655,939	6,893,823
- acquisition of land	24,950,000	25,400,000	24,950,000	25,400,000
	50,311,688	50,163,427	38,212,147	34,950,773
Authorised by the Directors and				
contracted for	165,221,337	1,897,363	164,968,510	827,463
Analysed as follows:				
- property, plant and equipment	529,977	1,897,363	277,150	827,463
- acquisition of land	164,691,360	-	164,691,360	-
	165,221,337	1,897,363	164,968,510	827,463

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Financial assets			
Amortised cost			
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	61,688,710	36,290,358	77,556,982
Amounts due from associates	8,940,524	10,694,478	9,029,477
Deposits, cash and bank balances	45,404,621	34,622,112	141,815,426
	116,033,855	81,606,948	228,401,885
Fair value through profit or loss			
Short-term investment	-	3,466,767	3,349,406
Fair value through other comprehensive income			
Other financial asset	730,659	730,659	724,262
Total financial assets	116,764,514	85,804,374	232,475,553

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31 December 2019

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Categories of financial instruments (cont'd)

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows: (cont'd)

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group			
Financial liabilities			
Amortised cost			
Trade and other payables (excluding accruals)	20,090,356	27,397,404	29,536,622
Amounts due to associates	204,529	221,184	411,377
Amounts due to related companies	6,225,806	-	-
Hire purchase creditor	-	-	23,333
Total financial liabilities	26,520,691	27,618,588	29,971,332
Company			
Financial assets			
Amortised cost			
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	32,787,220	15,787,287	52,822,135
Amounts due from subsidiaries	40,390,469	38,828,167	33,332,715
Amounts due from associates	3,297,232	2,203,663	-
Dividends receivables	-	7,200,600	-
Deposits, cash and bank balances	13,286,745	9,652,486	80,706,420
	89,761,666	73,672,203	166,861,270
Fair value through other comprehensive income			
Other financial asset	730,659	730,659	724,262
Total financial assets	90,492,325	74,402,862	167,585,532
Financial liabilities			
Amortised cost			
Trade and other payables (excluding accruals)	2,860,613	8,105,773	5,459,117
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	997,713	85,346
Amounts due to associates	6,443	6,375	-
Amounts due to related companies	2,413,466	-	-
Total financial liabilities	5,280,522	9,109,861	5,544,463

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's and the Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks which include credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's and the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Group and of the Company. Management continually monitors the Group's and the Company's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in the market conditions and the Group's and the Company's activities.

There have been no changes to the Group's and the Company's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

31 December 2019

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (cont'd)

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its receivables (which consist of trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates and amounts due from related companies). For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances and fixed deposits with licensed banks), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties. There are no significant changes as compared to prior periods.

Trade receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit risk is minimised and monitored via strictly limiting the Group's and the Company's associations to business partners with good credit rating. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether any of the trade receivables are credit impaired.

There are no significant changes as compared to previous financial year.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As the Group and the Company do not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets as at the end of the reporting period.

Concentration of credit risk

The Group and the Company determine concentration of credit risk by monitoring the profiles of its receivables on an ongoing basis.

As at 31 December 2019, the Group and the Company have significant concentration of credit risk arising from the amount owing by 6 customer (31.12.2018: 6 customers, 1.1.2018: 7 customers) constituting 71% (31.12.2018: 73%, 1.1.2018: 74%) and 2 customers (31.12.2018: 2 customers, 1.1.2018: 2 customers) constituting 66% (31.12.2018: 76%, 1.1.2018: 65%) of gross trade receivables of the Group and of the Company respectively.

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

The Group and the Company have applied the simplified approach in MFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group and the Company determine the ECL on these items by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of these assets is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

The Group and the Company will initiate appropriate debt recovery procedures on past due balances which are monitored by the sales management team. Where necessary, the Group and the Company will also commence legal proceeding against the customers.

Loss rates are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency.

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31 December 2019

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (cont'd)

(a) Credit risk (cont'd)

Trade receivables (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experienced over the prior years. The Group and the Company also consider differences between (a) economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, (b) current conditions and (c) the Group's and the Company's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Nevertheless, the Group and the Company believe that these factors are immaterial for the purpose of impairment calculation for the year.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade receivables as at reporting date which are grouped together as they are expected to have similar risk nature.

	31.12.2019 RM	31.12.2018 RM	1.1.2018 RM
Group Not past due nor impaired	30,895,092	25,208,697	30,405,635
Past due but not impaired: Less than 30 days 31 days to 60 days	95,581 91,493 187,074 31,082,166		
Company Not past due nor impaired	3,449,386	6,050,491	7,054,915
Past due: Less than 30 days 31 days to 60 days	95,581 91,493 187,074		-
	3,636,460	6,050,491	7,054,915

Receivables that are past due not impaired

The Group has not provided for these trade receivables as there has been no significant changes in their credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable which are not past due for more than 365 days.

Other receivables and deposits

Credit risk on other receivables and deposits are mainly arising from deposits paid for leasehold lands and a mill. These deposits paid for leasehold lands and mill will be capitalised in property, plant and equipment upon transfer of land titles. The Group and the Company manage the credit risk together with the terms of the purchase agreement and other supplementary arrangements.

Other receivables and deposits are neither past due nor impaired. The Group and the Company believe that generally no allowance for doubtful debts is necessary in respect of other receivables and deposits that are neither past due nor impaired as these receivables and deposits are mainly arising from debtors that have good records of payment in the past.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (cont'd)

(a) Credit risk (cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks and financial institutions. As at the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position. These banks and financial institutions have low credit risks. Hence, a loss allowance is not necessary.

Intercompany loans and advances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Trade

Intercompany receivable (trade) represents amounts outstanding arising from sales of goods.

In arriving at loss allowance, the same assumptions as trade receivables have been applied. As a result, management was of the view that there is no indication of impairment loss in respect of amounts due from associates, related companies and subsidiaries as at the reporting date.

Non-trade

The Company provides unsecured loans and advances to its subsidiaries. The Company monitors the ability of these subsidiaries to repay the loans and advances on an individual basis.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position. Loans and advances provided are not secured by any collateral or supported by any other credit enhancements.

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

Intercompany loans with Company are repayable on demand. For loans that are repayable on demand, expected credit losses are assessed based on the assumption that repayment of the loan is demanded at the reporting date.

Generally, the Group and the Company consider loans and advances to subsidiaries to have low credit risk. The Group and the Company assume that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Group and the Company are able to determine the timing of payments of the subsidiaries' loans and advances when they are payable, the Group and the Company consider a subsidiary's loan or advance to be credit impaired when the subsidiary is unlikely to repay its loan or advances to the Group and to the Company in full given insufficient highly liquid resources when the loan is demanded.

The Group and the Company determine the probability of default for these loans and advances individually using internal information available.

As at the year end, there were no indications of impairment loss in respect of amounts due from associates, related companies and subsidiaries (non-trade).

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31 December 2019

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations when they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from various payables and lease liabilities.

The Group and the Company actively manage its operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met.

The table below summarises the maturity profiles of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	Carrying amount RM	Contractual cash flows RM	On demand or within 1 year RM	1 to 2 years RM	2 to 5 years RM
Group 21, 12, 2010					
31.12.2019 Trade and other payables	18,560,976	18,560,976	18,560,976		
Deposits	1,529,380	1,529,380	1,529,380	-	-
Accruals	6,356,512	6,356,512	6,356,512	-	-
Amounts due to associates Amounts due to	204,529	204,529	204,529	-	-
related companies	6,225,806	6,225,806	6,225,806	-	-
Lease liabilities	16,692,953	40,808,833	952,014	3,472,131	36,384,688
	49,570,156	73,686,036	33,829,217	3,472,131	36,384,688
31.12.2018					
Trade and other payables	27,369,524	27,369,524	27,369,524	-	-
Deposits	27,880	27,880	27,880	-	-
Amounts due to associates	221,184	221,184	221,184	-	-
Accruals	5,953,027	5,953,027	5,953,027	-	-
	33,571,615	33,571,615	33,571,615	-	-
1.1.2018					
Trade and other payables	29,428,751	29,428,751	29,428,751	-	-
Deposits	107,871	107,871	107,871	-	-
Amounts due to associates	411,377	411,377	411,377	-	-
Accruals	8,331,762	8,331,762	8,331,762	-	-
Hire purchase creditor	23,333	25,120	25,120	-	-
	38,303,094	38,304,881	38,304,881	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements **31 December 2019**

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (cont'd)

Liquidity risk (cont'd) (b)

The table below summarises the maturity profiles of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted cash flows: (cont'd)

	On demand				
	Carrying	Contractual	or within	1 to 2	2 to 5
	amount	. 8	1 year	years RM	years RM
	RM		RM		
Company					
31.12.2019					
Trade and other payables	1,349,233	1,349,233	1,349,233	-	-
Deposits	1,511,380	1,511,380	1,511,380	-	-
Accruals	2,690,450	2,690,450	2,690,450	-	-
Amounts due to associates	6,443	6,443	6,443	-	-
Amounts due to					
related companies	2,413,466	2,413,466	2,413,466	-	-
Lease liabilities	121,057	129,600	57,600	72,000	-
-	8,092,029	8,100,572	8,028,572	72,000	-
31.12.2018					
Trade and other payables	8,095,893	8,095,893	2,157,513	_	_
Deposits	9,880	9,880	9,880	_	-
Amounts due to subsidiaries	997,713	997,713	997,713	-	-
Amounts due to associate	6,375	6,375	6,375	-	-
Accruals	2,327,545	2,327,545	2,327,545	-	-
-	11,437,406	11,437,406	7,646,659	-	-
-					
1.1.2018 Trade and other payables	5,398,757	5,398,757	5,398,757		
Deposits	60,360	60,360	60,360	-	-
Amounts due to subsidiaries	85,346	85,346	85,346	-	-
Accruals	2,600,655	2,600,655	2,600,655	-	-
	2,000,033	2,000,033	2,000,055	-	-
	8,145,118	8,145,118	8,145,118	-	-
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FAIR VALUE INFORMATION 32.

Assets and liabilities carried at fair value

The fair value measurement hierarchies used to measure non-financial assets at fair values in the statements of financial position are disclosed in Notes 11, 14 and 17.

There was no material transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the financial year.

31 December 2019

32. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (cont'd)

Financial instrument other than those carried at fair value

Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

The carrying amounts of short-term receivables and payables and cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments and insignificant impact of discounting.

The carrying amount of amount due from a subsidiary approximates its fair value as the market interest rate on initial recognition is approximately the same as the current market interest rate.

There was no material transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the financial year.

33. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's and the Company's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Group and the Company monitor and maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements.

There were no changes in the Group's and the Company's approaches to capital management during the financial year.

The Group and the Company are in compliance with all externally imposed capital requirements. As at the reporting date, the Group and the Company do not have any borrowings.

34. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 29 April 2019, the Company entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with Harn Len Corporation Berhad to acquire 2,124.5 hectares (equivalent to 5,249.7 acres) of an oil palm plantation land and a palm oil mill located in Mukim Keratong, District of Rompin, Pahang for a total purchase consideration of RM182,990,400.

The approval in principle for the transfer of the said land had been obtained from Pahang State Executive Council Members on 4 March 2020. As at to date, the transaction has not been completed as the conditions precedent has not been fulfilled yet.

35. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

The external auditors had conducted a review of the opening balances in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing 510 *Initial Audit Engagements - Opening Balances*. Based on the findings of this review and the re-assessment by the Directors, the prior years' financial information had been restated to reflect corrections as follows:

- (a) Over statement of share of profit of associates;
- (b) Reclassification of land held for disposal, which was previously included under non-current assets to its separate category of non-current asset held for sale in line with in line with MFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*;
- (c) Change of subsequent measurement of other financial asset from cost to fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

35. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (cont'd)

The following are the changes in the comparative figures due to the prior year adjustments:

	As previously reported RM	Prior year adjustments RM	As restated RM
Group			
1 January 2018			
Statement of financial position			
Non-current assets			
Investments in associates	437,958,326	(66,575,736)	371,382,590
Land held for disposal	22,412,539	(22,412,539)	-
Other financial asset	3,000,000	(2,275,738)	724,262
Current asset			
Non-current asset held for sale	-	22,412,539	22,412,539
Statement of changes in equity			
Retained earnings	882,860,656	(68,851,474)	814,009,182
31 December 2018			
Statement of comprehensive income			
Share of profit after tax of associates	25,734,422	(10,553,303)	15,181,119
Fair value gain on other investment	-	6,397	6,397
Statement of financial position			
Non-current assets			
Investments in associates	516,171,018	(77,129,039)	439,041,979
Land held for disposal	22,412,539	(22,412,539)	-
Other financial asset	3,000,000	(2,269,341)	730,659
Current asset			
Non-current asset held for sale	-	22,412,539	22,412,539
Statement of cash flows			
Operating activities			
Share of profit after tax of associates	(25,734,422)	10,553,303	(15,181,119)
Statement of changes in equity			
Retained earnings	889,445,509	(79,398,380)	810,047,129
Company			
1 January 2018			
Statement of financial position			
Non-current assets	22 412 522	(00 410 500)	
Land held for disposal Other financial asset	22,412,539	(22,412,539)	-
	3,000,000	(2,275,738)	724,262
<u>Current asset</u> Non-current asset held for sale		22 112 520	22 112 520
ivon-current asset neiù ioi sale	-	22,412,539	22,412,539

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31 December 2019

35. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (cont'd)

The following are the changes in the comparative figures due to the prior year adjustments: (cont'd)

	As previously reported RM	Prior year adjustments RM	As restated RM
Company 31 December 2018 Statement of financial position Non-current assets Land held for disposal Other financial asset	22,412,539 3,000,000	(22,412,539) (2,269,341)	730,659
<u>Current asset</u> Non-current asset held for sale	-	22,412,539	22,412,539
Statement of comprehensive income Fair value gain on other investment		6,397	6,397

36. COMPARATIVES FIGURES

(i) Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation as follows:

	As previously reported RM	As reclassified RM
Group		
1 January 2018		
Statement of financial position		
Non-current assets		(11 (2)
Biological assets	-	611,626
Current assets		
Inventories	11,986,533	11,374,907
31 December 2018		
Statement of financial position		
Current liabilities		
Payables	27,633,235	33,571,615
Dividend payable	5,938,380	
Statement of comprehensive income		
Other operating income	11,819,999	11,073,754
Employee benefits expense	(16,631,869)	(21,843,305)
Other operating expenses	(21,626,069)	(16,414,633)
Statement of cash flows		
Operating activities		
Profit for the financial year attributable to Owners of the Company	60,354,150	-
Profit before tax	-	72,153,291
Non-controlling interests	6,735,292	-
Tax expense	15,617,152	-
Changes in working capital:		
- receivables	34,214,401	34,198,853

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

36. COMPARATIVES FIGURES (cont'd)

(i) Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation as follows: (cont'd)

	As previously reported RM	As reclassified RM
Company		
1 January 2018		
Statement of financial position		
Non-current assets		
Amount due from a subsidiary	-	17,372,779
Current assets		
Receivables	86,157,633	68,784,854
Statement of financial position		
Non-current assets		
Amount due from a subsidiary	-	19,354,344
Current assets		
Receivables	64,021,800	44,667,456
Current liabilities		
Payables	27,633,235	33,571,615
Dividend payable	5,938,380	-
Statement of comprehensive income	701 520	
Amortisation of amount due from a subsidiary	781,532	-
Loss on initial recognition of amount due from a subsidiary	(1,119,382)	-
Employee benefits expense Other operating expenses	(3,587,534) (5,374,927)	(6,120,795) (2,841,666)
Finance income	(3,374,927) 922,082	1,703,614
Finance cost		(1,119,382)
Statement of cash flows		
Operating activities		
Profit for the financial year attributable to Owners of the Company	54,555,148	_
Profit before tax	-	59,930,878
Property, plant and equipment		0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
- written off	1	-
Loss on initial recognition	1,119,382	-
Amortisation of receivable	(781,532)	-
Finance cost	-	1,119,382
Finance income	(922,082)	(1,703,614)
Tax expense	5,375,730	-
Changes in working capital:		
- receivables	33,117,326	21,792,306
- subsidiaries	(7,123,703)	-
- payables	(3,558,459)	(2,646,092)
Investing activities		
Property, plant and equipment	(120.221.400)	(117.049.125)
- purchase	(120,331,409)	(117,048,135)

(ii) The comparative figures were audited by a firm of chartered accountants other than Moore Stephens Associates PLT.
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Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2019

37. SIGNIFICANT EVENT SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Since early 2020, the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic had severely impacted many economies around the world, causing many affected countries to introduce various measures of lockdown and movement restrictions, resulting in a severe slowdown in business activities and travel globally. The Government of Malaysia had enforced the first phase of Movement Control Order ("MCO") to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, social distancing and closures of non-essential services, which was effected from 18 March 2020 and had been subsequently extended to the fourth phase up until 12 May 2020. As palm oil is mainly used for essential items such as food and fuel, the Government of Malaysia has allowed the industry, namely plantations, mills and refineries, to be exempted during the MCO with companies being allowed to continue to operate with certain restrictions and conditions.

Since these developments occurred subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the COVID-19 pandemic is treated as a nonadjusting event in accordance with MFRS 110 Events after the Reporting Period and therefore, judgements and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 do not reflect the effects arising from this non-adjusting event.

The Directors of the Group and of the Company ("the Directors") had performed assessments and carefully considered the potential impact of COVID-19 on the Group's and on the Company's operations and financials, which include amongst others the slowing down of demand for edible oils, volatility of CPO and PK prices, lower share of profits from the associates, rising operation costs, higher wages and labour shortages. In view of the duration and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic remains unclear as at the date of the authorisation of the financial statements, the Directors are unable to quantify the potential financial impact of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ending 31 December 2020. The Group and the Company will only recognise the financial impact arisen from the uncertainties caused by the COVID-19 pandemic in the financial year ending 31 December 2020.



SHAREHOLDINGS STRUCTURE

As at 18 May 2020

DISTRIBUTION TABLE A

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Holders	%	No. of Shares	%	
Less than 100	31	1.74	650	0.00	
100 - 1,000	168	9.43	120,338	0.02	
1,001 - 10,000	862	48.40	5,900,478	0.99	
10,001 - 100,000	591	33.19	17,782,359	2.99	
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	124	6.96	214,465,940	36.12	
5% and above of issue shares	5	0.28	355,568,220	59.88	
TOTAL	1,781	100.00	593,837,985	100.00	

DISTRIBUTION TABLE ACCORDING TO CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDERS

Category of Holder No. of Holders		rs	No. of Securities			%				
		Malaysian			Malaysian			Malaysian		
		Bumi	Non- Bumi	Foreign	Bumi	Non-Bumi	Foreign	Bumi	Non- Bumi	Foreign
1	Individuals	105	1,441	22	19,969,120	84,982,255	599,196	3.36	14.31	0.10
2	Body Corporate									
	 a. Banks/Finance Companies b. Investment Trusts/ Foundation/ Charities c. Other Types of Companies 	4 0 10	0 0 34	0 0 0	141,120 0 76,167,636	0 0 235,930,344	0 0 0	0.02 0.00 12.83	0.00 0.00 39.73	0.00 0.00 0.00
3	Government Agencies/ Institutions	2	0	0	151,591,020	0	0	25.53	0.00	0.00
4	Nominees	90	64	9	22,244,254	1,563,820	648,220	3.75	0.26	0.11
5	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total	211	1,539	31	270,113,150	322,476,419	1,247,416	45.49	54.30	0.21

Shareholdings Structure As at 18 May 2020

LIST OF THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	%
1	Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian Negeri Pahang	149,523,360	25.18
2	Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd.	96,828,480	16.31
3	Hikmat Elit Sdn. Bhd.	41,196,540	6.94
4	LKPP Corporation Sendirian Berhad	34,861,176	5.87
5	Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd.	33,158,664	5.58
6	Fokas Sehati Sdn. Bhd.	19,579,740	3.30
7	Azimat Pelangi Sdn. Bhd.	18,197,880	3.06
8	Deluxe Era Sdn. Bhd.	14,649,820	2.47
9	Hikmat Elit Sdn. Bhd.	13,747,020	2.31
10	Kamaruddin bin Mohammed	11,340,000	1.91
11	Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd.	10,935,120	1.84
12	Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account For Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	10,887,240	1.83
13	Mergeboom (M) Sdn. Bhd.	10,567,200	1.78
14	Tee Cheng Hua	8,762,200	1.48
15	Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account For Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	8,190,000	1.38
16	Budi-JS Plantation Management Sdn. Berhad	7,002,240	1.18
17	Mergeboom (M) Sdn. Bhd.	4,935,000	0.83
18	Han Kee Juan	4,121,040	0.69
19	Tee Ching Chan	3,720,280	0.63
20	Tee Cheng Hu	3,038,280	0.51
21	Amanah Saham Pahang Berhad	2,982,420	0.50
22	Tee Lip Hian	2,883,720	0.49
23	Tee Chain Yee	2,835,000	0.48
24	Tee Lip Sin	2,313,780	0.39
25	Tee Lip Jen	2,183,580	0.37
26	Nowawi Bin Abdul Rahman	2,169,600	0.37
27	Tee Lip Chuan	2,132,340	0.35
28	Kalsom Binti Ahmad	2,100,000	0.35
29	Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Selangor	2,067,660	0.35
30	Liow Boon Seng	2,007,600	0.34
	TOTAL	528,916,980	89.07

* Paid-up Capital as at 18 May 2020 was 593,837,985 unit ordinary shares



Shareholdings Structure As at 18 May 2020

INFORMATION OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (EXCLUDING BARE TRUSTEES)

			Direct	Holdings
Nos.	Names of Substantial Shareholders		No.	%
1	PERBADANAN KEMAJUAN PERTANIAN NEGERI PAHAN	G		
	Share held through:-			
	Own Account - CDS No. 087-007-057838492		149,523,360	25.18
		Total shares and %	149,523,360	25.18
2	PROSPER TRADING SDN. BHD.			
	Share held through:-			
	Own Account - CDS No. 068-009-050705219		33,158,664	5.58
	Own Account - CDS No. 068-019-024047938		10,935,120	1.84
	AMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CDS No. 086-001-035663	806	96,828,480	16.31
		Total shares and %	140,922,264	23.73
3	HIKMAT ELIT SDN. BHD.			
	Share held through:-			
	Own Account - CDS No. 068-009-050707900		41,196,540	6.94
	Own Account - CDS NO. 028-002-036831386		13,747,020	2.31
		Total shares and %	54,943,560	9.25
4	LKPP CORPORATION SDN. BHD.			
	Share held through:-			
	Own Account - CDS No. 058-003-002974525		34,861,176	5.87
	TA Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CDS No. 058-003-004774634		508,200	0.09
		Total shares and %	35,369,376	5.96
	TOTAL		380,758,560	64.12

Shareholdings Structure As at 18 May 2020

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

		Direc Holdin	-	Indi Holdi	
No.	Names of Directors	No.	%	No.	%
1	YH DATO' SRI KAMARUDDIN BIN MOHAMMED				
	Shares held through:-		1.01		
	Individual Account - CDS No. 058-003-043607845 Notes:	11,340,000	1.91	2,100,000 (a)	0.35
	^(a) By Virtue of YBhg Datin Sri Kalsom Binti Ahmad is his spouse			420,000 ^(b)	0.07
	^(b) By Virtue of Khairatun Amirah Binti Kamaruddin is his daughter	11,340,000	1.91	2,520,000	0.42
2	MR TEE KIM TEE @ TEE CHING TEE <u>Shares held through:-</u>			-	-
	Individual Account - CDS No.068-009-050698323	501,480	0.09		
	Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CDS No.068-009-050757608	10,887,240	1.83		
	Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CDS No.028-002-009567678	8,190,000	1.38		
		19,578,720	3.30		
3	MR TEE CHENG HUA			-	-
	Shares held through:-	0.7(2.200	1 47		
	Individual Account - CDS No. 086-001-013021316	8,762,200	1.47		
		8,762,200	1.47		
4	MR TEE LIP TENG			-	-
	<u>Shares held through:-</u>				
	Individual Account 1 - CDS No.086-003-049003551	420,000	0.07		
	Individual Account 2 - CDS No.028-002-049136559	840,000	0.14		
		1,260,000	0.21		
5	YH DATO' JAMALUDDIN BIN ABD MAJID	-	-	-	-
6	ENCIK NIK MOHAMED ZAKI BIN NIK YUSOFF				
0	ENCIR NIR MOHAWED ZARI DIN NIR 105011	-	-	-	-
7	YH DATO' SUHAIMI BIN MOHD YUNUS	-	-	-	-
8	YH DATUK MOHD AFRIZAN BIN HUSAIN	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL	40,940,920	6.90	2,520,000	0.42

GROUP PROPERTIES

Daerah RompinH.S.Pahang Darul MakmurH.S.Pahang Darul MakmurH.S.PNPNLadang Bukit JinH.S.Daerah BeraH.S.Pahang Darul MakmurH.S.Pahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang Sg. RasauH.S.Daerah PekanPNPahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang Sg. BatuPNDaerah KuantanPNPahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang ChengalH.S.Daerah RompinH.S.Pahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang DSKH.S.Daerah RompinPNPahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang DSKH.S.Daerah RompinPNPahang Darul MakmurH.S.Ladang Darul MakmurH.S.Land NearbyH.S.	5(D) 61 5(D) 62 5(D) 63 5(D) 64 16273 16839 D) 3171 D) 3172 D) 3172 D) 3173 D) 3174 D) 3177 D) 3177 D) 3178 D) 3179 D) 3180 D) 1971 18576 24400	2079 2079 2079 2079 2103 2103 2103 2079 2079 2079 2079 2079 2079 2079 2079	161.8744 ha 258.9990 ha 230.6710 ha 190.2024 ha 60.5700 ha 10.2200 ha 420.8734 ha 420.8724 ha 190.2020 ha 230.6705 ha 384.4508 ha 36.4217 ha 68.7965 ha 118.0388 ha 873.6000 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations Oil Palm Cultivations Oil Palm Cultivations Oil Palm	
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H.S(H.S) H.S(H.S) H.S(H.S) H.S(H.S)Ladang Sg. Rasau Daerah Pekan Pahang Darul MakmurH.S(H.S)Ladang Sg. Batu Daerah Kuantan Pahang Darul MakmurPN PN Pahang Darul MakmurLadang Chengal Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul MakmurH.S(H.S) H.S(Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul MakmurLadang DSK Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul MakmurH.S(H.S) H.S)Bandar Indera MahkotaPN H.S)	D) 3177 D) 3178 D) 3179 D) 3180 D) 1971 18576	2079 2079 2079 2079 2091 2091	384.4508 ha 36.4217 ha 68.7965 ha 68.7965 ha 118.0388 ha 873.6000 ha	Cultivations Oil Palm	
H.S(H.S(H.S()Ladang Sg. Rasau Daerah PekanPahang Darul MakmurLadang Sg. Batu Daerah KuantanPahang Darul MakmurLadang Chengal Daerah RompinLadang DSK Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul MakmurLadang DSK Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul MakmurBandar Indera MahkotaPN Land NearbyH.S(D) 3178 D) 3179 D) 3180 D) 1971 18576	2079 2079 2079 2091 2103	36.4217 ha 68.7965 ha 68.7965 ha 118.0388 ha 873.6000 ha	Cultivations Oil Palm	
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Pahang Darul MakmurLadang Sg. BatuPNDaerah KuantanPNPahang Darul MakmurPNLadang ChengalH.S(Daerah RompinH.S(Pahang Darul MakmurPNLadang DSKH.S(Daerah RompinPahang Darul MakmurLadang Darul MakmurPNLadang Darul MakmurH.S(Daerah RompinPNPahang Darul MakmurH.S(Daerah RompinPNPahang Darul MakmurPNLand NearbyH.S(Oil Palm	
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Daerah RompinH.S(Pahang Darul MakmurH.S(Ladang DSKH.S(Daerah RompinH.S(Pahang Darul MakmurBandar Indera MahkotaLand NearbyH.S(D) 41 45	0106	1 102 0100 1	01111	
Pahang Darul MakmurLadang DSKDaerah RompinPahang Darul MakmurBandar Indera MahkotaPNLand NearbyH.S(D) 4147	2106	1,103.0100 ha	Oil Palm	
Daerah RompinPahang Darul MakmurBandar Indera MahkotaPNLand NearbyH.S(D) 4148	2106	1,096.9900 ha	Cultivations	
Pahang Darul MakmurBandar Indera MahkotaPNLand NearbyH.S(D) 4803	2112	1,297.0200 ha	Oil Palm	
Bandar Indera MahkotaPNLand NearbyH.S(Cultivations	
Land Nearby H.S(
	7721	2096	8.8240 ha	Building	
	D) 5006	2114	158.1890 ha	Oil Palm	
Sungai Marung Estate H.S.(M) 7647	2114	1.4890 ha	Cultivations	
H.S(D) 5087	2115	31.8020 ha		
	D) 5456	2116	26.5970 ha		
PN	27916	2117	12.7800 ha		
Land Nearby Sungai Gayung H.S(D) 5088	2115	11.5600 ha	Oil Palm	
Estate				Cultivations	
Land Nearby H.S(D) 4850	2113	44.6500 ha	Oil Palm	
	D) 4851	2113	145.8900 ha	Cultivations	
Land Nearby H.S(Kampong Aur Estate	D) 5005	2114	58.4620 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations	
	D) 11009	2116	8.5000 ha	Oil Palm	
	D) 11009 D) 11010	2116	17.0120 ha	Cultivations	
	D) 11010	2116	17.0120 ha	Cultivations	
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Group Properties

H.S(D) 5004 H.S(D) 5330 H.S(D) 5331 H.S(D) 5346 Level 23 Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur	2114 2116 2116 2116 0wned	12.1000 ha 40.8200 ha 221.4570 ha 55.2910 ha 8,128.8244 ha 14,444.40 sq.m.	Oil Palm Cultivations Oil Palm Cultivations Head Office	333,248
H.S(D) 5331 H.S(D) 5346 Level 23 Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul	2116 2116	221.4570 ha 55.2910 ha 8,128.8244 ha	Cultivations	333,248
Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul	Owned		Head Office	333,248
Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul	Owned	14,444.40 sq.m.	Head Office	
IVIANIIIUI				
				4,602
l .				
H.S(D) 11 H.S(D) 18 H.S(D) 57 H.S(D) 58 H.S(D) 3719 H.S(D) 3772 H.S(D) 3773 H.S(D) 4115 PN 7815 PN 19605 H.S(D) 4852 PN 17098 H.S(D) 988	2075 2076 2079 2079 2071 2072 2072 2103 2103 2071 2113 2103 2096	297.8482 ha 133.1414 ha 242.8116 ha 177.7600 ha 11.33120 ha 236.3360 ha 14.56870 ha 114.1800 ha 218.9000 ha 138.2000 ha 23.7700 ha 452.6000 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations Oil Palm Cultivations	
		2,281.4471 ha		69,741
H.S(D) 8 H.S(D) 16 H.S(D) 50 H.S(D) 59 H.S(D) 60 H.S(D) 3716 H.S(D) 3717	2075 2076 2085 2079 2079 2071 2071 2071 2103	350.4572 ha 346.8150 ha 357.8000 ha 171.9916 ha 248.8819 ha 136.3788 ha 137.1882 ha 290.1591 ha 27.7900 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations	75,769
	H.S(D) 16 H.S(D) 50 H.S(D) 59 H.S(D) 60 H.S(D) 3716	H.S(D) 162076H.S(D) 502085H.S(D) 592079H.S(D) 602079H.S(D) 37162071H.S(D) 37172071H.S(D) 37412071	H.S(D) 8 2075 350.4572 ha H.S(D) 16 2076 346.8150 ha H.S(D) 50 2085 357.8000 ha H.S(D) 59 2079 171.9916 ha H.S(D) 60 2079 248.8819 ha H.S(D) 3716 2071 136.3788 ha H.S(D) 3717 2071 137.1882 ha H.S(D) 3741 2071 290.1591 ha PN 17048 2103 27.7900 ha	H.S(D) 8 2075 350.4572 ha Oil Palm H.S(D) 16 2076 346.8150 ha Cultivations H.S(D) 50 2085 357.8000 ha Cultivations H.S(D) 59 2079 171.9916 ha Ha H.S(D) 60 2071 136.3788 ha Ha H.S(D) 3716 2071 137.1882 ha Ha H.S(D) 3741 2071 290.1591 ha Ha

Group Properties

Location	Title/Address	Tenure (Leasehold period till year)	Area (Hec) / Square Meter	Usage	Net Book Value As At 31.12.2019 RM'000
Far East Delima Plantations Sdr	n. Bhd.				
Ladang Delima Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul Makmur	H.S(D) 4568*	2103	2,830.8500 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations	
			2,830.8500 ha		32,214
F.E. Rangkaian Sdn. Bhd. Ladang Rangkaian Daerah Rompin Pahang Darul Makmur	H.S(D) 4805* H.S(D) 4806*	2112 2112	728.4500 ha 687.9800 ha	Oil Palm Cultivations	21.257
Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd.	H.S(D) 3896**	2070	1,416.4300 ha 123.8339 ha	Building and Oil Palm Cultivations	21,357
			123.8339 ha		401
		Grand Total	16,848.8472 ha		537,332

Notes:

* The land is leased from Rangkaian Delima Sdn. Bhd.

** The land is leased from Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad.

Far East Holdings Berhad

197301001753 (14809-W)

PROXY FORM

I/W	e	NRIC/Company No.:	
Tel:	CDS Account No	D.:Number of Shares Held:	
Add	lress:		
		DINGS BERHAD [197301001753 (14809-W)], herel	
(1)	Name of Proxy:	NRIC/Company No.:	
	Address:		
	Tel:	Percentage of Shares Represented:	
(2)	Name of Proxy:	NRIC/Company No	
	Address:		
	Tel:	Percentage of Shares Represented:	

or failing him/her the CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING, as my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us, and on my/our behalf at the 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at The Zenith Hotel, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur, on Wednesday, 15 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

Please indicate with ($\sqrt{}$) how you wish your vote to be casted. In the absence of specific instruction, your Proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.

No	Resolutions	For	Against
1.	To re-elect the Director - Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee		
2.	To re-elect the Director - Mr Tee Cheng Hua		
3.	To re-elect the Director - YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus		
4.	To Approve the Directors' fee		
5.	To Approve the payment of Directors' benefits (other than Directors' fee)		
6.	To Appoint Messrs Moore Stephens Associates PLT as auditors		
7.	Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate in Respect of RRPT and Proposed New Shareholders' Mandate for Additional RRPT		

Notes on Proxy

- Depositors who appear in the Record of Depositors as at 8 July 2020 (which is not less than three (3) market days before the date of this meeting) shall be regarded as member of the Company entitled to attend at the 46th Annual General Meeting or appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on his behalf.
- To be valid, the duly completed form of proxy must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- 3. A member who is an authorised nominee may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 4. A member other than an authorised nominee shall be entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting.
- 5. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy.

Signature(s)/Company Seal

- 6. If the member is a corporation, the form of proxy must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 7. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiples beneficial owners in one (1) securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 8. Where an authorised nominee appoints two (2) proxies, or where an exempt authorised nominee appoints two (2) or more proxies, the proportion of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies.
- 9. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A (1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, all the resolutions set out in this notice shall be put to vote by poll.
- 10. Voting right of shareholders-Every member of the Company present in person or by proxy shall have one (1) vote on a show of hand and in the case of a poll shall have one (1) vote for every share of which he/she is the holder.

Fold here to seal

STAMP

COMPANY SECRETARIES

FAR EAST HOLDINGS BERHAD

Level 23, Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6 25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur

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Far East Holdings Berhad 197301001753 (14809-W)

Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur, Malaysia. 2 +609-514 1936 / +609-514 1948 / +609-514 1339 +609-513 6211 fareast@fareh.po.my

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE	:	5029
COMPANY NAME	:	Far East Holdings Berhad
FINANCIAL YEAR	:	31 December 2019

OUTLINE:

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PURSUANT TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board believes that sound and effective corporate practices are fundamental to the smooth, effective and transparent operation of Far East Holdings Berhad ("FEHB" or "Company") and its ability to attract investment, protect the rights of shareholders and stakeholders and enhance shareholders' value.
	The Board is mindful to protect the interests of its shareholders and stakeholders. In discharging its duties effectively, the Board is guided by its Terms of Reference ("Board Charter") which sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board. The Board Charter serves as a source of reference and primary induction literature to provide insight to prospective Board Members and Senior Management. The Board Charter is reviewed periodically or on as and when necessary to keep it up to date with changes in regulations and best practices and ensure its effectiveness and relevance to the Board's objectives. The Board Charter is accessible on our website <u>www.fehb.com.my</u> .
	The principal role of the Board is to protect and enhance long-term shareholder value. It sets the overall strategy for the Group and executive management. It also ensures that good corporate governance policies and practices are implemented within the Group. In the course of discharging its duties, the Board acts in good faith, with due diligence and care, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.
	The Board is aware that an effective Board essentially comprising Directors who are fully committed, well informed and who possess diverse skill and experience relevant to the business that could contribute effectively to the growth of the Company.
	As stipulated in the Board Charter, the Board has targeted to meet at least five (5) times a year, with additional meetings convened as and when necessary.

Explanation for departure	NA
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The role of the Group Executive Chairman and the Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling are separated and clearly defined, as stipulated in the Board Charter so as to ensure that there is a balance of power and authority. The Group Executive Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and conduct, whilst the Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling has overall responsibility for the plantation operating units, organisational effectiveness and implementation of Board policies and decisions. The existing Group Executive Chairman has never been a Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Under his stewardship, the Board is encouraged to practice healthy debate on any agenda tabled. Each one of the Board members is allowed to express his opinion or views which is debated openly until collective decision is made. The Chairman of the Board has played his role effectively to ensure that all resolutions are made after careful deliberation and discussion.	
	The key roles and accountabilities of the Group Executive Chairman include:-	
	 Providing governance in matters requiring corporate justice and integrity; Managing Board communications and board effectiveness and effective supervision over management; 	
	(3) Creating conditions for good decision making during Board and Shareholders' meetings;	
	(4) Ensuring Board proceedings are in compliance with good conduct and best practices;	
	(5) Protecting the interest of all stakeholders and providing such information as deemed appropriate;	
	(6) Maintaining good contact and effective relationships with external parties, investing public, regulatory agencies and trade associations;	
	 (7) Ensuring that sufficient and accurate information are provided to the Board on a timely manner to facilitate decision making; (7) Ensuring that sufficient and accurate information are provided to the Board on a timely manner to facilitate decision making; 	
	 (8) Ensuring compliance with all relevant regulations and legislations; (9) Maintaining effective relations with external agencies such as regulatory bodies, government agencies, investing public and other trade associations and institutions; and 	
	(10) Appraise business opportunities which are of potential benefit to the Group.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are re	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to	
complete the columns bel Measure	ow. NA	
Time frame	NA	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3

The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	 The role of the Group Executive Chairman and the Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling are separated and clearly defined, as stipulated in the Board Charter so as to ensure that there is a balance of power and authority. The Group Executive Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and conduct, whilst the Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling has overall responsibility for the plantation operating units, organisational effectiveness and implementation of Board policies and decisions. The key role of Senior Executive Director amongst others, include:- (1) Developing the strategic direction of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the 	
	 Group"); (2) Providing directions in the implementation of short and long term business plans; (3) Providing strong leadership i.e. effectively communicating a vision, management philosophy and business strategy to the employees; (4) Ensuring high performance and productivity of top management by creating conditions for top management motivation, performance management and professional development; 	
	 (5) Ensuring compliance with all relevant legislation and regulations by reviewing policies and monitoring compliance; (6) Developing effective relations with significant external agencies such as regulatory bodies, government agencies, investing public and other trade associations and institutions; (7) Appraise business opportunities which are of potential benefit to the Group; 	
	 (8) Ensuring that the Group's strategies and corporate policies are effectively implemented; (9) Ensuring that Board decisions are implemented and Board directions adhered to; (10) Responsible for the day-to-day management for the Group are effectively managed with all powers, discretions and delegations authorized from time to 	
	 time by Board; (11) Keeping the Board fully informed of all important aspects of the Group's operation and ensuring sufficient information is distributed to Board Member; and (12) Ensure any other relevant information or matters are brought to the attention 	
	of the Board in an accurate and timely manner.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are req complete the columns belo	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Company Secretaries, YH Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya is a member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Puan Noor Anisah Binti Sabarudin is a licentiate of Companies Commission of Malaysia. Both Company Secretaries satisfy the qualification as prescribed under Section 235(2) of the Companies Act 2016 and have the requisite experience and competency in company secretarial services.
	The Company Secretaries play an important advisory role, and is a source of information and advice to the Board and Committees on issues relating to compliance with laws, rules, procedures and regulations effecting the Company and Group.
	The Company Secretaries organise and attend all Board and Board Committees meetings and is responsible to ensure that meetings are properly convened and accurate and proper records of the proceedings and resolutions passed are taken and maintained at the Registered Office of the Company.
	Every quarter, the Company Secretaries would send a memo to the Directors, Management and affected persons on closed period dealing and process and procedure to assist them in complying with the MMLR.
	All Directors have right of access to the Company Secretaries as stipulated in the Board Charter.
	Every announcements released will be circulated and notified to the Directors. The Company Secretaries also ensure the Company to comply with the Main Market Listing Requirements i.e. the deadline for submission of meeting materials is five (5) working days prior to the dates of meetings to ensure that the Directors have sufficient preparation time and information to make an informed decision at each Board and Committee meeting.
	The Companies Secretaries also ensure that any new regulations or circular issued by Bursa or any other relevant bodies will be distributed to all Directors timely.
Explanation for departure	NA
	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	All Directors are provided with formal schedule of matters and a set of necessary Board papers in advance at least five (5) days prior to the respective Board meetings. They have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries.
	The Minutes of meetings are prepared and circulated to the Directors for review and approval. Fundamental questions raised and key points discussed during the meeting were recorded, including declaration of interest of the Directors on any resolution by the Directors. The minutes would be confirmed by the Board at the next meeting and signed by Chairman.
	In the event that the Directors require further information, the consultant or other staff shall call to attend the meeting and give further clarification regarding the matters discussed.
Explanation for departure	NA
Large companies are rec complete the columns belo	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies:-

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board is mindful to protect the interests of its shareholders and stakeholders. In discharging its duties effectively, the Board is guided by its Terms of Reference ("Board Charter") which sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board. The Board Charter is reviewed periodically or on as and when necessary to keep it up to date with changes in regulations and best practices and ensure its effectiveness and relevance to the Board's objectives. The Board Charter is accessible on our website www.fehb.com.my and was revised on 21 February 2019.	
	In discharging its fiduciary duties in respect of the Group, the Board is responsible to the following:-	
	a. Duties and Responsibilities	
	The Board assumes, amongst others, following duties and responsibilities:-	
	 Reviewing and adopting the overall strategic plans and programme for the Company and Group; Overseeing and evaluating the conduct of business of the Company and Group; Identifying principal risk and ensuring implementation of a proper risk management system to manage such risk. This includes reviewing procedures to identify the main risk associated with the Group's business and the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks; Establishing a succession plan; Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the management information and internal control systems of the Company and Group including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines; Monitoring Board composition, processes and performance with the guidance from the Nomination Committee; Promote better investor relations and shareholders' communications; Ensure that the Group's vision, mission, objectives and shareholders' interest are met; Establish such committees, policies and procedures as required to effectively discharge the Board's roles and responsibilities; Monitoring and reviewing policies and processes relating to occupational health and safety, compliance with laws, and the maintenance of high ethical standards; Ensure that the Group has the appropriate corporate governance structures in place including standards of ethical behaviour and promoting a culture of corporate responsibility; and 	

	(12) Performs such other functions as are prescribed by law or are assigned to the Board.
	b. Matters reserved for the Board
	The following are matters which are specifically reserved for the Board:-
	(1) Appointment of a Chairman of the Board of Directors and Company;
	(2) Appointment/removal of Directors;
	(3) Appointment and removal of Company Secretary;
	(4) Establishment of Board committees, their membership and delegated authorities;
	(5) Approval of interim dividend and recommendation of final dividend for shareholders' approval;
	(6) Approval of annual budgets including capital expenditure and monitoring against actual performance, including variance reporting;
	(7) Approval of corporate plan and programme;
	(8) Approval of new ventures and businesses;
	(9) Approval of material acquisitions and disposals of undertakings and properties;
	(10) Approval of the limits of authority for the Company and Group;
	(11) Approval of the Audited Financial Statements;
	(12) Calling of meetings of shareholders;
	(13) Review of corporate governance principles and policies;
	(14) Formulate direction and strategy, including a review of such exercise;
	(15) Assessing risk management issues and resolution;
	(16) Formulating and monitoring of key company policies;
	(17) Evaluating senior management's performance;
	(18) Determining corporate disclosure and announcements;\Maintaining investor and stakeholder relations;
	(19) Deliberate on all litigation matters that may be instituted against the Company and on such litigation actions that the Company may take against any third party;
	(20) Review of whistleblowing reports if applicable; and
	(21) Any other specific matters as may brought to the Board from time to time.
Explanation for departure	NA
	uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to
complete the columns below	
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Directors are guided by the Code of Ethics as stipulated in part of the Board Charter as published in the website <u>www.fehb.com.my</u> Board members are required to observe the Directors' Code of Conduct and Ethics ("the Code") as follows:
	 ("the Code") as follows: (1) Compliance at all times with the Code and the Board Charter; (2) Observe high standards of Corporate Governance at all times; (3) Adhere to the principles of selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership; (4) Will act honestly, in good faith and in the best interest of the Company and Group; (5) Owe a fiduciary duty to the Company and Group as a whole; (6) Have a duty to practice due care and diligence in fulfilling the functions of office and exercising the powers attached to that office; (7) Will undertake diligent analysis of proposals placed before the Board; (8) Will act with a level of skill expected from Directors of a public listed company; (9) Will use the authorities of office for appropriate purpose in the best interest of the Company and Group as a whole; (10) Will demonstrate commercial wisdom in decision making; (11) Will not make improper use of information acquired as Directors; (12) Will not disclose non-public information except where disclosure is authorized by the Board or legally mandated; (13) Will not use price sensitive non-public information, which can affect the price of the securities of the Company and/or related listed companies when it becomes publicly known ("Inside Information"), for personal benefits. The Board will not trade in securities or provide information to others to trade in securities of the Company and/or related listed companies until the
	 Inside Information is publicly released. The Board will also not trade in securities in any other companies where they have Inside Information which they obtain in the performance of their duties; (14) Will keep confidential information received in the course of the exercise of their duties and recognize that such information remains the property of the Company and Group and that it is improper to disclose it, or allow it to be disclosed, unless that disclosure has been authorized by the Board, or is required by law; (15) Will not take improper advantage of the position of Director or use the position for personal gain or to compete with the Company and Group;

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

	(1 c)	
	(16)	Will not take advantage of the Company and Group's property or use such
		property for personal gain or to compete with the Company and Group;
	(17)	Will protect and ensure the efficient use of the Company or Group's assets
		for legitimate business purposes;
	(18)	Will disclose to the Board any interests which conflict with the interest of
		the Company and Group and will comply with the guidelines set out in the
		paragraph 12 entitled "Declaration of Interest" as stipulated in the Board
		Charter;
	(19)	Will make reasonable enquiries as to whether the Company and Group is
		operating efficiently, effectively and legally towards achieving its goals;
	(20)	Will not engage in conduct likely to bring discredit upon the Company and
		Group. The Board will make available their specific expertise as required
		from time to time to the Company and Group. The Board will encourage fair
		dealing by all employees with the Company and Group's customers,
		suppliers, contractors, competitors and other employees;
	(21)	Should ensure adequate safety measures and provide proper protection to
	Ì`´´	workers and employees at the workplace;
	(22)	Should at all time promote professionalism and improve the competency of
	Ì`´´	management and employees of the Company and Group;
	(23)	Should ensure effective use of natural resources, and improve quality of life
	Ì`´´	by promoting corporate social responsibilities. Should be proactive to the
		need of the community and to assist in society-related programmed in line
		with the aspirations of the concept of "Caring Society" adopted by the
		Company; and
	(24)	Have an obligation, at all times, to comply with the spirit, as well as the
	(= .)	letter of the law and with the principles of this Charter.
Explanation for	NA	
departure		
	uired	to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to
complete the columns belo		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2

The board establishes reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Company has established a Whistleblower Policy in response to Whistleblower Protection Act 2010 which could be reviewed in detail at our website <u>www.fehb.com.my</u> . The Group's Whistleblowing Policy established in 2016 and was further revised in 2019 provides an avenue for employees and stakeholders dealing with the Group with proper procedure to disclose or raise genuine concerns on possible improprieties, improper conduct or other malpractices within the Group. It gives an appropriate communication and feedback channel which facilitates whistleblowing in a transparent and confidential manner.	
	 The purpose of this Policy is to:- (a) promote the importance of detecting Improper Conduct; (b) encourage the reporting of Improper Conduct and any other matters that may cause financial or non-financial loss to FEHB or tarnish the reputation of FEHB; and (c) help to protect people who report Improper Conduct in good faith from discrimination, harassment and retaliation. 	
	The Company has also established an Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy ("Policy") in complying with the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 and the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (Amendment) Act 2018 ("the Acts"). The Group has taken reasonable and appropriate measures to ensure that its businesses do not participate in corrupt activities for its advantage or benefit. The Policy which was approved by the Board on 24 February 2020 sets out the parameters to prevent the occurrence of bribery and corrupt practices in relation to the business of the Group. The Policy is supplemental to and shall be read in conjunction with the Group's Whistleblower Policy.	
	 The purpose of this Policy is to:- (a) to provide information and guidance to the Directors and employees on standard of behavior to which they must adhere to and how to recognize as well as deal with bribery and corruption; and (b) to ensure observance and compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations to which they are bound to observe in the performance of the Directors and employees' duties. 	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.	
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.1

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises majority independent directors.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The current Board consists of six (6) Non-Executive Directors and two (2) Executive Directors i.e. Group Executive Chairman and Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling, with two (2) of the eight (8) Directors being Independent Directors with a synergistic mixture of businessmen, planters, professionals and technical expertise. This mix of skills and experience is vital for the successful direction of the Group. Additional Independent Director will be appointed in due time.
Explanation for departure	NA
Large companies are rec complete the columns belo	uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	Applied				
Explanation on application of the practice	The Company had made a policy that an Independent Director should not serve the Company for more than nine (9) years. This could be evidenced by previous retirements of our Independent Directors namely Cik Sharina Binti Bahrin, Miss Ng Yee Kim, Encik Khairul Azahar Bin Ariffin, Mr Ng Say Pin , YH Dato' Dr Ahmad Bin Aman, Encik Hashim Naina Merican Bin Yahaya Merican and YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua. None of the existing Independent Directors had exceeded nine (9) year service.				
Explanation for departure	NA				
Large companies are req complete the columns belo	uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.				
Measure	NA				
Time frame	NA				

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.3 - Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

Application	Applied					
Explanation on application of the practice	None of the Independent Directors had exceeded the nine year service.					
Explanation for departure	NA					
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.					
Measure	NA					
Time frame	NA					

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.4

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Group practices non-discrimination in any form, whether based on age, gende ethnicity or religion, throughout the organisation. This includes the selection Board members and senior management. In addition, the Group believes it is utmost important that the Board and seni management is comprising the best qualified individuals who possess the requisi knowledge, experience, independence, foresight and good judgment to ensure the the Board functions effectively.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are rea complete the columns belo	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board acknowledges the important of boardroom diversity and the establishment of a gender diversity policy. Despite no specific targets being set in relation to boardroom diversity, the Board is committed to improving boardroom diversity in terms of gender. Hence, the Board will consider the appointment of women directors as and when circumstances permit. The Board will take steps to nurture suitable and potential candidates. On the other hand, women are well represented in the Senior Management of FEHB which now exceeds 30% of the Senior Management Group.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
-	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure	For any vacant position in the future, the Board when sourcing for suitable candidates, consideration is given to identify suitable qualified women candidates.	
Time frame	As and when required	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

Application	Departure
Explanation on application of the practice	NA
Explanation for departure	The Board and Nomination Committee did not utilise independent sources as the management understands the industry better and would be in the best position to look for potential candidates with background which fits the criteria's requirements.
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.
Measure	In line with the MCCG, apart from referrals from Directors, major shareholders and management, the Board is open to utilising independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates where necessary.
Time frame	As and when required

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application	Applied					
Explanation on application of the	The Nomination Committee ("NC") comprises the following members:-					
practice	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua (Chairman) - Resigned with effect 31 March 2020					
	Independent, Non-Executive Director					
	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee					
	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director					
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff					
	Independent, Non-Executive Director					
	The composition of NC from diverse background ensures that the duties and responsibilities are carried out effectively. The NC during the year 2019 was chaired by Senior Independent Director, YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua that resigned with effect 31 March 2020.					
	The Board is currently identifying additional members and would be filled in due time.					
Explanation for departure	NA					
Large companies are r complete the columns be	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to low.					
Measure	NA					
Time frame	NA					

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The NC assists the Board in assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board committees as well as the performance of each Director. There is also a peer assessment and self-assessment of individual directors.
	The results of the assessment and areas which require improvement were compiled and reviewed by the NC which were then submitted together with its recommendation to the Board for consideration and approval. Overall, the Board is satisfied with the performance, roles and responsibilities of the Directors. The Board identified key areas that require enhancement and other areas where the Board could further solidify its strength. The Board would consider engaging independent experts periodically to facilitate the objective and conduct board evaluations, as stipulated within the Board Charter if needed.
Explanation for departure	NA
Large companies c complete the column	ire required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ns below.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application	Applied						
Explanation on application of the practice	The Company has in place a remuneration framework in determining the remuneration of the Directors and Senior Management which is designed to enable the Company to attract and retain experienced and knowledgeable individuals of the calibre needed to support the Company's operations and expansion plans in line with its mission of delivering the best return to its shareholders.						
	The Remuneration Committee ("RC") recommends to the Board the remuneration package for the Executive Directors which is structured on the basis of linking rewards to corporate and individual performance.						
	The remuneration package of the Non Executive Directors ("NED") is determined by the Board as a whole on the recommendation of the RC. The NEDs are remunerated by way of fees and allowances. Remuneration payable to the Directors, including any reviews of remuneration, is subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM.						
Explanation for departure	NA						
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.						
Measure	NA						
Time frame	NA						

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Remuneration Committee currently consists of wholly Non-Independent Directors. The Committee is responsible for setting the policy framework and for making recommendations to the Board on remuneration and other terms of employment for member of the Board and senior management. During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held one (1) meeting. The Remuneration Committee met once in the year under review to evaluate the remuneration for the Board and Senior Management. The Remuneration package is structured on the basis of linking rewards to financial and individual performance. The Terms of Reference is disclosed at <u>www.fehb.com.my</u>
Explanation for departure	NA
Large companies are re complete the columns bel	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application	Applied				
Explanation on application of the practice	The detail of the Remuneration for the Directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 at follows:-				
	Group	Fees RM	Meeting Allowances RM	Salaries and Bonus RM	Other Emoluments RM
	Group Executive Chairman YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	385,000	144,900	1,053,000	28,000
	Senior Executive Director Mr Tee Cheng Hua	270,000	101,000	775,325	28,000
	Non-Executive Directors YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	32,060	3,000	-	-
	YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	65,000	13,500	-	-
	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	65,000	47,500	-	-
	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	240,000	115,100	338,900	-
	Mr Tee Lip Teng	65,000	26,700	-	-
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	65,000	55,400	-	-
	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	65,000	56,000	-	-
	YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	16,030	1,500	-	-
				L	I

	Company	Fees RM	Meeting Allowances RM	Salaries and Bonus RM	Other Emoluments RM
	Group Executive Chairman				
	YH Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	145,000	44,900	1,053,000	28,000
	Senior Executive Director				
	Mr Tee Cheng Hua	65,000	19,500	436,425	28,000
	Non-Executive Directors				
	YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	32,060	3,000	-	-
	YH Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	65,000	13,500	-	-
	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	65,000	47,500	-	-
	Mr Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	65,000	41,100	-	-
	Mr Tee Lip Teng	65,000	26,700	-	-
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	65,000	55,400	-	-
	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua	65,000	56,000	-	-
	YH Dato' Indera Wan Bakri Bin Wan Ismail	16,030	1,500	-	-
Explanation for departure	NA				
-	are required to complete the columns below	. Non-large	companies are	e encouraged t	o complete th
Measure	NA				
Time frame	NA				
Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.00.

Application	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	NA	
Explanation for departure	So as to maintain confidentiality and sensitivity of remuneration and other emoluments of Senior Management on a named basis, FEHB departs from Practice 7.2 and 7.3 of the MCCG.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	NA	
Explanation for departure	So as to maintain confidentiality and sensitivity of remuneration and other emoluments of Senior Management on a named basis, FEHB departs from Practice 7.2 and 7.3 of the MCCG.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.1

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the	The member of Audit Committee is as follows:-	
practice	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	
	Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	
	Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua - Resigned with effect 31 March 2020	
	Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	Mr Tee Lip Teng - Resigned with effect 29 April 2020	
	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	The vacancy will be filled in due time.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are rec complete the columns belo	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee. The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	No appointment had been made from key audit partner.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Audit Committee reviews issues of accounting policies, presentation for external financial reporting, monitors the work of the Internal Audit function and ensures an objective and professional relationship is maintained with the external auditors. The Audit Committee has full access to the auditors both internally and externally who, in turn, have access at all times to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the	The member is as follows:-	
practice	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua - Resigned with effect 31 March 2020 Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	Mr Tee Lip Teng - Resigned with effect 29 April 2020 Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	The vacancy will be filled in due time.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are rea complete the columns belo	Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.	
Time frame	NA	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee. The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process. All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The members of the Audit Committee comprised at least one member with the requisite accounting qualification based on the MMLR. Members of the Committee are financial literate. They continuously keep themselves abreast with the latest development in the new accounting and auditing standards and the impact it may have on the Group through briefings by the management and the external auditors.
	There was a private session held on 20 February 2019 with the external auditors without the presence of management to discuss on issues and significant matters that the external auditors wished to raise. The external and internal auditors also met on 24 February 2020 to discuss on issues pertaining to the principal risks, follow-up actions taken by the management and also scopes/areas of audit to be covered by both parties. The Company Secretaries act as Secretaries of the Committee. Minutes of each meeting are kept and circulated to each Board member. The Chairman of the Committee reports on principal matters deliberated at each meeting to the Board.
	 Among the duties and responsibilities of the Committee are as follows:- 1. Financial Reporting (a) To review the quarterly results and year-end financial statements of the Company and Group, and to recommend the same to the Board for approval, focusing particularly on the following:- any changes in accounting policies and practices; significant adjustments arising from the audit; the going concern assumption; significant and unusual events; compliance with accounting standards, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and other legal-requirements; and announcements of financial results to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and dividend payments. (b) To obtain explanations from management for unusual variances in the Company's annual financial statements from year to year, and review annually the independent auditors' letter of the recommendations to management and management's response. (c) To review with the external and internal auditors whether the employees of the Group have given appropriate assistance in discharging their duties. (d) To review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or the Group, including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity. (e) To consider and examine such other matters as the Board consider appropriate and beneficial.

		The Company maintains a policy for Directors who are part of the Audit Committee		
		members to receive trainings at Company's expense. The courses and training programmes attended by Directors in 2019 is as follow:-		
	No	Name	Course Attended	Date Attended
	1.	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin	MFRS 15 - Revenue From Contract with Customer	3 January 2019
		Husain	Malaysian Tax Conference	3 - 4 April 2019
			Audit Workshop on Audit Guide for Practitioners and Illustrative Audit Working Papers	14 - 15 October 2019
			Parker Randall International Conference Malaysian Insolvency Conference	24 - 25 October 2019 29 - 30 October 2019
	2.	Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	Cyber Security in the Boardroom Invitation to the Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees	27 June 2019 8 November 2019
	3.	YH Dato' Tan	Cyber Security in the Boardroom	27 June 2019
		Bing Hua	Financial Language in the Boardroom	2 October 2019
	4.	Mr Tee Lip Teng	MPOC Reach & Remind Friends of Industry 2019	18 January 2019
			Palm Oil Economic Review & Outlook Seminar 2019	17 January 2019
			CPOPC Business Forum	12 February 2019
			Palm & Lauric Oil Price Outlook Conference and Exhibition 2019	4 - 6 March 2019
Explanation for departure	NA			
Large companies complete the colun		· ·	te the columns below. Non-large companies	are encouraged to
Measure	NA			
Time frame	NA			

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.1

The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board of Directors is committed to maintaining a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets and to review its adequacy and integrity. The system of internal control covers not only financial matters but also operational, compliance and risk management.
	The Board also recognises that a sound system of internal control can only reduce but not eliminate the possibility of poor judgment in decision making, human error, control process being deliberately circumvented by employees, management overriding controls and the occurrence of unforeseeable circumstances. Accordingly, the system could provide only reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, operational failures, fraud or loss.
	The Audit Committee of the Group perform regular risk management assessments and through the Internal Audit Department, review the internal control processes, and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system. The Committee also seeks the observations of the independent external auditors of the Group.
	The Risk Management Committee is also established to assist the Board in discharge of its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities by identifying significant risks and ensuring that the Group Risk Management Framework includes the necessary policies and mechanism to manage the overall risk exposures of the Group.
	For detailed information, please refer to the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in the Annual Report of the Company.
Explanation for	NA
departure	
Large companies are rec complete the columns belo	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Company has established a separate stand-alone Risk Management Committee effective January 2020 (the Committee was previously known as Audit and Risk Management Committee). The primary objective of the Risk Management Committee is to assist the Board in the discharge of its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities by identifying significant risks and ensuring that the Group Risk Management Framework includes the necessary policies and mechanism to manage the overall risk exposures of the Group.
	The Risk Management Committee comprises Non-Executive members of the Board.
	Risk Management Framework and Internal Controls
	The Board with the assistance of the Risk Management Committee and management undertook to identify the principal business risks in the critical areas of the Group, assessing the likelihood of material exposures and identifying the measures taken and the time frame to mitigate and minimise these risks. This was done through desktop reviews, interviews with the management and thorough deliberation and discussion among the Directors in the Board meetings.
	 The top six (6) business risks that were rated as High or Significant are as follows:- (1) Over-dependence on foreign workers; (2) Fluctuation of crude palm oil prices; (3) Sustainability issues - Negative campaign about oil palm development; (4) Palm disease - Ganoderma; and (5) Increase in price of inputs. (6) COVID-19 Pandemic Threat
	After the review and taking into consideration the nature of the Group's business, the Directors are of the view that the Group is not materially exposed to legal and environmental risks and therefore have concluded to focus on the operational risks relevant to the business. Although there is exposure to market risk as a result of price fluctuations in the commodity market, the Directors consider these as movement in market forces inherent in the industry in which the Group operates.
	The Internal Audit Function reviews the operational procedures and processes to ensure the effectiveness and integrity of the Group's internal control system.

Explanation for departure	NA
-	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to ow.
Measure	NA
Time frame	NA

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board had established a Risk Management Committee comprising the following:-	
practice	YH Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	
	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	YH Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	
	Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	YH Dato' Tan Bing Hua - Resigned with effect 31 March 2020	
	Independent, Non-Executive Director	
	The vacancy will be filled in due time.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application	Applied		
Explanation on application of the practice	The Group has established an Internal Audit Department to assist the Audit Committee in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities. Its role is to provide independent and objective reports on the organisation's management, records, accounting policies and controls to the Board. The Internal Audit function includes evaluation of the processes by which significant risks are identified, assessed and managed. Such audits are carried out to ensure instituted controls are appropriate, effectively applied and within acceptable risk exposures consistent with the Group's risk management policy. The Internal Audit Department reports directly to the Audit Committee and its findings and recommendations are communicated to the Board.		
Explanation for departure	NA		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	NA		
Time frame	NA		

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Internal Audit Department is headed by Encik Norfadli Bin Mahrom. His qualification is as disclosed in the Company's Annual Report. Internal Audit Department had adequate resources to carry out its duties during the year 2019. The internal and external auditors had conducted a meeting to discuss on issues pertaining to the principal risks, follow-up actions taken by the management and also appeared for audit to be appeared by both particles.	
Explanation for departure	and also scopes/areas of audit to be covered by both parties.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.1

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application	Applied		
Explanation on application of the practice	The Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is the principal forum for dialogue with individual shareholders and investors. It is a crucial mechanism in shareholder communication for the Company. At the Company's AGM, which is generally well attended, shareholders have direct access to the Board and are given the opportunities to ask questions during open question and answer session prior to the motion moving for approval of the Company's Audited Statements and Directors' Report for the financial year. The shareholders are encouraged to ask questions both about the resolutions being proposed or about the Group's operations in general. Where it is not possible to provide the questions with immediate answer to a significant question, the Chairman will undertake to provide him/her with a written answer after the AGM. The Company's e-mail address <u>fareast@fareh.po.my</u> is one of the means to communicate with the Company. The Board has appointed Encik Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff as Senior Independent Non-Executive Director as a Director responsible for Investor Relationship. Any queries with regard to the Group may be communicated to him. His e-mail address is <u>nikmohamedzaki@fareh.po.my</u> . Shareholders may also contact the Company Secretaries or visit our website <u>www.fehb.com.my</u> for further information.		
Explanation for	NA		
departure			
Large companies are rec complete the columns belo	Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA		
Time frame	NA		

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Directors recognised the responsibility for ensuring that accounting records are properly kept and the financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act 2016.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practiceThe Notice of Meeting is to be circulated on 18 June 2020 and the AGN scheduled on 15 July 2020.		
Explanation for departure	The notice of meeting includes the meeting day (28 days).	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	All the Board Members normally attended the General Meetings unless due to unforeseen circumstances.	
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at General Meetings.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practiceThe Company holds its general meeting in Kuantan, Pahang a accessible location. Adequate notice of meeting is given to all sha shareholders who are unable to make the journey and attend the ge may submit the proxy forms to the Company to enable their pro- participate, speak and to vote on their behalf at the general meetings. can also submit any question or query prior to the general meetings.		
Explanation for departure	NA	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	NA	
Time frame	NA	

SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PURSUANT TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to the course of action you should take, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser immediately.

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad has only perused this Circular in respect of the Proposed New Shareholders' Mandate for Additional Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a revenue or trading nature on a limited review basis prior to its issuance.

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad takes no responsibility for the contents of this Circular, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this Circular.



CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR EXISTING RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE ("RRPT") AND PROPOSED NEW SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR ADDITIONAL RRPT

The above proposal will be tabled as Special Business at the Company's Forty-Sixth Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**"). Notice of the Forty-Sixth AGM of Far East Holdings Berhad to be held at The Zenith Hotel, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur on Wednesday, 15 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m. together with the Form of Proxy are set out in the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

A Proxy Form is enclosed which you are urged to complete and return in accordance with the instructions thereon as soon as possible so as to arrive at our registered office at Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur not less than twenty four (24) hours before the time set for holding the meeting. The lodging of the Proxy Form will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the meeting should you subsequently wish to do so.

Last date and time for lodging the Form of Proxy	:	14 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m.
Date and time of the Forty-Sixth Annual General Meeting	:	15 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m.

DEFINITIONS

In this Circular and the accompanying appendices, the following abbreviations shall have the following meanings unless otherwise stated:

"Act"	: The Malaysian Companies Act, 2016	
"AGM"	: Annual General Meeting	
"Board"	: The Board of Directors of FEHB	
"BSOP"	: B.S. Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 197101000815 (11201-W)], a wholly-owned subsidiary of FEHB	
"Bursa Securities"	: Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad [Company No.: 200301033577 (635998-W)]	
"Circular"	: This Circular is dated 18 June 2020 in relation to the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate	
"СРО"	: Crude Palm Oil	
"DOPP"	: Dawn Oil Palm Plantations Sdn. Bhd. [Company No. 197101000854 (11200-X)], a wholly-owned subsidiary of FEHB	
"Directors"	: Shall have the meaning given in Section 2(1) of the Capital Markets and Services Act and includes any person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months of the date on which the terms of the transactions were agreed upon, a Director of Company or any other Company which is its subsidiary or holding company or a chief executive officer of the Company, its subsidiary or holding Company	
"EGM"	: Extraordinary General Meeting	
"EPOM"	: Endau Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 199701035358 (450858-P)]	
"FEHB" or "the Company"	: Far East Holdings Berhad [Company No.: 197301001753 (14809-W)]	
"FEHB Group" or "the Group"	: FEHB and its subsidiary Companies	
"FFB"	: Fresh Fruit Bunches	
"FPSB"	: Future Prelude Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 200501031461 (713598-K)], a 47.17% associate of FEHB	
"KAOP"	: Kampong Aur Oil Palm Company (Sdn.) Berhad [Company No.: 196701000033 (7017-X)], a 40.61% associate of FEHB	
"Kilang Sawira Makmur"	: Kilang Sawira Makmur Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 199301027188 (281926-P)]	
"KKSB"	: Kilang Kosfarm Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 198901012012 (189319-K)], a 51% owned subsidiary of FEHB	
"KOSMA"	: Koperasi Serbausaha Makmur Berhad, a Co-operative Society established under the Co-operative Society Act 1993	
"РКРР"	: Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian Negeri Pahang	
"LKPP Corp."	: LKPP Corporation Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 199001008199 (199769-V)]	
"LPD"	: Latest Practicable Date which is 31 May 2020 (being a date which is not more than 30 days prior to the date of the Circular)	
"Major Shareholder"	: A person who has an interest or interests in one or more voting shares in a Company and the number or the aggregate number of those shares, is:-	
	(a) 10% or more of the total number of voting shares in the Company; or	
	(b) 5% or more of the total number of voting shares in the Company where such person is the largest shareholder of the Company.	
	For the purpose of this definition, "interest in shares" shall have the same meaning given in Section 8 of the Act	
	Includes any person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months of the date on which the terms of the transactions were agreed upon, a major shareholder of FEHB or any other Company which is its subsidiary or holding Company	
"MPOB"	: Malaysian Palm Oil Board	
"MPOM"	: Merchong Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 201401012241 (1088321-T)]	
"PGC"	 PGC Management Services Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 200401010079 (648582-P)] 	

DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

"PPOM"	: Prosper Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Berhad [Company No.: 197801000199 (37206-D)]
"PPOPM"	 Prosper Palm Oil Products Marketing Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 199401026380 (312061-M)]
"PTSB"	 Prosper Trading Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 198501012107 (144561-U)]
"Person Connected"	This shall have the same meaning as in Chapter 1 of the Listing Requirements
"Related party(ies)"	A Director, Major Shareholder or a Person Connected with such Director or Major Shareholder who is interested in a RRPTs. For the purpose of this definition, "Director" and "Major Shareholders" shall have the same meanings as above
"Recurrent Related Party Transactions or RRPTs"	Recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature which is necessary for the day to day operations and is entered into by the Company or its subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business which involves the interest, direct or indirect, of a Related Party(ies)
"Related Party Transaction(s)	: Transaction(s) entered into by FEHB or its subsidiaries which involve(s) the interest, direct or indirect, of Related Party(ies)
"RM" and "sen"	Ringgit Malaysia and sen respectively
"RPOM"	: Rompin Palm Oil Mill Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 199401002833 (288511-T)]
"SC"	Securities Commission
"WWSB"	: Wujud Wawasan Sdn. Bhd. [Company No.: 200501034093 (716234-P)]
"2019 Mandate"	The Shareholders' Mandate obtained on 19 June 2019 for the FEHB Group to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions
"2020 Mandate"	The Proposed Shareholders' Mandate to be obtained at the Company's forthcoming AGM for the FEHB Group to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions and the Shareholders' Mandate for the RRPT is from the forthcoming AGM until the next AGM

References to "our" in this Circular are to our Company. References to the "Group" are to our Company and our subsidiaries. All references to "you" in this Circular are to our shareholders.

Unless specifically referred to, words denoting the singular shall, if applicable, include the plural and vice versa and words denoting the masculine gender shall, if applicable, include the feminine and/or neuter genders and vice versa. References to persons shall include corporations, unless otherwise specified.

Any references in this Circular to the provisions of any enactment, statute, rules, regulation, rules of stock exchange or guideline shall (when the context admits) be construed as a reference to the provisions of such enactment, statute, rules, regulation, rules of stock exchange or guideline (as the case may be) as modified by any written law or (if applicable) amendments to the enactment, statute, rules, regulation, rules of stock exchange or guideline for the time being in force.

Any reference to a time of day in this Circular shall be a reference to Malaysian time, unless otherwise stated.

Certain amounts and percentage figures included herein have been subject to rounding adjustments. Any discrepancies in the tables included in this Circular between the amounts listed, actual figures and the totals thereof, are due to rounding.

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APPENDIX I - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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Far East Holdings Berhad

197301001753 (14809-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

> **Registered Office** Far East Holdings Berhad Level 23, Menara Zenith Jalan Putra Square 6

25200 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur

18 June 2020

Board of Directors

Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee Tee Cheng Hua Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff Tee Lip Teng (Non-Independent, Executive Director/Group Executive Chairman)
(Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director)
(Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director)
(Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director)
(Non-Independent, Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling)
(Independent, Non-Executive Director)
(Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director)
(Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director)

To the Shareholders of Far East Holdings Berhad

Dear Sirs/Madam,

FAR EAST HOLDINGS BERHAD PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR EXISTING RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE ("RRPT") AND PROPOSED NEW SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR ADDITIONAL RRPT ("Proposed RRPT Mandate")

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 On 19 June 2019, the Company had at the Annual General Meeting, obtained a Shareholders' Mandate from its shareholders for the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into RRPT of a revenue or trading nature, which are necessary for FEHB Group's day to day operations and are in the ordinary course of business and on terms that are no more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public.
- **1.2** FEHB had on 29 April 2020 announced that it proposed to seek the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM to be convened in relation to the proposed renewal of the Shareholders' Mandate and new Shareholders' Mandate to allow FEHB Group to enter into RRPT provided that such transactions are made at arm's length, in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms which are not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders.

THE PURPOSE OF THIS CIRCULAR IS TO PROVIDE YOU WITH THE RELEVANT INFORMATION RELATING TO THE RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE AND NEW SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE TO BE OBTAINED AND TO SET OUT THE VIEW OF YOUR BOARD AS WELL AS TO SEEK YOUR APPROVAL FOR THE RESOLUTION WHICH WILL BE TABLED AT THE FORTHCOMING AGM TO BE CONVENED. A NOTICE OF THE FORTY-SIXTH AGM TOGETHER WITH THE PROXY FORM ARE ENCLOSED HEREWITH IN THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Shareholders are advised to read the contents of this Circular carefully before voting on the relevant resolution to approve the renewal of Shareholders' Mandate and new Shareholders' Mandate.

2. DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED RRPT MANDATE

2.1 Introduction

At the last AGM held on 19 June 2019, the shareholders of the Company had approved the Shareholders' Mandate for the existing RRPT to allow the Company and/or its subsidiary Companies, in their normal course of business, to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a revenue or trading nature with related parties which are necessary for its day-to-day operations on terms not more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of the Company.

Pursuant to Paragraph 10.09(2), Part E of Chapter 10 of the Listing Requirements, the Company may seek a Shareholders' Mandate in respect of RRPT of a revenue nature, which are necessary for its day-to-day operations, subject to the following:-

- (i) The transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public;
- (ii) The Shareholders' Mandate is subject to annual renewal and disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the Shareholders' Mandate during the financial year where the aggregate value is equal to or more than the threshold prescribed under Paragraph 10.09(1), Part E of Chapter 10 of the Listing Requirements;
- (iii) The Company's circular to shareholders for the Shareholders' Mandate includes the information as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities;
- (iv) In a meeting to obtain the Shareholders' Mandate, the relevant Related Party must comply with the following requirements:-
 - (a) a Related Party with any interest, direct or indirect ("Interested Related Party"), must not vote on the resolution in respect of the RPT;
 - (b) an Interested Related Party who is a director or major shareholder must ensure that Persons Connected with it abstain from voting on the resolution in respect of the RPT; and
 - (c) where the Interested Related Party is a Person Connected with a Director or Major Shareholder;

Such persons stated in paragraphs (b) and (c) above, as the case may be, must not vote on the resolution in respect of the RPT.

(v) The Company immediately announces to Bursa Securities when the actual value of a RRPT entered into by the listed issuer, exceeds the estimated value of the RRPT disclosed in the circular by 10% or more and must include the information as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities in its announcement.

In complying with this requirement, the Board is now seeking a renewal of Shareholders' Mandate and new Shareholders' Mandate to authorise such transactions which are necessary for its day-to-day operation and are in the ordinary course of business.

Details of these RRPTs, which are in accordance with subparagraph 10.09(1) of the Listing Requirements, are set out in the ensuing sections.

2.2 Class of Related Parties

2.2.1 The principal activities of the Group are cultivation of oil palms, productions and sales of fresh fruit bunches crude palm oil and palm kernel and investment holdings. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries and its related Companies are disclosed below:-

Name	Nature of Relationship	Date and Place of Incorporation	Principal Activities
KKSB	FEHB directly holds 51%* equity interest in KKSB	13.11.1989 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
WWSB	KKSB directly holds 51%* equity interest in WWSB	29.11.2005 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
PTSB	PTSB is a major shareholder of FEHB that holds 23.73%* equity interest in FEHB	09.09.1985 Malaysia	Operating of palm kernel mill
РРОМ	FEHB directly holds 40%* equity interest in PPOM	13.01.1978 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
RPOM	PPOM directly holds 30%* equity interest in RPOM	28.01.1994 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill

2.2 Class of Related Parties (Cont'd)

2.2.1 The principal activities of the Group are cultivation of oil palms, productions and sales of fresh fruit bunches crude palm oil and palm kernel and investment holdings. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries and its related Companies are disclosed below:- (Cont'd)

Name	Nature of Relationship	Date and Place of Incorporation	Principal Activities
EPOM	PTSB directly holds 32%* equity interest in EPOM	23.10.1997 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
PGC	KKSB directly holds 30%* equity interest in PGC	10.04.2004 Malaysia	Management Services in palm oil plantations and marketing of sales and purchases of CPO
РРОРМ	PPOM directly holds 30%* equity interest in PPOPM	18.08.1994 Malaysia	Trading and Marketing agent
KOSMA	KOSMA is a shareholder of WWSB that holds 49%* equity interest in WWSB	04.12.1967 (Incorporated under Cooperative Act 1993) Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
LKPP Corp.	LKPP Corp. holds 5.96%* equity interest in FEHB. LKPP Corp. is a wholly owned subsidiary of PKPP. PKPP is a major shareholder of FEHB that holds 25.18%* equity interest in FEHB	21.06.1990 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill and cultivation of oil palm
Kilang Sawira Makmur	KKSB indirectly holds 31.50%* stake in Kilang Sawira Makmur via its associated company i.e. Jaspurna Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	18.11.1993 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill
FPSB	FEHB and PPOM directly hold 47.17% and 43.74% equity interest in FPSB respectively.	24.10.2005 Malaysia	Manufacturing and exporting palm oil, fatty acids and chemicals compounds or derivatives
МРОМ	EPOM and Insan Sejagat Sdn. Bhd. directly holds 60% and 15% equity interest in MPOM respectively.	09.04.2014 Malaysia	Operating of palm oil mill

- * As at 29 May 2020
- 2.2.2 Pursuant to paragraph 10.02 of the Listing Requirements, the parties related to FEHB Group, which have recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the Group are as follows:-

(i) Sales of fresh fruit bunches

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
KKSB	Sales of FFB by FEHB to KKSB and WWSB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
WWSB	Sales of FFB between KKSB and WWSB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
РРОМ	Sales of FFB by KKSB to PPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
RPOM	Sales of FFB by FEHB to RPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
EPOM	Sales of FFB by FEHB to EPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of FFB by FEHB to Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
LKPP Corp.	Sales of FFB by FEHB to LKPP Corp.	Based on MPOB pricing

2.2 Class of Related Parties (Cont'd)

2.2.2 Pursuant to paragraph 10.02 of the Listing Requirements, the parties related to FEHB Group, which have recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the Group are as follows:- (Cont'd)

(ii) Purchases of fresh fruit bunches

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
FEHB	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from FEHB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
KKSB	Purchases of FFB between KKSB and WWSB	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
РРОМ	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from PPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
RPOM	Purchases of FFB by KKSB from RPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing
KOSMA	Purchases of FFB by WWSB from KOSMA	Based on MPOB pricing

(iii) Sales of CPO

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
WWSB	Sales of CPO by KKSB to WWSB	Based on the contract price
KKSB	Sales of CPO by WWSB to KKSB	Based on the contract price
РРОМ	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PPOM	Based on the contract price
RPOM	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to RPOM	Based on the contract price
EPOM	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to EPOM	Based on the contract price
PGC	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PGC	Based on the forward sales and sales contract price
РРОРМ	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to PPOPM	Based on the contract price
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the contract price
FPSB	Sales of CPO by KKSB and WWSB to FPSB	Based on the contract price

(iv) Purchases of CPO

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
KKSB	Purchases of CPO by WWSB from KKSB	Based on the contract price
WWSB	Purchases of CPO by KKSB from WWSB	Based on the contract price
РРОМ	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from PPOM	Based on the contract price
RPOM	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from RPOM	Based on the contract price
EPOM	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from EPOM	Based on the contract price
РРОРМ	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from PPOPM	Based on the contract price
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the contract price
FPSB	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from FPSB	Based on the contract price

2.2 Class of Related Parties (Cont'd)

2.2.2 Pursuant to paragraph 10.02 of the Listing Requirements, the parties related to FEHB Group, which have recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the Group are as follows:- (Cont'd)

(v) Sales of Kernel

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
KKSB	Sales of kernel by KKSB to WWSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price
WWSB	Sales of kernel by WWSB to KKSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price
PTSB	Sales of kernel by KKSB and WWSB to PTSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price
EPOM	Sales of kernel by WWSB to EPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price
RPOM	Sales of kernel by KKSB and WWSB to RPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Sales of kernel by WWSB to Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the MPOB/contract price

(vi) Purchases of Kernel

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
KKSB	Purchases of kernel by KKSB from WWSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price
WWSB	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from KKSB	Based on the MPOB/contract price
EPOM	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from EPOM	Based on the MPOB/contract price
Kilang Sawira Makmur	Purchases of kernel by WWSB from Kilang Sawira Makmur	Based on the MPOB/contract price

(vii) Management fee

The management fee charged includes the management services for technical services, marketing services, administrations and accounting services.

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing
PGC		Based on agreed contract agreement for the
	KKSB, WWSB and Kilang Sawira	management services
	Makmur	

2.2 Class of Related Parties (Cont'd)

2.2.3 The RRPTs for which approval is now being sought for the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate at the forthcoming AGM are as follows:-

2020 Mandate		2019 Mandate		
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
Related Party	Estimated value of transaction pursuant to 2020 Mandate** RM'000	Estimated value of transaction disclosed in 2019 Mandate RM'000	Actual value of transaction conducted pursuant to 2019 Mandate (as at LPD) RM'000	Deviation between values in (C) and (B) %
FEHB	151,094	325,498	63,744	-80
KKSB	170,275	329,011	50,315	-85
WWSB	7,202	50,703	6,480	-87
РРОМ	42,045	45,717	19,357	-58
RPOM	72,871	92,688	21,501	-77
EPOM	108,170	70,393	47,969	-32
Kilang Sawira Makmur	136,305	157,223	19,570	-88
LKPP Corp.	3,166	71,204	1,048	-99
KOSMA	255,755	599,216	101,430	-83
PGC	8,846	91,010	2,689	-97
РРОРМ	10,379	113,299	4,153	-96
PTSB	76,736	97,316	28,441	-71
FPSB	336,466	354,688	100,063	-72
Total	1,379,310	2,397,966	466,760	-81

** The estimated value of transaction pursuant to 2020 is based on the estimated value as per 2019 which were based on accounting records and other estimated amount. The estimated figures will vary with the fluctuation of oil palm prices and production during the year.

The validity period of the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate is disclosed in Section 3 of this Circular.

2.2.4 The proposed new Shareholders' Mandate for Additional Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature are as follows:-

(i) Sales of fresh fruit bunches

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	Estimated Value of the RRPT (RM'000)
MPOM	Sales of FFB by FEHB to MPOM	Based on forward sales and MPOB pricing	178,392**

(ii) Purchases of CPO

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Method of Pricing	Estimated Value of the RRPT (RM'000)
MPOM	Purchases of CPO by KKSB and WWSB from MPOM	Based on the contract price	23,924**

** The estimated value of transaction pursuant to 2020 is based on the estimated value and will vary with the fluctuation of oil palm prices and production during the year.

2.2.5 There is no threshold for the approval of Recurrent Related Party Transactions within the listed issuer's Group of Companies.

2.3 Amount Due and Owing Under Recurrent Related Party Transactions

The breakdown of the principal sum (without interest) for the total outstanding amount due and owing to the Group under the existing RRPT as per Section 2.2.1 of this Circular which exceeded the credit terms as at 31 December 2019 are as follows:-

(a) **Receivables**

Company	Outstanding Amount (RM'000) 1 year or less
Kilang Sawira Makmur	1,262
LKPP Corp.	284
RPOM	143
FPSB	3,811
EPOM	134
PPOM	9,481
Total	15,115

(b) **Payables**

Company	Outstanding Amount (RM'000) 1 year or less
РРОМ	125
PGC	73
EPOM	787
Total	985

There were no late payment charges imposed by the Group on the above outstanding amounts as they were trade in nature. The management from time to time will discuss with the debtors for early settlement of the outstanding amounts. The Board of Directors is of the opinion that there will be no recoverability issues as the debtors are related parties with a long-standing business relationship with the Group and has proven to be creditworthy debtors with good payment records.

2.4 Directors' and Major Shareholders' Interests and Person Connected

The interested major shareholders and interested Directors for all the transactions above are as follows:-

Interested Major Shareholders:-

- PTSB^{a1}
- PKPP^{a2}

Interested Directors:-

- Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed^{a3}
- Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus^{a4}
- Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid^{a4}
- Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee^{a5}
- Tee Cheng Hua^{a6}
- Tee Lip Teng^{a7}

Person Connected:-

Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya^{a8}

Note:

- ^{a1} PTSB is a major shareholder of FEHB with equity interest of 23.73%^b and is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate. PTSB holds 32% equity stake in EPOM. PPOM directly holds 49%^b equity stake in KKSB, 40%^b equity stake in PGC, 30% equity stake in RPOM, 30% equity stake in PPOPM and 44.67%^b equity stake in PTSB.
- ^{a2} PKPP is a major shareholder of FEHB with equity interest of 25.18%^b and is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate. PKPP holds 100% equity stake in LKPP Corporation Sdn. Bhd.
- ^{a3} Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed is deemed interested party in the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in FEHB, indirect interest in PGC and directorship in PKPP, KKSB, WWSB, Kilang Sawira Makmur, Cheekah-Kemayan Plantations Sdn. Bhd. and MPOM.
- ^{a4} Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus and Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid are deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate by virtue of their positions as Directors representing PKPP in FEHB's Board.
- ^{a5} Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in FEHB and his directorship in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM and MPOM.

2.4 Directors' and Major Shareholders' Interests and Person Connected (Cont'd)

- ^{a6} Tee Cheng Hua is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in FEHB and his directorship in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, PGC, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM, FPSB and MPOM.
- ^{a7} Tee Lip Teng is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in FEHB and his directorship in FPSB and PPOPM. He is also an alternate Director to Mr Tee Cheng Hua in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, PGC, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM and MPOM.
- ^{a8} Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and she is deemed interested party in the Proposed RRPT Mandate, by virtue of her directorship in KKSB and FPSB.
- ^b As at 29 May 2020

2.5 Terms and Nature of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions

The Recurrent Related Party Transactions that will be covered by the Shareholders' Mandate relate to the sales of FFB, processing and sale of crude palm oil and palm kernel and management services by FEHB Group from the Mandated Related Parties.

The Recurrent Related Party Transactions will be made at arm's length on normal commercial terms which are no prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders of the Company, on terms no more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and on terms not to the detriment of the minority shareholders.

2.6 Disclosure and Review Procedures for the RRPTs

The review procedures for the RRPTs are as follows:-

- (i) A list of Mandated Related Parties will be prepared and the relevant companies will be notified that all RRPTs are required to be undertaken on an arm's length basis, on normal commercial terms which are not more prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders of the Company, on terms no more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and on terms not to the detriment of the minority shareholders;
- (ii) All RRPTs will be reviewed by the internal auditor and the management;
- (iii) A register will be maintained by the Company to record all RRPTs which are entered into pursuant to the Proposed RRPT Mandate;
- (iv) The annual internal audit plan shall incorporate a review of all RRPTs entered into pursuant to the Proposed RRPT Mandate to ensure that the relevant approvals have been obtained and the review procedures in respect of such transactions are adhered to;
- (v) At least 2 other contemporaneous transactions with unrelated third parties for similar products/services and/or quantities will be used as comparison, wherever possible, to determine whether the price and terms offered to/by the related parties are fair and reasonable and comparable to those offered to/by other unrelated third parties for the same or substantially similar types of products/services and/or quantities. In the event the quotation or comparative pricing from unrelated third parties cannot be obtained (for instance, if there are no unrelated third party vendors/customers of similar products or services, or if the product/service is a proprietary item), the transaction price will be determined by those offered by/to other unrelated parties for substantially similar type of transactions and approved by the Board to ensure that the Recurrent Related Party Transactions are not detrimental to the Group;
- (vi) The Group has in place adequate procedures and processes to monitor, to track and to identify the RRPT in a timely and orderly manner;
- (vii) The Board and the Audit Committee shall review the internal audit reports to ascertain that the guidelines and procedures established to monitor RRPTs have been complied with and the review shall be done on yearly basis at the end of the year;
- (viii) The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the procedures and shall continue to review the procedures as and when required. If a member of the Board or Audit Committee has an interest in the transaction to be reviewed by the Board or the Audit Committee as the case may be, he will abstain from any decision making by the Board or the Audit Committee in respect of that transaction;
- (ix) The transaction prices will be based on the arm's length transaction which are agreeable to all parties; and
- (x) A disclosure of the aggregate value of Recurrent Transactions conducted pursuant to the Shareholders' Mandate is made in the Annual Report of the Company; showing a breakdown of the aggregate value of the Recurrent Transactions made during the financial year, amongst others, based on the following information:-
 - (a) the type of the Recurrent Transactions made; and
 - (b) the names of the related parties involved in each type of the Recurrent Transactions made and their relationship with the Company.

2.7 Rationale for the Proposed RRPT Mandate

The RRPTs are necessary for the FEHB Group's day-to-day operation. The RRPTs are with Related Parties, are mainly involved in activities related to sales of FFB, processing and sale of crude palm oil and palm kernel and management services. It is envisaged that in the normal course of business of the FEHB Group, transactions in respect of goods or services with the Related Parties will occur with some degree of frequency from time to time and may arise at any time.

The Proposed RRPT Mandate will also accord the FEHB Group with the following benefits:-

- (i) flexibility and choice of parties to enter into such transactions, whether with Related Parties or non-Related Parties;
- (ii) facilitate transactions with Related Parties which are in the ordinary course of business of the FEHB Group undertaken at arm's length, based on normal commercial terms and on terms which are not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the interests of minority shareholders;
- (iii) facilitate transactions with Related Parties where in an expeditious manner to meet business needs which are necessary for its day-to-day operations particularly business needs which are time sensitive in nature; and
- (iv) eliminate the need to announce and convene separate general meetings to seek Shareholders' Mandate for each transaction and as such, substantially reduce expenses, time and other resources associated with the making of announcements and convening of general meetings on an ad-hoc basis, improve administrative efficiency considerably and allow financial and manpower resources to be channelled to attain more productive objectives.

In addition to the above benefits, the Related Parties had also proven to be reliable in its delivery of services and products as well as fulfilling the quality expectations of the FEHB Group. Due to previous business dealings with the Related Parties, the Related Parties are familiar with Group's operations and are able to meet the Group's business requirements even when short notice is given. This has allowed the Group to benefit from sudden business opportunities that had arisen.

2.8 Statement by the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises the following Members:-

	Name of Members	Designation	
1	Datuk Mohd Afrizan Bin Husain	Chairman	
2	Nik Mohamed Zaki Bin Nik Yusoff	Member	

The Audit Committee has seen and reviewed the procedures set out in the Section 2.6 above and is of the view that the existing guidelines and review procedures for related parties transactions are sufficient to ensure that such transactions will be carried out at arm's length, on normal commercial terms which are not prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders of the Company, on terms no more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and on terms not to the detriment of minority shareholders.

3. VALIDITY PERIOD OF THE PROPOSED RRPT MANDATE

The Proposed RRPT Mandate, if approved at the forthcoming AGM, will continue to be in force until:-

- (i) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company, at which time it will lapse, unless renewed by a resolution passed at the AGM, the authority is again renewed;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act); or
- (iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in an AGM or EGM,

whichever is earlier.

Thereafter, approval from the shareholders for renewal of the mandate will be sought at each subsequent AGM of the Company.

4. FINANCIAL EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED RRPT MANDATE

The Proposed RRPT Mandate will not have any financial effect on the issued share capital, earnings, substantial shareholding, Directors' shareholding, dividends and net assets of our Group.

5. APPROVAL REQUIRED

The Proposed RRPT Mandate is subject to the approval being obtained from the shareholders of FEHB at the forthcoming AGM.

6. DIRECTORS' AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND PERSON CONNECTED

6.1 Major Shareholders of FEHB and persons connected to them

Save as disclosed below, as at 29 May 2020 none of the other major shareholders of FEHB and/or persons connected with them, has any direct or indirect interest in the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

PKPP and PTSB are major shareholders by virtue of their 25.18% and 23.73% shareholdings in FEHB respectively.

PKPP and PTSB being major shareholders have undertaken that they shall ensure that the persons connected with PKPP and PTSB will abstain from voting at the forthcoming AGM on the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

Accordingly, PKPP and PTSB will abstain from voting at the forthcoming AGM in respect of their direct and indirect shareholdings on the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

The shareholding of PKPP and PTSB in FEHB as at 29 May 2020 is as follow:-

	≺ ──── Tot				
Major Shareholder	Direct	%	Indirect	%	
РКРР	149,523,360	25.18	-	-	
PTSB	140,922,264	23.73	-	-	

6.2 Directors of FEHB and persons connected to them

Save as disclosed below, none of the other Directors of FEHB or persons connected to them have any interest, direct or indirect in the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed is the Group Executive Chairman of FEHB, Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid, Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee and Tee Lip Teng are Directors of FEHB, whereas Tee Cheng Hua is the Senior Executive Director, Plantations & Milling of FEHB.

Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed is a Director in PKPP, KKSB, WWSB, Cheekah-Kemayan Plantations Sdn. Bhd., Kilang Sawira Makmur, MPOM and also has indirect interest in PGC whereas Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid are Directors representing PKPP in FEHB's Board.

Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee is a Director in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM and MPOM.

Tee Cheng Hua is a Director in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, PGC, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM, FPSB and MPOM.

Tee Lip Teng is a Director in FPSB and PPOPM. He is also an alternate Director to Tee Cheng Hua in KKSB, PTSB, PPOM, WWSB, PGC, RPOM, Kilang Sawira Makmur, EPOM and MPOM.

Hence, Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed, Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid, Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee, Tee Cheng Hua and Tee Lip Teng being interested Directors will abstain from voting in respect of his/their direct and/or indirect shareholdings at the forthcoming AGM on the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

Accordingly, Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed, Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid, Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee, Tee Cheng Hua and Tee Lip Teng being interested directors have abstained and will continue to abstain from board deliberation and voting in respect of the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

The Directors of FEHB who are interested in the Proposed RRPT Mandate and their respective shareholdings in FEHB as at 29 May 2020 are as follows:-

	← Total No. Of Ordinary Shares Held →			
Directors	Direct	%	Indirect	%
Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed	11,340,000	1.91	2,520,000	0.42
Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus	-	-	-	-
Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid	-	-	-	-
Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee	19,578,720	3.30	-	-
Tee Cheng Hua	8,762,200	1.47	-	-
Tee Lip Teng	1,260,000	0.21	-	-

6. DIRECTORS' AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND PERSON CONNECTED (Cont'd)

6.3 Person Connected

Dato' Asmin Binti Yahya is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company. As at 29 May 2020, her direct shareholding in FEHB shares was 315,000 unit shares. She is also a Director in KKSB and FPSB; and being interested person in the Proposed RRPT Mandate, she will abstain from voting in respect of her direct and/or indirect shareholdings at the forthcoming AGM on the Proposed RRPT Mandate.

7. STATUTORY AND OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION

Shareholders are requested to refer to the Appendix I of this Circular for further information.

8. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

The Board save and except for Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed, Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid, Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee, Tee Cheng Hua and Tee Lip Teng having considered all aspects of the Proposed RRPT Mandate, is of the opinion that the Proposed RRPT Mandate is in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

Accordingly, they (save and except for Dato' Sri Kamaruddin Bin Mohammed, Dato' Suhaimi Bin Mohd Yunus, Dato' Jamaluddin Bin Abd Majid, Tee Kim Tee @ Tee Ching Tee, Tee Cheng Hua and Tee Lip Teng, who have abstained from deliberation and voting at the Board meetings of FEHB and are deemed interested in the Proposed RRPT Mandate) recommend that you vote in favour of the ordinary resolution to be tabled at the forthcoming AGM pertaining to the Proposed RRPT Mandate under the agenda of Special Business as set out in the Notice of AGM in the Annual Report of Far East Holdings Berhad for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

9. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM of the Company will be held at The Zenith Hotel, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur on 15 July 2020 at 10.00 a.m. for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the ordinary resolution pertaining to the Proposed RRPT Mandate under the agenda of Special Business as set out in the Annual Report.

If you are unable to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM in person, you will find enclosed with this Circular a Form of Proxy which you are requested to complete, sign and return in accordance with the instructions contained therein as soon as possible and, in any event, so as to arrive at our registered office, Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur not less than twenty four (24) hours before the time fixed for convening the AGM.

The completion and return of the Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting at the forthcoming AGM if you subsequently wish to do so.

10. FURTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders are required to refer to the attached Appendix I for further information.

Yours faithfully, For and on behalf of the Board **FAR EAST HOLDINGS BERHAD**

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DATUK MOHD AFRIZAN BIN HUSAIN Independent, Non-Executive Director

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This Circular has been seen and approved by the Directors and they individually and collectively accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given in this Circular and confirm that, after making all reasonable enquiries, to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no facts and omission of which would make any statement herein misleading.

2. MATERIAL CONTRACT

Save as disclosed below, neither FEHB nor its subsidiary companies have entered into any contract which are and may be material within the two (2) years preceding the date of this Circular, other than contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business.

2.1 PROPOSED ACQUISITION OF 2,124.5 HECTARES (EQUIVALENT TO 5,249.7 ACRES) OIL PALM PLANTATION LAND INCLUSIVE OF A 40 MT FFB/HOUR RATED CAPACITY PALM OIL MILL BY FEHB FROM HARN LEN CORPORATION BHD. ("Proposed Acquisition")

FEHB had entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") on 29 April 2019 with Harn Len Corporation Bhd. ("HLCB" or "the Vendor") for the Proposed Acquisition. The Vendor is the registered owner of the above land, all in the Mukim Keratong, District of Rompin, Negeri Pahang planted with oil palm trees together with all buildings and structures erected thereon including a palm oil mill and known as Lian Hup Oil Palm Estate. The agreed aggregate purchase price for the Proposed Acquisition is Ringgit Malaysia One Hundred Eighty Two Million Nine Hundred Ninety Thousand and Four Hundred (RM182,990,400.00) only.

The Proposed Acquisition is in line with the expansion plan of FEHB and would broaden FEHB's core income base through increased plantation acreage at a reasonable cost and at a strategic location vis-a-vis its existing plantation assets.

Pahang Land Office has vide its letter to HLCB of 12 May 2020 together with the Certificate of Estate Land Board granted approval for the Property to be transferred in favour of FEHB. As such, all the Conditions Precedent as stated in the SPA have been fulfilled.

3. MATERIAL LITIGATION

As at the date of this Circular, neither FEHB nor FEHB's subsidiaries are engaged in any material litigation, either as plaintiff or defendant, claims or arbitration and the Directors are not aware of any proceedings pending or threatened or of any fact likely to give rise to any proceedings which might materially and adversely affect the position or business of the FEHB Group.

4. DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

Copies of the following documents will be available for inspection at our registered office at Level 23, Menara Zenith, Jalan Putra Square 6, 25200 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur during normal business hours from Mondays to Fridays (except for public holidays) from the date of this Circular to the date of the forthcoming AGM:-

- (a) Constitution of our Company;
- (b) The audited accounts of the FEHB Group for the past two (2) financial years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2019;
- (c) The unaudited quarterly report on consolidated results for the period ended 31 March 2020; and
- (d) The material contract referred to in Section 2 above.